

Early Dynastic I period: 2900–2750 BC

Early Dynastic II period: 2750–2600 BC

Early Dynastic III a period: 2600–2500 BC

Early Dynastic III b period: ca. 2500–2334 BC

Predynastic kings before the deluge event

**"After the kingship descended from heaven,
the kingship was in Eridug.
In Eridug, Alulim became king;
he ruled for 28800 years.."**

Alulim 8 sars (28,800 years)

Alalngar 10 sars (36,000 years)

"Then Eridug fell and the kingship was taken to Bad-tibira."

En-men-lu-ana 12 sars (43,200 years)

En-men-gal-ana 8 sars (28,800 years)

Dumuzid, the Shepherd "the shepherd" 10 sars (36,000 years)

"Then Bad-tibira fell and the kingship was taken to Larag."

En-sipad-zid-ana 8 sars (28,800 years)

"Then Larag fell and the kingship was taken to Zimbir."

En-men-dur-ana 5 sars and 5 ners (21,000 years)

"Then Zimbir fell and the kingship was taken to Shuruppag."

Ubara-Tutu 5 sars and 1 ner (18,600 years)

"Then the flood swept over."

Post-deluge dynasties (ED I – II)

First Dynasty of KISH after ca. 2900 BC

"After the flood had swept over, and the kingship had descended from heaven, the kingship was in Kish.."

Ngushur 1200 years Kullassina-bel 960 years Nangishlishma 670 years
En-tarah-ana 420 years Babum 300 years Puannum 840 years Kalibum
960 years Kalumum 840 years Zuqaqip 900 years Atab (or A-ba) 600
years Mashda "the son of Atab" 840 years Arwium "the son of Mashda"
720 years **Etana "the shepherd, who ascended to heaven and
consolidated all the foreign countries"** 1500 years Balih "the son of
Etana" 400 years En-me-nuna 660 years Melem-Kish "the son of En-me-
nuna" 900 years Barsal-nuna ("the son of En-me-nuna")* 1200 years
Zamug "the son of Barsal-nuna" 140 years Tizqar "the son of Zamug" 305
years Ilku 900 years Iltasadum 1200 years **En-me-barage-si "who
made the land of Elam submit"** 900 years

Aga of Kish "the son of En-me-barage-si" 625 years - ca. 2600 BC
contemporary with Gilgamesh of Uruk, according to the Epic of Gilgamesh

**"Then Kish was defeated and the kingship was taken to
E-ana."**

First Dynasty of URUK ca. 27th – 26th century BC

Mesh-ki-ang-gasher of E-ana "the son of Utu" 324 years "Mesh-ki-ang-gasher entered the sea and disappeared."

Enmerkar "the son of Mesh-ki-ang-gasher, the king of Unug, who built Unug (Uruk)" 420 years

Lugalbanda "**the shepherd**" **1200 years**

Dumuzid (Dumuzi) "the fisherman whose city was Kuara."

("He captured En-me-barage-si single-handed.")* 100 years,

ca. **2600 BC** **Gilgamesh** "whose father was a phantom (?), the lord of Kulaba" 126 years (contemporary with Aga of Kish),

Ur-Nungal "the son of Gilgamesh" 30 years

Udul-kalama "the son of Ur-Nungal" 15 years

La-ba'shum 9 years

En-nun-tarah-ana 8 years

Mesh-he "the smith" 36 years

Melem-ana 6 years

Lugal-kitun 36 years

"Then Unug was defeated and the kingship was taken to Urim (Ur)."

Early Dynastic III a dynasties (= historical period)

Ca. 26th century

First dynasty of Ur (starting with Mesanepada known from the Royal Cemetery)

Dynasty of Awan

Second dynasty of Kish

Early Dynastic III b dynasties

(ca. 2500 – ca. 2271 BC)

First Dynasty of Lagash - *not mentioned in the King List (known from inscriptions)*

