Population				
Word	Definition	Translation		
	to leave a place, especially because it is difficult or dangerous to			
abandon	stay there.			
accommodate	to provide a place or room for someone to stay in.			
	someone who is no longer a child and is legally responsible for			
adult	their actions.			
	if you can afford something, you have enough money to be able			
	to pay for it. This word usually follows 'can', 'could', or 'be able			
afford	to'.			
aged	someone who is aged 18, 35, 70 etc is 18, 35, 70 etc years old.			
ageu	something that makes it comfortable or enjoyable to live or work			
amenity	somewhere.			
annemity	Somewhere.			
	a drug that cures illnesses and infections caused by bacteria.			
	Doctors often give people a course of antibiotics, when they have			
antibiotic	to take a fixed amount of medicine each day for several days.			
untiblotic	to feel that you belong to the new community that you have			
assimilate	started to live in, or to make someone feel like this.			
available	able to be obtained, taken, or used.			
avanabic	the amount, level, standard etc that is typical of a group of			
average	people or things.			
410.480	basic products and services are ones that everyone needs such as			
basic	food, medicine, and fuel.			
birth rate	the official number of births in a particular year or place.			
	1 a serious disease affecting plants and crops.			
blight	2 something that damages or spoils something else.			
	to feed a baby with milk from your breasts rather than			
breastfeed	bottle-feeding it.			
built-up	a built-up area has a lot of buildings in it.			
bustee	another spelling of basti - a slum			
	an occasion when government officials count all the people in a			
census	country and record information about them.			
childbearing	the process of being pregnant and giving birth to children.			
childhood	the time of your life when you are a child.			
	someone who has the right to live permanently in a particular			
citizen	country.			
	the basic rights that all people in a society have, for example the			
civil rights	right to be treated fairly by the law.			
	to take control of another country by going to live there or by			
colonize	sending people to live there.			
commute	to travel regularly to and from work.			
	a large number of people or things in one area or a large amount			
concentration	of a particular thing.			
conquer	to take control of land or people using soldiers.			
	a contagious disease spreads from one person to another through			
contagious	touch or through the air.			
crowded	containing a lot of people, especially too many.			

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	a medicine or treatment that makes someone who is ill become	
cure	healthy.	
death rate	the number of deaths in a particular area in one year.	
	the total amount of money that the government of a country	
debt	owes to banks and to other countries that it has borrowed from.	
decline	a reduction in the amount or quality of something.	
	the process by which a colony becomes independent from the	
decolonozation	country that used to control it.	
	1 to become less.	
decrease	2 to reduce something.	
define	to describe clearly and exactly what something is.	
	the amount of a product or service that people want, or the fact	
demand	that they want it.	
demographic	relating to populations.	
density	the amount of something in a place.	
dependency	a country that is controlled by another country.	
descendant	a relative of a person who lived in the past.	
	an illness in which you pass solid waste from your body too often	
diarrhoea	and in a liquid form.	
dirty	not clean	
	something very bad that happens and causes a lot of damage or	
disaster	kills a lot of people.	
	the process of spreading something over an area or the way in	
distribution	which it is spread.	
	the fact that very different people or things exist within a group	
diversity	or place.	
	a serious disease that affects your bowels and makes you go to	
dysentery	the toilet very frequently and become very weak.	
elderly	the elderly = old people.	
emigrate	to leave your country in order to live in another country.	
	the state of being equal, especially in having the same rights,	
equality	status, and opportunities.	
	something such as a room or piece of equipment that is provided	
facility	at a place for people to use.	
•	the practice of controlling the number of children that you have	
	by using contraceptives (=drugs, objects, or methods that stop a	
family planning	woman becoming pregnant).	
,, ,	a serious lack of food that continues for a long time and causes	
famine	many people in a country to become ill or die.	
	a poor area of a town in Brazil where the houses are in very bad	
favela	condition.	
fertility	a woman's ability to have babies.	
flourish	to grow well and be healthy.	
gender	the fact of being either male or female.	
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growth	an increase in the size, number, or development of something	
health care	the services that look after people's health.	
	and the second state of th	
	human immunodeficiency virus: a virus that can cause Aids and is	
HIV	usually passed to someone else by having sex.	
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	the total money that all the people living in one home get from	
household income	working or from investing money.	
illiterate	someone who is illiterate cannot read or write.	
interace	the process in which people come to a country in order to live	
immigration	there permanently.	
increase	to become larger in amount or number.	
liiciease	the process of a country developing industries or making them	
industrialization	more modern.	
industrialization	the number of deaths of children under a year old in a particular	
	society. It is expressed as the number of deaths out of every	
infant mortality rate	1,000 live births.	
iniant mortanty rate	1,000 live biletis.	
	the set of systems within a place or organization that affect	
	how well it operates, for example the telephone and	
infrastructure	transport systems in a country.	
inhabitant	a person or animal that lives in a particular place.	
lack	to not have any or enough of something you need or want.	
life expectancy	the length of time that someone is likely to live.	
literacy	the ability to read and write.	
majority	the age at which someone legally becomes an adult.	
	a medical condition in which you are weak or ill because	
	you do not eat enough or do not eat enough of the right	
malnutrition	foods.	
	the process by which people or animals migrate to another	
migration	place or country.	
mixed-race	involving people of different races.	
	a family unit that consists of a mother, a father, and their	
nuclear family	children.	
nutrition	food considered as something that keeps you healthy.	
overcrowded	containing too many people or things.	
overpopulation	the state of there being too many people living in a place.	
peergroup	a group of people of the same age, social class, or education.	
	based on calculations that show the average amount for each	
per capita	person affected.	
population density	the number of people per square kilometre of land area.	
	someone who leaves their country, especially during a war	
refugee	or other threatening event.	
scattered	spread over a large area.	
	to search through things that other people have thrown away in	
scavenge	order to see if there is anything that you want.	
	someone who goes to live in a place where not many people live,	
settler	and starts to make it into a community	
	an area where very poor people live in shanties (= a badly built	
shanty town	house made from sheets of wood, metal, or other thin material).	
		

	a temporary place to live for people who do not have their own	
shelter	homes, or for animals who have been treated in a cruel way.	
	a poor area of a town where the houses are in very bad	
slum	condition.	
sparse	existing in small amounts, or very spread out.	
	someone who lives in a place without permission and	
squatter	without paying the owner.	
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	not changing frequently and not likely to suddenly become	
stable	worse.	
	a situation in which a person or animal suffers or dies	
starvation	because they do not have enough to eat.	
stationary	not moving.	
	the process of changing from one situation, form, or state	
transition	to another.	
	an underdeveloped country or region is poor and does not	
	have modern industries or advanced technology.	
	Many people consider this to be an offensive word, and	
underdeveloped	prefer to use the word developing.	
	someone who is undernourished is not healthy because they do	
undernourished	not get enough food.	
	an underpopulated area has very few people living in it,	
	especially with the result that there are not enough people to do	
underpopulated	all the work.	
l	an undeveloped country is poor and does not have modern	
undeveloped	industries or advanced technology.	
	a substance put into the body, usually by injection, in order to	
vaccine	provide protection against a disease.	
,,	the total number of people who work in a particular company,	
workforce	industry, or area.	