



INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

# PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS

academic year 2018/19

## LECTURE 7 – Preparations used to treat some disorders of digestive system - I

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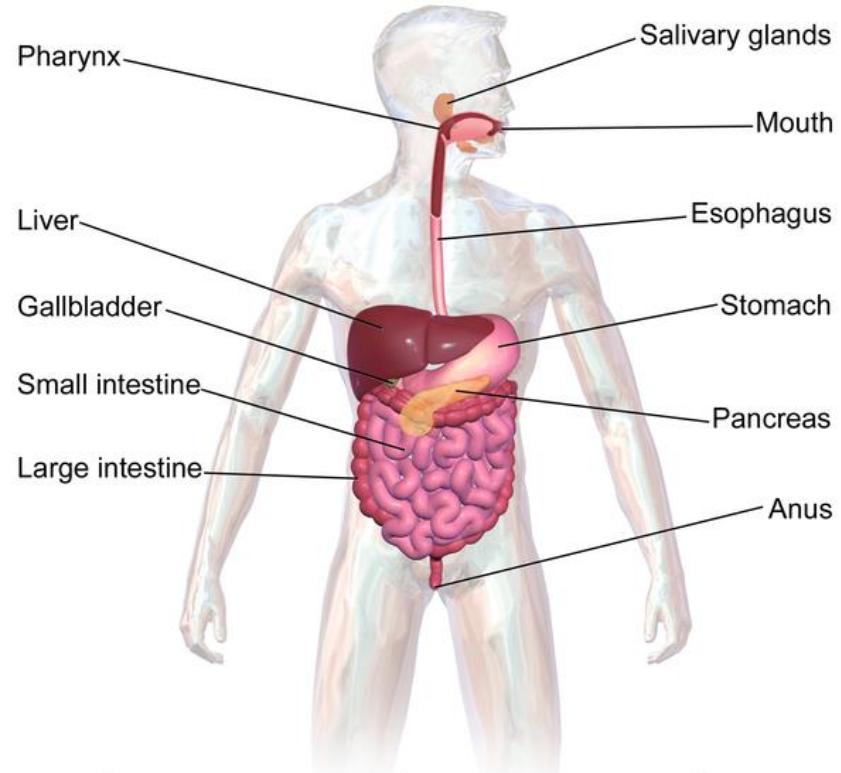
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# PHYTOPHARMACEUTICALS

vs. Digestive system (GIT = Gastrointestinal tract)

Major disorders of GIT that can be treated by phytomedicines:

- ▶ digestive disorders
- ▶ damaged mucosa of GIT
  - ▶ ulceration
  - ▶ inflammation (pharyngitis, gastroenteritis)
- ▶ vomiting
- ▶ diarrhoea/constipation
- ▶ some cases of infection, intoxication



**The Components of the Digestive System**

# Therapy of DIGESTIVE COMPLAINTS

**Dyspepsia** – general term for digestive disorders = indigestion.

Symptoms:

- ▶ pain in the upper abdomen
- ▶ heartburn (= pyrosis), hyperacidity
- ▶ feeling of fullness, distension
- ▶ belching, sickness, nausea
- ▶ bloating, flatulence, meteorism
- ▶ loss of appetite, poor appetite



- ▶ Dyspepsia is frequently caused by **gastroesophageal reflux disease** (GERD) or gastritis, in a minority of other impairment of digestive system function.

# Therapy of DIGESTIVE COMPLAINTS

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- ▶ **stomachic drugs** – digestion-stimulating, appetite-stimulating drugs
- ▶ **cholagogic drugs, cholagogues** – encourage the production and release of bile (fat digestion)
- ▶ **carminatives** – act against flatulence, meteorism
- ▶ **spasmolytics** – provide a mild relief for cramps (spasms) of smooth muscle tissue
- ▶ **antiphlogistics, anti-inflammatory agents** – for healing of inflamed mucosa of digestive tract – pharyngitis, gastroenteritis, intestine catarrh
- ▶ **drugs for the treatment of peptic ulcers** – for acceleration of healing to lessen the risk of dangerous complications
- ▶ **laxatives/antidiarrhoeal agents**

# STOMACHIC DRUGS

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- ▶ herbs that act most directly on the stomach, stimulate secretion of gastric juice, increase gastric tonus and relieve the generalized stomach pain and cramping. They can stimulate also pancreatic secretion.

## ▶ Contra-indications

Do not use stomachic in case of:

- ▶ an acute stomach or intestine catarrh (gastritis, enteritis, colitis)
- ▶ hyperacidity of the stomach
- ▶ an acute gastric or duodenal ulcers
- ▶ Crohn's disease
- ▶ significant functional disorder of the liver, kidney, in case of heart failure,...
- ▶ digestive disorders of unclear origin



# STOMACHIC DRUGS

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active constituents of plant drugs:

- ▶ **essential oils** – aromatic plant drugs (seeds, herbs), spices
  - ▶ e.g. of the families Apiaceae, Lamiaceae, Lauraceae, Myristiceae, Zingiberaceae, Pinaceae, Cupressaceae...
- ▶ **bitter principles**
  - ▶ bitter-tasting compounds with no other pharmacological effects
  - ▶ different structures – mainly terpenes, of plant families:
    - Gentianaceae – monoterpenes (iridoids, secoiridoids,...)
    - Asteraceae – sesquiterpenic lactones
  - ▶ other bitter-tasting compounds: some flavonoids (e.g. in *Citrus aurantium* pericarp), alkaloids (e.g. quinine of *Cinchona* bark)