Dynasty of Hamazi

Second dynasty of Uruk

Second dynasty of Ur

Dynasty of Adab

Dynasty of Mari

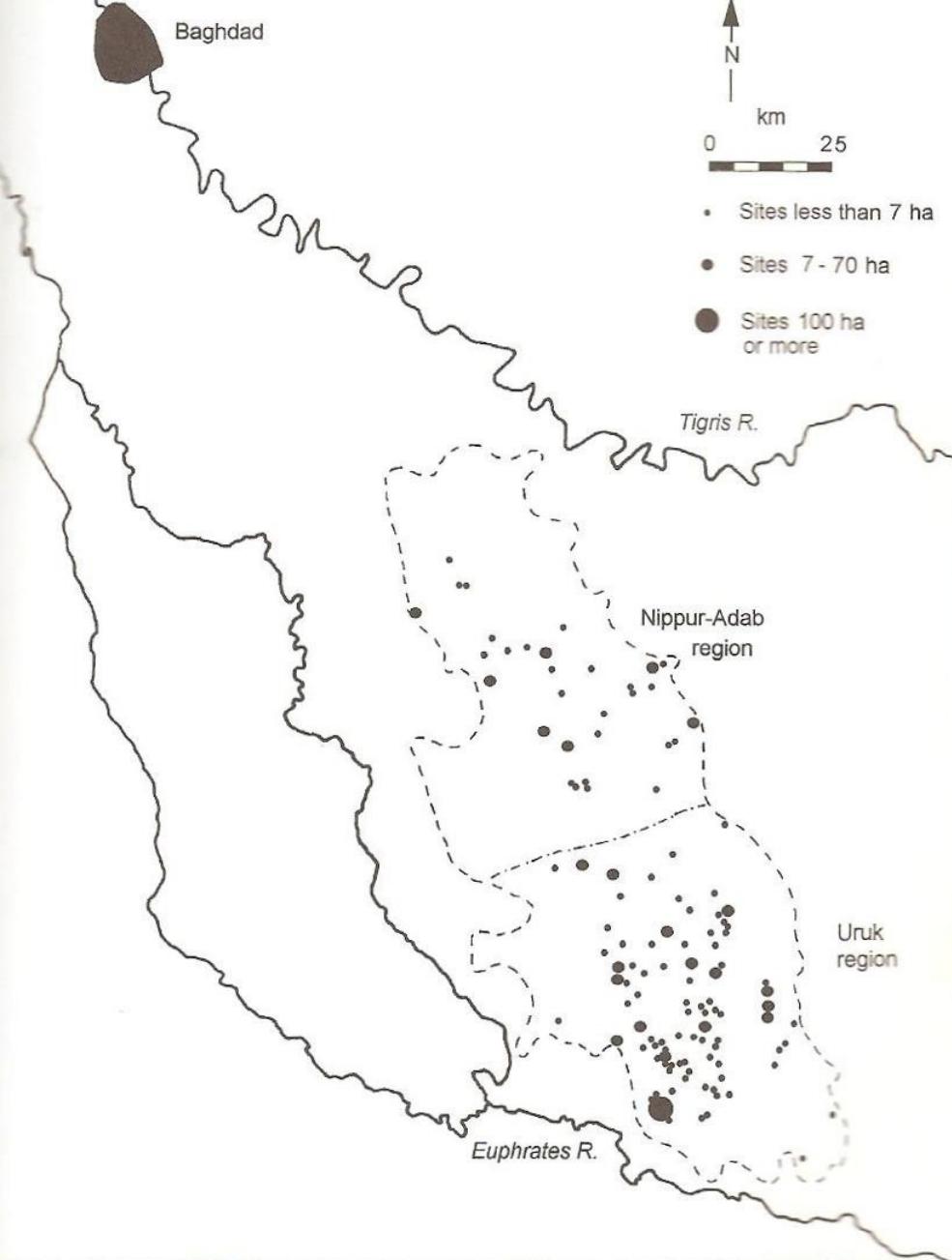
Third dynasty of Kish

Dynasty of Akshak

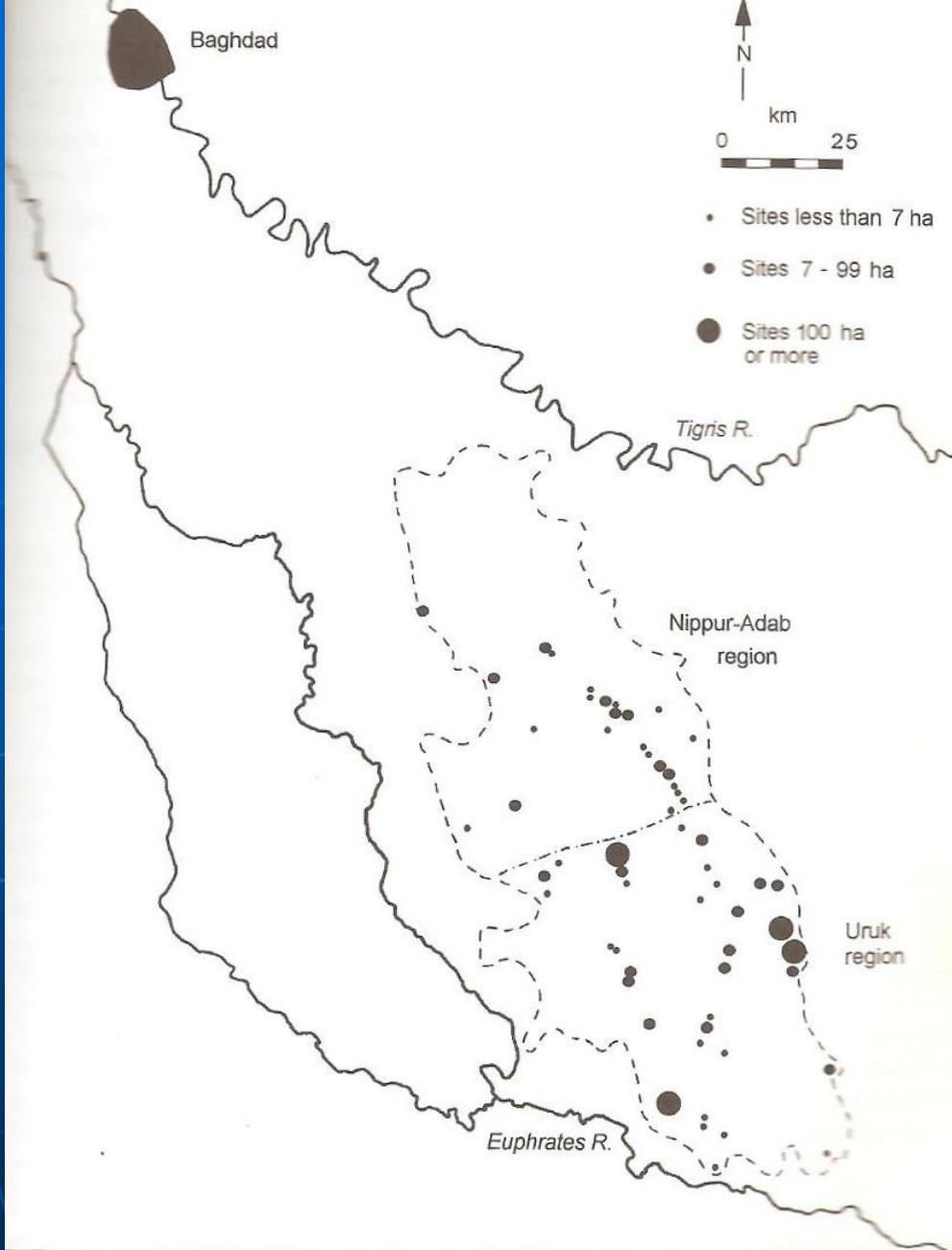
Fourth dynasty of Kish

Third dynasty of Uruk

"Then Unug was defeated and the kingship was taken to Agade"

