ELIZABETHAN ENGLISH

BASIC RULES

Shorten "it" to just "'t". For example, "it was" becomes "'twas".

Fix your verbs: Add "-st" to singular second-person verbs and "-th"/"-eth" to singular third-person verbs. For example, "How dost thee" and "How doth he".

Use "shall". It can be used to express obligation, and also in the first person. Remember that when used with "thee" or "thou", "will" becomes "wilt" and "shall" "shalt"

PRONOUNS

a) personal

SG.

1st person *I* we 2nd person thee/thou ye 3rd person he/she/it they

Thee is objective which means it is used as the object of a sentence. For example, one might say "I love thee," but they would not say "I love thou."

Thou is nominative which means it is used as the subject of a sentence. For example, one might say "Thou art loved," but would not say "Thee art loved."

b) possesive

SG.

1st person my/mine our 2nd person thy/thine, your your 3rd person their their

How do I tell when I use thy/thine?

Use "thy" when the word following begins with a consonant. Thy cattle. Thy friend.

Use "thine" when the word following begins with a vowel. Thine occupation. Thine apple.

How do I tell when I use my/mine?

Use "my" when the word following begins with a consonant. My sheep.

Use "mine" when the word following begins with a vowel. Mine eyes.

BASIC DICTIONARY

Anon - Later

Aroint - Away

As you will - Okay, or whatever.

Belike - Perhaps, or possibly

Betimes - Very early in the morning

By your leave - Excuse me or please

Carouse - Party!

Chide - Scold or nag

Comely - pretty

Cutpurse - Thief

E'em - Evening

Enow - Enough

Excellent well - Cool!

Ere - Before

Fie - A curse, as in "Fie on thee, poxy harlot!"

Forswear - To lie or cheat

Grammercy - Thank you

Good morrow - Good morning

Hello! - an exclamation of shock and surprise

How fare thee? - How are you

Huzzah! - a cheer

Maid or Maiden - A young woman of upstanding virtue

Marry! - An exclamation of shock and surprise

Mayhap - Perhaps. This is often mispronounced "mayhaps", which is incorrect.

Morrow - Days or tomorrow. As in "I shall see the on the morrow."

N'er - Never, pronounced "nair".

Nonpariel - A beauty

Oft - Often

In Faith - In truth, sometimes just "faith". A mild exclamation.

Indeed - Really

In truth - Really

Perchance - Maybe or Possibly. "Perchance we shall see the Queen on the morrow!"

Poppet - A doll, and sometimes a young child

Prating - Babbling, talking too much.

Pray pardon me - Excuse me

Pray tell - Please tell me

Prithee - Please, literally "I pray thee"

Privy - Bathroom, or more literally, outhouse

Stay - Stop or wait.

S'wounds! - An exclamation, like wow. A shortened from "gods wounds".

Tosspot - Drunkard

Verily - Very, Truly or Truthfully. "Verily, the maiden is comely as a spring morn."

Wench - A young woman

Wherefore - Why and sometimes where

Wondrous well - very good

Yonder - Over there.

LARGE DICTIONARY: http://www.shakespearehigh.com/classroom/guide/page3.shtml