







INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS

academic year 2018/19

LECTURE 5 – Preparations used to treat some disorders of cardiovascular system

Dr. Ivana Daňková Dept. of Natural Drugs, Faculty of Pharmacy, VFU Brno

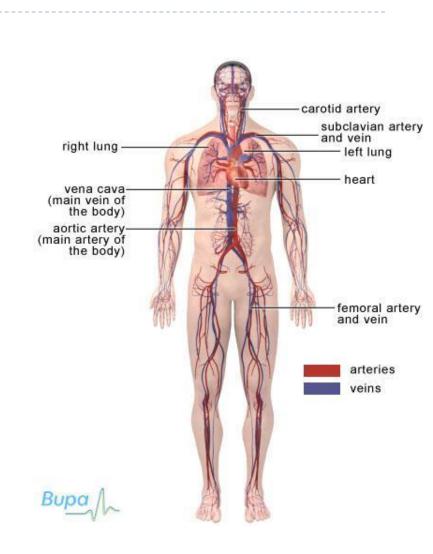
PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS

vs. Cardiovascular system (CVS)

Major CVS disorders

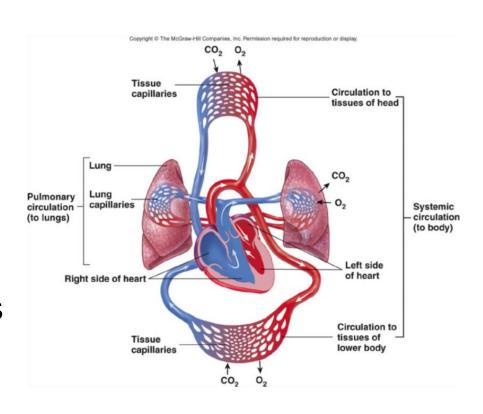
- Heart failure
- Angina pectoris, heart attack
- Abnormal heart rhythms
- Hypertension/Hypotension
- Peripheral vascular diseases (arterial/venous)

Phytotherapy is suitable only as supplementary and supporting therapy!!



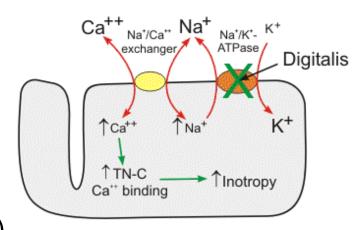
Therapy of cardiovascular diseases

- drugs influencing heart
 - cardiotonics (cardiostimulants)
 - antirrhythmics
- drugs influencing vessels
 - vasodilators
 - vasoconstrictors
- antihypertensive drugs
- vasoprotective drugs
- antihyperlipidaemic drugs



CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES

- = cardiotonic glycosides (CG), "digitalis" glycosides
- positive inotropic effect enlargement of the contractile force of heart muscle (due to the inhibition of Na+/K+ ATPase → increase of intracellular Na+ → increase of intracellular Ca²+ → ↑ inotropy)



- Indication: chronic congestive hear failure, atrial fibrillation or flutter
- Overdose of CG, intoxication can cause life-threatening arrhythmias, contracture
- !!! plant drugs containing cardiac glycosides are not allowed to be components of phytopharmaceuticals due to their toxicity and narrow therapeutic margin.

CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES

Plant drugs containing CG:

- Digitalis lanatae folium
- Digitalis purpureae folium
- Convallariae herba
- Adonidis herba
- Strophanthi semen
 - Strophanthus sp.

other plants containing CG:

 Helleborus niger, Nerium oleander, Urginea maritima, Acokanthera ouabaio, Erysimum sp., Thevetia sp.



Digitalis purpurea



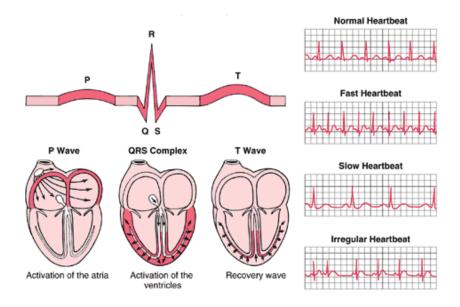
Convallaria majalis



Adonis vernalis

Therapy of ARRHYTHMIA

- abnormal heart rhythms, irregular heartbeat
 - tachycardia too fast
 - bradycardia too slowly
 - premature contractiontoo early
 - fibrillation too irregularly



