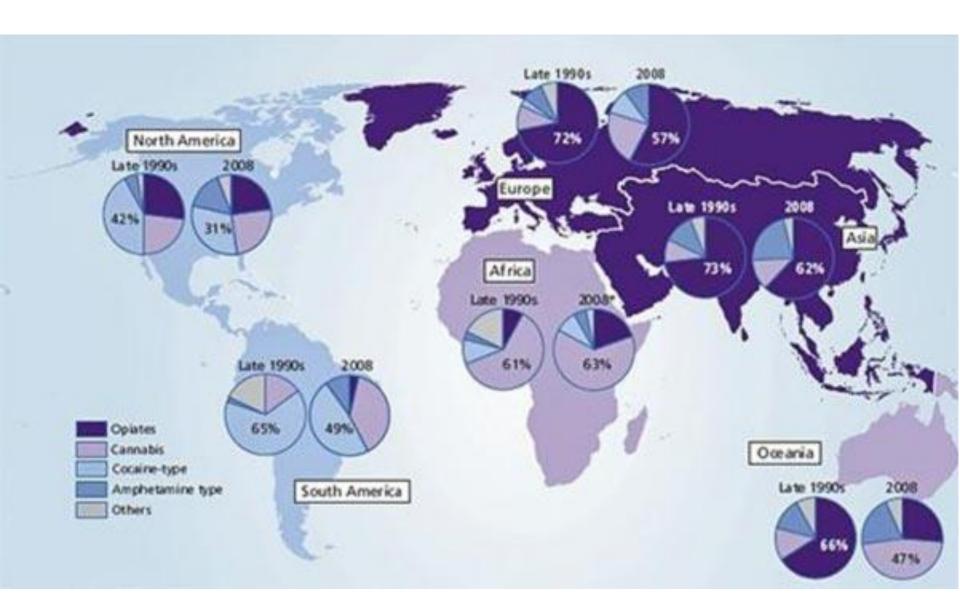
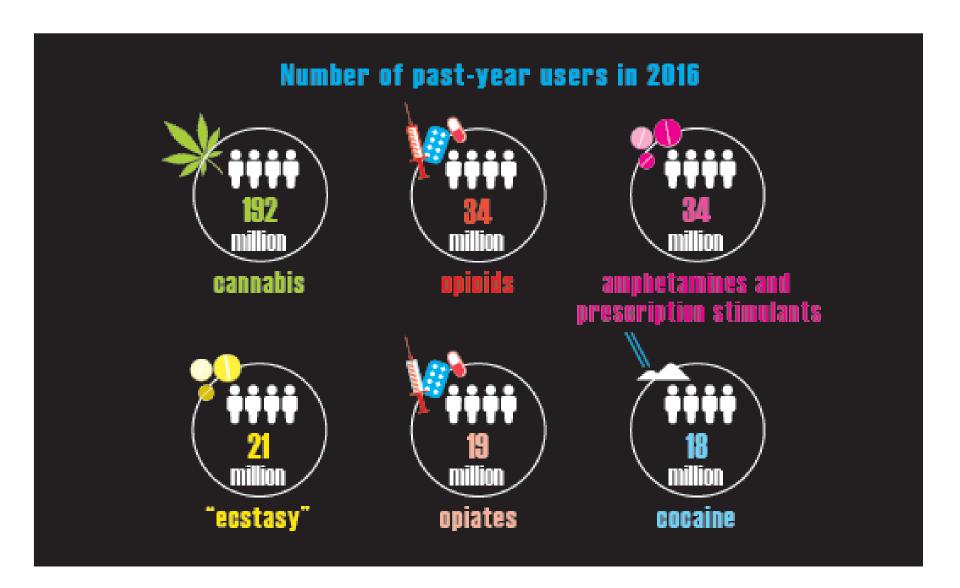
Trends in use of narcotic compounds



Trends in use of narcotic compounds

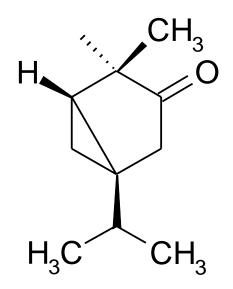


Estimates of money volumes in the "retail" market of Europe

- Year 2013
 - In total 24.3 miliard Euro (21-31)
 - Cannabis 38 % (9.8 miliard)
 - Heroin 28 % (6.8 miliard)
 - Cocain 24 % (5.7 miliard)
 - Amphetamines 8 %
 - MDMA 3 %
- "Catching"
 - Cannabis, cocain, MDMA

Thujon

- Natural mixture of isomers α , β (33% α , 67% β)
- Artemisia absinthium,
 Artemisia vulgaris
 Salvia officinalis,
 Salvia sclarea
- Tanacetum vulgare
- Thuja occidentalis
- Folk medicine:
 - Abortive, emenagogue, digestive, carminative, antiphlogistic, anthelmintic





- Analgesic, analeptic, antidepressive
- Toxicity:
 - CNS effect
 - Tonic-clonic convulsions, cumulative effect
 - Absinthism
 - » hyperexcitability, hallucinations
 - Nephrotoxicity (degenerative changes)
 - Hepatotoxicity
 - Dependent on dosage and sensitivity
- Mechanism of effect:
 - Blocker of GABA_A chloride channel (similar to picrotoxine)
 - α -thujon 2.3 times more effective than β -thujon
 - Low affinity to cannabinoid receptor
 - Metabolism:
 - Reduction of keton to hydroxyl, excretion via urine
 - 7-OH-thujon, dehydrothujon also active
- Absinthism
- Oscar Wilde:
 - "After the first glass [of absinthe] you see things as you wish they were.
 After the second, you see things as they are not. Finally, you see things as they really are, and that is the most horrible thing in the world."



French method Bohemian method

Blanche Verte Absenta Hausgemacht Bohemian-style

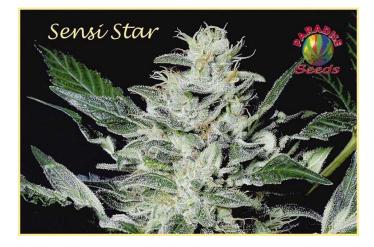


- Cannabis indica Lam., C. sativa L., C. ruderalis Janisch.
- Shen-nung (2737-2697 B.C.)
 - malaria, constipation, rheumatism,
 Gynecologic problems
- · Vine with hemp resin
 - Surgical anaesthetic
- European folk medicine
 - asthma, cough therapy
 - epilepsy, sleep disorders, convulsions
 - pain, rheumatism
 - Externally
 - Skin inflammations and infections
- Todays application
 - glaucoma
 - Lowering of intraoccular pressure
 - nausea, vomiting, anorexia
 - cancer (in vitro and in vivo start of apoptosis malignant gliom, breast cancer)
 - Parkinson disease, sclerosis multiplex
 - Immunomodulation Crohn disease
 - Antibiotic and antiviral effect

Cannabis spp.

