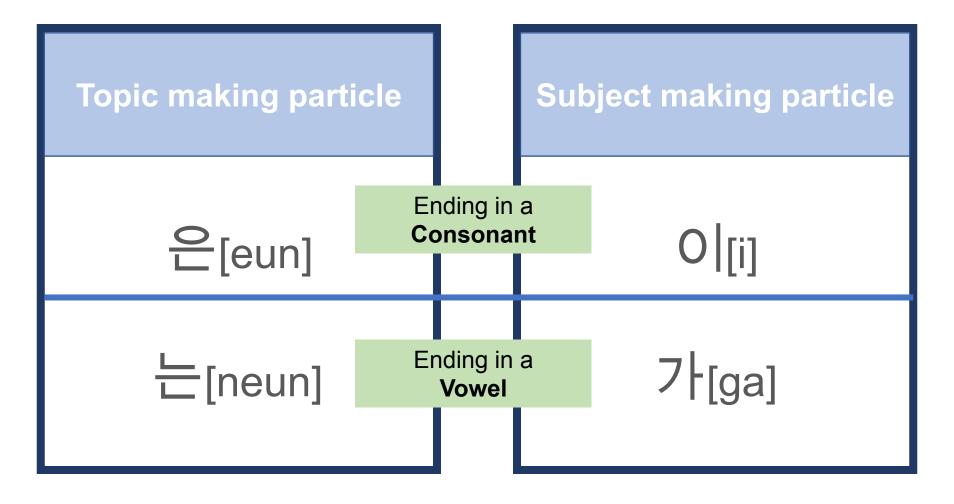
Korean 2 week 7

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Postpositional Particles





Topic making particle

은 / 는 [eun/neun]

1. Introducing yourself

2. Emphasize predicate (focus on action)

3. Show the contrast or the opposite

1. Introducing yourself

1. I'm Yeri 저는 예리에요 [jeo-neun yeri-eyo]

2. I'm a student 저는 학생이에요 [jeo-neun hak-saeng-ieyo]

3. This is my mother 이쪽은 저의(제) 어머니(엄마)예요 [ijjogeun jeoheui eomeoni-yeyo]

> Girl 여자 [yeoja] Boy 남자 [namja] + friend 친구 [chin-gu]

2. Emphasize predicate (focus on action)

1. 예리는 밥을 먹는다 [Yeri-neun bab-eul meog-neun-da] Yeri eats rice

2. 오늘은 목요일이예요 [oneul-eun mog-yo-il iyeyo] Today is Thursday

월요일 / 화요일 / 수요일/ 목요일/ 금요일 / 토요일 / 일요일

3. 지민이는 잘생겼다 [Jimin-ineun jal-saeng-gyeot-da] Jimin is handsome

3. Show the contrast or the opposite

1. Do you like animals? 동물 좋아해요? [dongmul joh-ah haeyo]?

I only like dogs. (= I hate animals but I like dogs.) 강아지는 좋아해요[gang-ah-ji neun joh-a haeyo]

2. Do you like meat? 고기 좋아해요? [go-gi joh-ah hae yo?]

I only like beef (=I hate other meats but I like beef) 소고기는 좋아해요 [sogogi-neun joh-ah hae yo]

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3. 술 좋아해요? [sul joh-ah hae yo?] Do you like alcohol? 소주는 좋아하지만 테낄라는 싫어해요 [soju neun joh-ah hajiman tek-kil-la neun silh-eo hae yo] I like soju but I hate tequila

4. 동유럽 가봤어요? [dong-yuleob ga-bwat-sseo yo?] Have you been to Eastern Europe?

체코는 가봤지만 슬로바키아는 안가봤어요 [cheko neun gabwat ji man seul-lo-bakia-neun angabwat sseo yo] I have been to Czech but not to Slovakia

Subject making particle

이/가

subject + 0|/7

- 1. Observe or describe something
- 2. Emphasize the subject (focus on subject)



1. Observe or describe something

Observe something

- 1. The apple is red 사과가 빨갛다 [sa-gwaga ppal-gah-da]
- 2. There is water 물이 있다 [mul-l it-da]
- 3. There are seven rooms 방이 일곱개 있다 [bang-l ilgob-gae it-da]

하나 / 둘 / 셋 / 넷 / 다섯/ 여섯 / 일곱 / 여덟 / 아홉 / 열



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Describe something

- 1. The bag is heavy 가방이 무겁다 [gabang-I mugeob-da]
- 2. The water is cold 물이 차갑다 [mul-l chagab-da]
- 3. Yeri is pretty 예리가 예쁘다 [Yeri-ga yep-peu-da]
- 4. Pig is fat 돼지가 뚱뚱하다 [dwaeji-ga ttung-ttung ha da]

How to distinguish 은/는 and 이/가

- a. 제가 김예리입니다
- b. 저는 김예리입니다.

