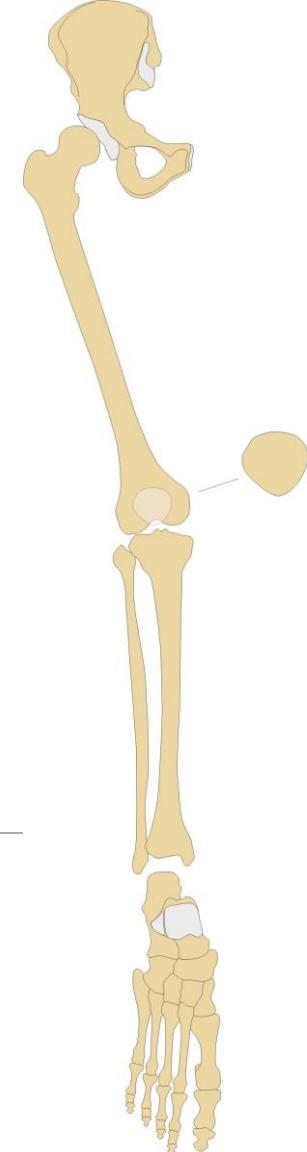


Skeleton of the lower limb *(ossa membra inferioris)*

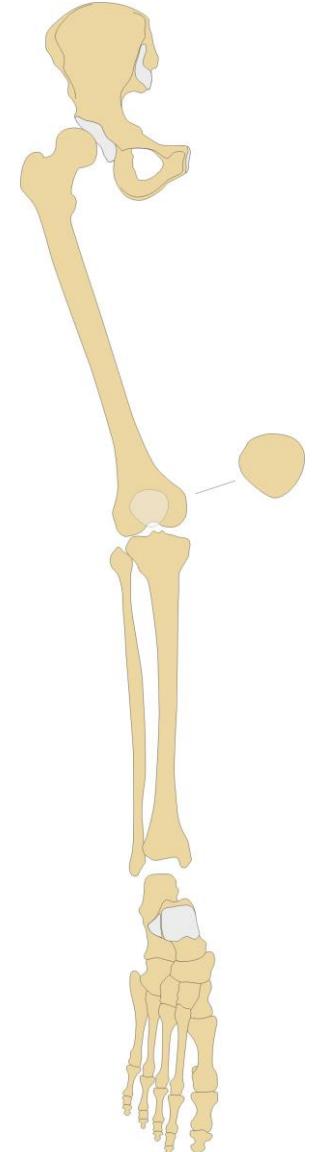
RNDr. Michaela Račanská, Ph.D.

Lecture 3 – DENTISTRY – Autumn 2013



Skeleton of the lower limb

- support the weight of the body and transfers that support to the axial skeleton across the hip and sacro-iliac joints
- Stability and balance thanks to the hip and knee joints lock, long standing in anatomical position
- less mobility but more stability than the pectoral girdle of the upper limb thanks to anchoring to the axial skeleton by the pelvic girdle



Skeleton of the pelvic (hip) girdle:
the hip bone – *os coxae*
(the ilium – *os ilium*, the ischium – *os ischii*, the pubis – *os pubis*)

Skeleton of the free part of the lower limb:

The thigh bone – *femur*
The knee cap – *patella*

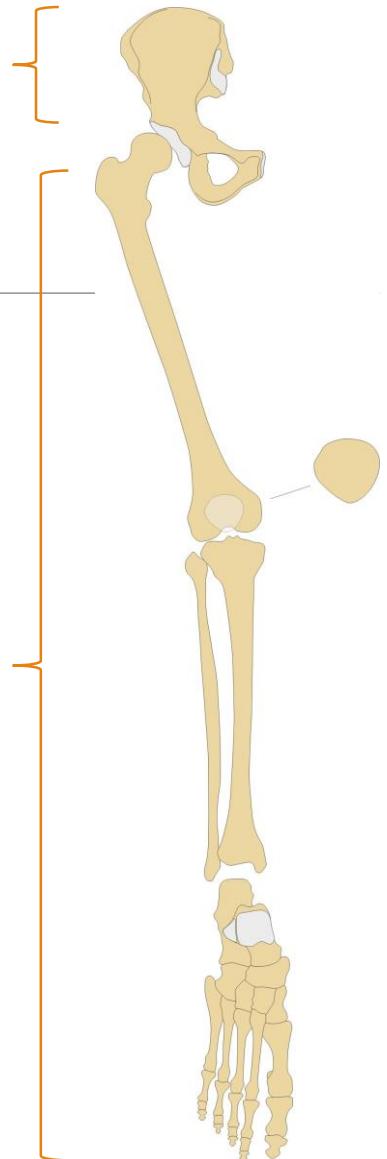
The shinbone – *tibia*

Fibula

The tarsus – *ossa tarsi*

The metatarsus – *ossa metatarsi*

Bones of digits (*ossa digitorum pedis* – *phalanges*)



Bones of the pelvic girdle

- Attaches the lower limbs to the axial skeleton
- Transmits the weight of the upper body to the lower limbs
- Supports the visceral organs of the pelvis
- Formed by a pair of “hip” bones called **coxal bones**, and the sacrum



Os coxae

(os ilium, os pubis, os ischii)

Each os coxae has an:

- **Ilium:** The large upper portion, often called your “hip bone”.

os ilium – corpus, ala

- **Ischium:** The posterior/inferior bone, often called your “seat bone”.

os ischii – corpus, ramus

- **Pubis:** The anterior/inferior bone, which connects in front at the

pubic symphysis. os pubis – corpus, ramus sup. et inf.

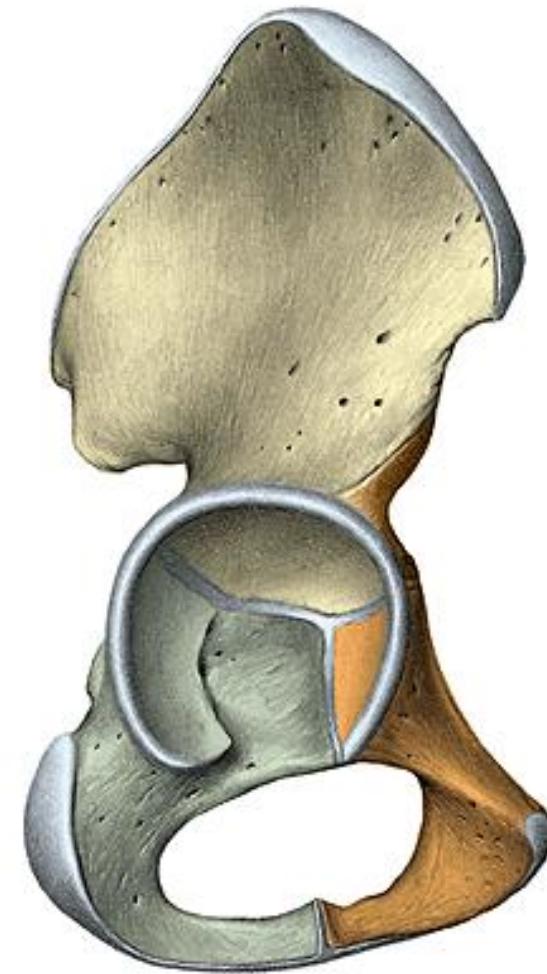
- **Acetabulum:** point of fusion of all three, also called your “hip