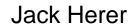


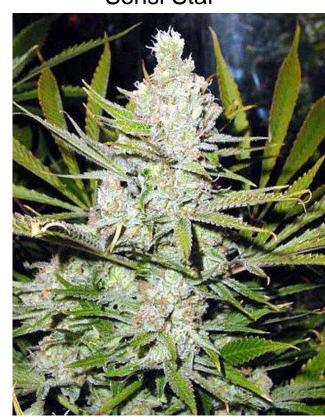




Sensi Star





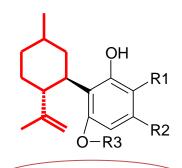


Nothern Lights

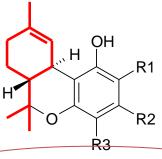
$$R4$$
 $R5$
 $R1$
 $R3$
 $R3$
 $R3$
 $R3$
 $R3$
 $R3$
 $R3$
 $R4$
 $R4$
 $R5$
 $R4$
 $R5$
 $R5$
 $R6$
 $R7$
 $R8$

CBG-type cannabinoids

CBC-type cannabinoids



CBD-type cannabinoids



delta9-trans-THC-type cannabionoids

delta8-trans-THC-type cannabionoids

CBL-type cannabinoids

CBE-type cannabinoids

CBN-type cannabinoids

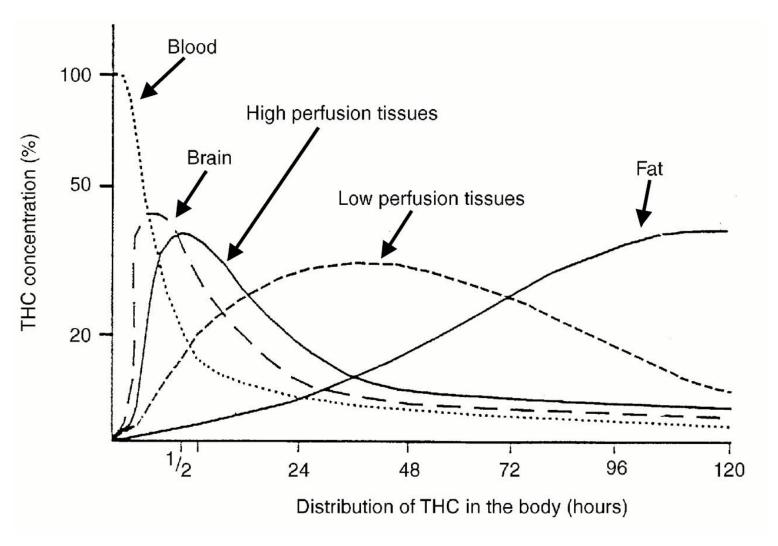
CBND-type cannabinoids

CBT-type cannabinoids

- Cannabis as drug THC content
 - Marihuana (female inflorescence) cca 1% THC
 - **Hašhish** (resin obtained by chipping or munching of female inflorescence cca 5 %
 - Hashish oil (extract) 20% THC
- Main contain THC (levorotary form), CBD (canabidiol) sedative and antibiotic effect, canabinol (CBN) - high amount of CBN - effect similar to THC, but with feeling of fatigue and drowsiness
- THC is oxidized by air oxygen (higher temperature increases effect) to non-active compounds
 - Should be stored in cold and hermetically closed wessels
- **THC soluble in fat and alcohol** (lipophilic), non well in water
- **Biotransformation**
 - Cumulation in organism
 - Half-time 27 days

www.biotox.cz

Distribution of THC in the body.



C. HEATHER ASHTON BJP 2001;178:101-106



- Cannabis as a drug
 - Way of application
 - Inhalation, smoking
 - Peroraly

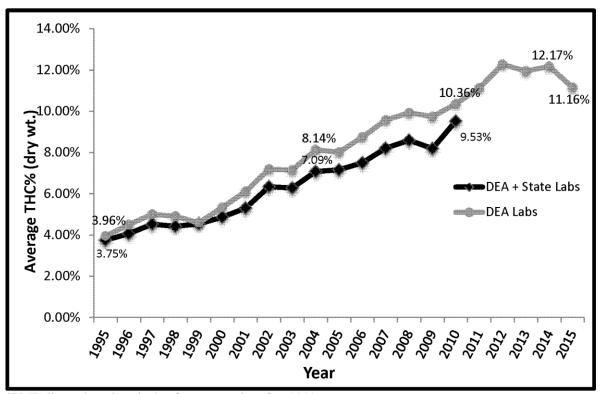






Figure 1. Average Percentage of Δ^9 -THC in Samples of Seized Marijuana (1995 – 2015)*

(Source: The University of Mississippi Potency Monitoring Program, Quarterly Report # 131)

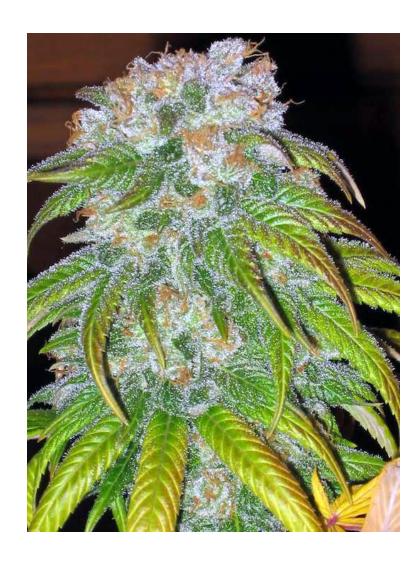


*PMP discontinued analysis of state samples after 2010.

^{**}Data for 2015 are incomplete. Figure 1 contains percentage of Δ^9 -THC data through Dec. 22. Due to lack of funding, 4,177 samples haven't yet been analyzed.

Cannabis as drug – effects

- Psyche effect on CNS
 - Canabinoid receptors
 - THC
 - Endogennous canabinoids
- Lungs smoking
 - Similar to tabacco
 - Little bit different style of smoking
 - 1 joint 9 cigarettes
- Fertility
 - Effect on spermias
- Effect on foetus
 - Slower development of children
- Risk of higher occurence of schizophrenia?



