Airway + Breathing disorders

CPR with AED

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BLS algorithm

- Danger
- Response = consciousness (AVPU scale)
- Shout / Send for help

- Airway = open it
- Breathing
- Circulation

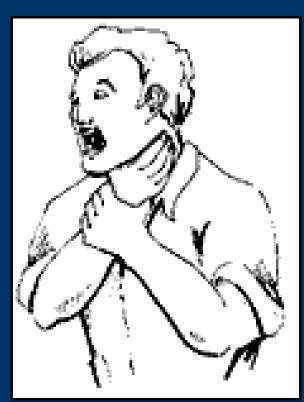
Primary Survey = 20s

Choking Conscious Adult

- uncommon but potentially treatable
- less than 1% of these incidents are fatal

- mostly witnessed

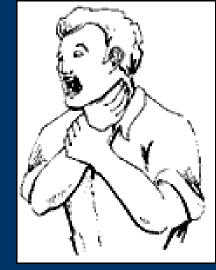
- food partitions
- trauma / burns
- edema = swelling



Choking

Sings:

- clutch throat or mouth
- cough, gurgle, vomiting sound, wheezing
- inability to speak
- heavy breathing
- anxiety
- turns blue (cyanosis) from lack of oxygen
- if breathing is not restored, the victim falls into unconsciousness

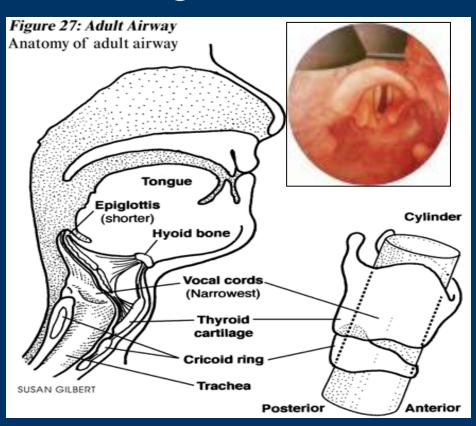


Inability to relieve the obstruction can cause:

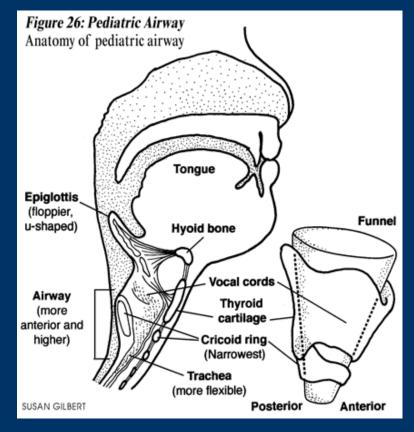
- Breathing failure
- Brain damage
- Death

Narrowest part of airway:

Adult: glotis



Child: subglotic space



Foreign Body Airway Obstruction

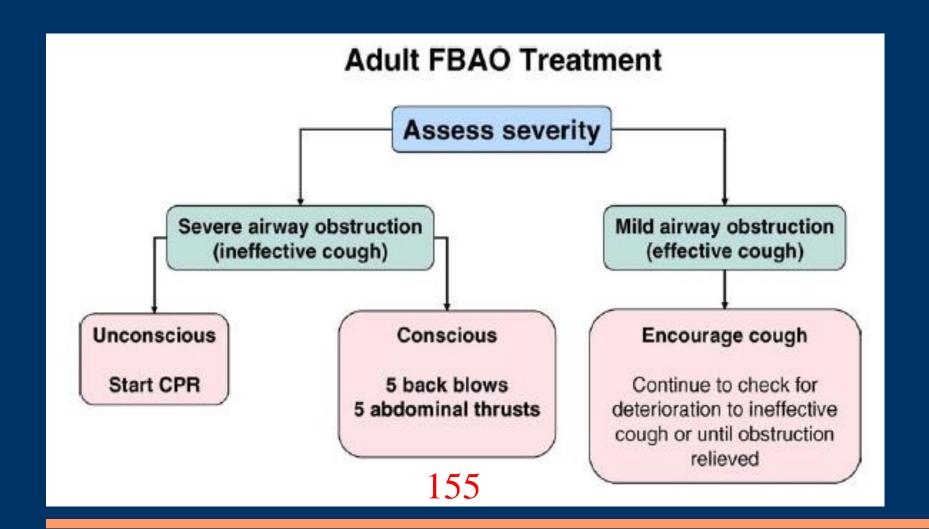
- relief FBAO = life saving procedure
- safe, effective, simple