# STOMACHIC DRUGS

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Plant drugs containing **essential oils**, e.g.:

- ▶ Apiaceae family – mainly fruits, or other plant parts – root, herb
  - ▶ Anisi fructus – *Pimpinella anisum*, anise seed
  - ▶ Foeniculi amari fructus – *Foeniculum vulgare*, fennel
  - ▶ Carvi fructus – *Carum carvi*, caraway seed
  - ▶ Coriandri fructus – *Coriandrum sativum*
  - ▶ Levistici radix – *Levisticum officinale*
  - ▶ Angelicae radix – *Angelica archangelica*
  - ▶ herbs – e.g. parsley (*Petroselinum*), celery (*Apium graveolens*)
- ▶ Lamiaceae family – herbs
  - ▶ *Ocimum basilicum*, *Thymus vulgaris*, *Majorana hortensis*, *Salvia officinalis*, *Satureja hortensis*, *Mentha* sp., *Origanum vulgare*, *Rosmarinus officinalis*, ...

# STOMACHIC DRUGS

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Other plant drugs containing **essential oils**, e.g.:

- ▶ Calami aromatici rhizoma – *Acorus calamus*, Acoraceae, sweet-flag
- ▶ Myristicae semen/flos – *Myristica fragrans*, Myristicaceae, nutmeg
- ▶ Zingiberis rhizoma – *Zingiber officinale*, Zingiberaceae, ginger
- ▶ Galangae rhizoma – *Alpinia officinarum*, Zingiberaceae, galanga
- ▶ Cardamomi fructus – *Elettaria cardamomum*, Zingiberaceae, cardamom
- ▶ Cinnamomi cortex – *Cinnamomum zeylanicum*, Lauraceae, cinnamon
- ▶ Anisi stellati fructus – *Illicium verum*, Illiciaceae, star anise

# STOMACHIC DRUGS – essential oils



*Acorus calamus*  
rhizome



*Archangelica officinalis*  
root



*Zingiber officinale*  
rhizome



*Cinnamomum zeylanicum*  
bark



*Illicium verum*,  
fruit



*Myristica fragrans*  
seed/flower



*Ellettaria cardamomum*  
fruit

# STOMACHIC DRUGS

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Plant drugs containing **bitter principles** – terpenic structures (iridois, secoiridoids, sesquiterpenic lactones,...):

- ▶ Gentianae radix – *Gentiana lutea*, Gentianaceae, gentian
- ▶ Centaurii herba – *Centaurium erythraea*, Gentianaceae, centaury
- ▶ Trifolii fibrini folium – *Menyanthes trifoliata*, Menyanthaceae, common bogbean
- ▶ Absinthii herba – *Artemisia absinthium*, Asteraceae, wormwood
- ▶ Millefolii herba – *Achillea millefolium*, Asteraceae, yarrow
- ▶ Cnici benedicti herba – *Cnicus benedictus*, Asteraceae, holy thistle

# STOMACHIC DRUGS – bitter principles



*Gentiana lutea*  
root



*Centaurium erythraea*  
herb



*Artemisia absinthium*  
herb



*Achillea millefolium*  
herb



*Menyanthes trifoliata*  
leaf



*Cnicus benedictus*  
herb

# STOMACHIC DRUGS

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Plant drugs containing **bitter principles** – terpenic structures, e.g.:

- ▶ Condurango cortex – *Marsdenia condurango*, Apocynaceae, marsdenia
- ▶ Quassiae lignum – *Quassia amara* or *Picrasma excelsa*, Simaroubaceae, amargo (bitter ash, quassia wood)
- ▶ Salviae folium – *Salvia officinalis*, Lamiaceae, red sage (picrosalvin)

Other **bitter-tasting** drugs, e.g.:

- ▶ Aurantii pericarpium – *Citrus aurantium* subsp. *amara*, Rutaceae – bitter-orange peel – **bitter-tasting flavonoids**
- ▶ Lupuli flos – *Humulus lupulus*, Cannabaceae, hop – **bitter substances in resin** (humulone, lupulone)
- ▶ Cinchonae cortex – *Cinchona* sp., Rubiaceae – **alkaloid quinine**
- ▶ Lichen islandicus – *Cetraria islandica*, Parmeliaceae, iceland moss – **bitter-tasting lichen acids**

# STOMACHIC DRUGS



*Marsdenia condurango*  
bark



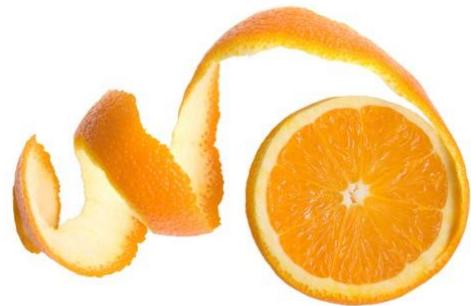
*Quassia amara*  
wood



*Salvia officinalis*  
leaf



*Cinchona* sp.  
bark



*Citrus aurantium*  
peel (pericarp)