Syntethic cannabinoids

Salvinorin A

- Diterpen of clerodadiene type
- Salvia divinorum Lamiaceae
- Hallucinogenic
- Shamanic plant, *Hierba de la Pastora*





Salvia divinorum

- 100 grams of drug
 - Chewing
 - Maceration
- Smoking of dry leaves and extracts
- Effect
 - Euphoric states
 - Colored visions and hallucinations
 - Rush

Salvinorin A

- Selective inhibitor kappaopiod receptors
- Agonist of D2 receptors
- Do not affect 5-HT_{2A} receptor







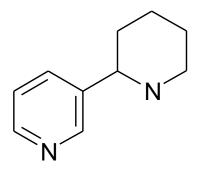
"Salvia Dalinorum" by Luke Brown. www.spectraleyes.com

Anabasine

- Nicotiana spp.Solanaceae
- Anabasis aphylla
 Chenopodiaceae
- Similar to nicotine
- Highly toxic
- Often intoxications
- Teratogen
 - Poultry, cattle, pigs
 - So called arthrogryposes

Anabaseine

Aphaenogaster rudis









Nicotine

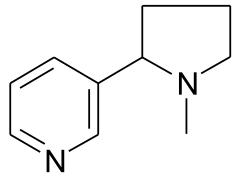
- Nicotiana spp. Solanaceae
- Highly toxic
- Common intoxication
- N-receptors parasympatomimetic

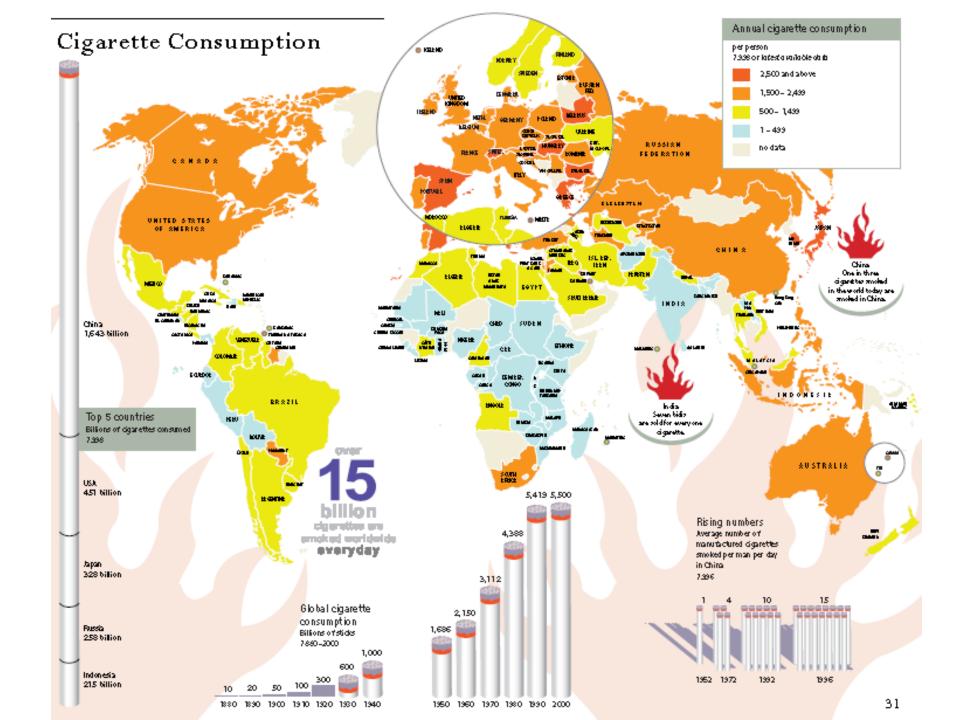
Acute intoxication

- Smoking: headache, pallenes, cold sweat, tremor, vertigo, nauzea and vomiting
- Perorally: higher doses produce starting nausea with deep breathing, vomiting, furthermore tremor, convulsions, death caused by paralysis of respiratory muscles. Dose of 40-60 mg of nicotine is deadly up to 10 minutes



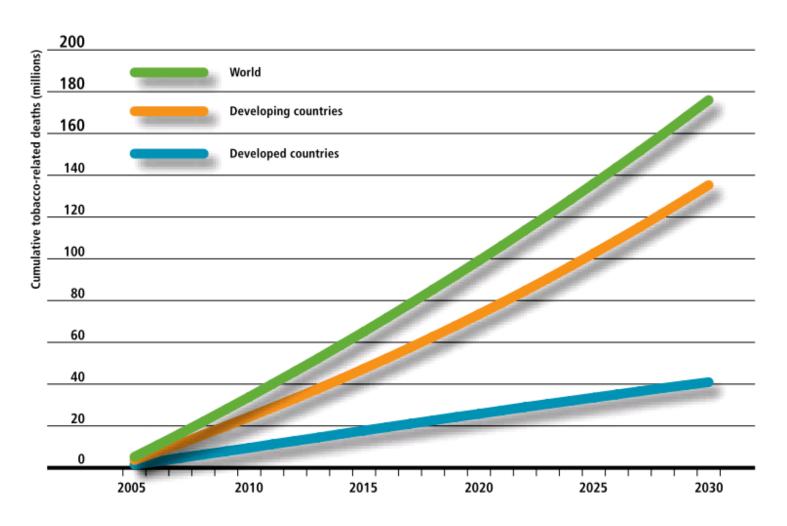






TOBACCO WILL KILL OVER 175 MILLION PEOPLE WORLDWIDE BETWEEN NOW AND THE YEAR 2030

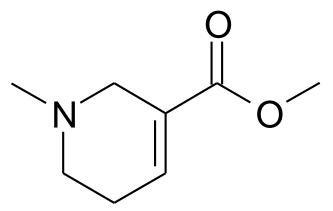
Cumulative tobacco-related deaths, 2005–2030



Source: Mathers CD, Loncar D. Projections of global mortality and burden of disease from 2002 to 2030. PLoS Medicine, 2006, 3(11):e442.