socket”. **facies lunata**

fossa acetabuli

incisura acetabuli

foramen obturatum



Os ilium

corpus ossis ilii

ala ossis ilii

fossa iliaca

facies auricularis

tuberositas iliaca

linea arcuata

sulcus praearicularis

tuberculum m. piriformis

crista iliaca

labium externum

linea intermedia

labium internum

spinae iliaceae

spina iliaca anterior superior et inferior

spina iliaca posterior superior et inferior



LATERAL VIEW



MEDIAL VIEW

linea glutaea posterior, anterior et inferior



LATERAL VIEW



MEDIAL VIEW

Os ischii

corpus ossis ischii

ramus ossis ischii

tuber ischiadicum

spina ischiadica

incisura ischiadica major

Incisura ischiadica minor

Os pubis



LATERAL VIEW



MEDIAL VIEW

corpus ossis pubis

ramus superior ossis pubis

eminentia iliopubica

pecten ossis pubis

tuberculum pubicum

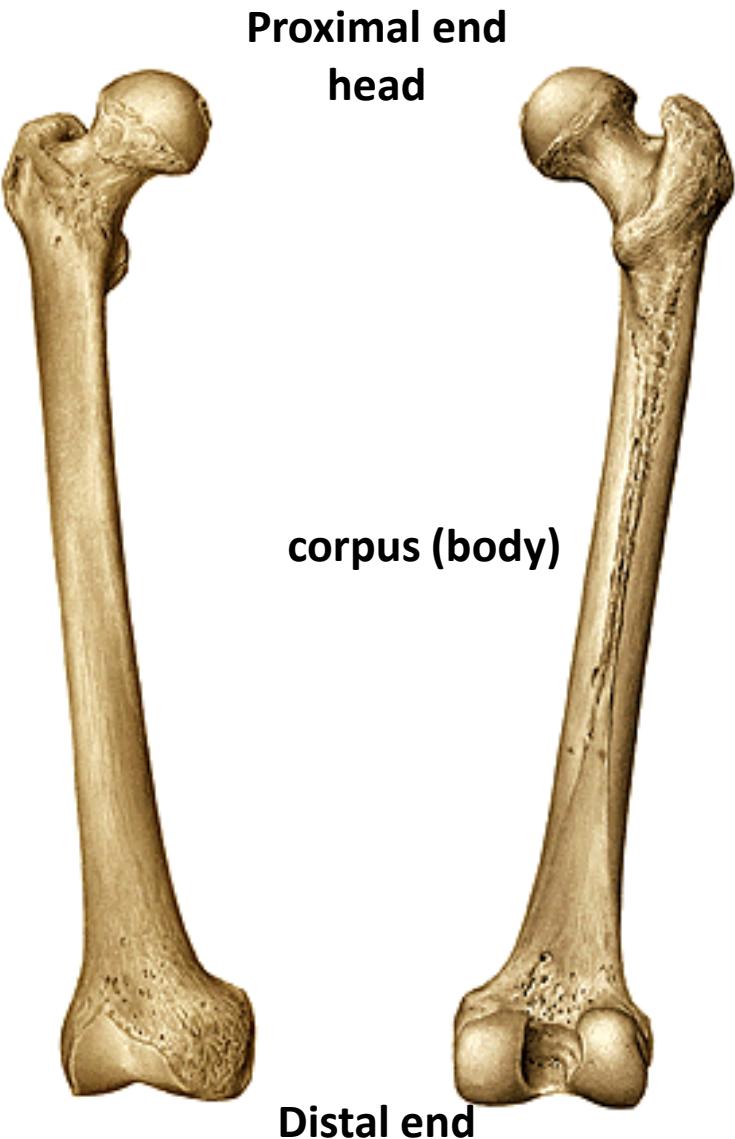
sulcus obturatorius

ramus inferior ossis pubis

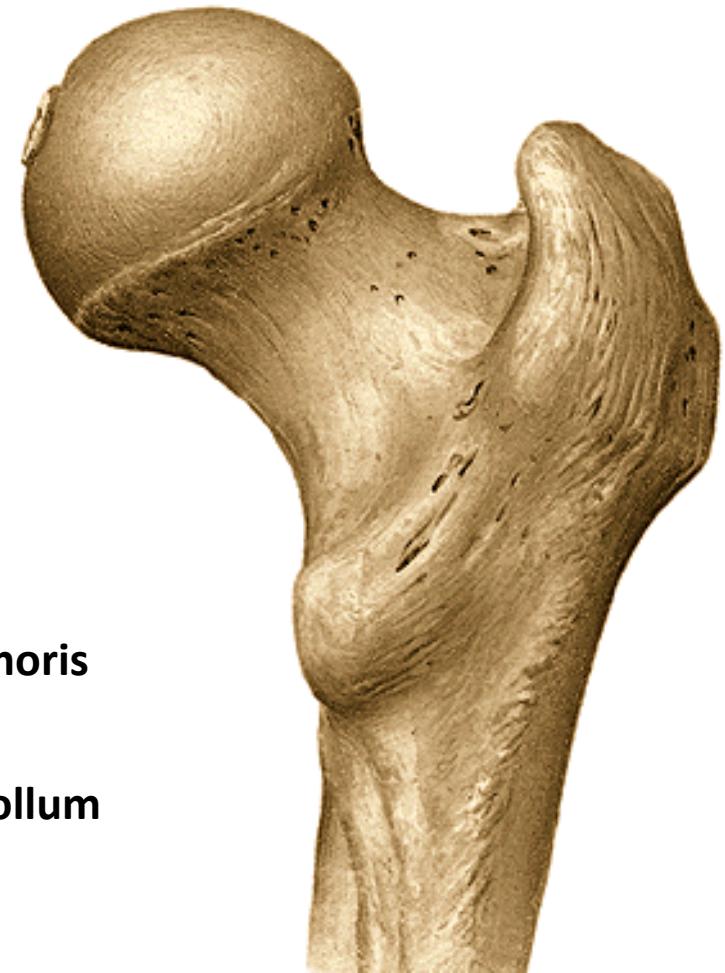
facies symphysialis

crista phallica

Femur – the tigh bone



Proximal end
caput femoris
fovea capitis femoris
Neck of the femur (collum femoris)



Femur

corpus femoris

trochanter major et minor

linea intertrochanterica

crista intertrochanterica

fossa trochanterica

linea aspera

labium mediale (linea pectinea)

labium laterale (tuberositas glutaea)