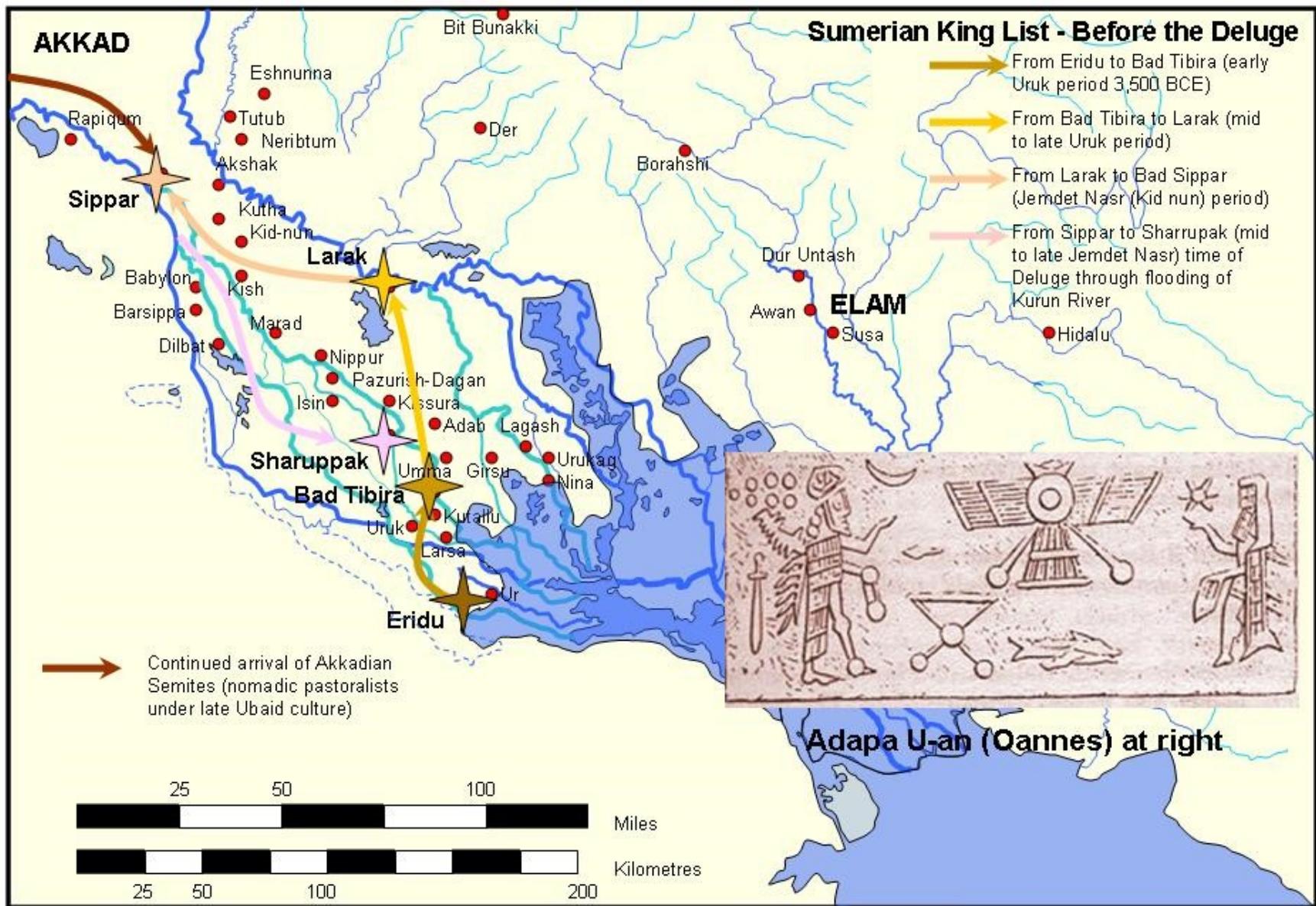


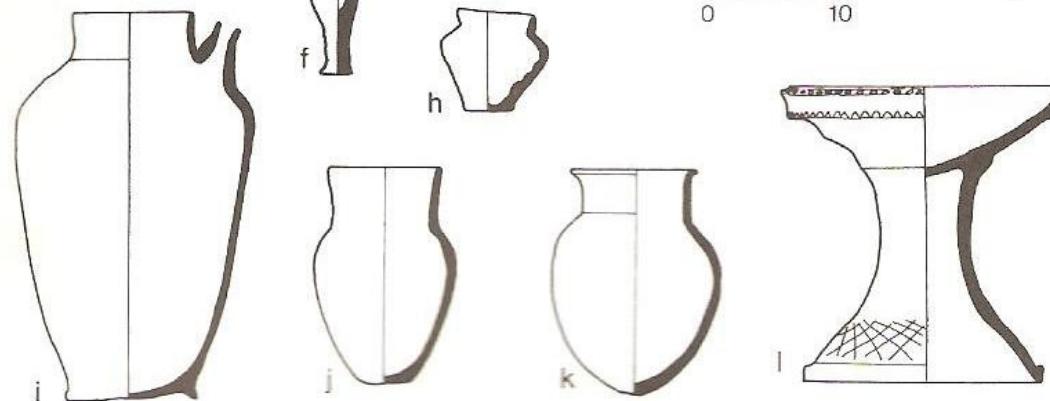
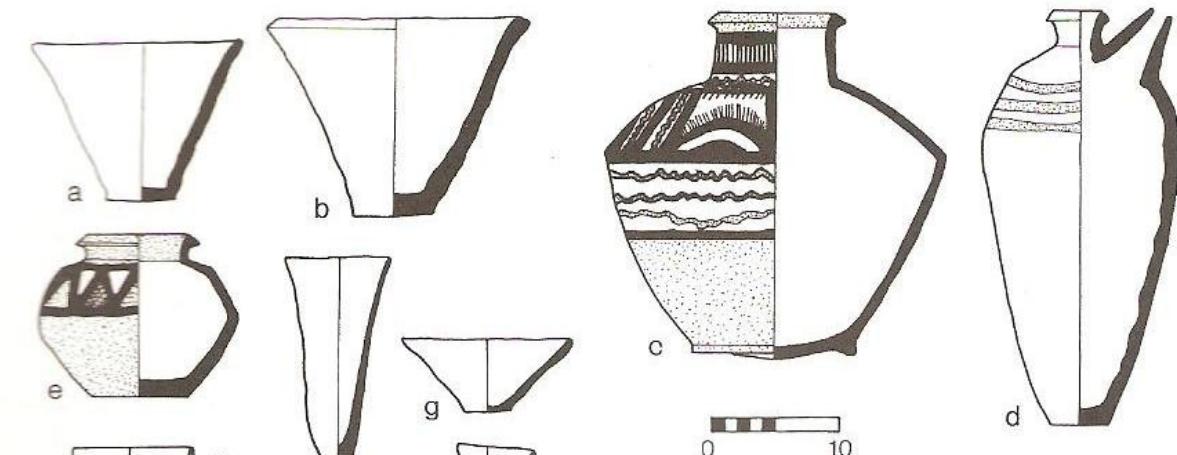
3.10 Settlement pattern maps for the Jemdet Nasr (*this page*) and Early Dynastic I (*next page*) periods, based on “raw” field data (after Adam 1981; figs. 18 and 21)



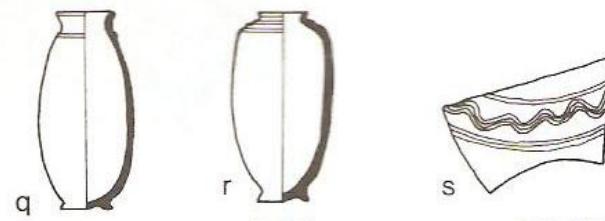
3.11 Settlement pattern maps for the Early Dynastic II-III (*this page*) and Akkadian (*next page*) periods, based on “raw” field data (after Adams 1981:figs. 29 and 30)

SUMER, AKKAD AND ELAM

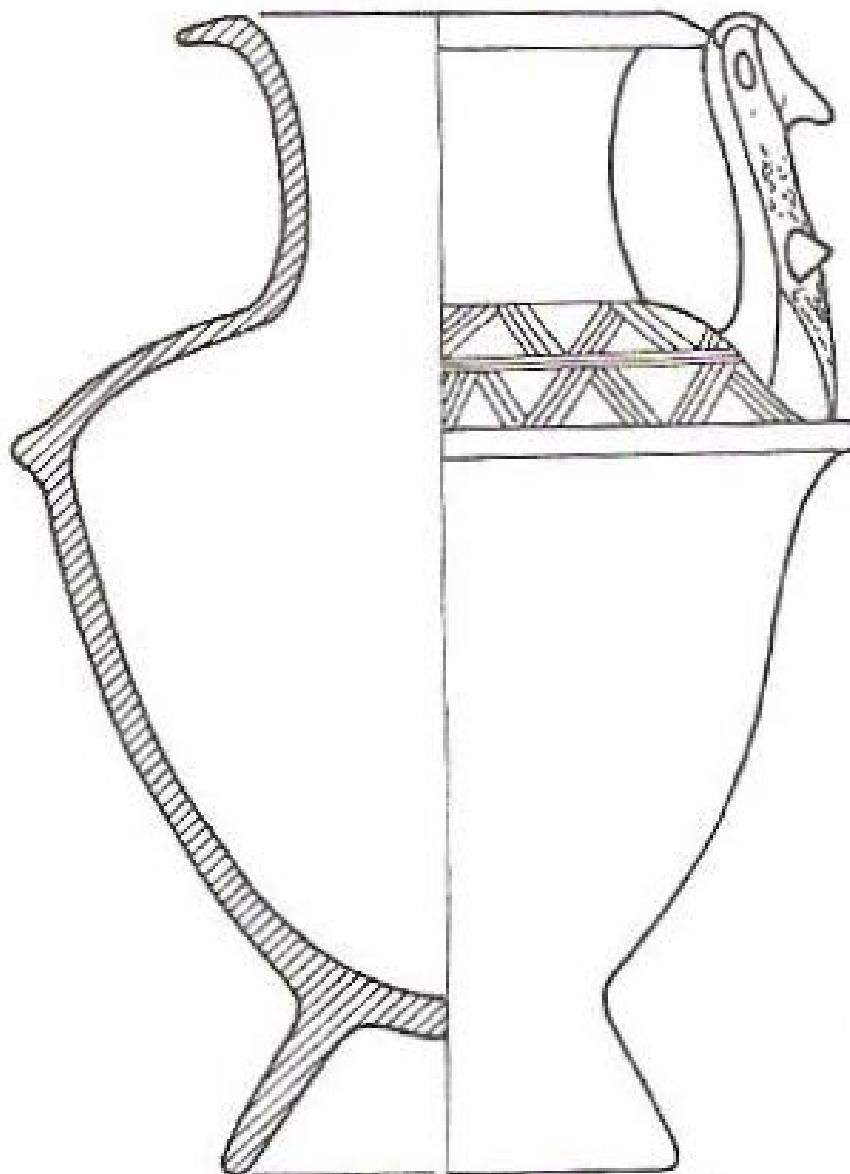
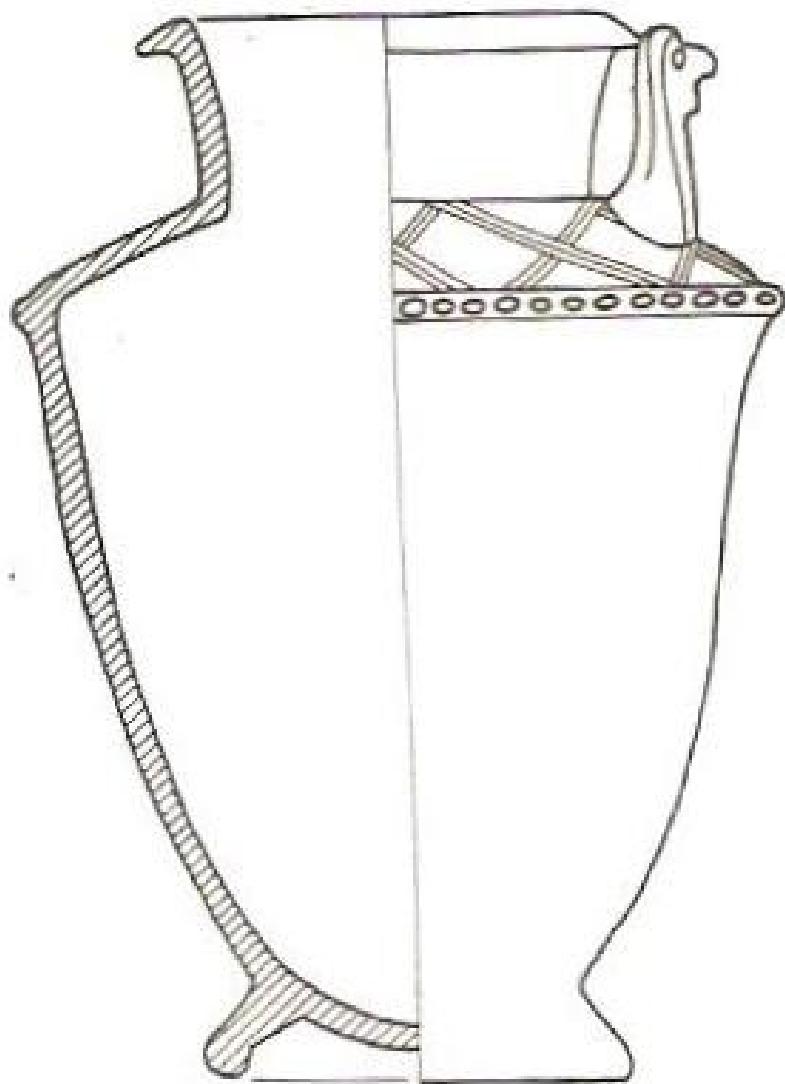