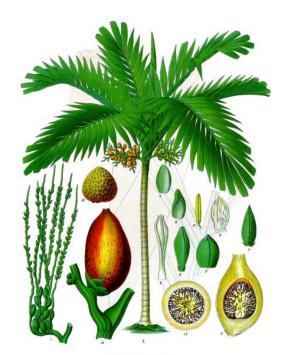
Arecoline

- Areca catechu betel Arecaceae
- Muscarine effect
- Higher doses can affect also nicotinic receptors
- Salivation, perspiration, miosis







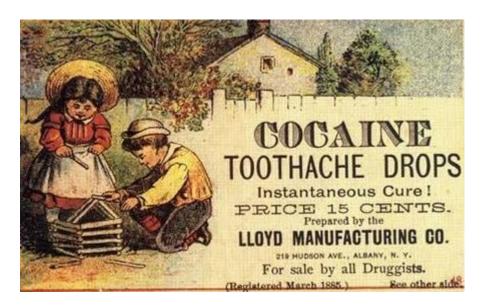


Areca catechu L. Image processed by Thomas Schoepke www.plant-pictures.de

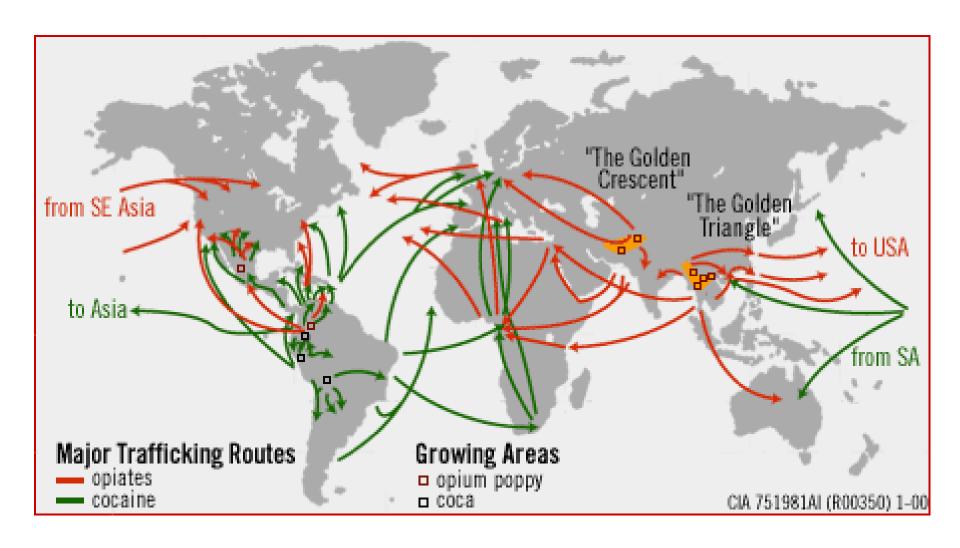


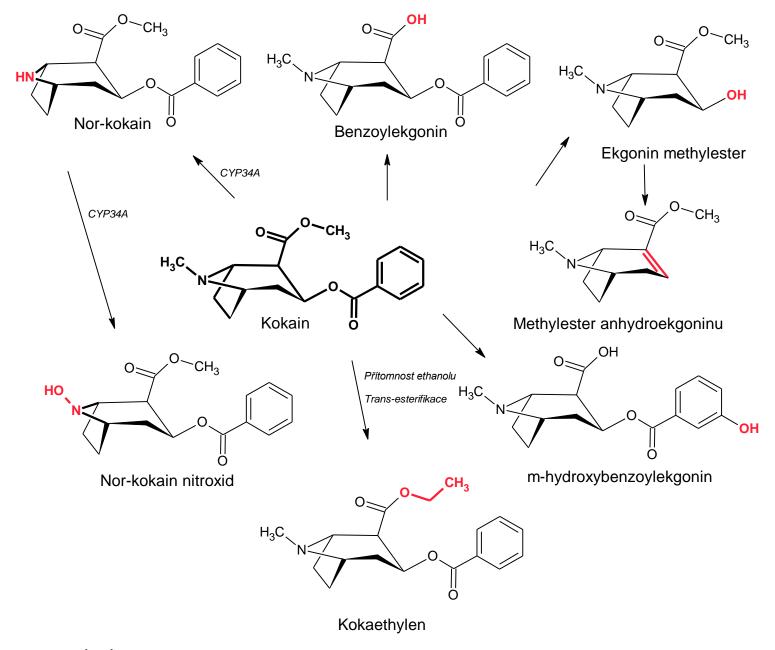
Cocaine

- Erythroxylon cocca, Erythroxylaceae
 - History
 - Indians for tribe of Chibcha
 - Inkas
 - Spanish
 - Coca-cola till 1904
 - 1860 Albert Niemann pure cocaine
 - Sigmund Freund, Carl Coller









-Metabolism

- Formation of ethylderivate during ethanol intoxication

Mechanismus účinku

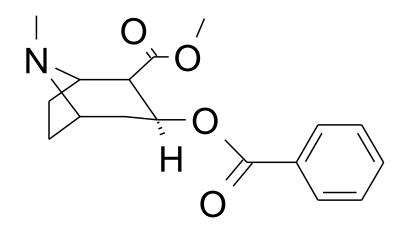
- Indirect sympatomimetic (inhibitor reuptake of noradrenaline)
- Block of ion channels of neurons (disorder of signal transmission)
- Adrenergic stimulation

Peripheral effects

- Vazoconstriction, hypertermia, mydriasis
- Low doses ↓ of heart rate

Central stimulation

- Euphoria, exhaustion of neurotransmiteres (NA), short depressive effect
- Rise of psychic dependence
 - Does not trigger physical dpendence
- Intelectual stimulation, hyperactivity, hyperlucidity
- Self-delusion, paranoid psychosis





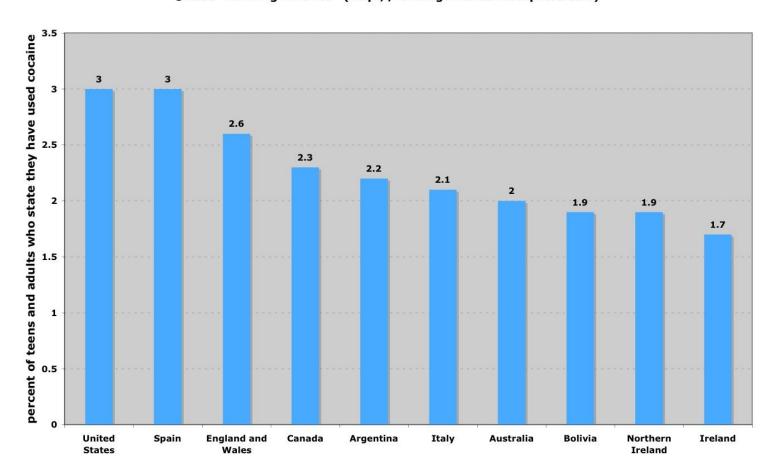
Cocaine

- Complication during usage
 - Cardiovascular arrest
- Way of administration
 - As chlorid or base
 - Chlorid
 - Snuffling, i.v.
 - Base
 - Smiking (crack), inhalation
 - Mixture with heroine
 - snowball
 - Mixture with alcohol
 - Cardiotoxic
 - Highly euphorizing





Top Ten Cocaine Using Countries
©2009 "Ranking America" (http://rankingamerica.wordpress.com)