Trochanter tertius



Distal end

condylus medialis

condylus lateralis

epicondylus medialis

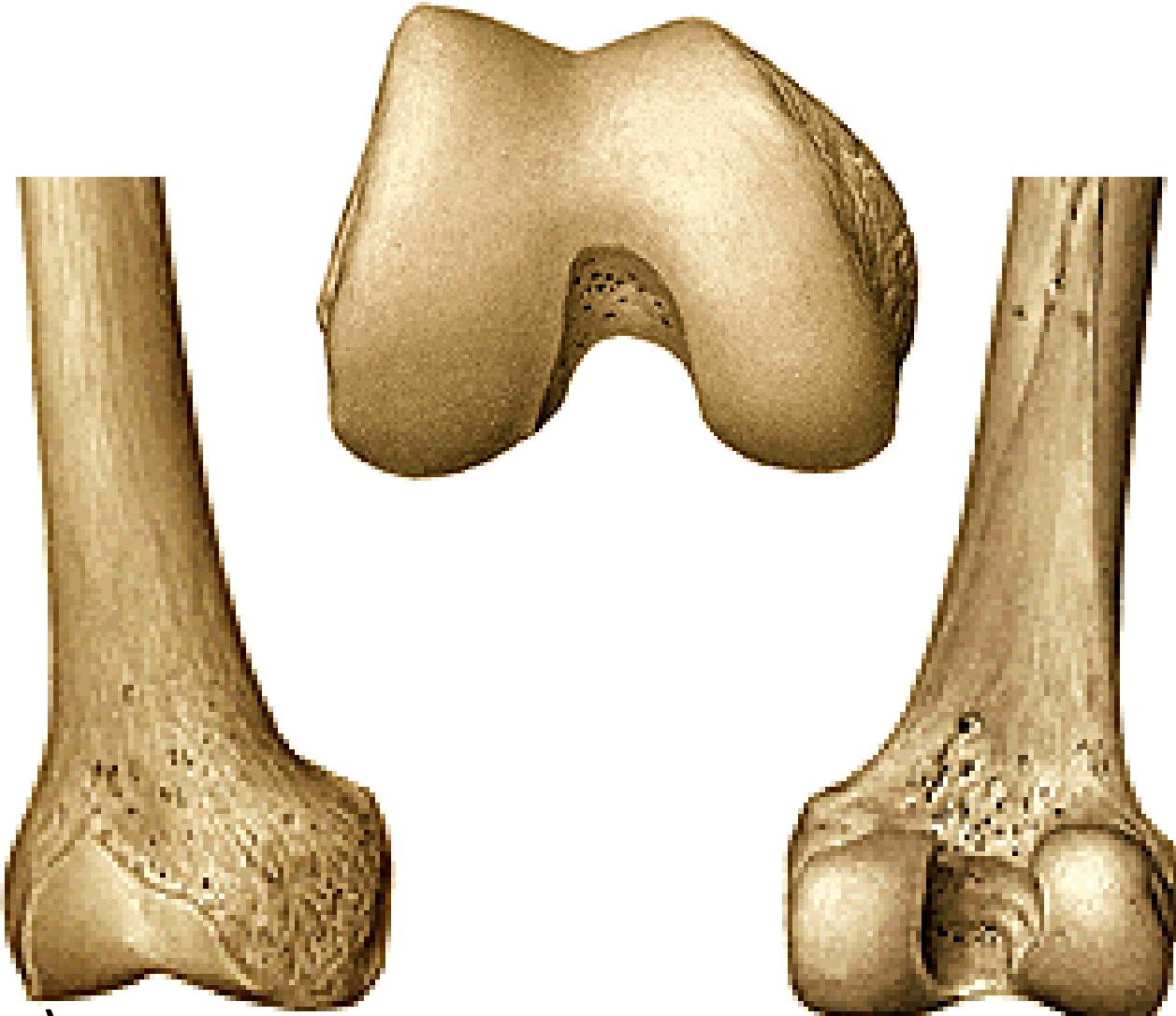
epicondylus lateralis

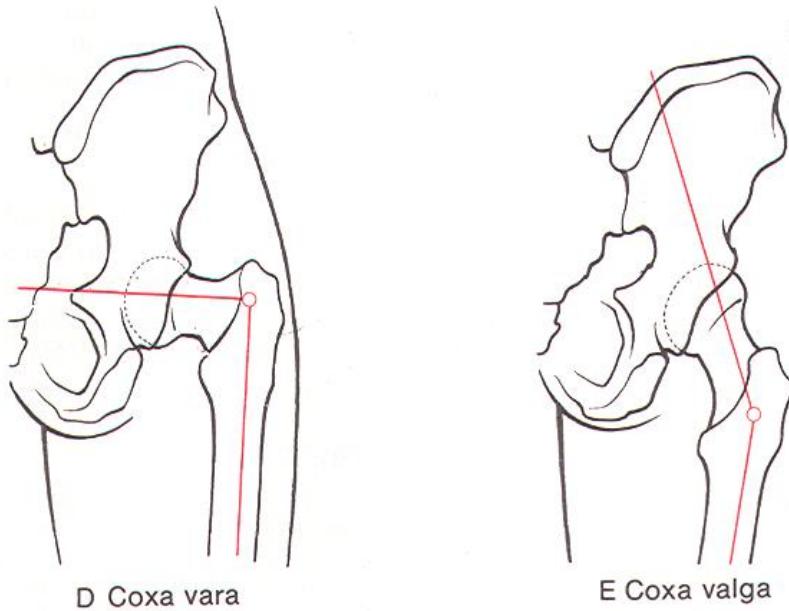
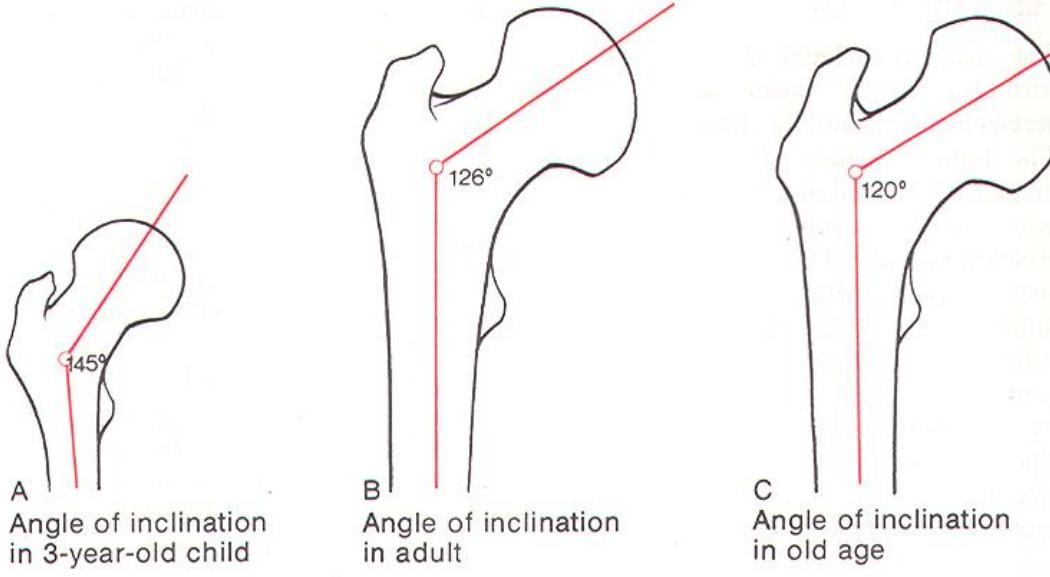
facies patellaris

fossa intercondylaris

linea intercondylaris

facies poplitea (planum popliteum)





PATELLA (knee cap)

sesamoid bone encased in the patellar tendon

Basis

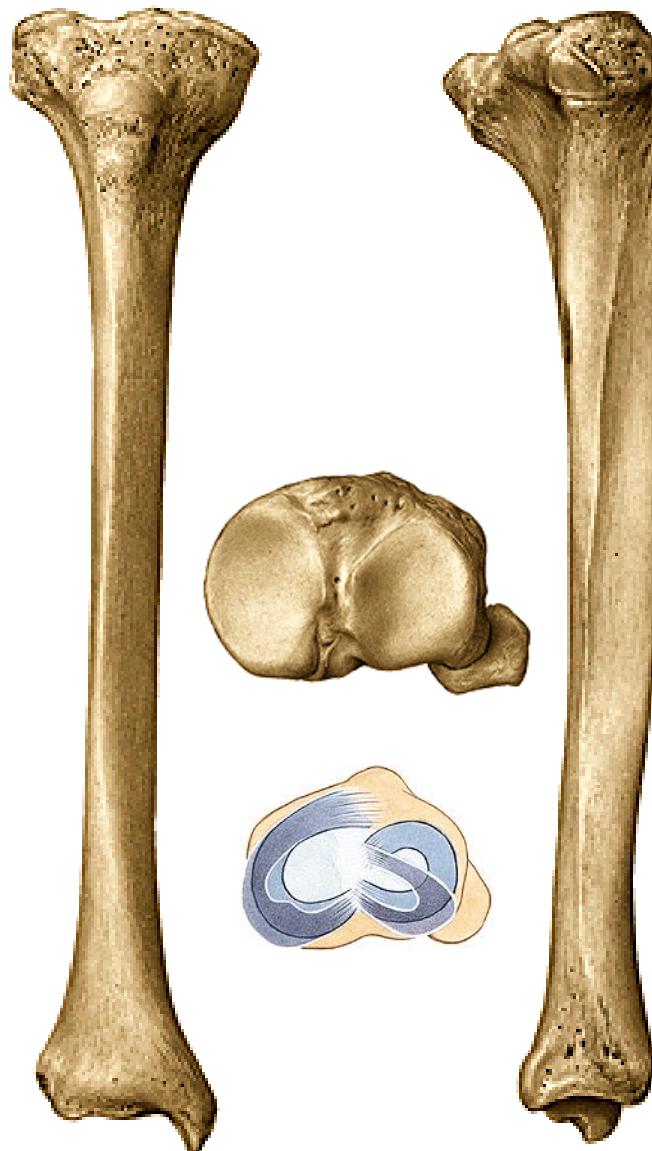
Apex

Facies posterior (smooth articular surface)

facies art. medialis (smaller) et lateralis (larger)