In the sentence of **A**, the focus is on the **subject**.

So, the focus of the information (the MOST important information), is SUBJECT '제가'

On the other hand, the focus in sentence **B** is the information in the **narrative** clause

So, the MOST important information is '김예리입니다'



How to distinguish 은/는 and 이/가

A: 야누가 1 등이래? [ya nuga il-deung-l lae?]

B: 지민이가 1 등이래 [jimin-l ga il-deung l lae]

A Hey, who is the number one?

B Jimin is number one

A : 그러면(그럼) 누가 2 등이래?

[geu-leom nuga I deung I lae?]

B: 지드래곤이 2 등이래

[G-dragon I I deung I lae]

A Then who is second?

B G-dragon is second

A: 그럼 이제 제니의 등수가 궁금한데?

[geu-leom ije jenny ui deungsu-ga gung-geum-han de?] A So now I'm curious about Jenny's rank?

B: 제니는 3 등이래

[jenny neun sam-deung I lae]

B Jenny is in third place

A: 정국이는 몇 등인데?

[jung gook I neun myeot deung-inde?]

B: 정국이는 꼴등이래

[Jung gook I neun kkol-deung-l lae]

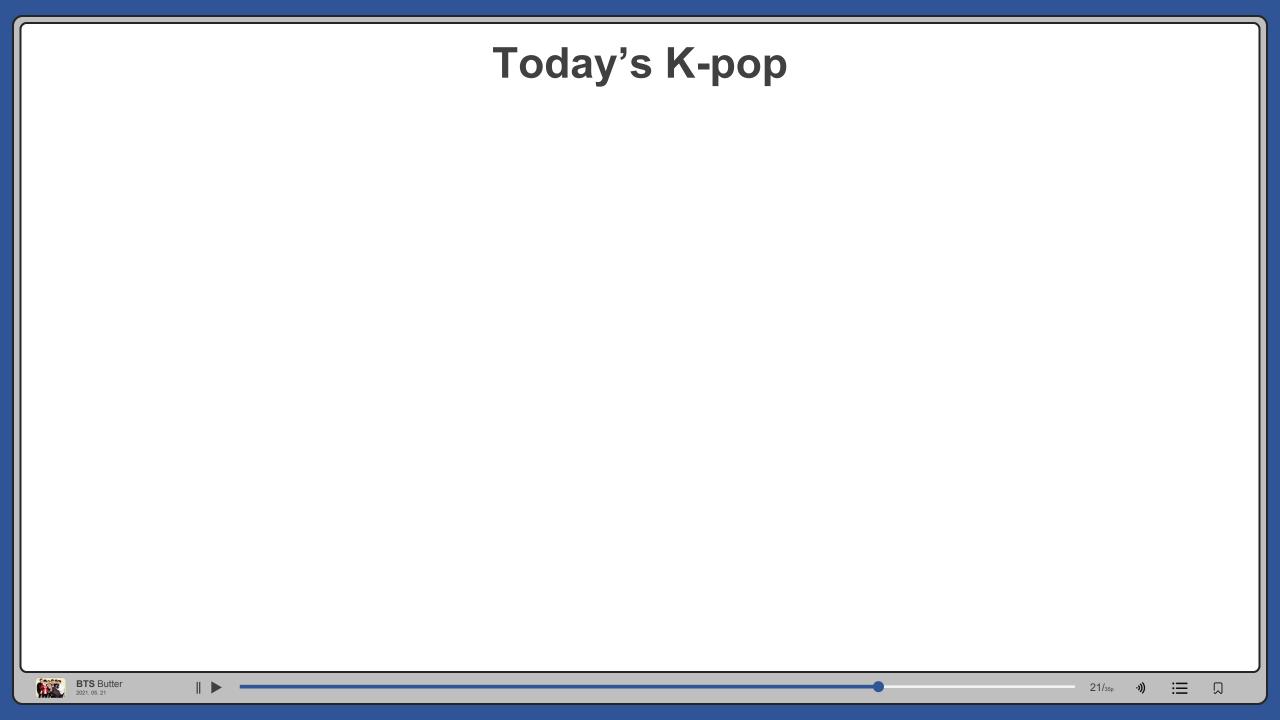
A How about the rank of Jung-gook?

B Jung gook is the last place









Thank you