- Cough and bend forwards
- 5 Back blows / slaps
- 5 Abdominal thrusts = (Heimlich maneuver)
- Chest thrusts
 often you will need more than 1 procedure to clean the airway

Mild obstruction

- Coughing generates high and sustained airway pressures and may expel the foreign body.
- Aggressive treatment, (back blows, abdominal thrusts, chest compression), may cause potentially serious complications and could worsen the airway obstruction.
- Continuous observation until they
 - improve
 - severe airway obstruction may develop

First aid:



Back blows

- Stand to the side and slightly behind the victim.
- Support the chest with one hand and lean the victim well **forwards** so that when the obstructing object is dislodged it comes out of the mouth rather than goes further down the airway.
- Give up to five sharp blows between the shoulder blades with the heel of your other hand.

Back blows



Heimlich man. = abdominal thrust



Increase pressure below foreign body

- Stand behind the victim and put both arms round the upper part of his abdomen.
- Lean the victim forwards.
- Clench your fist and place it between the umbilicus and xiphisternum.
 - Grasp this hand with your other hand and pull sharply inwards and upwards.
 - Repeat up to five times



Chest thrust

- markedly obese persons
- late stages of pregnancy



Increase pressure under foreign body

Following successful treatment:

Victims with a persistent cough, difficulty swallowing or the sensation of an object being still stuck in the throat should be examined

- Abdominal thrusts can cause serious internal injuries
- All victims treated with abdominal thrusts should be examined for injury by a doctor

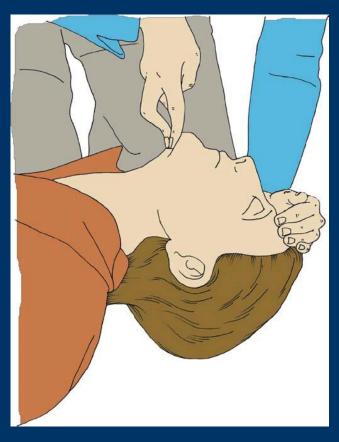
First Aid - Choking - Adult & Child

Clear airway if necessary during coma

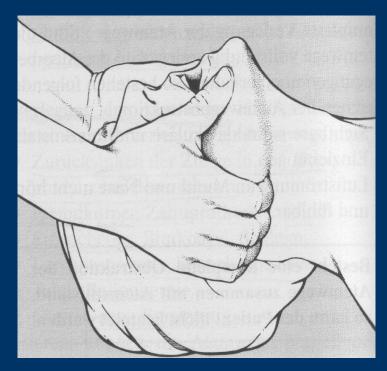
- with the casualty supported on the side, tilt the head backwards and slightly down.
- Open the mouth and clear any foreign object.
 Only remove dentures if loose or broken.
- Use your 2 fingers only if you see solid material in the mouth
- Do not push fingers where you can not see