Facies anterior (the rounded, convex anterior surface)





Tibia (shin bone)

Proximal end, body, distal end

Proximal end

condylus medialis et lateralis

facies articularis superior medialis, lateralis

eminentia intercondylaris

tuberculum intercondylare mediale

tuberculum intercondylare laterale

area intercondylaris anterior et posterior

facies articularis fibularis

Tibia (shin bone)

Corpus (body)

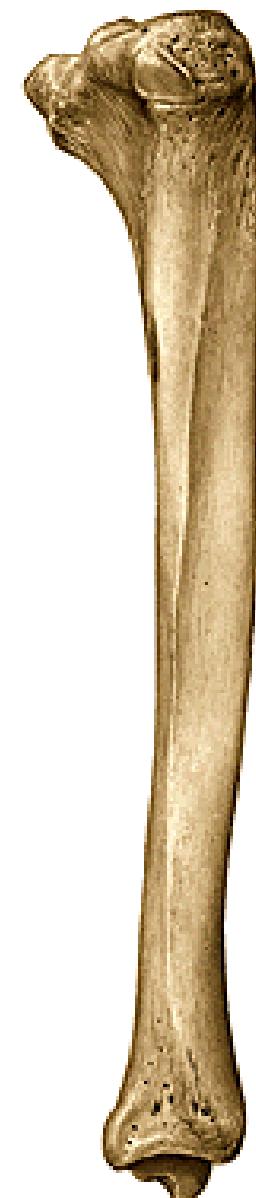
tuberositas tibiae

linea musculi solei

margo medialis

margo anterior

margo interosseus



Tibia (shin bone)

Distal end



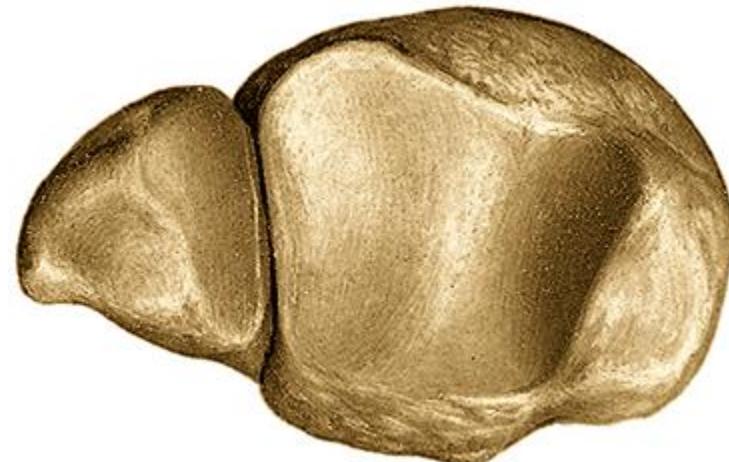
malleolus medialis



facies articularis malleoli medialis



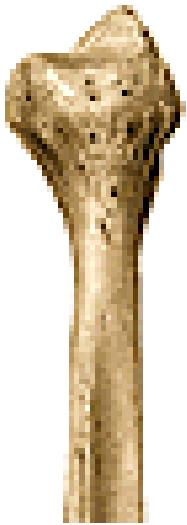
incisura fibularis tibiae



facies articularis inferior tibiae

sulcus malleolaris

Fibula



Proximal end

caput fibulae

facies articularis capitis fibulae

apex capitis fibulae



Fibula

Corpus (body, shaft)

margo anterior et posterior

margo medialis et interosseus

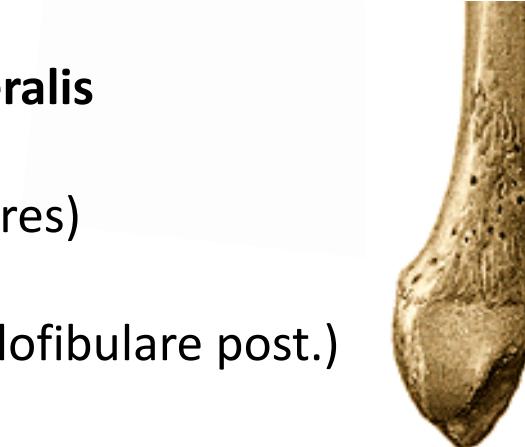
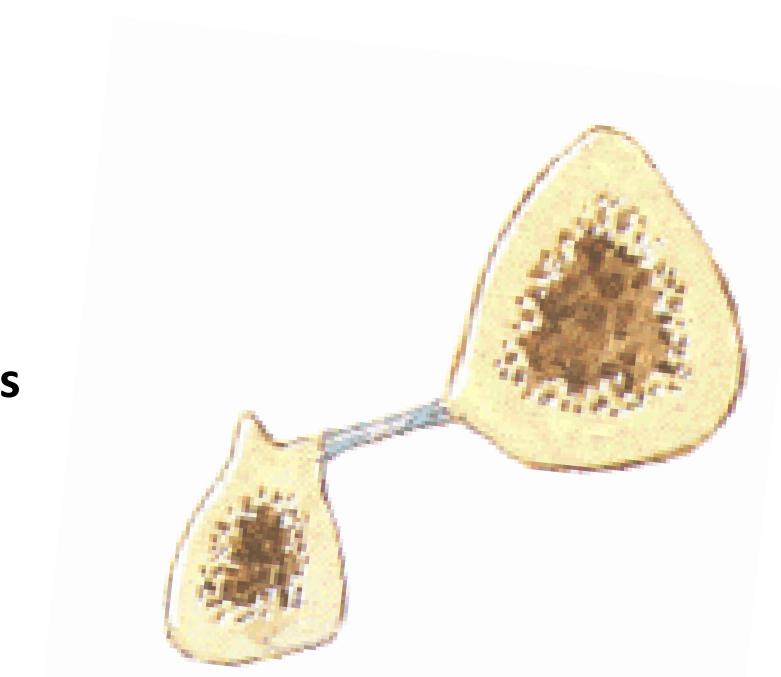
Distal end

