

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS academic year 2018/19

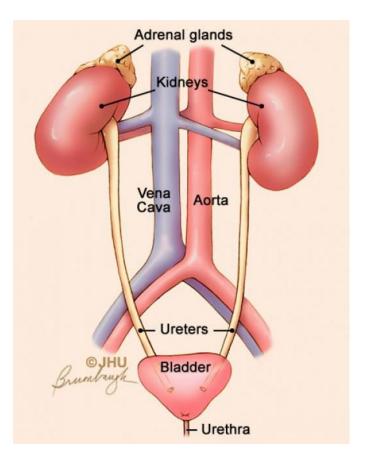
LECTURE 10 – Preparations used to treat some disorders of urinary system

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URINARY SYSTEM

- also known as the renal system

 is the body's drainage system for removing urine, which is composed of wastes and extra fluid excreted by the kidneys = it produces, stores and eliminates urine
- Besides filtering and eliminating wastes from the body, the urinary system also maintains the homeostasis of water, ions, pH, blood pressure, calcium and red blood cells.

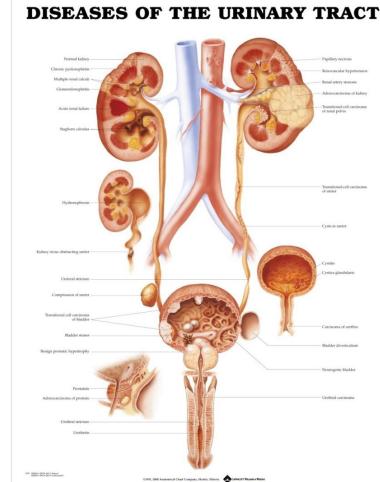


URINARY SYSTEM

Major disorders of urinary system:

- infectious and inflammatory diseases (e.g. glomerulonephritis, urethritis, cystitis, prostatitis,...)
- acute renal failure
- renovascular hypertension
- renal artery stenosis
- kidney and bladder stones
- obstructive disorders
- neurogenic bladder
- benign prostatic hyperplasia
- carcinomas
- etc.

Phytopharmaceuticals are suitable as a **supplementary** and **supporting therapy**



DIURETICS

- Diuretic is any substance that promote production of urine by the kidneys. Diuresis = increased excretion of urine.
- In the strict sense, the term is applied to drugs with a direct renal action. The predominant mode of actions are:
 - inhibiting the reabsorption of NaCl and water in the nephrons
 - changes in the osmotic balance
- The most important **indications** for the use of diuretics are:
 - diseases of urinary tract infections, inflammation; kidney stones, etc.
 - elimination of toxic agents
 - prophylaxis of renal failure in case of circulatory failure (shock)
 - fluid retention oedemas, swellings
 - hypertension, congestive heart failure
 - obesity, rheumatism, gout (= high level of uric acid),...

DIURETICS

- active constituents of plant drugs with possible diuretic effect:
 - **FLAVONOIDS**
 - **SAPONINS**
 - ESSENTIAL OILS
 - theophylline
 - polyols = sugar alcohols e.g. D-mannitol
 - ▶ osmotic diuretic agent these agents bind water osmotically and retain it in the tubular lumen, consequently there is a reduction of sodium reabsorption → a larger volume of dilute urine

DIURETIC HERBS

Plant drugs containing mostly **flavonoids**, e.g.:

- Betulae folium Betula pendula, Betulaceae, birch
- Ononidis radix Ononis spinosa, Fabaceae, spiny rest-harrow
- Equiseti herba *Equisetum arvense*, Equisetaceae, horsetail
- Polygoni avicularis herba *Polygonum aviculare*, Polygonaceae, knotweed
- Sambuci nigrae flos Sambucus nigra, Adoxaceae, black elder
- Tiliae flos *Tilia cordata, T. platyphyllos*, Malvaceae, lime tree
 - both plant drugs contain flavonoids as main active principles
 → they have diuretic and diaphoretic effects