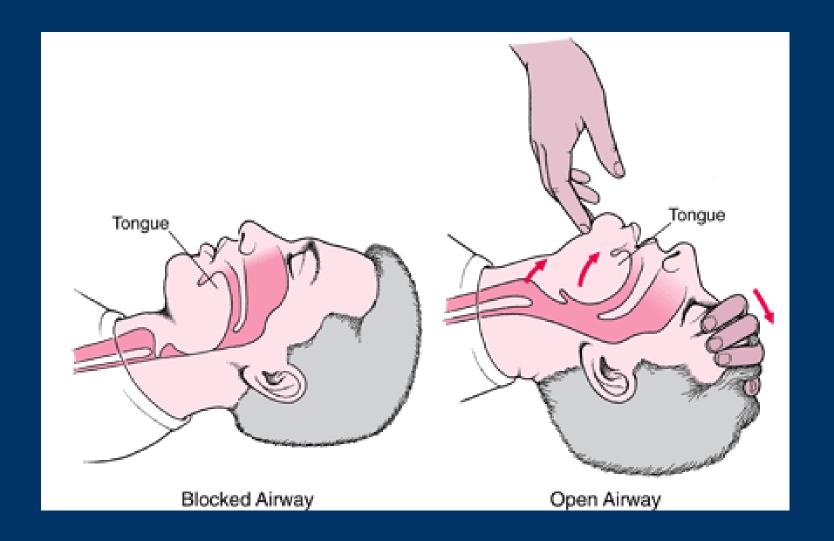
Keep airway open

head tilt, chin lift

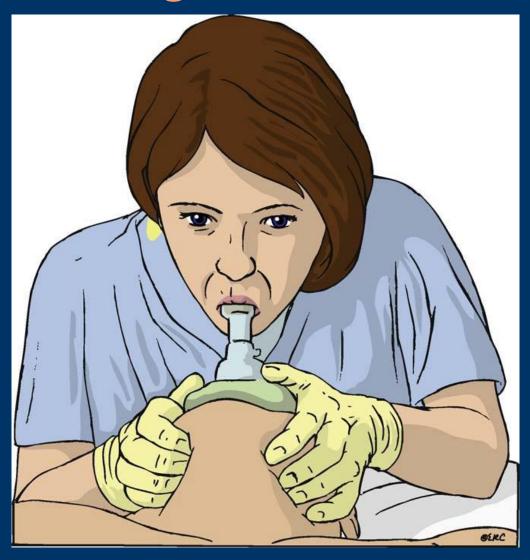


Esmarch maneuver
/ Jaw thrust





BLS – breathing with face-mask

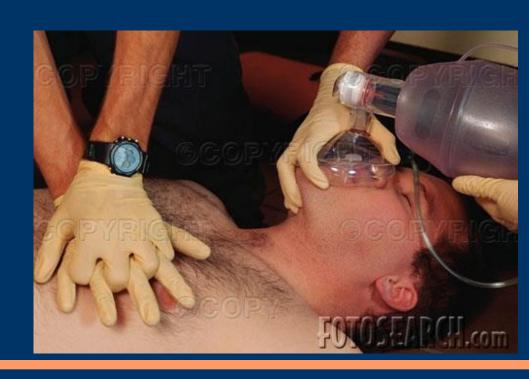


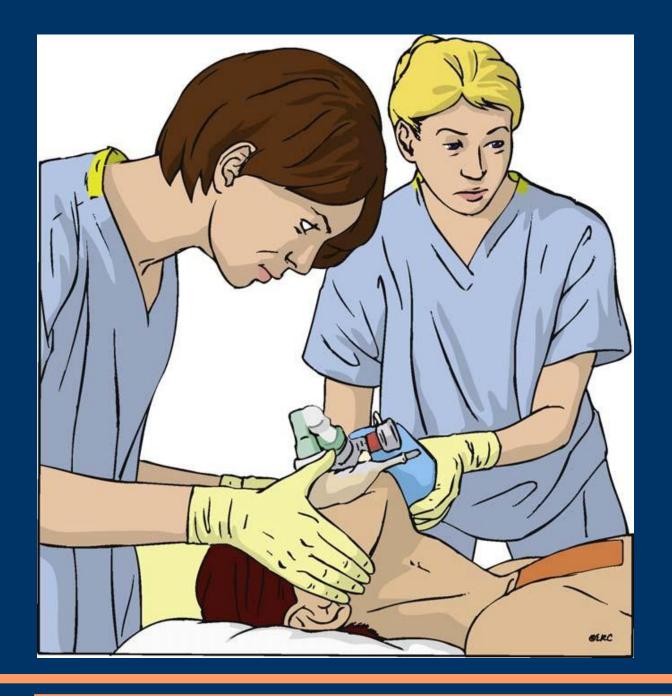
Face mask ventilation



Positive pressure ventilation by bag-valve mask

- correct volume = movement of chest
- Fr. 10/min
- 100% O2
- 1 hand hold:
 - inch + index f.
 - 3 ff. chin
- 2 hands