Data from the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime http://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/illicit-drugs/index.html

Global coca bush cultivation and cocaine manufacture, 2006–2016

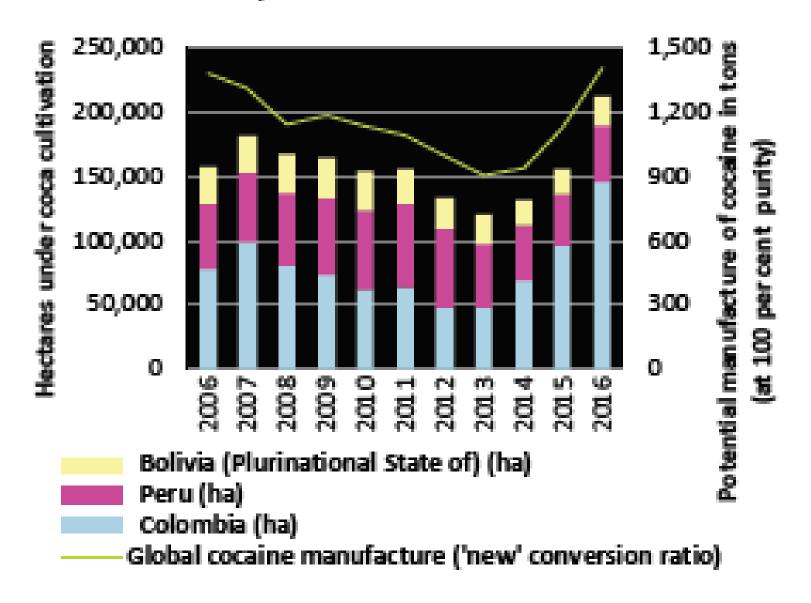
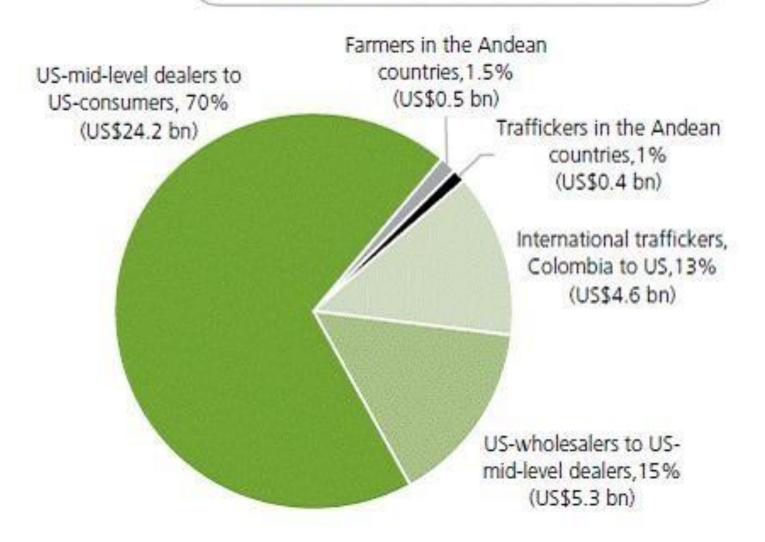


FIG. 87:

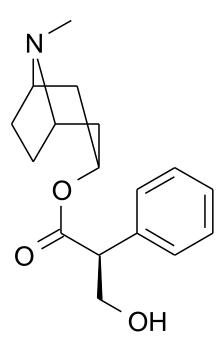
DISTRIBUTION OF GROSS PROFITS (IN %) OF THE US\$ 35 BILLION US COCAINE MARKET, 2008



Source: Original calculations

- Tropane alkaloids
 - Azabicyclo[3,2,1]octan
 - Apoatropin, atropin, hyoscyamin, scopolamin
 - Solanaceae
 - Parasympatolytics
 - Competitive antagonists of acetylcholinergic receptors
 - Muscarine type
 - Intoxication
 - Red pigmentation of face, dry mucose, thirst
 - Tachycardia, mydriasis
 - Hypertermia, central excitation, hallucination
 - Coma, respiratory failure



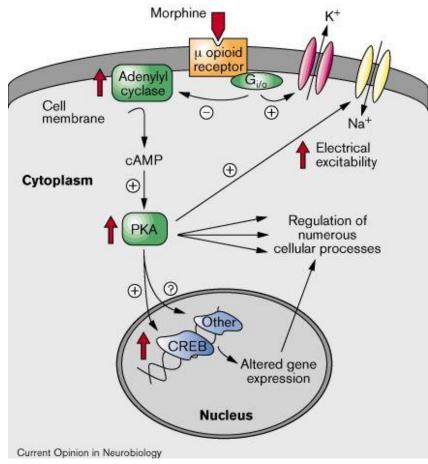




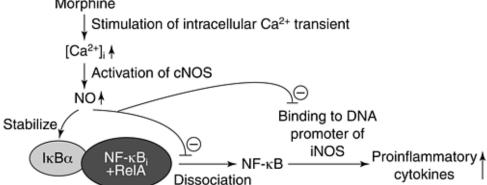
Morphine, codeine, heroine

- -Morphinan alkaloids
- -Effective levorotary form
- -Morphinan type of alkaloids
 - Typical for *Papaver* spp. Papaveraceae
 - Morphine
 - -P. somniferum, P. setigerum Papaveraceae
- -Stereospecific, reversibile linkage to opioid receptors
 - At diiferent levels of CNS
- -Agonist at presynaptic receptors of myelinized fibers of small diameter
 - Nociception, inhibition of substance P release
 - Uprise of physical dependance
 - -Inhibition of enkephaline production and simultaneous occupation of receptors
 - -Insufficiency of natural ligands and morphinans
 - » Withdrawal syndrome
- -Effect on respiration
 - Depression of respiratory centre
 - -Decrease of sensitivity to hypoxia and pCO₂
 - -Dependent on dose
 - -Tempo of onset dependent on way of administration
- -Miosis of central origin
- -Depression of centre for cough
- -Complex effect on centre for vomiting
 - Nausea and vomiting
- -Influence on hypophysis
 - ↓secretion of FSH, LH, ACTH
- Influence on hypothalamus
 - ↑secretion of ADH
- -Influence on fibers of smooth muscles
 - Constipation and urinary retention