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SCARLET WARE VESSEL



SCARLET WARE

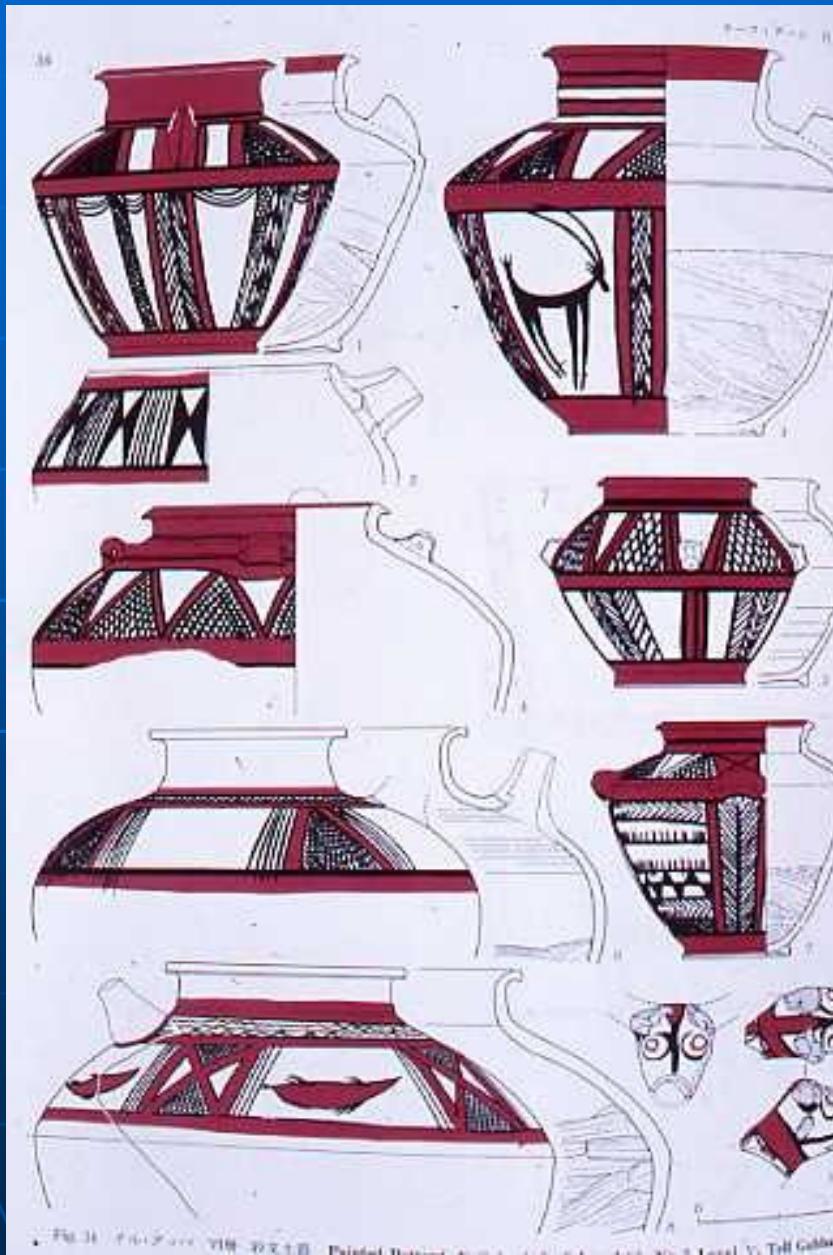
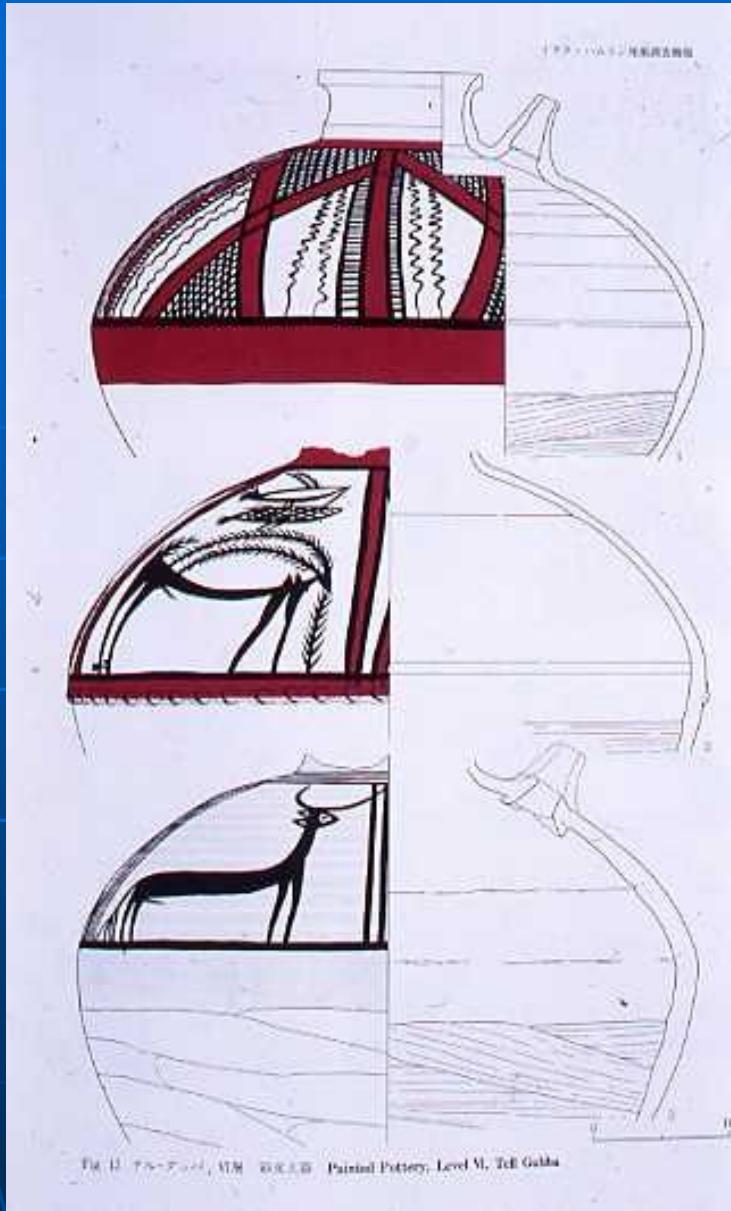


Fig. 34. *Scarlet Ware*. Painted Distemper. From the British Museum. No. 2. Lintel. V. Tell Gabba