*Humulus lupulus*  
flowers



*Lichen islandicus*

# STOMACHIC DRUGS

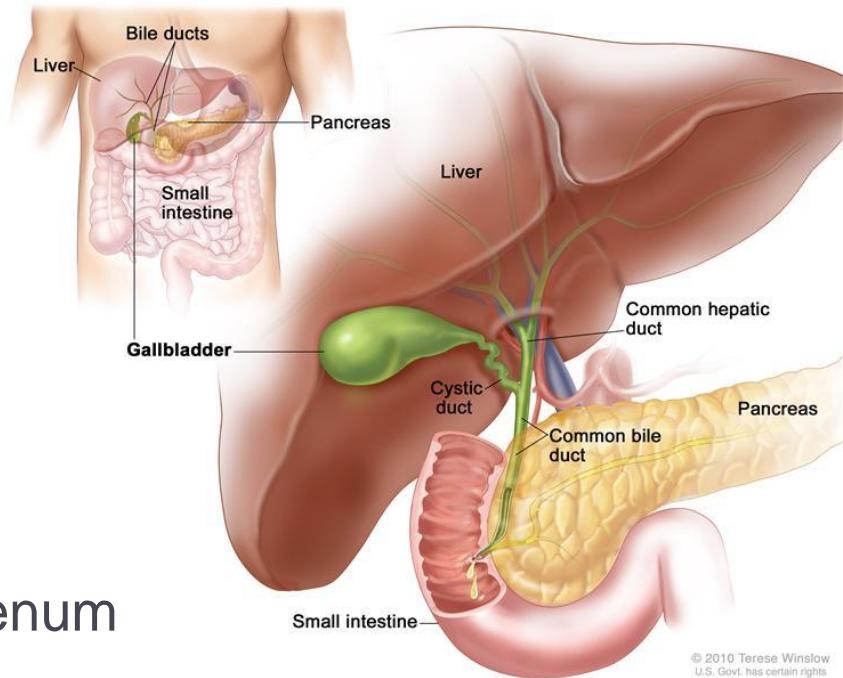
Other **stomachic plant drugs**, e.g.:

- ▶ Capsici fructus – *Capsicum annuum*, *C. frutescens*, Solanaceae, pepper
- ▶ Piperis nigri fructus – *Piper nigrum*, Piperaceae, black pepper



# CHOLAGOGUES

- ▶ = herbal drugs that support production and the flow of bile into the small intestine
- ▶ **choleretics**  
= direct cholagogues, stimulate bile production in liver
- ▶ **cholekinetics**  
= indirect cholagogues, promote the flow of bile from the gall bladder into the duodenum
- ▶ The role of bile is partially that of facilitating **fat** digestion but also of being a natural laxative



# CHOLAGOGUES

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## ▶ Indications of cholagogues:

- ▶ to stimulate normal contractions to deliver bile to the small intestine
- ▶ for disorders caused by insufficient or congested bile, such as intractable biliary constipation, jaundice and mild hepatitis
- ▶ for symptoms of indigestion of fat-soluble substances
- ▶ for helping the liver's detoxification work
- ▶ for gallstones, unless they are lodged in the bile duct and causing a great deal of pain

## ▶ Contra-indications of cholagogues:

- ▶ painful gallstones, acute bilious colic, obstructive jaundice
- ▶ acute cholecystitis unless gallstones, acute viral hepatitis, extremely toxic liver disorders

# CHOLAGOGUES

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- ▶ all bitter-tasting herbs are cholagogues to some degree
- ▶ active constituents of plant drugs:
  - ▶ **essential oils**
  - ▶ **bitter principles** – bitter-tasting compounds – terpenic structures (iridoids, secoiridoids, diterpenes,...)
  - ▶ some **flavonoids** and other phenolic structures
  - ▶ some **alkaloids** – act as stimulators of liver function (production of bile)

# CHOLAGOGUES

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Plant drugs containing **essential oils** and **bitter terpenes**,  
e.g.:

- ▶ *Menthae piperitae herba/folium* – *Mentha piperita*, Lamiaceae, peppermint
- ▶ *Marrubii herba* – *Marrubium vulgare*, Lamiaceae, white horehound
- ▶ *Taraxaci radix cum herba* – *Taraxacum officinale*, Asteraceae, dandelion
- ▶ sesquiterpenic lactones from *Absinthii herba*, *Millefolii herba*, ...
- ▶ iridoids, secoiridoids from *Gentianae radix*, *Centaurii herba*, *Trifolii fibrini folium*, ...

# CHOLAGOGIC HERBS



*Mentha piperita*



*Taraxacum officinale*



*Artemisia absinthium*



*Centaurium erythraea*



*Marrubium vulgare*



*Achillea millefolium*



*Menyanthes trifoliata*



*Gentiana lutea*

# CHOLAGOGUES

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Other plant drugs used as **cholagogues**, e.g.:

- ▶ Curcumae rhizoma – *C. longa*, *C. xanthorrhiza*, *C. zedoaria*, Zingiberaceae, turmeric – phenolic compounds, essential oils
- ▶ Cynarae radix/folium – *Cynara scolymus*, Asteraceae, globe artichoke – phenolic acids derivatives
- ▶ Boldo folium – *Peumus boldus*, Monimiaceae, boldo – alkaloids
- ▶ Berberis radicis cortex – *Berberis vulgaris*, Berberidaceae, barberry – alkaloids
- ▶ Chelidonii herba – *Chelidonium majus*, Papaveraceae, greater celandine – alkaloids
- ▶ Fumariae herba – *Fumaria officinalis*, Papaveraceae, fumitory – alkaloids