partially possible using of phytomedicines

Therapy of ARRHYTHMIA

quinidine

- alkaloid from Cinchona bark (stereoisomer of quinine)
- acts as a class la antiarrhythmic agent
- prescription-only drugs

ajmaline

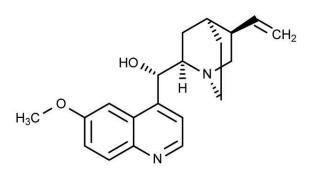
- indole alkaloid from Rauwolfia serpentina root
- acts as a class la antiarrhythmic agent
- prescription-only drugs

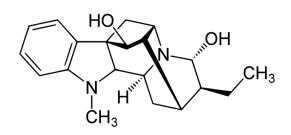
bradycardia

- plant drugs containing caffeine
- hawthorn leaf/flower Crataegus sp.

tachycardia, palpitations

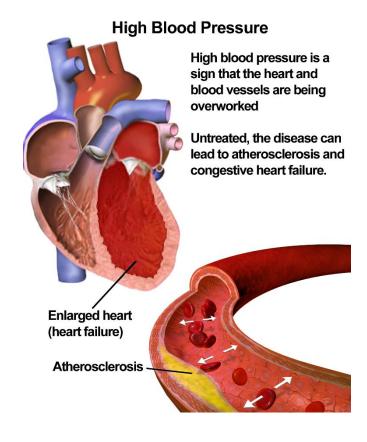
plant drugs with sedative effect





HYPERTENSION

- blood pressure ("arterial" BP) over 140/90 mmHg
 - primary (essential) hypertension
 high BP with no obvious underlying
 medical cause
 - secondary HT
 as a consequence of other disturbances (e.g. in renal diseases, by endocrine conditions, obesity,...)
- phytomedicines can be used only as a part of supplement therapy!!
- first steps
 - low sodium intake diet (be careful about using of Liquiritiae radix)
 - reduction of body weight



- Crataegi folium cum flore Crataegi fructus
 - Crataegus oxyacantha, C. monogyna, and other species, Rosaceae= hawthorn
 - major constituents:
 - flavonoids quercetin glycosides (e.g. hyperoside – mainly in fruits), and apigenin glycosides (vitexin derivatives – mainly in leaves)
 - oligomeric procyanidines, triterpene acids, phenylpropanoid acids, aminopurines, xanthines, K+ salts



- Crataegi folium cum flore Crataegi fructus
 - improvement of blood circulation, also in coronary arteries; effect on the control of the intracellular Ca²⁺ concentrations
 - Indications:
 - hypertension (used to treat both high BP and low BP)
 - It might be effective against initial cardiac insufficiency (congestive heart failure), as well as for the ageing heart, against a feeling of pressure and tightness in the cardiac region (chest pain) and mild bradyarrhythmia



- Hawthorn tea (MEGAFYT Pharma)
 - POR SPC 20X1.5GM
 - Crataegi folium cum flore
 - ▶ SUKL code: 0076436, OTC medicinal product
 - ATC: V11 (Phytopharmaceuticals and animal products)
 - herbal preparation suitable for treatment of mild forms of hypertension, for improvement of heart blood flow, as a cardiostimulant
- ► Hawthorn drops (Grešík, Herba Vitalis, Topvet, ...)
 - alcoholic extracts of Crataegus oxyacantha and/or Crataegus monogyna





Visci albi herba

- Viscum album, Santalaceae
 - mistletoe



major constituents: proteins and polypeptides (*viscotoxins*), *lectins*, polysaccharides

BUT active principles in therapy of hypertension are probably flavonoids, phenylpropanes and lignans, biogenic amines

▶ !! A clear distinction must be made between
oral use of the drug in the form of aqueous extract (herbal tea – as
an adjuvant in the treatment of high BP), and the parenteral use
of isolated constituents, e.g.in the form of intradermal injections (for
treating degenerative inflammation of the joints, or as palliative
therapy for malignant tumours).