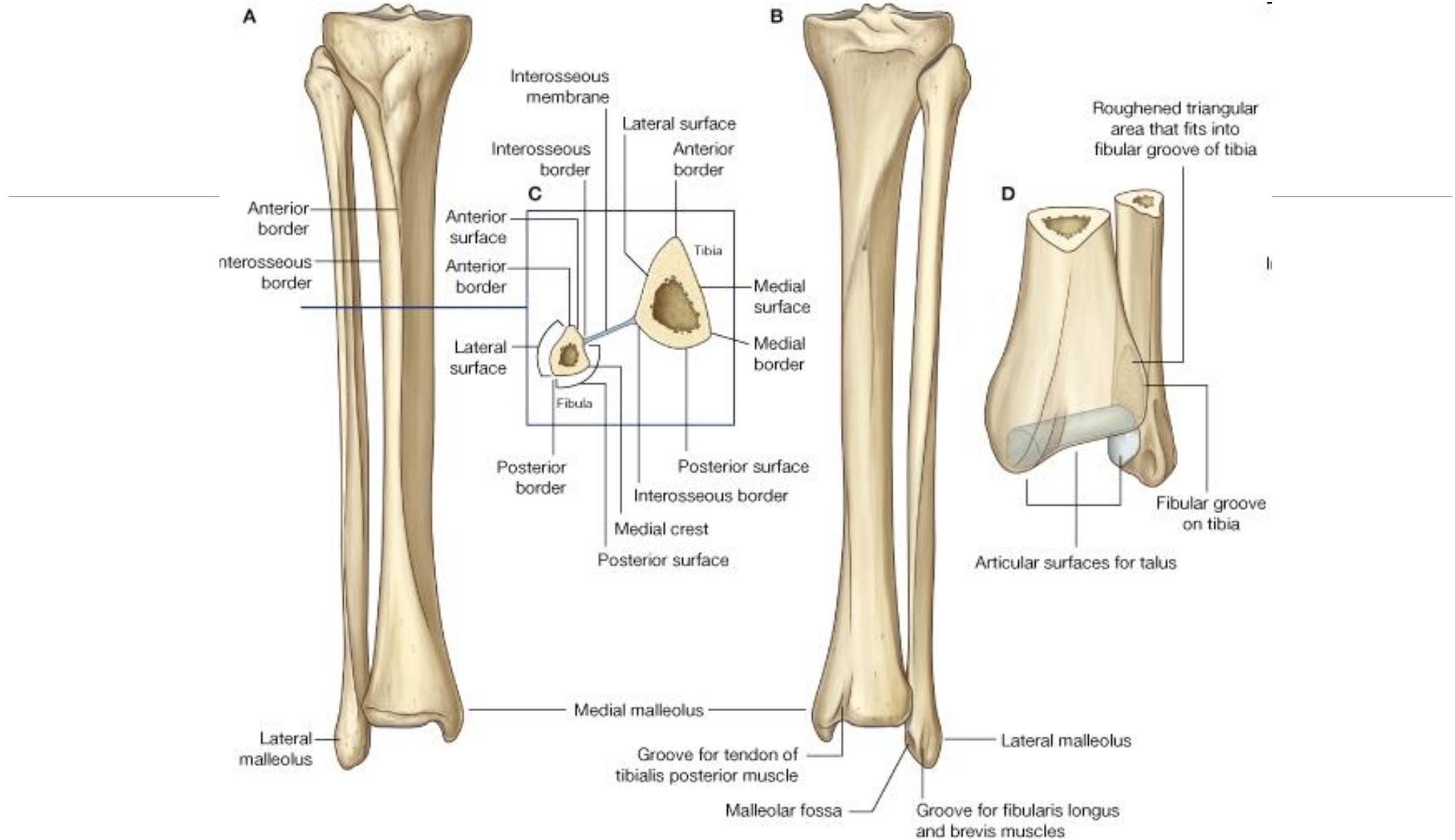
malleolus lateralis

facies articularis malleoli lateralis

sulcus malleolaris (mm.fibulares)

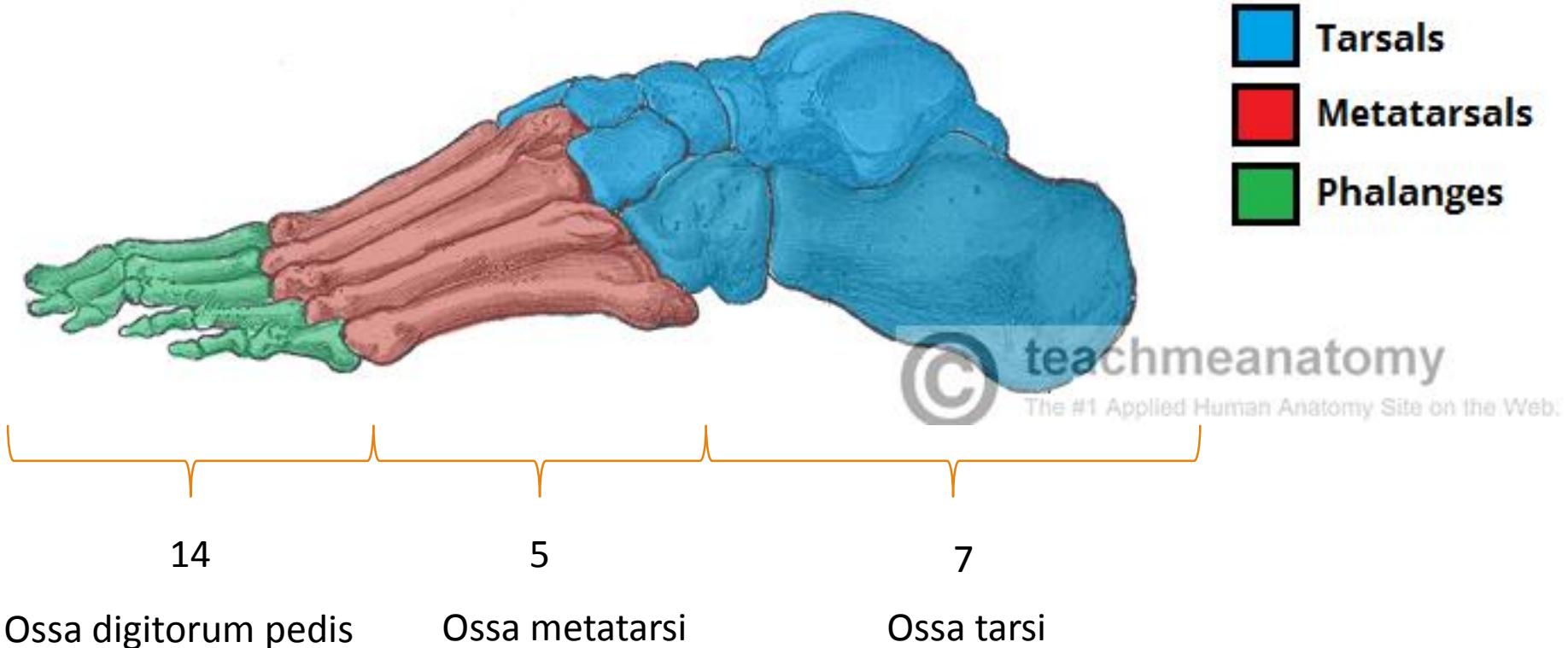
fossa malleoli lateralis (lig. talofibulare post.)





FOOT

Ossa pedis

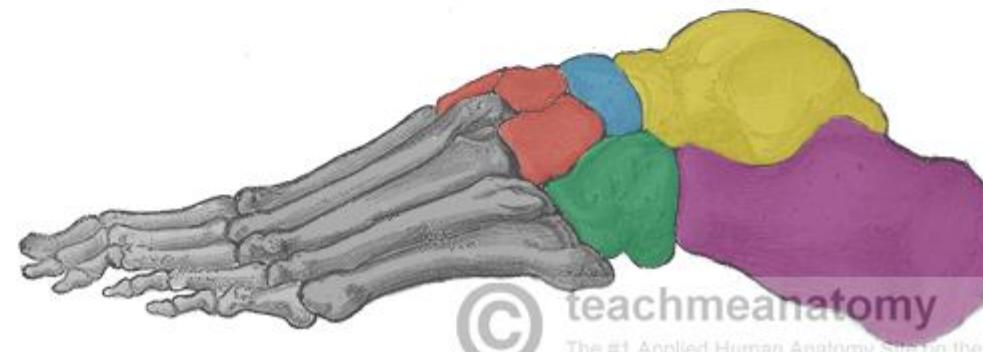


teachmeanatomy

The #1 Applied Human Anatomy Site on the Web.



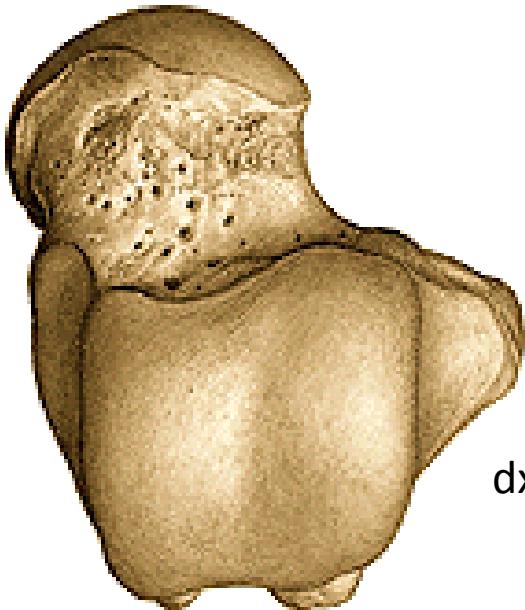
- █ Calcaneus
- █ Talus
- █ Navicular
- █ Cuboid
- █ Cuneiforms



teachmeanatomy

The #1 Applied Human Anatomy Site On the Web.