スーク・アーチー H. 160

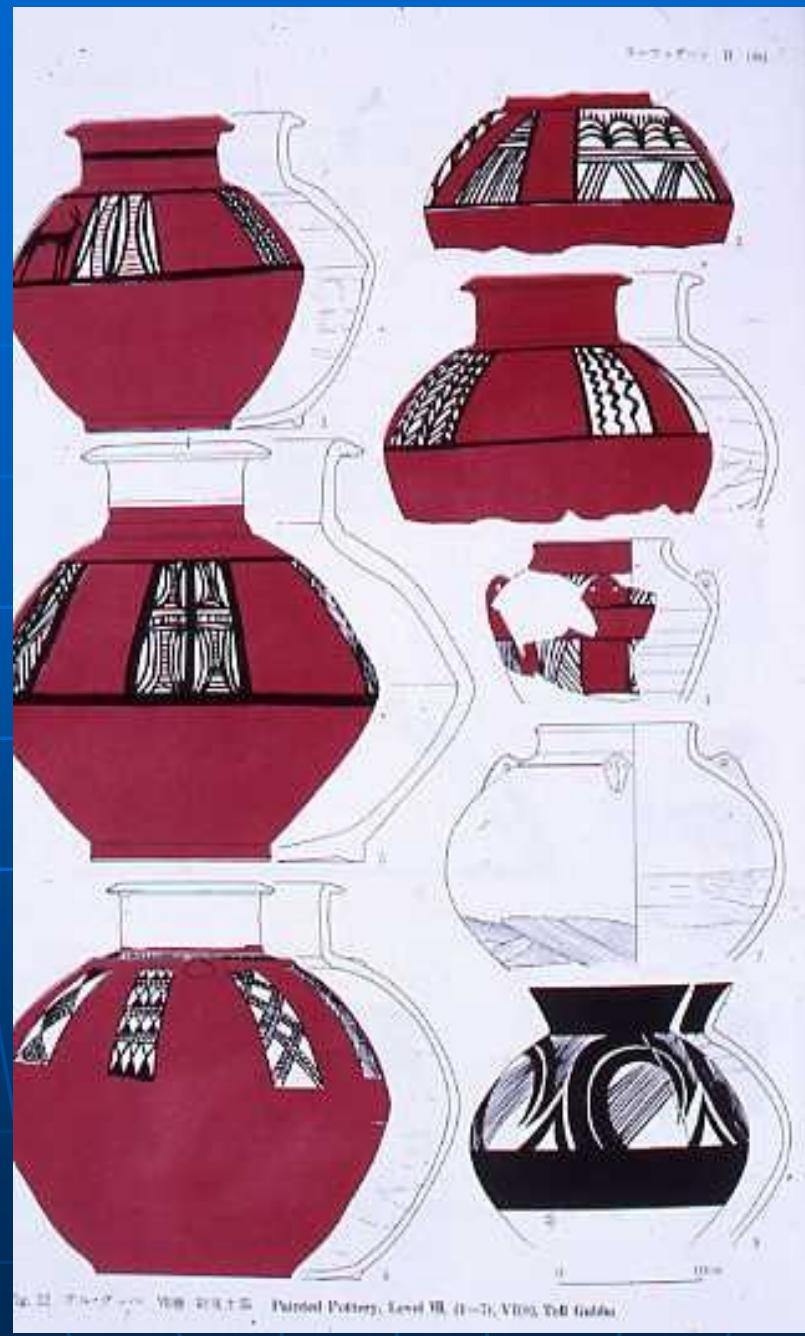
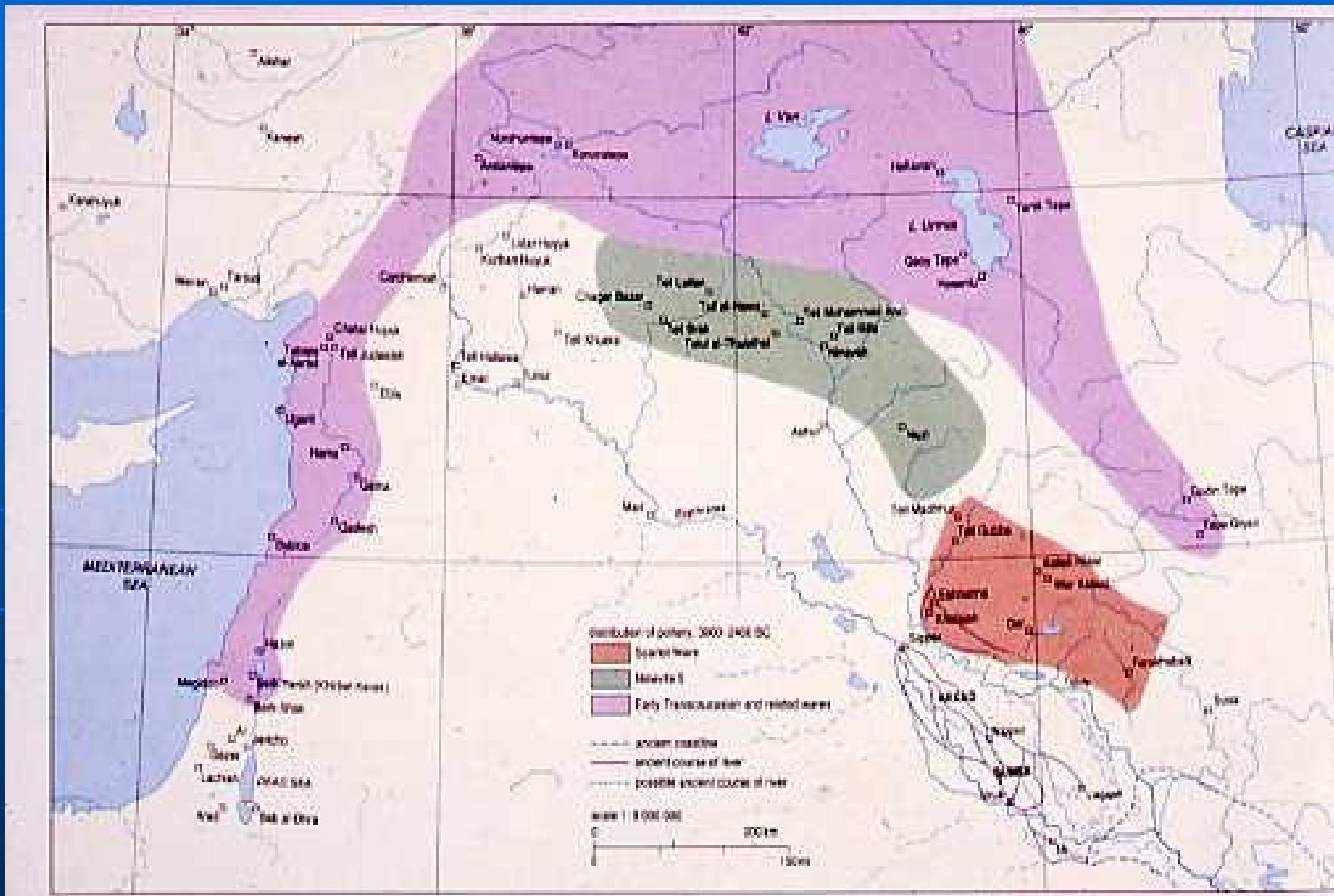
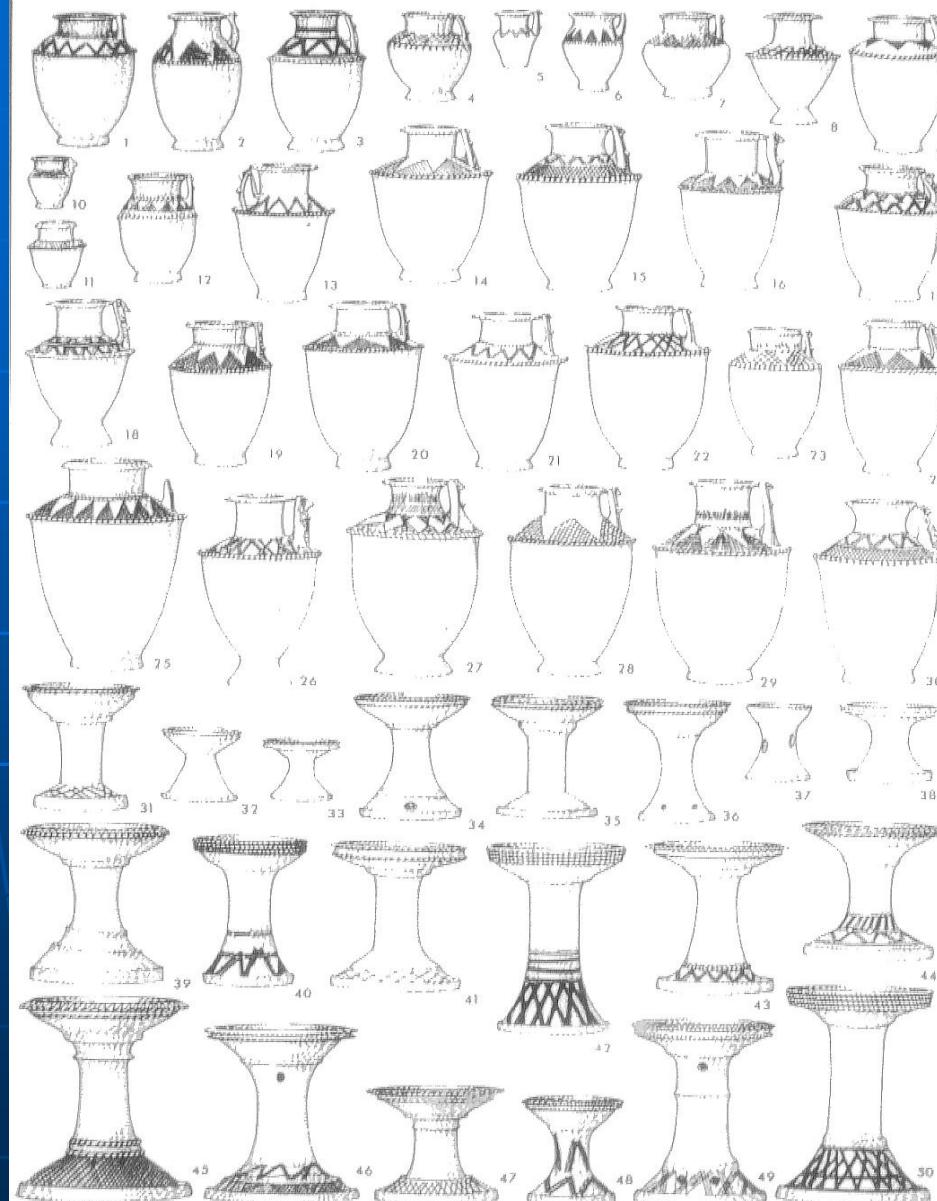


