Acute abdominal conditions

Z. Rozkydal

Acute abdominal conditions

Usually acute onset

Quick progression

Most of them need surgery

Causes

- 1. Inflammation
- 2. Ileus
- 3. Bleeding into GI
- 4. Trauma

Food poisoning Strain of muscles 1. Inflammation Appendicitis, cholecystitis, pancreatitis, peritonitis

2. Ileus – distension of the intestine Mechanical simple, obstruction

strangulation

Neurogenic paralytic

spastic

Vascular trombosis of GI vessels

3. Bleeding into GI

Peptic ulcer, peptic errosions, cancer

4. Trauma of the abdomen

Blunt or open injury Abdominal wound

Bleeding into GI

Haematemesis – vomiting of blood

Causes
Stomach errosions, peptic ulcer,
carcinoma of stomach, varices of oesophagus

Signs Anemia, hypovolemia melaena, shock

Bleeding in the stools

Melaena

Enterorhagia

Rectorhagia

Causes: tumors, colitis ulcerosa, Crohn disease hemorhoids

Signs Anemia, hypovolemia

Signs

Intense pain Nausea and vomiting Obstipation, flatulence Inflation of the abdomen Dehydration, paleness, sweating Fever, tachycardia, flat breathing Muscular spams of the abdominal wall No signs of GI function

First aid

Rest, warm, nothing to eat or drink
Container for vomiting
Avoid aspiration of stomach content
Positioning
Sterile dressing of the wound
Transport

Colic pain

The pain that comes and goes in waves

Renal colic

Gall bladder colic

Incarcerated abdominal hernia

Renal colic

Blockage of urine flow from kidney pelvis most often by urolithiasis

First aid Warm, hot bath, spasmolytics

Gall bladder colic

Causes cholecystitis acuta, cholelithiasis choledocholithiasis

Signs Intense pain, nausea, vomiting, shock

First aid Positioning, spasmolytics Transport

Incarcerated abdominal hernia

Signs
Intense pain
Nausea and vomiting
Obstipation, flatulence
Inflation of the abdomen

First aid
To minimise the shock
Transport

Abdominal wound

Stub wound, gunshot, crush injury
Organs or blood vessels can be punctured
lacerted or ruptured
External bleeding
Internal bleeding
Protrusion of abdominal content

First aid
Cover the area with plastic bag or kitchen film
Cover the wound with sterile dressing
No eat or drink
Positioning, minimise the shock
Transport