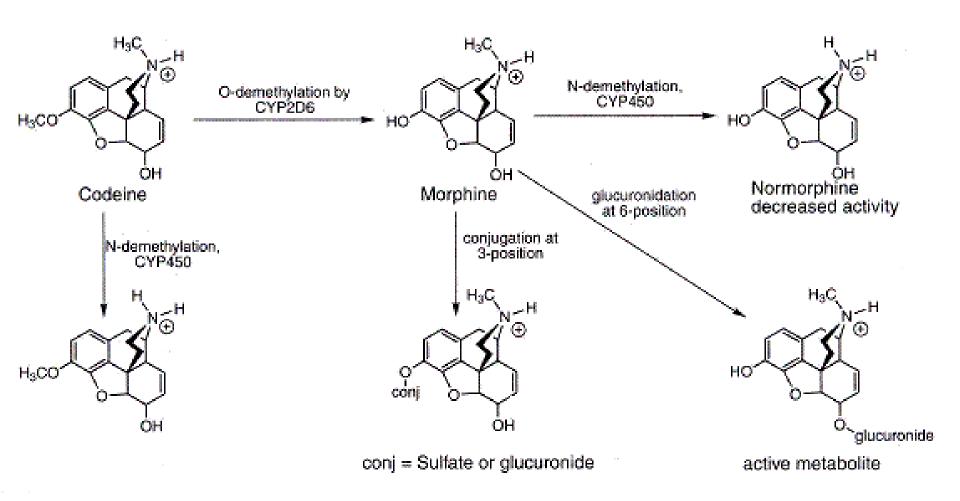
Locus coeruleus



Morphine



Metabolism of morphine



Symptoms of withdrawal

- Chronic users
 - Nasal bleeding, perspiration, lachrymation, anxiety
 - Mydriasis, myalgia and pain of joints
 - Insomnia, tachycardia, arrhythmias, polypnoe, dispnoe
 - Nausea, diarrhea

Acute intoxication

- Usually overdose from different reasons
- High dosage
 - · Immediate depression of CNS
- Lower dosage
 - Initial short stimulation
 - Successive malaise, fatigue, somnolence
 - Heart rate decreases and tends to fade
 - Respiration slow and shallow
 - Loss of consciousness
 - Relaxation of muscles, extinction of reflexes
 - Cold, pale, wet skin
- If the dose high enough
 - Coma, relaxation of muscles
 - · Circulatory failure, cyanosis
 - Death caused by CNS depression
 - Respiratory arrest





Chronic intoxication

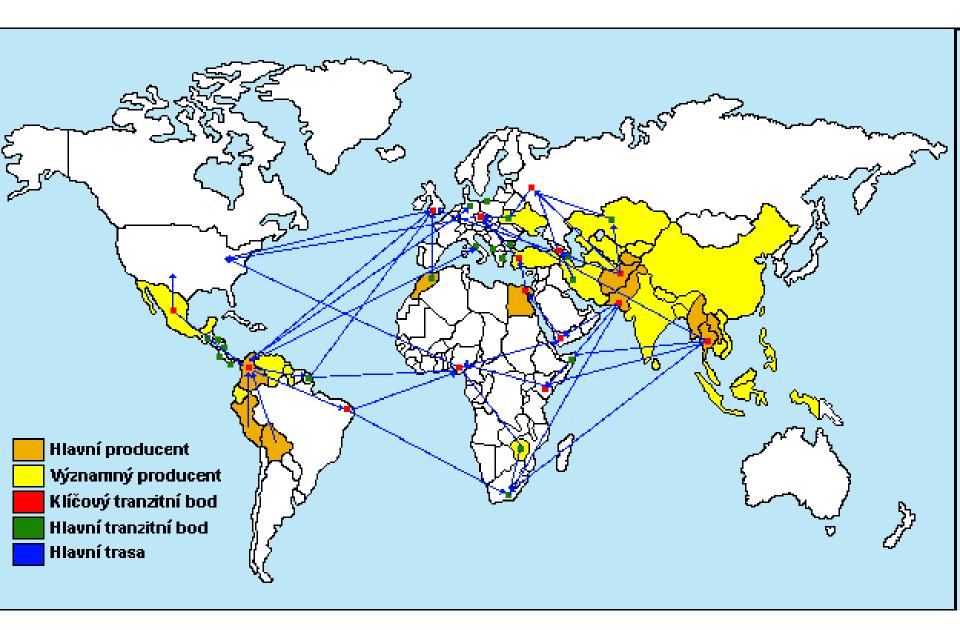
- Morphinism
 - Short time of uprise
 - Strong analgetic
 - Experiments with drug
 - Tolerance to dosage
 - Combination of health problems
 - Social excomunication
 - » Psychical and physical dilapidation
 - Criminality
 - Prognosis adverse
 - » Accompanying diseases
 - » Suicidal tendences