図22 テル・ゴルダット・Ⅲ層 繪文土器
Painted Pottery, Level III, (1-7), VII(B), Tell Goldat



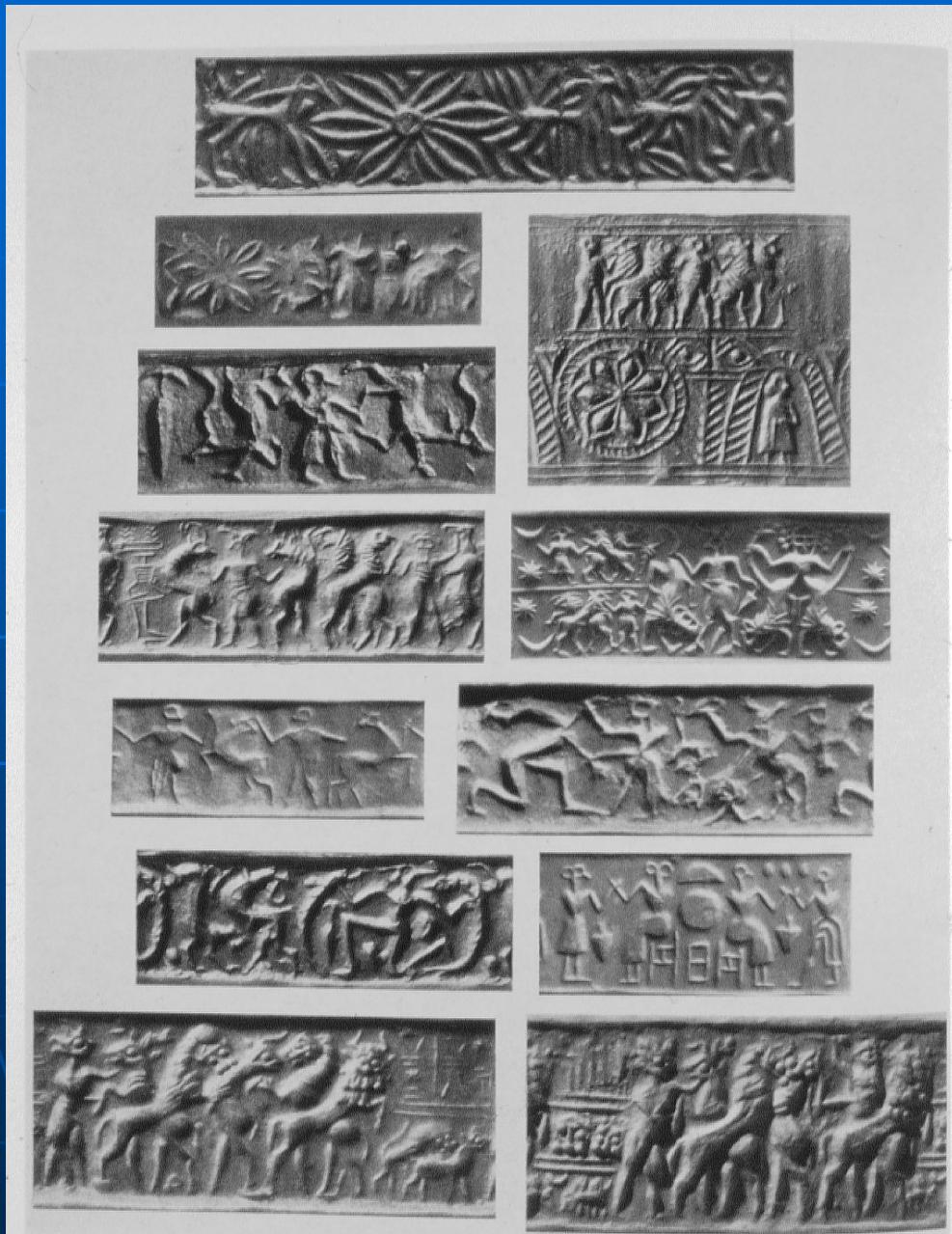
ED POTTERY FROM KISH

JAF 121, 201



Kish [51], Grabfunde vom Hügel A (nach E. Mackay)

SEAL IMPRESSIONS EARLY DYNASTIC I - III

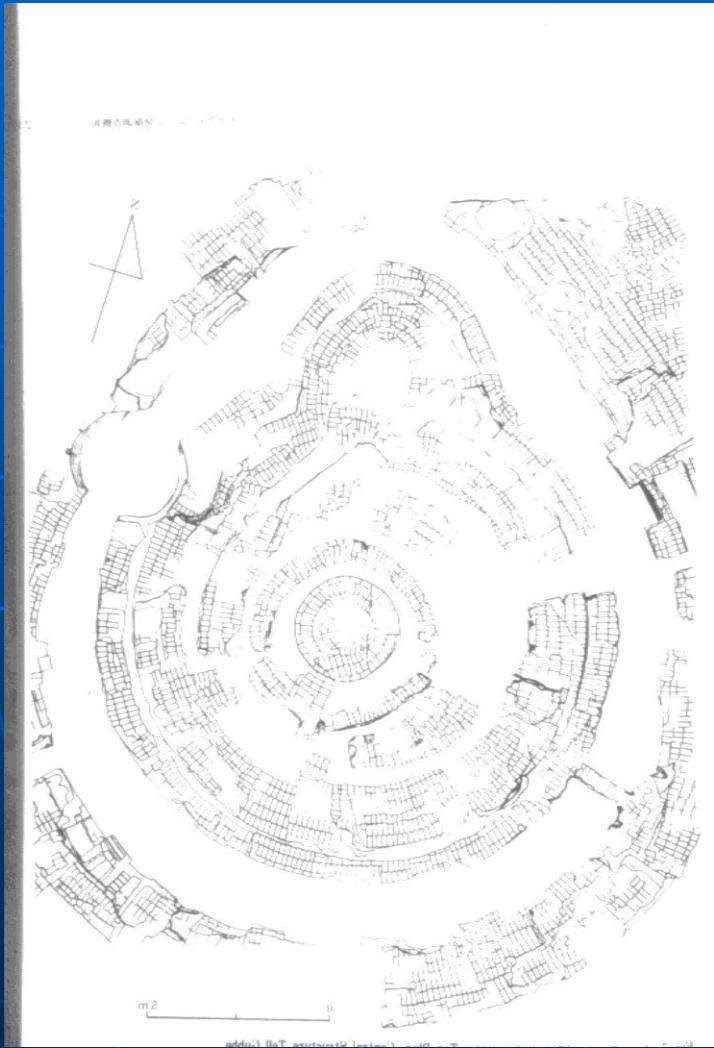


Cylinder
White alabaster
Mesopotamia
Early Dynastic II period (late),
circa 2700–2600 B.C.
4.39 h x 3.69 dia