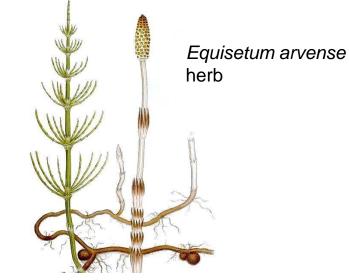
DIURETIC HERBS – flavonoids/saponins

Betula pendula leaf





Ononis spinosa root



flower



Polygonum aviculare herb



Sambucus nigra flower



DIURETIC HERBS

Plant drugs containing mostly **flavonoids**, or **saponins**, or both, e.g.:

- Virgaureae herba Solidago virgaurea, Asteraceae, golden rod
- Herniariae herba Herniaria glabra, H. hirsuta, Caryophyllaceae, rupturewort
- Orthosiphonis herba Orthosiphon stamineus, Lamiaceae, cat's whiskers
- ▶ Violae herba cum flore *Viola tricolor*, Violaceae, wild pansy
- Urticae herba/folium Urtica dioica, Urticaceae common nettle
 - flavonoids, chlorophyll, carotenoids, triterpenes, sterols, minerals, vitamins (B group, C, K₁),...

DIURETIC HERBS – flavonoids/saponins



Solidago virgaurea herb

9



Viola tricolor herb (with flower)



Urtica dioica herb/folium



Orthosiphonis stamineus herb



Herniaria glabra herb

DIURETIC HERBS

Plant drugs containing mostly essential oils, e.g.:

- Petroselini radix Petroselinum crispum, Apiaceae, garden parsley root
- Levistici radix *Levisticum officinale*, Apiaceae, Iovage
- Juniperi lignum/fructus Juniperus communis, Cupressaceae, common juniper
- Bucco folium (Barosmae folium) Barosma (Agathosma) betulina, Rutaceae, buchu
 - the drug contains essential oils with disinfectant effect and flavonoids with diuretic effect

DIURETIC HERBS – essential oils, etc.



Petroselinum crispum root



Levisticum officinale root



Juniperus communis wood / (pseudo)fruit





Barosma betulina leaf

11

DIURETIC HERBS

- Other plant drugs
 - Theae folium
 Thea (Camellia) sinensis,
 Theaceae
 - contains theophylline (methylxanthine derivative) with diuretic effect



Manna

Fraxinus ornus, Oleaceae

- a sweetish exudate is obtained from the stems of manna ash by incision
- source of D-mannitol



Fraxinus ornus "manna"



DIURETIC PREPARATIONS

Herbal teas – monocomponent/polycomponent



Urticae folium/herba





Solidaginis herba



Betulae folium

URINARY TRACT Herbal tea (Megafyt Pharma)

- loose tea 75 g
 - Betulae folium (30 %)
 Urticae herba (30 %)
 Menthae pip. herba
 Petroselini radix (10 %)
 Herniariae herba
 Ononidis radix (5 %)



URODISINFECTANT HERBS

Plant drugs containing **phenolic glycosides** (arbutin derivatives):

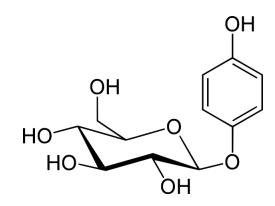
- Uvae ursi folium Arctostaphylos uva-ursi, Ericaceae, bearberry leaf
- Vitis idaeae folium Vaccinium vitis-idaea, Ericaceae, cowberry or lingonberry leaf
- Myrtilli folium Vaccinium myrtillus, Ericaceae, bilberry (blueberry) leaf

X

- Vaccinium macrocarpon fruits
 - "big fruit" cranberries, American cranberries
 - contains proanthocyanidins, flavonoids and other phenolic compounds