# CHOLAGOGIC HERBS



*Curcuma longa*



*Peumus boldus*



*Fumaria officinalis*



*Cynara scolymus*



*Chelidonium majus*



*Berberis vulgaris*

# CHOLAGOGUES

Other plant drugs used as cholagogues,  
e.g.:

- ▶ Silybi mariani fructus (= Cardui mariae fructus)  
*Silybum marianum (Carduus marianus)*,  
Asteraceae, milk-thistle herb
- ▶ 1.5-3% silymarin, a mixture of various flavonoid derivatives (flavonolignans) present only in the fruit – the principal components are **silybin**, **silichrystin**, **silydianin**
- ▶ used mostly as a hepatoprotective agent but also as a component in preparations for biliary disorders



# Therapy of DIGESTIVE COMPLAINTS

Other plant drugs used in digestive preparations, e.g.:

- ▶ Matricariae flos – *Matricaria (Chamomilla) recutita*, Asteraceae, chamomille
  - ▶ essential oils, terpenic lactones, mucilage, flavonoids, coumarines
  - ▶ as an antiphlogistic, spasmolytic, carminative and stomachic; disinfectant, calming properties
- ▶ Hyperici herba – *Hypericum perforatum*, Hypericaceae, St.John´s wort
  - ▶ flavonoids, other phenolics, essential oils, tannins,...
  - ▶ anti-inflammatory and healing properties on mucose of gastrointestinal system



# Therapy of DIGESTIVE COMPLAINTS

Other plant drugs used in digestive preparations, e.g.:

- ▶ Agrimoniae herba – *Agrimonia eupatoria*, Rosaceae, common agrimony
  - ▶ tannins, flavonoids,...
  - ▶ anti-inflammatory and healing properties in GIT, astringent effect
- ▶ Aspalathi folium – *Aspalathus linearis*, Fabaceae, rooibos
  - ▶ mainly phenolic compounds (flavonoids, chalcones, phenolic acids),...
  - ▶ positive effect on digestion

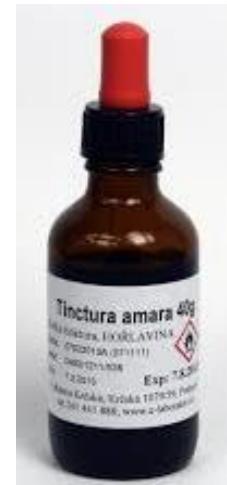


# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ► TINCTURA AMARA

- ▶ alcoholic extract (= tincture) of plant drugs containing bitter principles
- ▶ maceration of four plant drugs in ethanol 60%:
  - ▶ *Absinthii herba* 10 g
  - ▶ *Trifolii fibrini folium* 30 g
  - ▶ *Aurantii pericarpium* 30 g
  - ▶ *Gentianae radix* 30 g
  - ▶ *Spiritus dilutus* 1340 g
- ▶ macerate 7 days at room temperature and add:
  - ▶ 0.25 g *Cinnamomi corticis etheroleum*



# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ▶ ORIGINAL SCHWEDENBITTER Drops

POR GTT SOL 1x500ML

(Riviera Handels GmbH, Austria)

- ▶ Extractum herbarum ethanolicum:  
extr. Absinthii herba, Gentianae radix,  
Angelicae radix, Calami rhizoma, Tormentillae  
rhizoma, Gummiresina myrrha, Taraxaci radix,  
Marrubii herba, Zedoariae radix,  
Myristicae semen/flos, Juglandis pericarpium,  
Electuarium theriaca sine opio
- ▶ contains 38 % of alcohol (V/V)
- ▶ SUKL code: 0046796  
OTC medicinal product
- ▶ ATC: V11 (Phytopharmaceuticals and animal  
products)



# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

- ▶ Dr. Theiss  
**SCHWEDEN BITTER**
- ▶ mixture of 13 herbal drugs
- ▶ 1 teaspoon before meal  
(3 times daily), or 1-2  
teaspoons after „heavy meal“



- ▶ **CONDURANGO WINE**  
(Herbadent)
- ▶ malt wine enriched with  
water-alcoholic extract of  
*Marsdenia condurango* bark
- ▶ suitable for the treatment of  
digestive disorders, in case of  
loss of appetite



# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ▶ KLOSTERFRAU MELISANA Concentrate

POR+DRM SOL 1X95ML

(Klosterfrau Berlin GmbH, Germany)

- ▶ oral drops, solution for external use
- ▶ Extractum herbarum ethanolicum 40,81 mg in 1 mL:  
extr. Melissae folium 4,2 mg, Inulae radix 5,6 mg,  
Angelicae radix 5,6 mg, Zingiberis radix 5,6 mg,  
Caryophylli flos 2,3 mg, Galangae radix 2,3 mg,  
Piperis nigri fructus 0,57 mg, Gentianae radix 5,6 mg,  
Myristicae semen 0,57 mg, Aurantii pericarpium 5,6 mg,  
Cinnamomi cortex 2,5 mg, Cassiae flos 0,29 mg,  
Cardamomi fructus 0,08 mg
- ▶ contains 66.8 % of alcohol (V/V)
- ▶ SUKL code: 0066927  
OTC medicinal product
- ▶ ATC: V11 (Phytopharmaceuticals and animal products)



# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ▶ AMOL POR GTT SOL 1X100ML

(Takeda GmbH, Germany)

- ▶ oral drops, solution for external use

Citronellae etheroleum	0.1 g
Caryophylli floris etheroleum	0.1 g
Cinnamomi zeylanici corticis etherol.	0.24 g
Citri etheroleum	0.57 g
Menthae piperitae etheroleum	0.24 g
Lavandulae etheroleum	0.24 g
Levomentholum	1.723 g
in 100 mL	

- ▶ contains 68 % of alcohol (V/V)
- ▶ SUKL code: 0049027
- ▶ OTC medicinal product
- ▶ ATC: V11 (Phytopharmaceuticals and animal products)



# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

### ▶ STOMARAN

(Leros)

- ▶ 20x 1.5 g or 1x 100g
- ▶ Angelicae radix  
Calami rhizoma  
Matricariae flos  
Agrimoniae herba  
Centaurii herba  
Hyperici herba  
Rubi fruticosi folium  
Menthae pip. herba  
Foeniculi amari fructus
- ▶ SUKL code: 0043959
- ▶ ATC: V11



- ▶ Properties: stomachic, digestive, carminative, mild spasmolytic, antiphlogistic, choleric effects
- ▶ suitable for digestive disorders, loss of appetite, flatulence, feeling of fullness, abdominal distension
- ▶ suitable also in case of gallbladder disorders as a support treatment
- ▶ for adults and children over 12y.
- ▶ CI: hypersensitivity to any component, acute inflammation of GIT, ulcerative disorders, biliary obstruction

# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

### ▶ STOMACHIC HERBAL TEA

(Megafyt Pharma)

- ▶ POR SPC 20X1.5GM
- ▶ Absinthii herba 300 mg  
Menthae piperitae herba 300 mg  
Millefolii herba 300 mg  
Hyperici herba 150 mg  
Levistici radix 150 mg  
Liquiritiae radix 150 mg  
Foeniculi fructus 150 mg  
in 1 tea bag (1.5 g)
- ▶ SUKL code: 0076433
- ▶ ATC: V11

- ▶ suitable for digestive disorders, loss of appetite, flatulence, feeling of fullness, abdominal distension
- ▶ for adults and children over 12 years

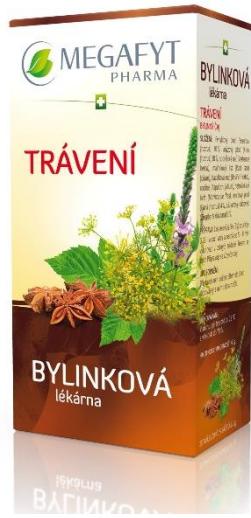


# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

### ► DIGESTIVE HERBAL TEA (Megafyt Pharma)

- 20 x 2.0 g
- Foeniculi fructus 30 %  
Anisi fructus 30 %  
Verbena herba  
Rubi idaei folium  
Basilici herba  
Aspalathi folium  
(= rooibos)  
Matricariae flos  
Carvi fructus 4 %  
Zingiberis rhizoma 2 %



### ► Leros Natur DIGESTIVE Herbal Tea

- 20 x 1.5 g
- Menthae piperitae herba 30 %  
Cymbopogonis herba 20 %  
(= lemongrass)  
Serpilli herba 20 %  
Carvi fructus 10 %  
Matricariae flos 10 %  
Zingiberis rhizoma 10 %



# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

### ▶ STOMACH and INTESTINES

#### Herbal Tea (Teekanne)

- ▶ 10 x 2.0 g
- ▶ Menthae piperitae folium 40 %  
Matricariae flos 30 %  
Liquiritiae radix  
Cinnamomi cortex  
Melissae folium 5%



### ▶ GASTRIC HERBAL TEA

#### with agrimony (Apotheke)

- ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
- ▶ Millefolii herba  
Agrimoniae herba  
Hyperici herba  
Matricariae flos  
Calami rhizoma  
Angelicae radix



# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

- ▶ **IBEROGAST POR GTT SOL 1x20ML  
(STEIGERWALD Arzneimittelwerk GmbH)**
  - ▶ contains fluid hydro-alcoholic extract of:  
*Iberidis amarae herba*, *Angelicae radix*,  
*Matricariae flos*, *Carvi fructus*, *Silybi mariani*  
fructus, *Melissae folium*, *Menthae piperitae*  
folium, *Chelidonii herba*, *Liquiritiae radix*
  - ▶ contains 32.6 % of alcohol (V/V)
  - ▶ SUKL code: 0089031  
OTC medicinal product
  - ▶ ATC: V11 (Phytopharmaceuticals and animal  
products)
  - ▶ dosage: adults 20 drops 3 times daily,  
children over 6y. 10 drops 3 times daily



*Iberis amara*  
Brassicaceae

# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ▶ CHOLAGOL POR GTT SOL

1x20ML  
(IVAX/TEVA)

- ▶ alcoholic/oil solution of:  
Curcumae longae rhizomatis  
pigmenta  
Magnesii salicylas tetrahydricus  
Menthae piperitae etheroleum  
Eucalypti etheroleum  
Frangula-emodinum
- ▶ contains 11.4 % of alcohol
- ▶ SUKL code: 0000699  
OTC medicinal product
- ▶ ATC: A05AX