Talus (ankle bone)



dx



Caput tali (facies articularis navicularis)

Collum tali

Corpus tali

Trochlea tali - facies articularis superior

Facies articularis malleolaris lateralis et medialis

Facies articularis calcanea posterior, media, anterior

**Sulcus tali (sinus tarsi -
lig. talocalcaneare interosseum)**

Processus lateralis tali

**Processus posterior tali (tuberculum laterale,
mediale)**

Sulcus tendinis musculi flexoris hallucis longi

Calcaneus (heel bone)

tuber calcanei (processus medialis et lateralis)

facies articularis talaris posterior, media et anterior

sulcus calcanei (sulcus calcanei + sulcus tali = sinus tarsi)

sustentaculum tali (medial)

(sulcus tendinis musculi flexoris hallucis longi)

trochlea fibularis (lateral)

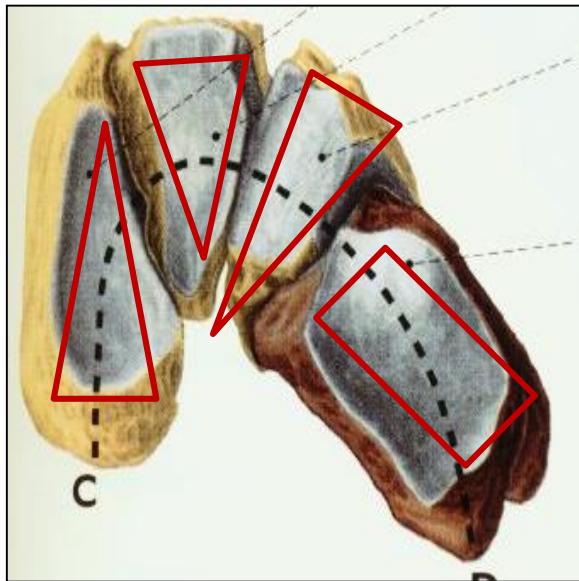
(sulcus tendinis musculi fibularis longi)

facies articularis cuboidea



Os naviculare (navicular)

tuberositas ossis navicularis

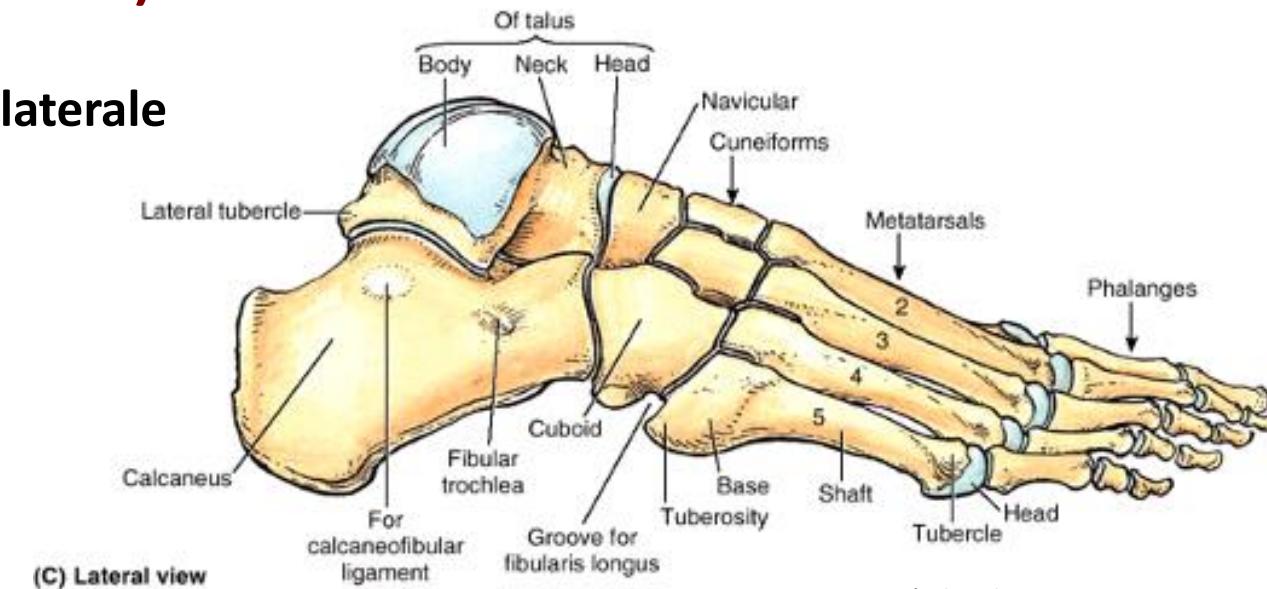


Os cuboideum (cuboid)

sulcus tendinis musculi fibularis longi

Ossa cuneiformia (cuneiforms)

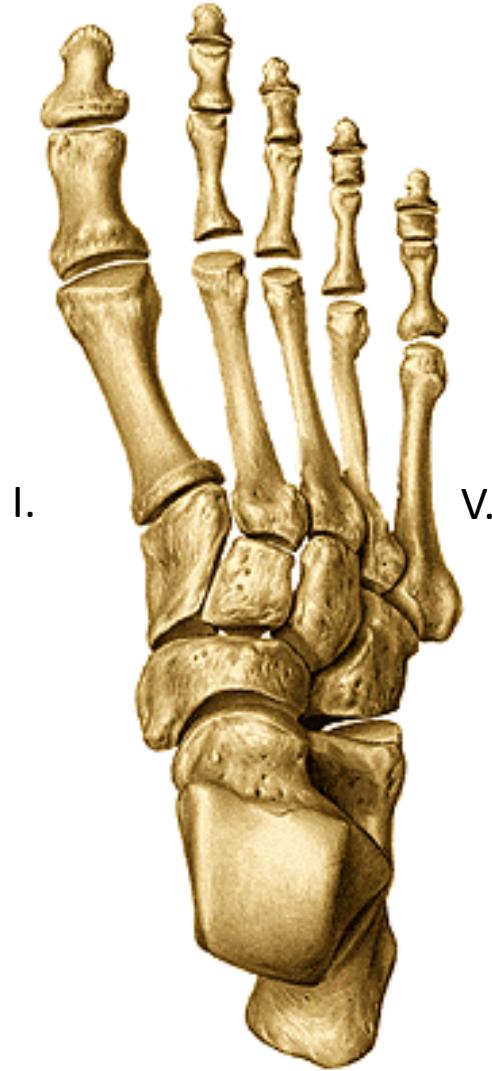
mediale, intermedium et laterale



Source: Netter's clinical anatomy



Ossa metatarsi I. – V. (metatarsals)



basis (base)
(*tuberositas ossis metatarsi I. et V.*)

Corpus (body)

caput (head)



