



## Sentence Transformations Key

### Sentence transformations I (Tenses, esp. the Present Perfect)

1 I don't know who the writer of this book is. **has**  
I don't know who **has written** this book.

2 I'm afraid I can't find my ID. **lost**  
I'm afraid I **have lost** my ID.

3 I stopped making your breakfast a moment ago. **have**  
I **have made** breakfast for you.

4 It's unlikely that I'll see you again this week. **probably**  
We **probably won't see (will probably not see)** each other again this week.

5 It's been two months since I became unemployed. **been**  
I **have been** unemployed for two months.

6 It's Mark's first trip to Munich. **never**  
Mark **has never been** to Munich before.

7 It's been over five weeks since we met each other. **met**  
We **haven't met (each other)** for over five weeks.

8 We last went to Spain three years ago. **years**  
It is **three years (has been three years)** since we last went to Spain.

9 Where can I find the station? **how**  
Could you tell how I **can get** to the station?

10 It's been more than a year since I saw Mark. **for**  
I **haven't seen Mark for** more than a year.

## Sentence transformations II

**1 My brother is too young to drive a car. not**

My brother is not old enough /isn't old enough to drive a car.

**2 Jack was the only one who arrived on time. apart**

No one arrived on time apart from Jack.

**3 It wasn't easy for them to memorize all the terms. difficulty**

They had (a) difficulty (in) memorizing all the terms.

**4 It is a teacher's responsibility to look after students. responsible**

A teacher is responsible for looking after students.

**5 Dan never takes any notice of my advice. attention**

Dan never pays attention to my advice.

**6 The price of the trip includes travel insurance. is**

Travel insurance is included in the price of the trip.

**7 He's always found biology easy. good**

He is good at biology.

**8 Amanda doesn't often change her mind. unusual**

It is unusual for Amanda to change her mind.

**9 It might get windy tonight, so take your anorak. case**

Take your anorak in case it gets/in case it is windy tonight.

**10 Alison would rather not go for a PhD now. feel**

Alison doesn't feel like going for a PhD now.

**11 I'm sorry but I cannot lend you any money. me**

I'm sorry but it is impossible for me to lend you any money.

**12 It will be nice to meet you again. looking**

I'm looking forward to meeting you again.

**13 It isn't necessary to buy any stamps – we've got a lot of them at home. have**

You don't have to buy any stamps – we've got a lot of them at home.

**14 He said that her departure was my fault. blamed**

He blamed me for her departure.

**15 I went to a tattoo saloon last week. had**

I had a tattoo done last week.

## Sentence transformations III

1 So that Pete could go on holiday in summer, he saved 500 crowns a month. **order**

Pete saved 500 crowns a month **in order to be** able to go on holiday in summer.

2 "I'll see you later Anne," he said. **told**

He **told Anne (that) he would** see her later.

3 I am totally convinced that our team will win. **chance**

In my opinion, there **is no chance of** our team losing.

4 My sister began to learn Spanish six years ago. **learning**

My sister **has been learning Spanish for** six years.

5 My watch was so badly damaged that it wasn't worth keeping. **point**

My watch was so badly damaged that **there was no point (in)** keeping it.

6 This bottle is completely empty. **left**

There's **nothing left in the** bottle.

7 You should get your car brakes repaired immediately. **better**

You'd **better get/ had better get** your car brakes repaired immediately.

8 Could I borrow your dictionary please? **lending**

Would you mind **lending me** your dictionary?

9 Visitors to the zoo are not allowed to feed the animals. **must**

The animals **mustn't be fed** by the visitors to the zoo.

10 The manager said I could have three days off. **permission**

The manager **gave me permission** to have three days off.

11 Are you familiar with his teaching style yet? **used**

Have you **got used to** his teaching style yet?

12 Barbara couldn't sing or dance. **unable**

Besides **being unable to sing**, Barbara couldn't dance either.