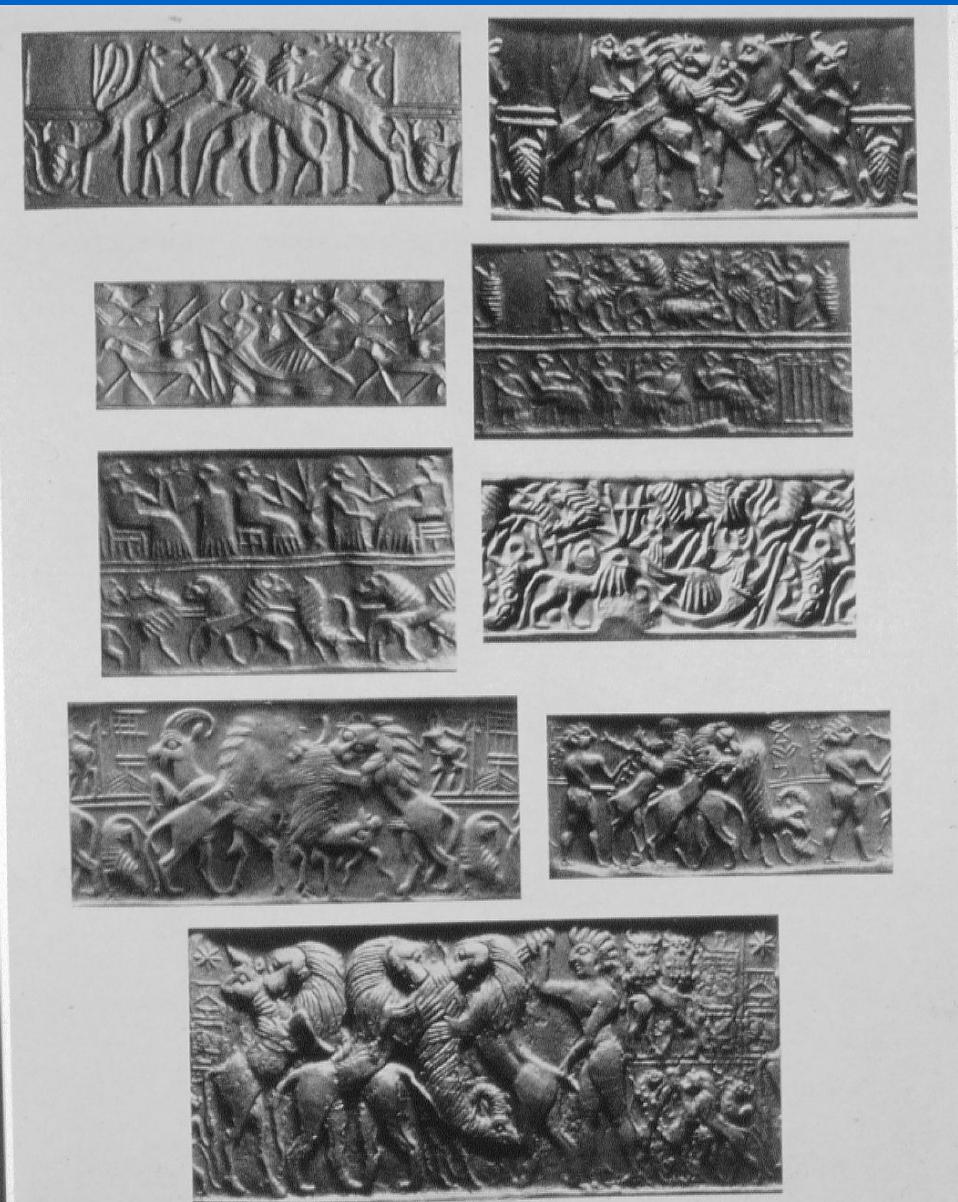
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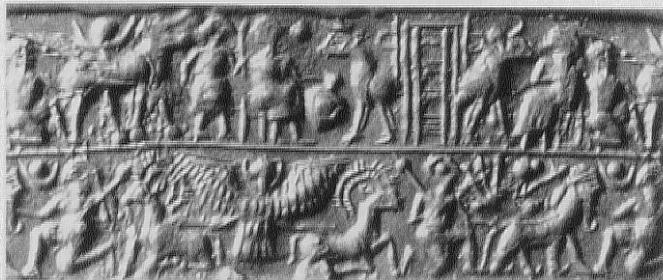
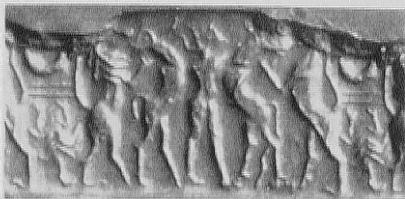
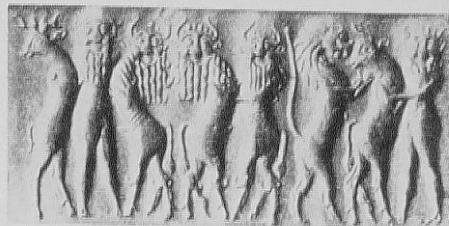