- ▶ Indications: cholelithiasis, chronic cholecystitis, dyspeptic disorders in chronic hepatopathy
- ▶ dosage: 5-10 drops 3 times daily.
- ▶ CI: hypersensitivity to any component, acute inflammation of gall bladder or liver, severe liver damage, renal insufficiency  
Not suitable for pregnant and lactating women, children up to 12y. and for children up to 17y. in feverish diseases



# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ▶ ROWACHOL POR GTT SOL 1x10ML (STEIGERWALD)

- ▶ oral drops – solution of essential oils in olive oil:  
Pinenum α  
Pinenum β  
Camphenum  
Cineolum  
Menthonum  
Levomentholum  
Borneolum
- ▶ SUKL code: 0092087  
OTC medicinal product
- ▶ ATC: V11
- ▶ available also in capsules

▶ ROWACHOL promotes bile release, relives cramps in the area of the gall bladder and biliary tract, by reducing bile congestion it promotes intermediary metabolism in the liver. It reduces cholesterol production in the liver and decreases its concentration in bile.



# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ▶ BILIOUS Herbal Drops (Grešík)

- ▶ 10% alcoholic extract of:  
Menthae piperitae herba  
Taraxaci herba  
Cichorii herba  
Rubi fruticosi folium  
Calendulae flos  
Curcumae rhizoma  
Agrimoniae herba  
Marrubii herba  
Inulae radix



### ▶ BILIOUS Herbal Drops (Fytos)

- ▶ contains extracts of:  
Taraxaci radix cum herba  
Verbena herba  
Origani herba  
Agrimoniae herba  
Cichorii herba  
Inulae radix



# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

### ▶ THÉ SALVAT (Leros)

- ▶ 20x 1.0 g
- ▶ Matricariae flos  
Frangulae cortex  
Boldo folium  
Agrimoniae herba  
Marrubii herba  
Menthae piperitae herba  
Taraxaci radix cum herba
- ▶ SUKL code: 0056349
- ▶ ATC: V11
- ▶ do not boil (only infusion),  
drink warm. Always prepare  
fresh.



- ▶ suitable as a part of liver and gall bladder diet
- ▶ for digestive disorders, support bile production and flow, act against flatulence, abdominal distension; mild laxative effect
- ▶ for adults and children over 10y.
- ▶ CI: hypersensitivity to any component, acute inflammation of gall bladder, biliary obstruction, bilious and intestinal congestion, severe liver damage. Not suitable for pregnant and lactating women.

# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

### ► BILIOUS Herbal Tea

(Megafyt Pharma)

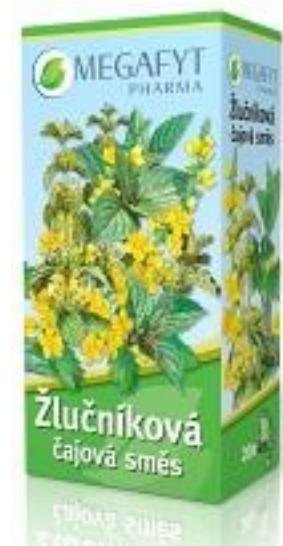
#### ► POR SPC 20X1.5GM

► Menthae piperitae herba	525 mg
Agrimoniae herba	375 mg
Marrubii herba	375 mg
Rhei radix	225 mg
in 1 tea bag (1.5 g)	

#### ► SUKL code: 0053725

#### ► ATC: V11

- tea support bile release
  - suitable for digestive disorders, loss of appetite, flatulence, feeling of fullness, abdominal distension
- for adults and children over 12y.



# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

- ▶ LIVER–GALL BLADDER  
Herbal Tea (Megafyt Pharma)
  - ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
  - ▶ Menthae piperitae herba 30 %  
Matricariae flos  
Taraxaci radix cum herba 20 %  
Foeniculi fructus 10 %  
Cymbopogonis herba  
(lemon grass)  
Schisandrae fructus  
Curcumae rhizoma 5 %  
Agrimoniae herba



- ▶ LIVER–GALL BLADDER  
Herbal Tea (Leros)
  - ▶ 20 x 1.5 g
  - ▶ Taraxaci radix cum herba 30 %  
Menthae piperitae herba 20 %  
Matricariae flos 20 %  
Foeniculi fructus 15 %  
Agrimoniae herba 5 %  
Curcumae rhizoma 5 %  
Schisandrae fructus 5 %



# CHOLAGOGIC PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

- ▶ GALL BLADDER and PANCREAS Herbal Tea (Pavel Váňa)

- ▶ 40 x 1.6 g
- ▶ Agrimoniae herba  
Silybi mariani fructus  
Helichrysi herba  
Menthae piperitae herba  
Inulae radix



- ▶ LIVER-GALL BLADDER Herbal Tea (Teekanne)

- ▶ 10 x 2.0 g
- ▶ Taraxaci radix cum herba  
Menthae piperitae folium  
Matricariae flos  
Foeniculi fructus  
Curcumae rhizoma  
Millefolii herba/flos  
Silybi mariani fructus



# DIGESTIVE PREPARATIONS

## Oral solid forms

### GASTROVAL cps.

(Valentis)