URODISINFECTANT HERBS



$\textbf{ARBUTIN} \rightarrow \textbf{HYDROQUINONE} = active \ principle$



Arctostaphylos uva-ursi leaf



Vaccinium vitis-idaea leaf



Vaccinium myrtillus leaf

URODISINFECTANT HERBS

Vaccinium macrocarpon fructus

- "big fruit" cranberries, American or Canadian cranberries
- it contains proanthocyanidines, flavonoids and other polyphenolic compounds (but not arbutin!)



the effect is bound to proanthocyanidins
 (PACs) that are easily absorbed into the blood after ingestion, then blood is filtered through the kidneys into the urine where they prevent bacteria (predominantly *Escherichia coli*) from attaching to the surface of the urinary tract wall

(*E. coli* is one of the main agents of urological inflammation!)

some studies completely deny the cranberries efficiency (??)

Herbal teas

URCYSTON (Leros)

- POR SPC 20X1.5GM
- composition, in 100 g:
 Uvae ursi folium 25 g
 Equiseti herba 20 g
 Myrtilli herba 15 g
 Matricariae flos 10 g
 Sambuci nigrae flos 10 g
 Solidaginis herba 10 g
 Thymi herba 10 g
- SUKL code: 0093469
 Selected medicinal products
- ATC: V11



- The main medicinal component are bearberry leaves.
 The antibacterial effects of bearberry are suitably supplemented by other medicinal plants that increase and supplement its medicinal effects.
- Drink warm, 3-5x a day, always prepare fresh, immediately prior to use. Not suitable for long term application. Do not use for more than 2 weeks.
 The treatment can be repeated a maximum of 5 times a year.
- Do not take with acidic food or acid reacting medication.

Herbal teas

SPECIES UROLOGICAE (Leros)

• POR SPC 20X1.5GM, 1X100GM

- composition, in 100 g: Betulae folium 27.5 g Uvae ursi folium 22.5 g Polygoni avic. herba 10 g Ononidis radix 10 q 11 g Petroselini radix Urticae herba 10 q 7 g Millefolii herba 2 g Sambuci nigrae flos
- SUKL code: 0056350 0000966 Selected medicinal products
- ATC: V11



- A supplementary remedy for inflammatory diseases of the urinary tract (acute and infectious urological diseases, acute and chronic inflammation of the urinary tract and the bladder).
 The infusion is diuretic, has antiseptic (antibacterial) effects, relaxes smooth muscle spasms.
- Do not use for more than two weeks except on medical advice. Treatment may only be repeated up to 5 times a year.
 If the symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

URINARY SYSTEM DISORDERS Herbal teas

UROLOGICAL Herbal Tea (Megafyt Pharma)

- ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
- Betulae folium 450 mg Uvae ursi folium 450 mg Menthae pip. herba 225 mg Ononidis radix 150 mg Petroselini radix 150 mg Herniariae herba 75 mg
- SUKL code: 0076432
 Selected medicinal products
- ATC: V11

- A supplementary remedy for acute infectious diseases of the urinary tract. The infusion has diuretic, antiseptic (antibacterial) effects, relaxes smooth muscle spasms.
- CI: swellings caused with heart and kidney insufficiency, pregnancy, lactating, children up to 12 years.
- Do not use more than 1 week.
 Treatment may only be repeated up to 5 times a year.



Herbal teas

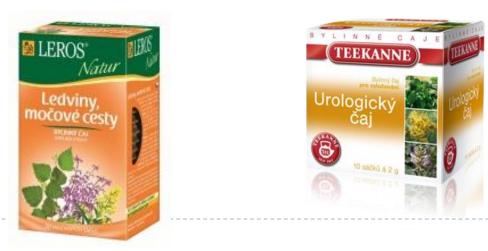
Other plant drugs used as a component of urologic herbal teas:

- Callunae herba *Calluna vulgaris*, Ericaceae, common heather
 - contains proanthocyanidins, flavonoids, a small amount of arbutin
 - it has anti-inflammatory properties, especially with respect to the urinary system
- Cynosbati fructus sine semine (Cynosbati pericarpium)
 Rosa canina, Rosaceae, dog rose
 - contains carbohydrates (saccharides), pectin, sorbitol, vitamin C, organic acids, tannins
- Filipendulae herba *Filipendula ulmaria,* Rosaceae
 - contains flavonoids and other phenolic compounds
- Hibisci flos *Hibiscus sabdariffa,* Malvaceae
 - contains proanthocyanidins, polysaccharides, phenolics, organic acids

Herbal teas

- KIDNEYS, URINARY TRACT Herbal Tea (Leros)
 - ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
 - Betulae folium (30%) Solidaginis herba (15 %) Callunae herba (15 %) Equiseti herba (15 %) Polygoni avic. herba (10 %) Menthae pip. herba (10 %) Ononidis radix (5 %)

- UROLOGICAL Herbal Tea (Teekanne)
 - ▶ 10 x 2.0 g
 - Solidaginis herba (25 %) Betulae folium Equiseti herba Ononidis radix Menthae piperitae herba (5 %) Liquiritiae radix (5 %)



URINARY SYSTEM DISORDERS Herbal teas

- URINARY TRACT Herbal Tea with cranberry (Megafyt Pharma)
 - ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
 - Hibisci flos
 Cynosbati fructus sine semine
 Callunae flos (13 %)
 Solidaginis herba (6 %)
 cranberry juice granular (5 %)
 Cymbopogonis herba
 Liquiritiae radix
 Anisi fructus
 - MCCOVÉ CESTY S BRUSINKOU BULINKOU BULINKOVÁ

- URINARY TRACT Herbal Tea (Leros)
 - ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
 - Callunae herba (25 %)
 Hibisci flos (25 %)
 Solidaginis herba (20 %)
 Anisi fructus (15 %)
 Cynosbati fructus sine semine (10 %)





Other preparations



- URINAL[®] cps. (Walmark/Idelyn)
 - contains Vaccinium macrocarpon fruit extracts:
 NutriCran[®] = concentrated extract of cranberry juice 200 mg
 CystiCran[®] = highly concentrated extract of whole fruits 3 mg (this extract contains minimally 40 % of PACs)
 - + extract of Solidaginis herba 20 mg + vitamin D 1.7 μg
 - daily dose (= 3 capsules) replies to the content minimally
 57,3 g of fresh cranberries
 - suitable as a supplementary preparation with antibiotic therapy (in some studies it was more effective than trimethoprim!)
 - chronic usage: 1 capsule a day



Other preparations

URINAL Akut[®] tbl. 10 (Walmark/Idelyn)

- suitable for treatment of acute disorders, effective from the first day of usage
- content in 1 tbl.:
 - 90 mg CystiCran[®] highly concentrated extract of whole fruits (min. 40 % of proanthocyanidines, PACs = 36 mg) – equivalent to 423 g of cranberry fruits
 - > 20 mg extract of Solidaginis herba
 - 5 µg vitamin D
- odosage: 1 tablet per day
- URINAL[®] sirup (Walmark/Idelyn)
 - contains NutriCran[®] 500 mg in 5 mL (equivalent to 12,5 g of fruits)
 - suitable for children over 1 year (5 mL)





Other preparations

UROVAL[®] gtt. (Valosun)

 contains herbal extracts of: Arctostaphylos uva-ursi leaf Calendula officinalis flos Calluna vulgaris herb Galium odoratum herb



 support remedy for better function of urinary system – diuretic, antibacterial, anti-inflammatory effects

UROVAL[®] Manosa tbl. (Valosun)