Visci albi herba

- Viscum album, Santalaceae
 - mistletoe
- There are no real grounds for the use of mistletoe tea as a supportive agent in treating of high BP
- I! It has indeed been shown that the isolated viscotoxins have hypotensive effect on parenteral administration, but they can not be considered as the active principle since they are not absorbed orally; moreover they are highly irritating to the skin, at high dose they even cause necrosis.



- ALVISAN Neo (LEROS)
 - POR SPC 20 x 1.5 g or 1x 100g
 - SUKL code: 0004364, 0043954
 - OTC product
 - ATC: V11 (Phytopharmaceuticals and animal products)
 - not suitable for children until 18 years, for pregnant and lactating women
 - ! mind the presence of Hyperici herba
 - photosensitivity, interactions with certain concurrently administered drugs, loss of concentration,...

Crataegi folium cum flore
Crataegi fructus
Equiseti herba
Hyperici herba
Melissae herba
Menthae piperitae herba
Visci albi herba



- Hypotonic herbal tea (MEGAFYT)
 - POR SPC 20 x1.5 g
 - SUKL code: 0084373
 - OTC product
 - ATC: V11
 - herbal preparation suitable for treatment of mild forms of hypertension

Composition (in one tea bag = 1.5 g):

Crataegi folium cum flore 375 mg
 Visci albi herba 375 mg
 Polygoni avicularis herba 225 mg
 Rubi fruticosi folium 225 mg
 Crataegi fructus 150 mg
 Melissae herba 150 mg



PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS

in the treatment of VASCULAR DISEASES

- Tea for high blood pressure (Fytopharma, Slovakia)
 - Visci albi herbaMillefolii herbaLeonuri herbaMelissae herba



- Tea for blood pressure (Pavel Váňa)
 - Crataegi folium cum flore
 Filipendulae herba
 Melissae herba
 Leonuri herba



Leonurus cardiaca Lamiaceae



Formerly used plant drugs:

- Veratri albi radix
 Veratrum album, Melanthiaceae
 - steroid alkaloids
- Rauwolfiae radix Rauwolfia serpentina, Apocynaceae
 - alkaloids reserpin formerly used in composite medicinal preparations (e.g. CRYSTEPIN)
- Secale cornutum
 Claviceps purpurea, Clavicipitaceae
 - alkaloids, especially dihydroderivatives (e.g. dihydrocristine, in CRYSTEPIN)



Veratrum album L. Image processed by Thomas Schoepke www.plant-pictures.de



Rauwolfia serpentina







Supplementary and support therapy:

- Diuretics (!) plant drugs containing:
 - flavonoids
 - saponins
 - essential oils
- Plant drug with significant antioxidative activity, e.g.:
 - Oleae folium (Olea europea)







- OptiTensin® (Walmark)
 - Oleae folium extract 350 mg
 - Olive leaves extract helps to maintain normal blood pressure and helps to protect organism against negative effects of free radicals.
 - Dosage: 1-2 tablets daily. It is recommended to use minimally for the period of 8 weeks

Garlic (Walmark)

- highly concentrated oil extract from Allium sativum 2.0 mg in 1 capsule (eqv. 1000,0 mg of fresh garlic)
- Garlic contributes to normal function of immune system.
- Garlic helps to maintain normal cholesterol level and the health of heart.



ω-3 fatty acids

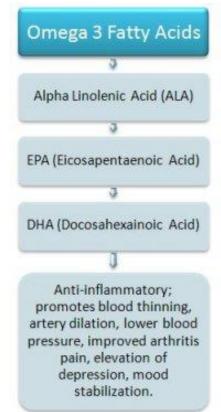
- EPA and DHA cause vasodilation, low blood pressure
- source: oil seeds and fruits, sea fish, cereals, some vegetables...

plant sterols

- have positive influence on blood cholesterol level
- beta-sitosterol, beta-sitostanol

source: oil seeds (e.g. rapeseed), nuts, cereals (e.g. corn),...

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HYPOTENSION

- chronic hypotension systolic BP below 105 mmHg
 - primary hypotension generally has no clinical importance. If symptoms such as lassitude and dizziness occur, a program of physical exercise instead of drug is advisable
 - secondary hypotension is a sign of an underlying disease that should be treated first
- acute hypotension
 - failure of orthostatic regulation
- Therapy of hypotension
 - increase sodium intake in a diet
 - physical activity
 - caffeine plant drugs