Guedel airway Oro-Pharyngeal Airway

I: unconsciousness

+ airway obstruction with tongue



Correct size OPA:

• distance angle of mouth --- ear

Risk in mild unconsciousness:

• vomitus + aspiration



Naso-Pharyngeal Airway (trumpet)

Correct size of NPA:

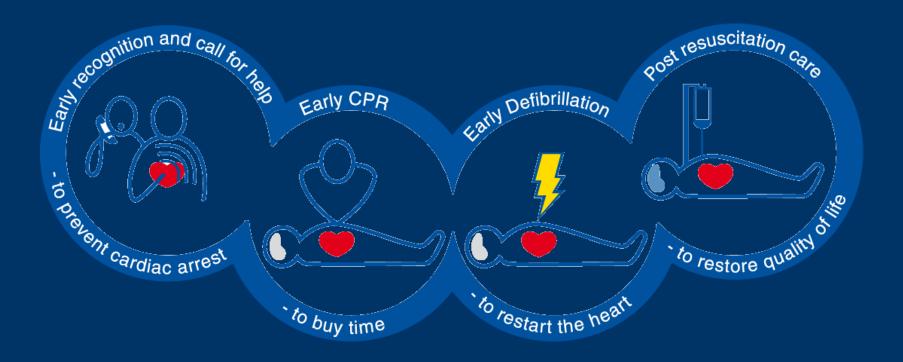
• distance nostril --- ear

Risk:

bleeding from nasal cavity

• Use of lubricant is essential

Chain of survival



European resuscitation council

Approximately 700,000 cardiac arrests per year in Europe

Survival to hospital discharge presently approximately 5-10%

Bystander CPR is vital intervention before arrival of emergency services

Early resuscitation and prompt defibrillation (within 5 minutes) can result in >50% survival

Automated External Defibrilator





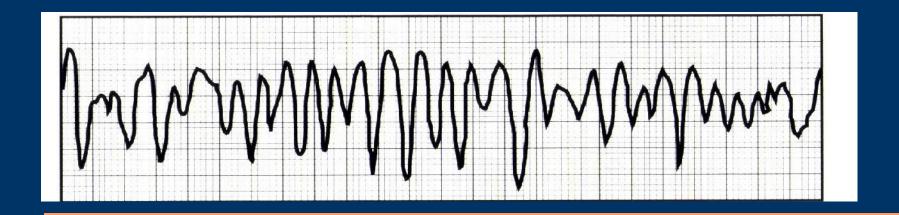


Ventricular fibrilation

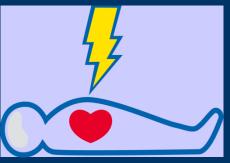
Most common cause of cardiac arrest in adults out of hospital