Ossa digitorum pedis, phalanges

Hallux (big toe) – phalanx proximalis et distalis

II. – V. digit – phalanx proximalis, media et distalis

basis phalangis (base)

corpus phalangis (body)

caput/trochlea (head, trochlea)

tuberositas phalangis distalis

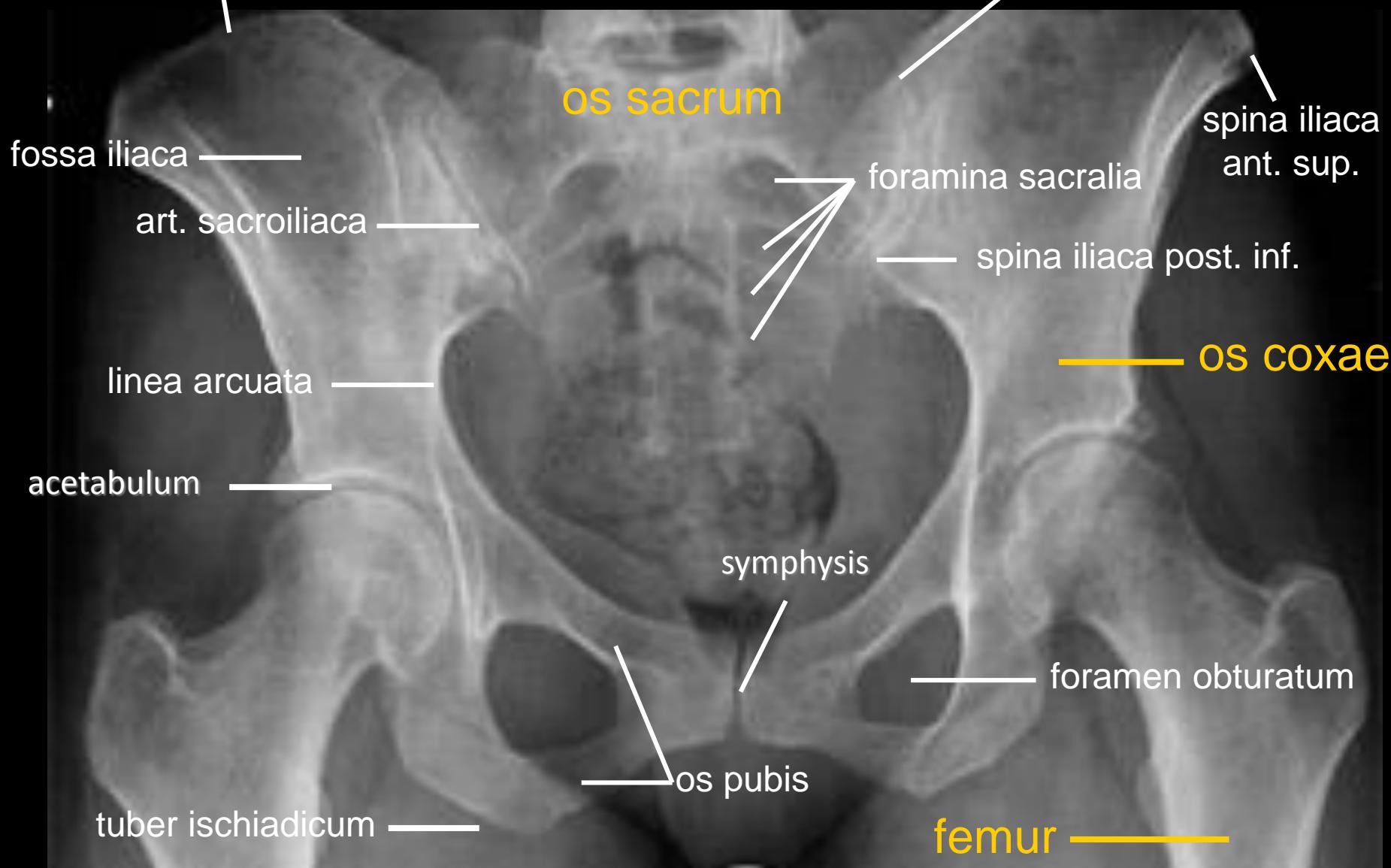
Ossa sesamoidea



X-rays



Pelvis
sagittal projection



X-ray of the pelvis af an child



Hip joint

sagital projection

os coxae ——

caput femoris ——

fossa trochanterica ——

trochanter major ——

crista intertrochanterica ——

femur ——

collum
femoris

acetabulum

fossa acetabuli

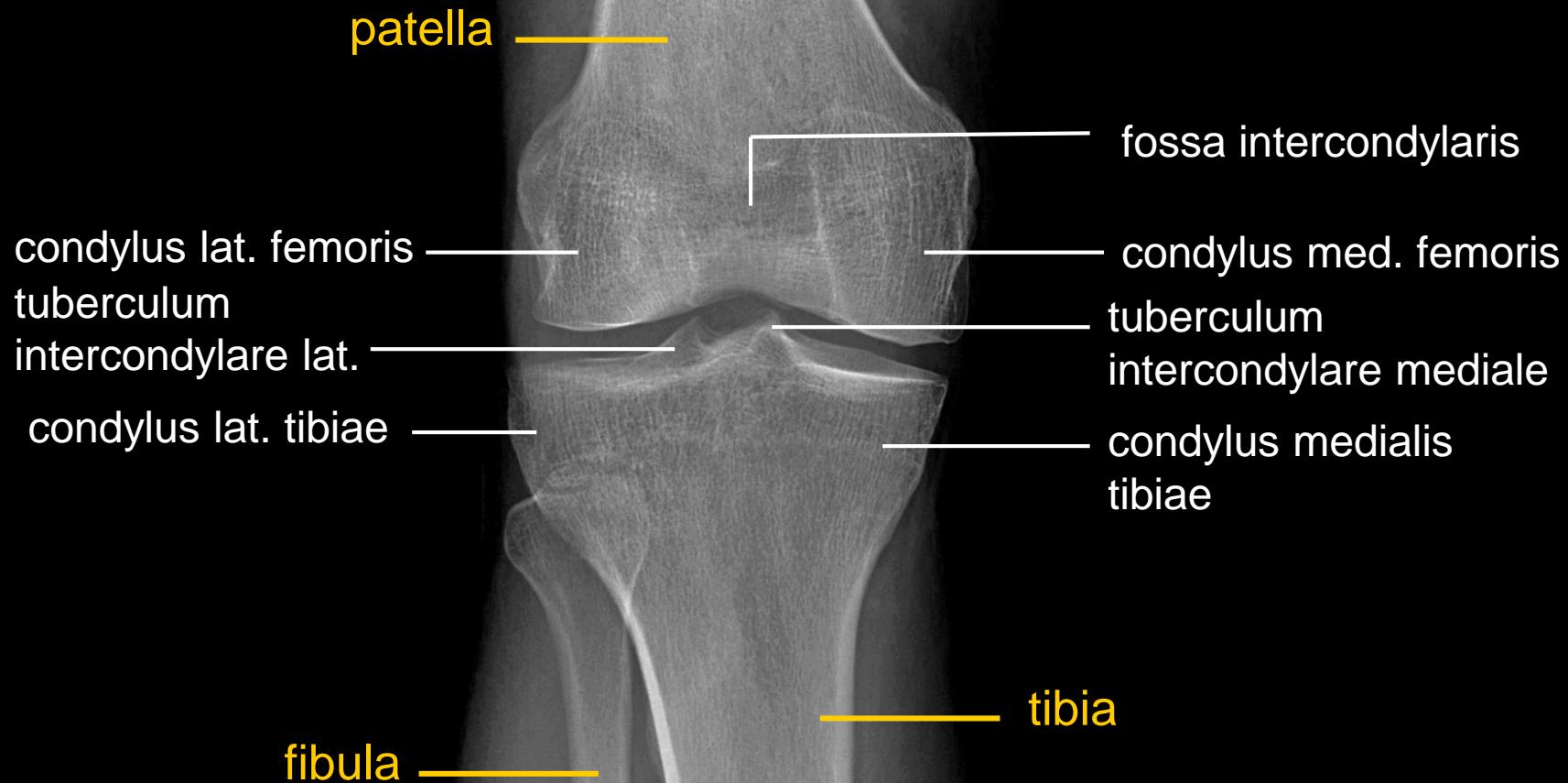
foramen
obturatum

trochanter minor



Knee

Sagittal projection



Knee

Lateral projection

base ——

patella ——

apex ——

tuberositas tibiae ——

tibia ——

femur

condylus lateralis

condylus medialis