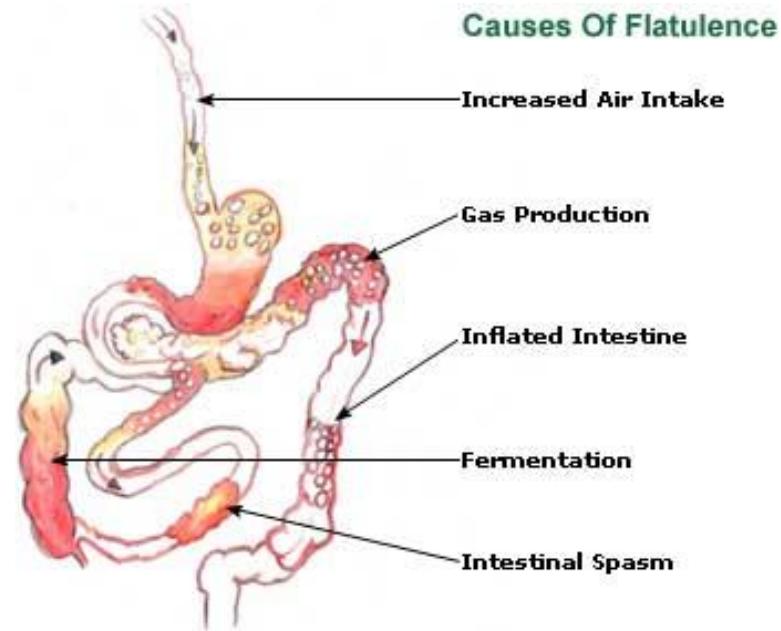
▶ 1 capsule contains:

- ▶ EnzyBlend 75 mg – enzymes of *Aspergillus fungus* that participate on cleavage of proteins, lipids, sugars...
- ▶ Gentianae radix
- ▶ Taraxaci radix
- ▶ Silybi mariani fructus – dry extract
- ▶ usage: 2 capsules per day during meal



# CARMINATIVES

- ▶ = drugs that prevents formation of gas in the gastrointestinal tract or facilitates the expulsion of gas from intestines
- ▶ **flatulence** is usually accompanied by abdominal pain and distension
- ▶ Carminative herbal preparations are often mixtures of essential oils and herbal spices
- ▶ Carminative drugs are usually used also as spasmolytics



# CARMINATIVES

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Plant drugs used as carminative and spasmolytic agents, e.g.:

- ▶ Apiaceae family
  - ▶ Anisi fructus, Foeniculi fructus, Carvi fructus, Coriandri fructus Angelicae radix,...
- ▶ Lamiaceae family
  - ▶ Menthae piperitae herba, Majoranae herba, Origani herba, Rosmarini herba, Thymi herba,...
- ▶ others
  - ▶ Matricariae flos – *Matricaria recutita*, Asteraceae, German chamomille
  - ▶ Chamomillae romanae flos – *Anthemis nobilis* (*Chamaemelum nobile*), Asteraceae, Roman chamomille
  - ▶ Caryophylli flos – *Syzygium aromaticum*, Myrtaceae, clove
  - ▶ etc.

# CARMINATIVE DRUGS



*Pimpinella anisum*  
fruits



*Majorana hortensis*  
herb



*Foeniculum vulgare*  
fruits



*Coriandrum sativum*  
fruits



*Carum carvi*  
fruits



*Origanum vulgare*  
herb



*Anthemis nobilis*  
flower



*Syzygium aromaticum*  
flower

# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ► Matricariae flos

*Matricaria recutita*

(syn. *Matricaria chamomilla*,  
*Chamomilla recutita*),

Asteraceae

(German) chamomile



- ▶ Matricariae flos is mainly used as an antiphlogistic, spasmolytic, carminative, stomachic agent.
- ▶ also ulcer-protecting, bactericidal, fungicidal activity has been demonstrated
- ▶ the main uses internally are for gastrointestinal complaints (gastritis, enteritis, colitis, flatulence, cramp-like symptoms in the digestive tract) and menstrual problems



# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

### ▶ CHILDREN Herbal Tea with chamomile (Leros)

▶ POR SPC 75GM	
▶ <b>Matricariae flos</b>	<b>18 g</b>
Foeniculi fructus	16,50 g
Menthae piperitae herba	9 g
Althaeae radix	7,50 g
Rubi fruticosi folium	7,50 g
Plantaginis folium	5,25 g
Lupuli flos	4,50 g
Serpilli herba	3,75 g
Sambuci nigrae flos	1,50 g
Liquiritiae radix	1,50 g

- ▶ SUKL code: 0094842
- ▶ ATC: V11



# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## Herbal teas

- ▶ CHILDREN Herbal Tea (Megafyt Pharma)

- ▶ 20 x1.5 g
- ▶ Matricariae flos 20 %  
Menthae piperitae herba 15 %  
Melissae herba  
Verbena herba  
Tiliae flos  
Foeniculi fructus 10 %
- ▶ suitable for children over 6 months of age



- ▶ CHILDREN Herbal Tea (Megafyt Pharma)

- ▶ 20 x1.5 g
- ▶ Matricariae flos 375 mg  
Menthae piperitae herba 375 mg  
Althaeae radix 300 mg  
Liquiritiae radix 300 mg  
Foeniculi fructus 150 mg
- ▶ suitable for children over 4 years



# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### AQUA CARMINATIVA ČL 2009