- caused by obstructed coronary artery in myocardial infarction

- electric shock is the only treatment



Defibrilation

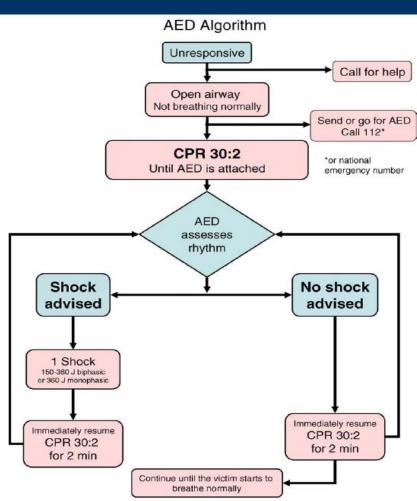


in Czech provided by ambulance services or lay persons

• continue with CPR

Attach AED

Follow voice prompts



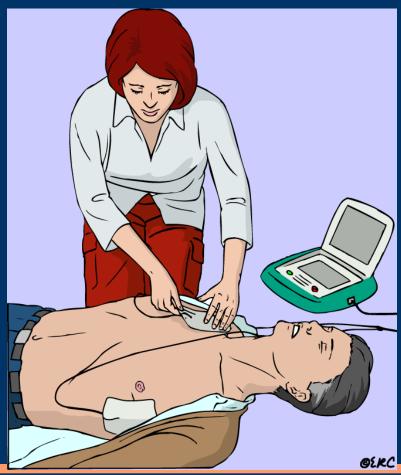
Start of AED

• Some AEDs will automatically switch themselves on when the lid is opened



ATTACH PADS TO CASUALTY'S BARE CHEST

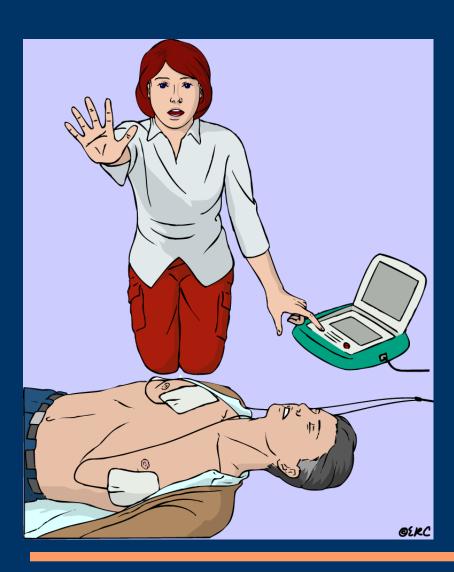




ANALYSING RHYTHM DO NOT TOUCH VICTIM

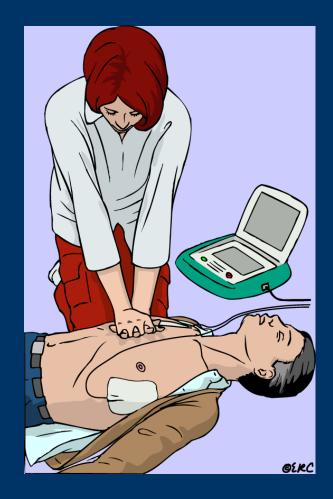


SHOCK INDICATED



- Stand clear
- Deliver shock

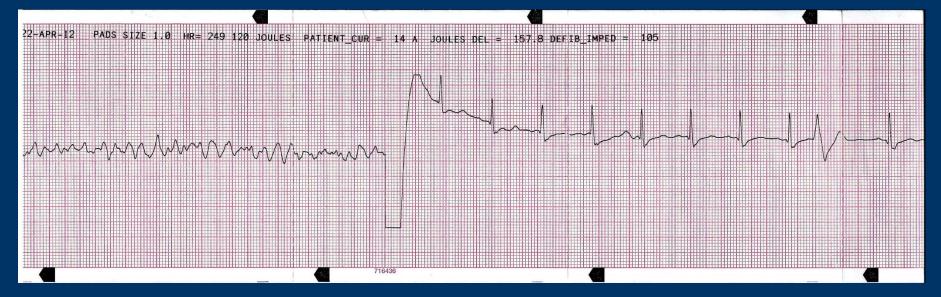
SHOCK DELIVERED FOLLOW AED INSTRUCTIONS





30 : 2

Successful defibrillation



- could wake up if shock applied until 5 min
- starts to breath, cough

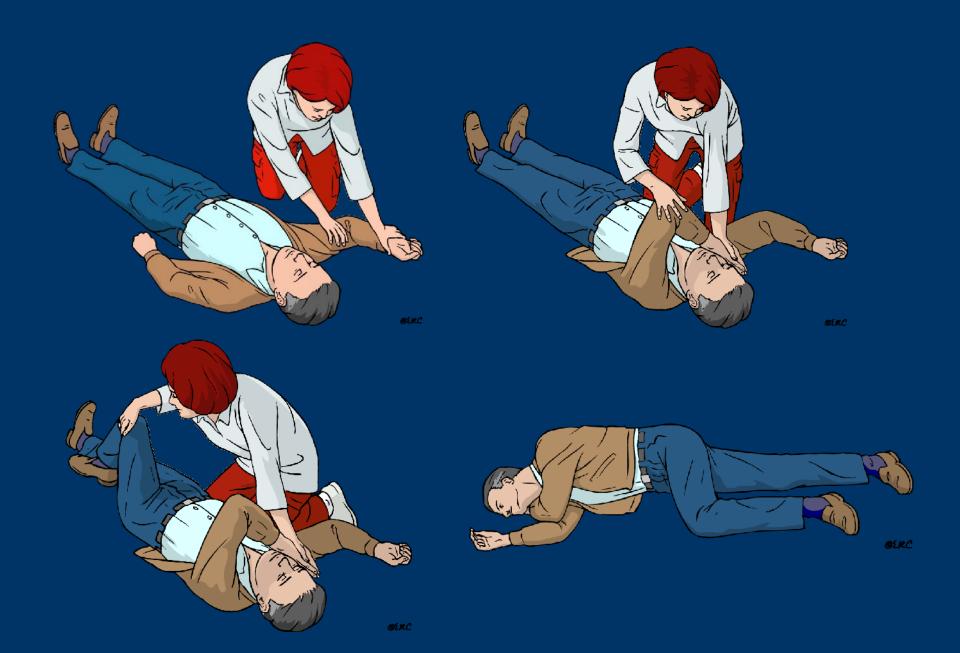
Victim could be turned to recovery position – monitor vital signs till ambulance come

Do not take the electrodes off!!

RECOVERY POSITION

