

1. Translate:

Fascia lata, bursa subcutanea, plica palatina transversa, arteria gastrica, glandula thyreoidea, tunica mucosa, vertebrae thoracicae, costa spuria, costa vera, tibia et fibula fracta, prope lineam albam, arteria iliaca interna, vena cava, vena profunda linguae, substantia alba et grisea, medulla oblongata, lamina fusca sclerae, rima palpebrarum, in tuba auditiva, spina scapulae.

Propter pneumoniam, post scarlatinam, therapia diabetae, ruptura aortae, diphtheria maligna, sine allergia, cum anaemia perniciosa, angina gangraenosa, propter atrophiam, colica complicata, fractura ulnae, cura epilepsiae.

2. Read aloud the nominative and genitive forms of the nouns. Write down the number of the declension; follow the example:

ex: caput, capit-is - 3 coxa, coxae____; cervix, cervicis____; hypogastrium, hypogastrii____;
oculus, oculi____; sulcus, sulci____; crus, cruris____; processus, processus____;
arcus, arcus____; coccyx, coccygis____; bucca, buccae____; metatarsus, metatarsi____;
ilia, ilium____; fibula, fibulae____; pubes, pubis____; antebrachium, antebrachii____;
axilla, axillae____; hallux, hallucis____; patella, patellae____; capilli, capillorum____;
thorax, thoracis____; nasus, nasi____; os, ossis____; phalanx, phalangis____;
tarsus, tarsi____; humerus, humeri____; collum, colli____; symphysis, symphysis____;
facies, faciei____; corpus, corporis____; femur, femoris____; clavícula, claviculae____;

3. Decide what the stem of the nouns is and underline it; follow the example:

ex: caput, capit-is
atlas, atlantis
linea, lineae
foramen, foraminis
axis, axis
sternum, sterni
crus, cruris
manubrium, manubrii
sinus, sinus

4. Use the chart with endings to connect two nouns to name anatomical structures; translate the phrases:

caput + costa > ex: caput costae_____ head of rib_____
femur > _____
fibula > _____
humerus > _____
phalanx > _____
radius > _____
talus > _____
ulna > _____

Exercise 5. Translate anatomical terms into Latin:

E.g. Body of the vertebra – corpus vertebrae

Body of the vertebra, head of the rib, arch of the aorta, base of the skull, cavity of the nose, neck of the scapula, vaginal process, duct of the nose, pitch (incisure) of the lower jaw, capsule of the ganglion (ganglion, i n), tuber of the upper jaw, muscle of the neck, dorsum of the saddle (sellae, ae f), bone of the skull, arch of the vertebra, head of the lower jaw, dividing wall of the nose, fovea of the process, pedicle (pediculus, i m) of the arch of the vertebra, face of the tubercle (tuberculum, i n) of the rib, vestibule (vestibulum, i n) of the nose, neck of the ulna, angle of the sternum, angle of the lower jaw, cavity of the uterus, cavity of the tympanum, bone of the finger, bones of the trunk, block of the humerus, body of the marrow, nucleus of the nerve, tubercle of the saddle, muscle of the back, muscle of the uvula (uvula, ae f).

Exercise 6. Translate anatomical terms into English:

E.g. *Ligamentum pylori – ligament of the pylorus*

Ligamentum pylori, retinaculum cutis, ligamentum patellae, arteria perinei, arcus aortae, sulcus calcanei, ramus ossis ischii, caput phalangis, cavum oris, tuberculum musculi, corpus linguae, cartilago nasi, ampulla ductus, apex linguae, radix dentis, fossa glandulae lacrimalis, fascia prostatae, apex pulmonis, caput mandibulae, diaphragma pelvis, plasma sanguinis, cartilago septi nasi, spina scapulae, cartilago tubae, sutura cranii, ventriculus laryngis, atrium cordis, basis patellae.

Exercise 7. Translate anatomical terms into English:

E.g.: *Sulcus ethmoidalis ossis nasalis – ethmoidal sulcus of the nasal bone*

Pars cartilaginea tubae auditivae, foramen mentale, corpus adiposum infrapatellare, pancreas accessorium, pars optica retinae, symphysis pubica, pyramis medullae oblongatae, auris externa, synchondrosis sphenooccipitalis, tuberositas phalangis distalis, ventriculus sinister cordis, arteria interossea communis.

Exercise 6. Translate anatomical terms into English:

E.g.: *musculus palpebrae superioris – muscle of the superior eyelid*

Meatus nasi inferior, foramen palatinum minus, camera anterior bulbi oculi, ligamentum longitudinale anterius columnae vertebralis, margo inferior pulmonis sisnisti, cartilago alaris major, facies posterior lentis, regio cervicis anterior, regio thoracis posterior, margo superior parties petrosae, crus anterius capsulae internae, lobus anterior hypophysis, musculus rectus capitis posterior major, crus mediale cartilaginis alaris majoris, hiatus canalis nervi petrosi majoris.