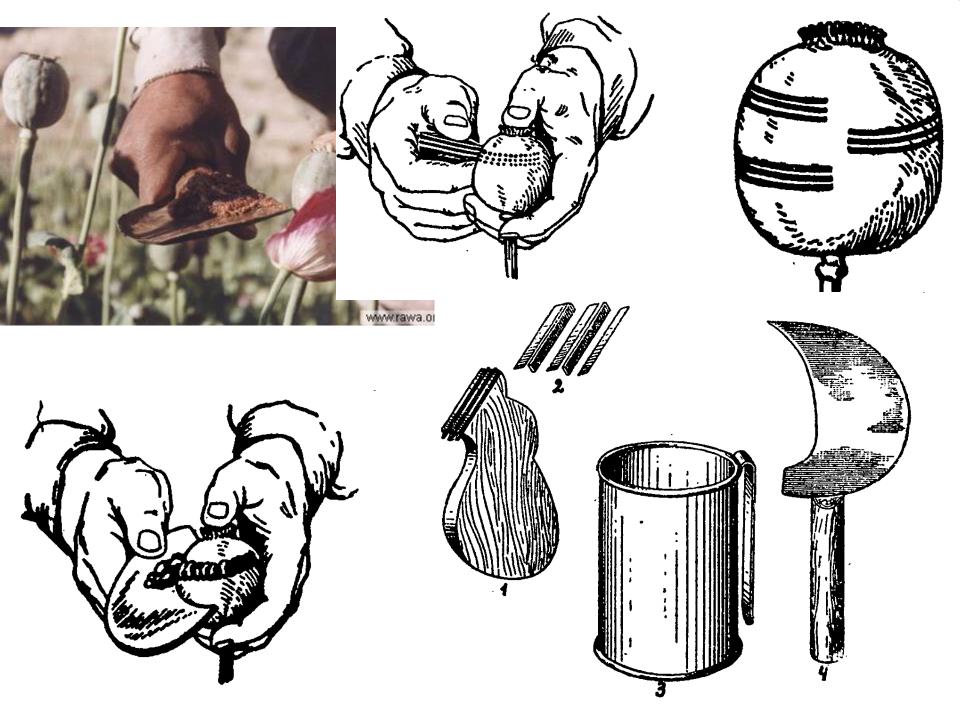


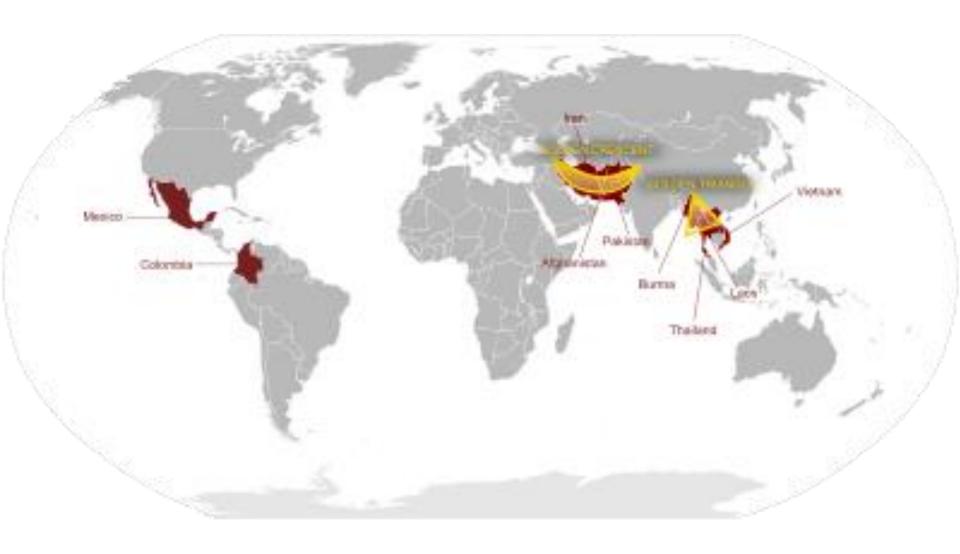
Taber, D. F.; Neubert, T. B.; Rheingold, A. L. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2002, 124, 12416

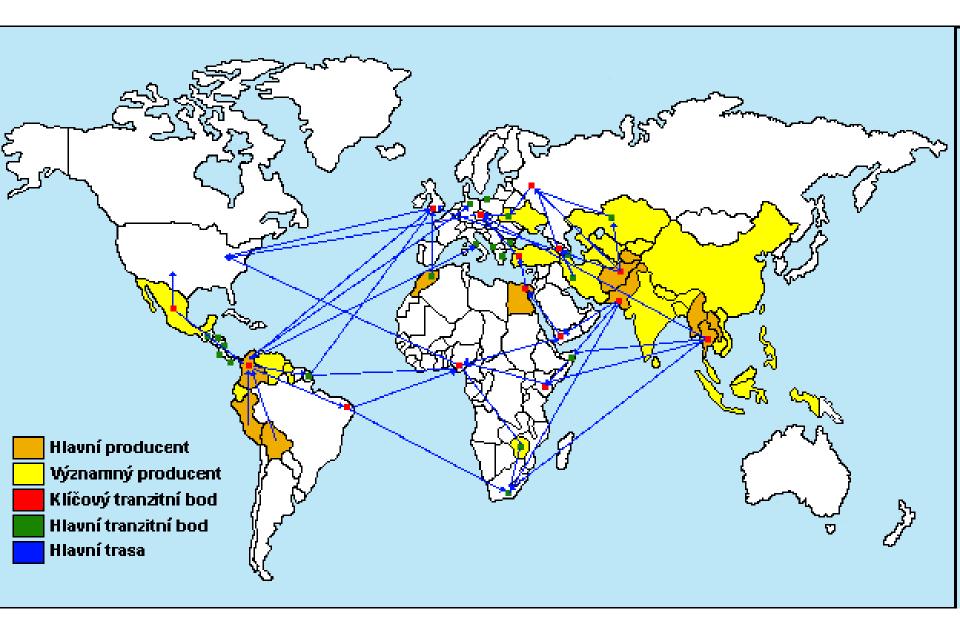
02-03



http://www.mujweb.cz/www/jpdepot/danger/Drugs.htm

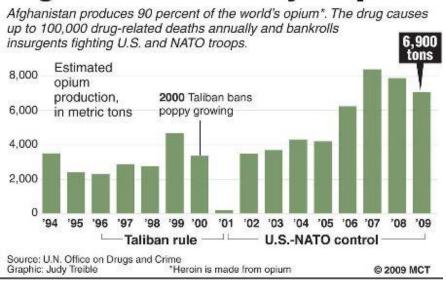




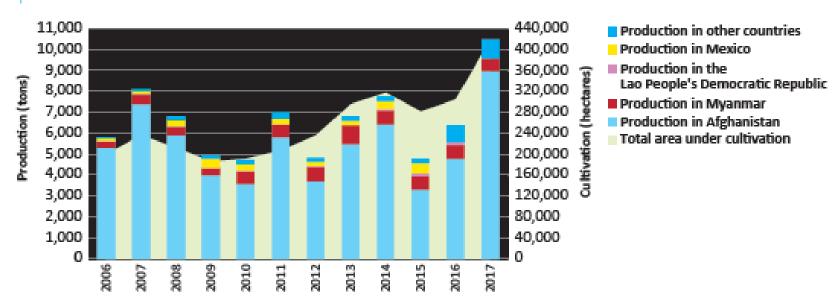


http://www.mujweb.cz/www/jpdepot/danger/Drugs.htm

Afghanistan's deadly crop



Opium poppy cultivation and production of opium, 2006-2017a

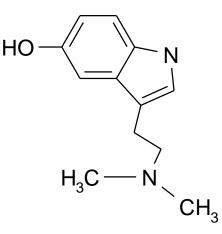


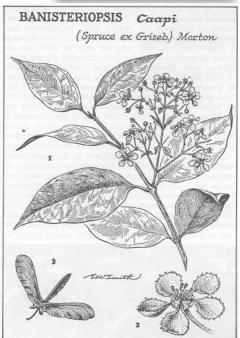
Tryptamines

Bufotenine

- In water poorly soluble compounds
- Piptadenia peregrina Mimosaceae
 - Cojoba Tree
- Arundo donax Poaceae
- Several fungi and frogs
- Intoxication
 - Halucinogennic efect, influence on psychic
 - » Similar to LSD and mescaline
 - Frame of mind: anxiety, percetion disorders
 - Mydriasis, hypertension
 - High dosage
 - » Respiratory paralysis
 - » Motoric paralysis
- N,N-dimethyltryptamine (DMT)
 - Prestonia amazonica Apocynaceae
 - Piptadenia peregrina Mimosaceae
 - Shortly effective halucinogennic compound
 - 0,7-1mg/kg
 - Model psychosis
 - Vegetative symptomatology
 - Emocional and perception disorders
 - Illusions and visions
 - Space-time distortions











