

Industry

| Word | Definition | Translation |
|------------------------------|--|-------------|
| assemble | to build something, for example furniture, by putting all its parts together | |
| attract | to make someone interested in something so that they do it or come to see or hear it | |
| brand | a product or group of products that has its own name and is made by one particular company. The word for a machine or vehicle made by one particular company is a make | |
| breadwinner | the person who earns the money to support a family | |
| bulk carrier | a ship that carries large amount of a product | |
| bulky | too big to be carried or stored easily | |
| capable | very good at doing a job | |
| capital | money or property that someone invests or uses to start a business | |
| capitalism | an economic system in which property and businesses are owned by individual people, not by the government | |
| cargo | things that are being sent by ship, plane, train, or truck | |
| charcoal | a black substance made from burnt wood, used as a fuel, especially for cooking food outside. You can also use sticks of charcoal for drawing. | |
| coalfield | an area where there are layers of coal under the ground that are suitable for mining | |
| communism | a political and economic system in which individual people cannot own property or industries and in which people of all social classes are treated equally. | |
| compete | to try to be more successful than other companies or people in business | |
| construction industry | the trade of building something large or complicated such as a bridge or road, and the people who work in it | |
| contract | a written legal agreement between two people or businesses that says what each must do for the other or give to the other | |
| convenient | easy to do, or not causing problems or difficulties | |
| decline | to become less or worse | |
| dependent on | if one thing is dependent on another, it is affected by the other thing and changes if the other thing changes | |
| dismiss | to force someone to leave their job | |
| distributed | spread or shared in a particular way | |
| earnings | the amount of money that someone earns | |
| efficient | something that is efficient works well and produces good results by using the available time, money, supplies etc in the most effective way | |
| engineering | the activity of designing things such as roads, railways, bridges, or machines | |
| enterprise | a large or important project, especially one that is new or | |
| entrepreneur | someone who uses money to start businesses and make business deals | |
| establish | to make something start to exist or start to happen | |

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| ferrous | containing or connected with iron | |
| footloose | if an industry is footloose, it can be situated in a wide variety of locations | |
| free market | an economic system in which things such as prices and pay are set as a result of competition between different businesses and are not controlled by government | |
| fulfilled | happy and satisfied, especially because you are doing something important or using your abilities | |
| full-time | done for the number of hours that people normally work in a complete week | |
| fumes | smoke or gas that has an unpleasant smell, especially harmful smoke or gas | |
| fund | an amount of money that you collect, save or invest | |
| goods | objects produced for sale | |
| heavy industry | industry that uses large heavy machines to produce materials such as coal or steel or large objects such as cars or ships | |
| income | money that someone gets from working or from investing money | |
| industrial revolution | the period in the 18th and 19th centuries in Europe and the US when machines began to be used for producing goods and many new industries developed. | |
| influence | the effect that a person or thing has on someone's decisions, opinions or behaviour or on the way something happens | |
| labour | the workers in a particular country, industry, or company considered as a group. | |
| lease | a legal contract in which you agree to pay to use someone else's building, land, or equipment for a specific period of time | |
| light industry | industry in which small goods are produced, for example things that you use in the house | |
| loan | an amount of money that a person, business, or country borrows, especially from a bank | |
| management | the control and operation of a business or organization | |
| manual | involving the use of your hands | |
| metallurgy | the scientific study of metals and how they are used | |
| nationwide | in all parts of a country | |
| operation | a company, or a part of a large company | |
| ore | rock or earth from which metal can be obtained | |
| output | the amount of something that a person, organization, system etc produces | |
| packaging | the boxes, bottles, plastic etc used for wrapping products so that they can be sold | |
| perishable | perishable food decays after a short time, especially if it not kept cold | |
| point of sale | a place where product or service is sold | |
| practice | a way of doing something, especially as a result of habit, custom, or tradition | |
| precision | very exact and accurate | |
| profitable | making a profit | |