- If the affected person begins to breathe normally, turn him / her sideways to the recovery position
- Always check for breathing
- Do not remove the electrodes





NO SHOCK ADVISED FOLLOW AED INSTRUCTIONS





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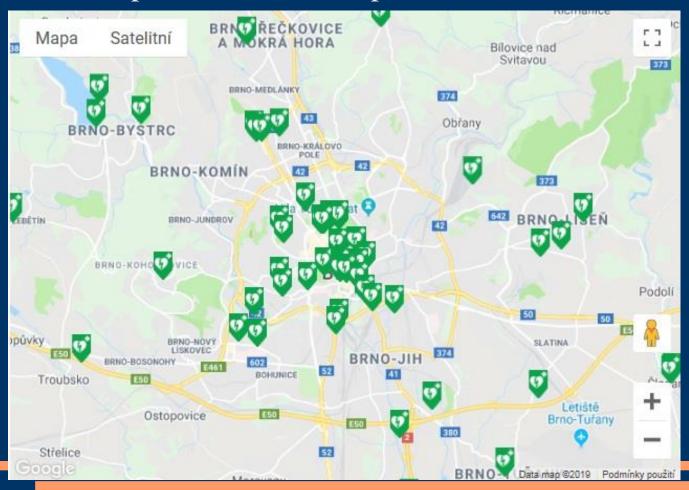
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PROJEKT ROZMÍSTĚNÍ AED V BRNĚ



http://www.fsps.muni.cz/aed/mapa/



TACPR

Telephone Asisted CPR

No consciousness, No breathing ...

Next person call 155

.. Open the green box by code given by phone.

http://www.fsps.muni.cz/aed/videa/zelny-trh-dlouhe/

Precordial thump

No more part of BLS!!

(ERC guidelines since 2005)

reserved:

- witnessed cardiac arrest when no defibrillator is immediately available
- if done in first 20s25% regain cardiac function

Adult basic life support UNRESPONSIVE? Shout for help Open airway NOT BREATHING NORMALLY? Call 112* 30 chest compressions 2 rescue breaths 30 compressions

Thanks for your attention

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