Tukanoan Indian with stems of three "kinds" of caapi preparatory to making hallucinogenic drinks from the bark, Rio Vaupes, Colombia. (Photograph by G. Reichel-Dolmatoff)



Psilocyne, psilocybine

Psylocibe, Conocybe, Stropharia

Psilocybe

- 0,2 % to 0,6 % of psilocybine
- 10 mg p.o. dose
- Chewing better absorption from oral cavity
- 8 hours for excretion cca 80 %, 5-6 hours of effect

Starting symptoms

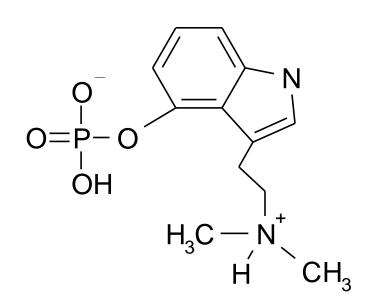
 Headache, anxiety and weariness, unwitting yawning (often without drowsiness), extraordinary convulsions, balance disorders, tremor and sweating.

Psychic symptoms

- Deformation of reality perception, warm colored visions, caleidoscopic effect
- Changes of mood, euphoria, happyness, extraordinary depression and irritation
- Psychoses connected with depersonalisation, disorders of time perception, direction and distance, false imaginations

Acute toxicity

- Relatively low (deadly dossage of psylocybine for human is approx. 17 gramů)
- Risk of hasty decisions
- Latent psychic dideases (for example schizophrenia)







β-carboline indol alkaloids

- Harmane, harmaline, harmine
- Peganum harmala, Zygophylum fabago, Tribulus terrestris
 Zygophyllaceae
- Passiflora incarnata Passifloraceae
- Inhibitory MAO
 - Elevated levels of neuromediators
 - » Serotonine, noradrenaline
 - Especially in brain
 - » Central effect
 - Early symptoms of intoxication
 - » Nausea, vomiting, pale skin
 - » Signs of aggression
 - Further progression
 - » Half-sleep with dreaming
 - » Hallucinations

$$H_3C$$
 N
 N
 CH_3
 CH_3
 CH_3
 CH_3









Peganum harmala

Ergolines

- Hlavně čeleď Convolvulaceae
 - Rivea corymbosa, Ipomoea spp.
- Ergine (lysergamide)
 - Toxic dose 1 μg/kg p.o.
 - Mexican ceremonial drugs
 - Ololiuqui, coaxihuitl and further
- Ergosine
 - Similarly to ergine
 - Inhibition of prolactine secretion
- Chanoclavin
- Agroclavine
- Lysergol

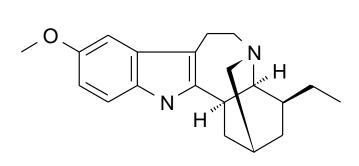




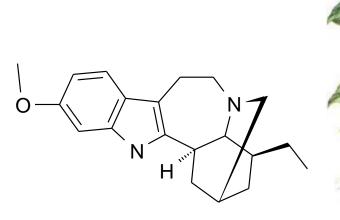


Ibogaine, tabernathine

- Tabernanthae iboga, Voacanga spp. Apocynaceae
- Activity in CNS
 - Inhibitor of neronal nicotine receptors
 - Lower dosage
 - » Central stimulation
 - » Tremor, bristlin hair
 - » Salivation, mydriasis
 - » Anxiety, aggression
 - High doses
 - » Hallucination serotonine effect
 - » Deep depression and anxiety
- Cardiovascular system
 - Negative ionotropic and chronotropic effect









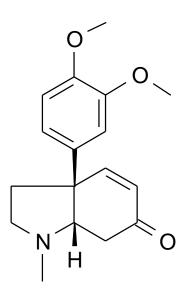


Other indol alkaloids

- Mezembrenone,
 mezembrine, mezembrinol
 - phenyloxyindols
 - Sceletium alkaloids
 Aizoaceae
 - Narcotic, coca-like effect
 - Addictive drug
 - channa



Kosmatec





Amines

Ephedrine

- Aromatic amine
- Ephedra spp. Ephedraceae
- Sympathomimetic activity
 - Increase of blood pressure and peripheral vasoconstriction
 - Penetration to CNS
- Acute intoxication
 - Sweating, headache, anxiety
 - Muscular weakness and tremor
 - Mydriasis
 - Palpitation
 - Insomnia

Galegine

- Galega officinalis Fabaceae
- Derivative of guanidine
- Damage of mitochondrial function
- Convulsions, breath difficulties, pulmonary edema

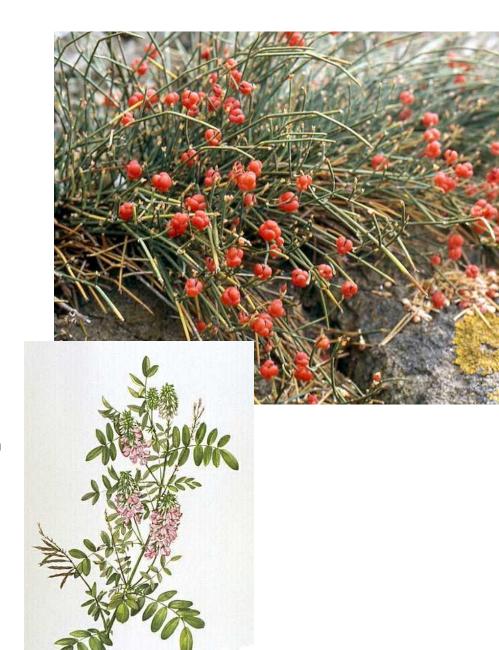


Fig. 1. Synthesis of ephedrine and related alkaloids.

Khatamines

- Arylalkylamines
- Catha edulis, Maytenus crucorii
 Celestraceae
- Ephedra spp. Ephedraceae
- Khatine and khatinone the most important
- Khatinone
 - Similar properties to amphetamine
 - During drying converts to norpseudoephedrine and norephedrine
- Drug is used via chewing
 - North-East Africa
 - Fast decomposition prevents large transportation and business
 - Suppression of sleep, stimulation, against fatigue
- Intoxication
 - Anorexia, hyperthermia, stimulation of respiratory centre
 - Mydriasis, arrhythmia, hypertension
 - Psychic symptoms
 - » Anxiety, panic attack, aggresivity