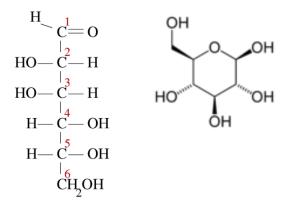
- Vaccinium macrocarpon fruit extract
 - contains PACs (36 mg in daily dose = 5 tablets)
 - + D-mannose
 - + enzymes trypsine, bromelaine supportive effect
- 1-2 tablets, 2-3 times a day



URINARY SYSTEM DISORDERS Other preparations

D-MANNOSE

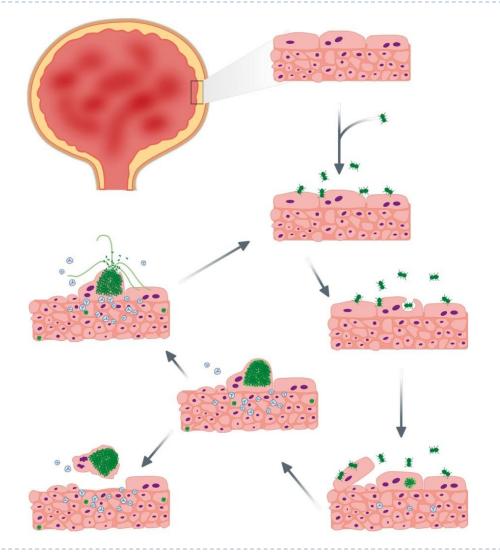
- = monosaccharide, naturally occurring in some fruits (pears, apples), produced during the fermentation
- is practically not metabolized, is largely secreted by the urine. In the urinary tract, it binds to the surface of uropathogenic bacteria *E. coli* (= UPEC), which then lose the ability to attach to the bladder mucosa and are subsequently flushed with urine stream
- a natural alternative to antibiotics, it works quickly and efficiently
- products, e.g.: BLOKURIMA, URO-MANOSA, Uroval D-MANOSA, PM D-MANOSA...





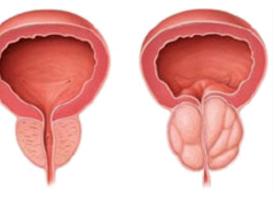
Other preparations

UPEC INVASIVE CYCLE



Benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH):

- is common urological condition caused by the non-cancerous hypertrophy (enlargement) of the prostate gland as men get older
- as the prostate enlarges, it can squeeze down on the urethra – this can cause trouble urinating
- the symptoms associated with BPH are known as lower urinary tract symptoms (LUTS)
 - frequent urination, urinary urgency, the need to frequently empty the bladder, especially at night (nocturia)
 - urinary retention
 - formation of bladder stones (due to crystallization of salts)
 - increased risk of urinary tract infections and inflammation



Normal Prostate

Enlarged Prostate

- in the pathogenesis of BHP, a major role is played by increased production of androgenic hormone DHT (dihydrotestosterone) which is formed from testosterone produced by the 5-α-reductase enzyme
- DHT induces growth of prostate tissue through binding to androgen receptors in the cytosol

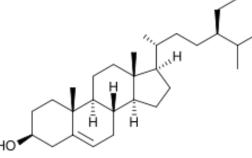
Pharmacological treatment – influencing of plasma androgen concentration or competition on androgen receptors

- 5-α-reductase inhibitors
- blockers of α1-adrenergic receptors
- 5-phosphodiesterase inhibitors
- irreversible binding of steroid hormones (testosterone)
- (estrogens, progestins due to inhibition of LH-RH secretion are not used in therapy for a number of side effects)

the mechanism of action is not fully elucidated,

Phytotherapy:

 plant drugs with high PHYTOSTEROL content (especially beta-sitosterol)



- it could be due to: inhibition of 5- α -reductase, competitive testosterone binding to adrenergic receptors, aromatase inhibition, attenuation of prostate cell metabolism and fibroblast proliferation, inhibition of prostaglandin and leukotriene synthesis,...
- other effects: inhibition of prolactin binding to receptors, antiinflammatory action (inhibition of 5-lipoxygenase), anti-edematous effect
- in combined preparations also contain:
 - > plant drugs with a diuretic, urodisinfecant, anti-inflammatory effect
 - vitamin E, zinc…