▶ Carvi etheroleum	0.1 g
▶ Citri etheroleum	0.1 g
▶ Citronellae etheroleum	0.1 g
▶ Coriandri etheroleum	0.1 g
▶ Foeniculi amari fructus etheroleum	0.1 g
▶ Menthae piperitae etheroleum	0.1 g
▶ Ethanolum 96% (V/V)	2.4 g
▶ Aqua purificata	997.0 g
▶ Talcum	5.0 g

C. 0,15 ml se zředí vodou R na 2 ml, okyseli se kyselinou dusičnou zředěnou RS a zakalený roztok se zfiltruje. K filtrátu se přidá 0,4 ml dusičnanu stříbrného RS, protřepce se a nechá se stát; vylučuje se bílá tvarohovitá sraženina, která je snadno rozpustná v 1,5 ml amoniaku 17,5 % RS (chloridy).

#### ZKOUŠKY NA ČISTOTU

Index lomu (2.2.6). 1,360 až 1,362.

Relativní hustota (2.2.5). 0,943 až 0,947.

Zbytek po vyžívání. Nejvýše 0,05%; 10,00 g se odpaří na vodní lázně do sucha, potom se žhá do konstantní hmotnosti a po ochlazení v exsikátoru se zváží.

#### STANOVENÍ OBSAHU

1,000 g se smichá se 30 ml vody R a 5 ml kyseliny sirové RS a titruje se dusičnanem stříbrným 0,1 mol/l VS za potenciometrické indikace bodu ekvivalence (2.2.20) (stříbrná a nasycená kalomelová elektroda).

1 ml dusičnanu stříbrného 0,1 mol/l VS odpovídá 5,35 mg sloučeniny NH<sub>4</sub>Cl.

#### SKLADOVÁNÍ

Chráněn před světlem.

Národní léčiv  
Léčivé přípravky

### AQUA CARMINATIVA

2009

Větrová voda

#### DEFINICE

Je to vodný roztok vybraných silic s příadou ethanolu.

#### PŘÍPRAVA

Carvi etheroleum (1817)	0,1 g
Citri etheroleum (0620)	0,1 g
Citronellae etheroleum (1609)	0,1 g
Coriandri etheroleum (1820)	0,1 g
Foeniculi amari fructus etheroleum (1826)	0,1 g
Menthae piperitae etheroleum (0405)	0,1 g
Ethanolum 96% (V/V) (1317)	2,4 g
Aqua purificata (0008)	997,0 g
Talcum (0438)	5,0 g

Silice se rozpustí v ethanolu 96% a tento roztok se přidává za stálého silného protřepávání do čistěné vody a 15 min se protřepává. Asi 20 g tohoto roztoku se pečlivě rozteří s 5 g mastku a přidá se zpět k hlavnímu podílu tekutiny. Po in-

3815

# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ▶ AQUA CARMINATIVA RUBRA ČL 2009

Aurantii amari floris etheroleum	0.1 g
Carvi etheroleum	0.1 g
Caryophylli floris etheroleum	0.1 g
Cinnamomi zeylanici corticis etheroleum	0.1 g
Foeniculi amari fructus etheroleum	0.1 g
Myristicae etheroleum	0.1 g
Menthae piperitae etheroleum	0.1 g
Citronellae etheroleum	0.5 g
Coriandri etheroleum	0.5 g
Citri etheroleum	1.0 g
Ethanolum 96% (V/V)	6.2 g
Sirupus simplex	266.0 g
pigments	0.28 g
Aqua purificata	ad 1333.0 g
Talcum	7.0 g



# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## Drops, tinctures, medicinal solutions

### ► CHAMOMILLA Teva

SOL 1X25ML  
(IVAX/TEVA)

- solution for oral or external use
- Matricariae extractum fluidum  
= liquid extract of Matricariae flos
- contains up to 53 % alcohol
- SUKL code: 0162391  
OTC product
- ATC: V11



- extracts of Matricaria flowers are mainly used for their **anti-inflammatory, antiseptic and spasmolytic** properties. They are stated to possess **carminative, mild sedative properties** and have been used for flatulent nervous dyspepsia, travel sickness, nasal catarrh, restlessness and specifically for gastrointestinal disturbance with associated nervous irritability in children

# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## Oral solid forms

### ▶ COLPERMIN

POR CPS ETD 20X187MG  
(Tillotts Pharma AG)

- ▶ Menthae piperitae etheroleum 187 mg in 1 capsule
- ▶ SUKL code: 0169682
- ▶ OTC medicinal product
- ▶ ATC: V11, A03AX
- ▶ dosage: 1 capsule 3 times daily  
30-60 min before meal
- ▶ do not use in case of gastric hyperacidity



# CARMINATIVE PREPARATIONS

## For external use

- ▶ DOMIFLAN Baby  
(Aromatica)
    - ▶ Anisi stellati etheroleum
    - ▶ Foeniculi etheroleum
    - ▶ Carvi fructus – extract
    - ▶ Matricariae flos – extract
    - ▶ Rosmarini folium – extract
  - ▶ suitable for children over 1 month of age
- ▶ HBF Children Emulgel Against Flatulence  
(Herbacos)
    - ▶ Matricariae flos etheroleum
    - ▶ Menthae piperitae etheroleum
    - ▶ Anisi fructus etheroleum
    - ▶ Foeniculi fructus etheroleum