eminentia intercondylaris

apex capitis fibulae

caput fibulae

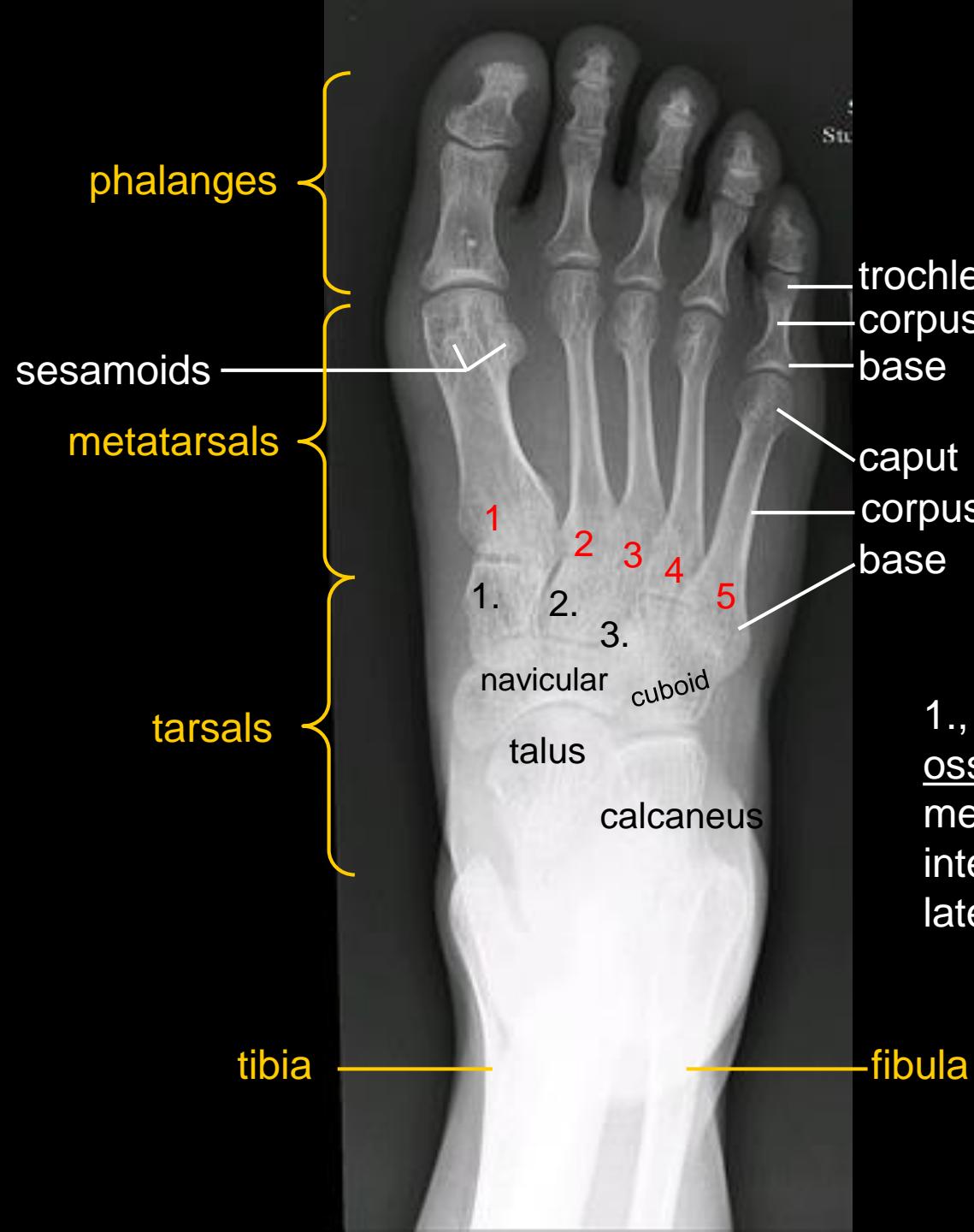
fibula





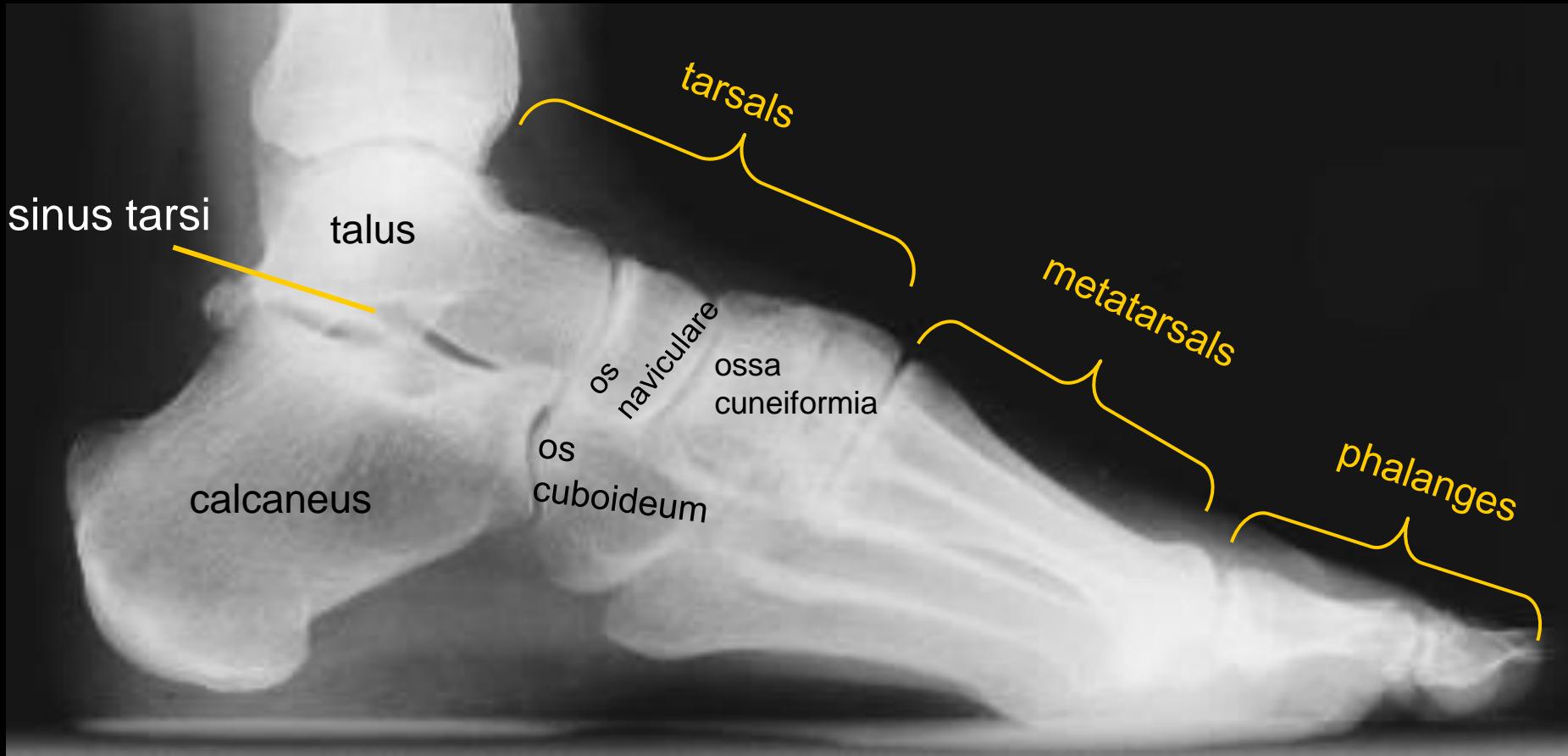
FOOT

dorsoplantar
projection



Foot

Lateral projection



The pictures used in this lectures were taken from following sources (if it was not written under the picture else):

- **Atlas der Anatomie des Menschen/Sobotta.** Putz,R., und Pabst,R. 20. Auflage.
München:Urban & Schwarzenberg, 1993
- **Netter: Interactive Atlas of Human Anatomy.**
- **John T. Hansen Netter's clinical anatomy,** Elsevier, 2014
- **Drake et al: Gray's Anatomy for Students.** 2010
- **Naňka, Elišková: Přehled anatomie.** Galén, Praha 2009.
- **Čihák: Anatomie I, II, III.**
- **Own archiv of the lecturer, archiv of Department of Anatomy, LF MU BRNO**

Thank you for your attention