Preparations for care of prostate

Plant drugs used to treat and prevent prostate disorders:

- Saw palmetto Serenoa repens, Arecaceae
 - fruits are rich in phytosterols and fatty acids
 - contributes to maintain normal urinary function and right urinary flow, support reproductive function
- Pygeum africanum (Prunus africana), Rosaceae, the African cherry tree
 - **bark** contains phytosterols
- Cucurbita pepo, Cucurbitaceae
 - seeds
 (seed oil/lipophilic extract from the seeds)







Preparations for care of prostate

Plant drugs used to treat and prevent prostate disorders:

- Epilobii herba
 - Epilobium sp., Onagraceae, willow-herb
 - contains flavonoids, phytosterols, gallic acid derivatives
 - cyclic dimeric ellagitannins oenothein A, B
- Urticae radix



Urtica dioica, Urticaceae

- lipophilic extract of the root contains phytosterols (beta-sitosterol and its derivatives)
- other compounds: polyphenolic structures (tannins, phenylpropanoids), coumarines
- other plant drugs with diuretic and urodisinfectant properties

Preparations for care of prostate

- WILLOW-HERB (Megafyt Pharma, Leros)
 - Epilobii herba
 - loose tea





EPILOBIN Planta (Leros)

- ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
 - composition in 100 g:Epilobii herba50 gBucco folium25 gSolidaginis herba15 gCalendulae flos cum calyce10 g
- SUKL code: 0057688
 Selected medicinal products
- ATC: V11



Preparations for care of prostate

- PROSTAMOL UNO POR CPS MOL 30X320MG (Berlin-Chemie AG – Menarini Group)
- content in 1 cps: 320 mg of Serenoae extract (9-11:1), extracted with ethanol 96%
- SUKL code: 0059710
 OTC medicinal products
- ATC: G04CX02
- treatment of BPH: 1 capsule a day (effect after 4-6 weeks)
- CI: in case of known hypersensitivity to any component of product
- other products: PROSTAKAN MONO, PROSTA-URGENIN, CAPISTAN, NO-PROSTAL



Preparations for care of prostate

- PROSTAKAN Forte POR CPS MOL 60 (Dr. Willmar Schwabe GmbH & Co., Germany)
- content in 1 capsule:
 160 mg Serenoae extractum (10-14,3:1)
 120 mg Urticae radicis extractum siccum (7,6-12,5:1)
- SUKL code: 0007430
 OTC
- ATC: G04CX02
- dosage: 1 capsule 2 times a day



Preparations for care of prostate

PROSTENAL[®] cps. (Walmark)

- a combination of herbal extracts that helps to maintain healthy prostate - maintenance of normal urinary function and right urinary flow
- content in 1 cps (soft-gel): Saw palmetto extract – 300 mg Urtica dioica extract – 250 mg
 Lycopene (obtained from tomatoes) – 0.5 mg
 Pumpkin oil (Cucurbita pepo seed oil) – 300 mg
 Bearberry extract (Uvae ursi folium) – 50 mg



- 1-2 capsules daily 2 times a day,
- It is recommended to use it for long time. The positive effects can be seen after 3-6 weeks.

Preparations for care of prostate

- PROSTENAL[®] Perfect complex cps. (Walmark)
 - content in 1 cps:

160 mg of Saw palmetto extract (10:1) – fatty acids 85-95 %, sterols 0.2-0.4 %) 120 mg of *Urtica dioica* root extract (10:1) Lycopene 3 mg

- daily dose: 1-2 capsules
- positive effect usually after 3-6 weeks
- PROSTENAL[®] Forte cps. (Walmark)
 - 320 mg of Saw palmetto extract
 240 mg of Urtica dioica root extract
 10 mg of Zinc