Tell Gubba/ Hamrin – ED II Round Building

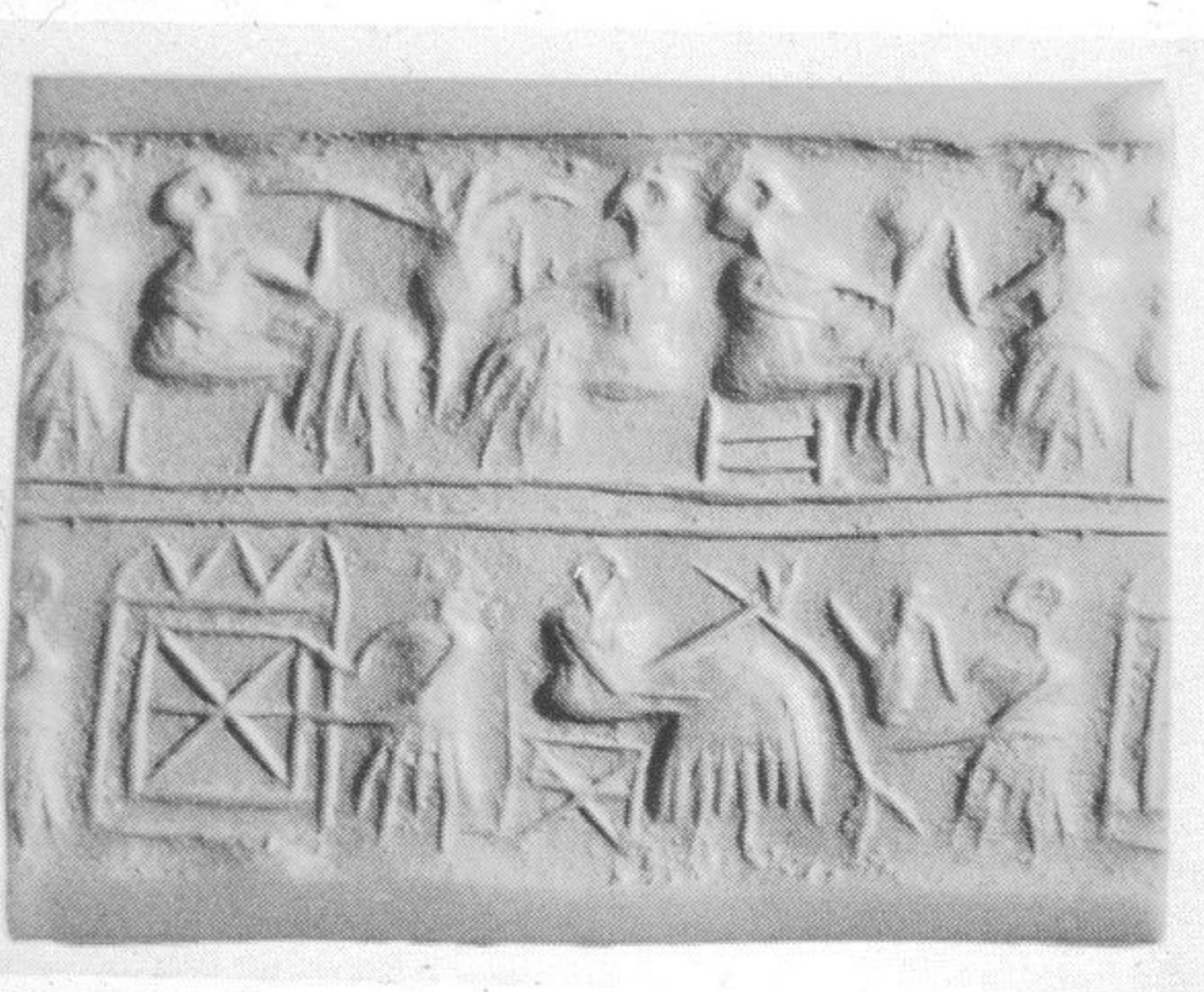


ED III SEAL IMPRESSIONS

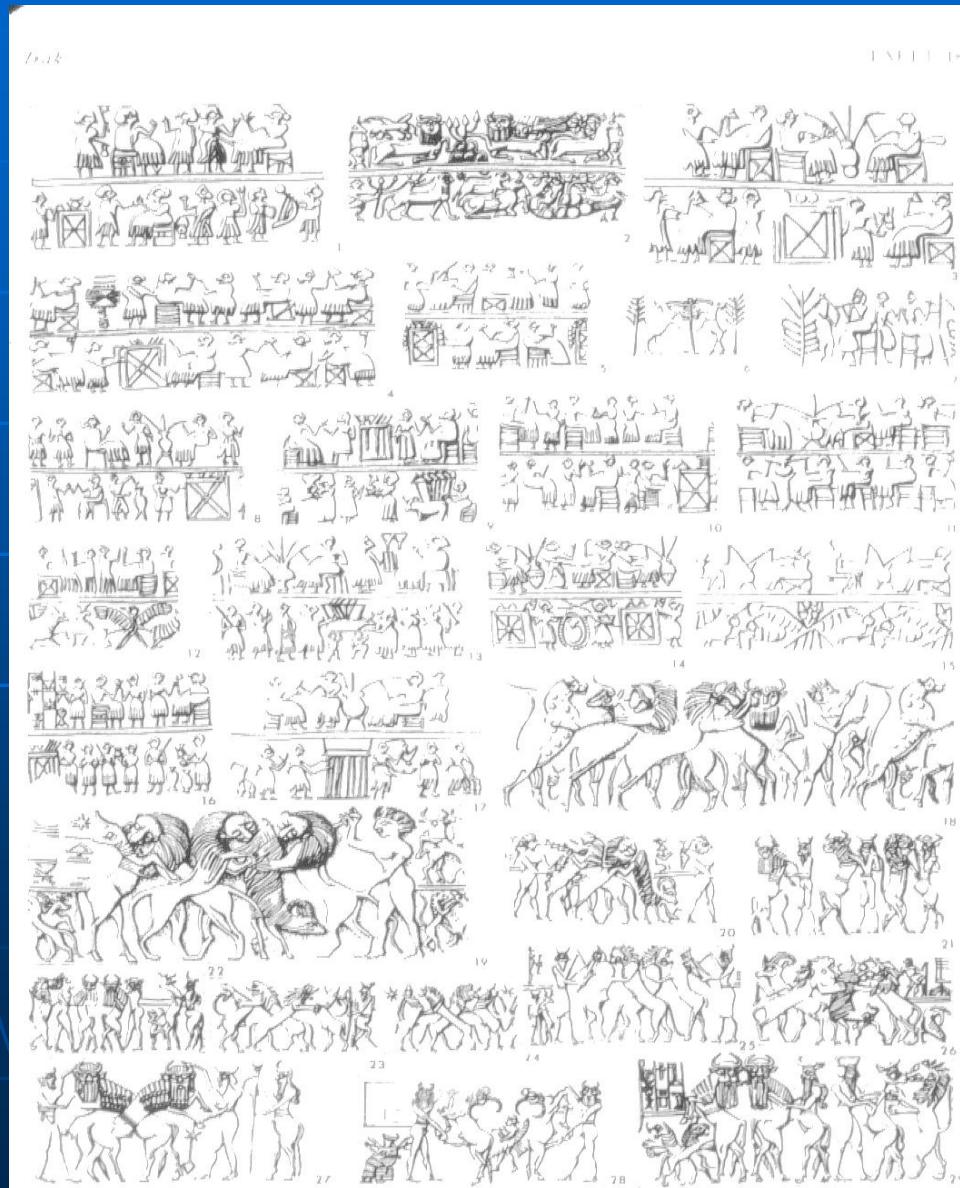




BANQUET SCENE - ED III



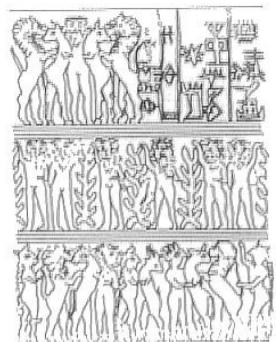
ED III SEAL IMPRESSIONS FROM THE ROYAL CEMETERY OF UR



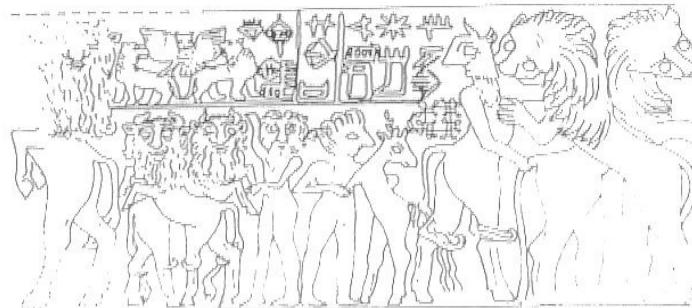
GIRSU AND UR SEAL IMPRESSIONS – ED III

310

ANTONIO INVERNIZZI



495



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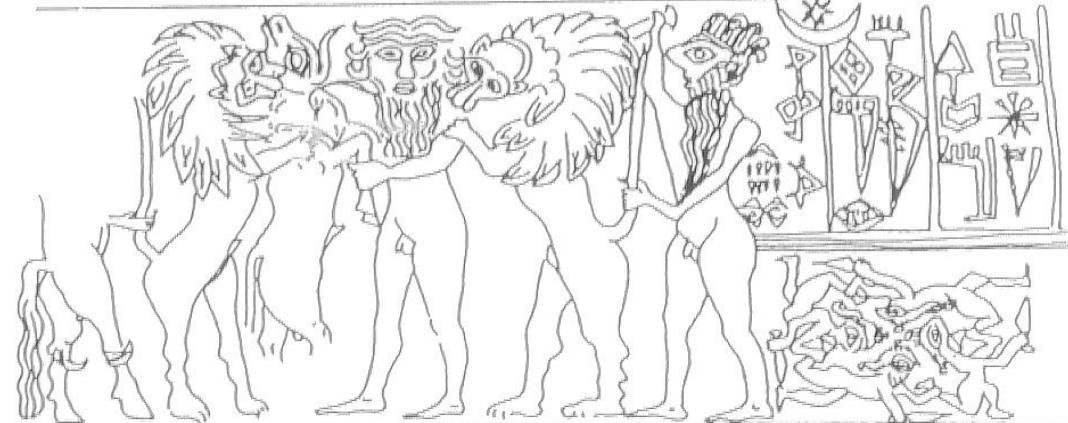


Fig. 495-497 Motivi di cilindri, PDIII.

Fig. 495 Tello: con iscrizione di Barnamтара, sposa di Lugalandа (h. 4.8) (Allotte de la Fuye 1907, tav. 3).

Fig. 496 Tello: con iscrizione di Lugalandа (h. 4.3) (Allotte de la Fuye 1907, tav. 1).

Fig. 497 Ur, SIS I: con iscrizione di Mesanneпадда re di Kish (h. 6) (Legrain 1936, UE III, 518).

ED III CHLORITE VESSELS

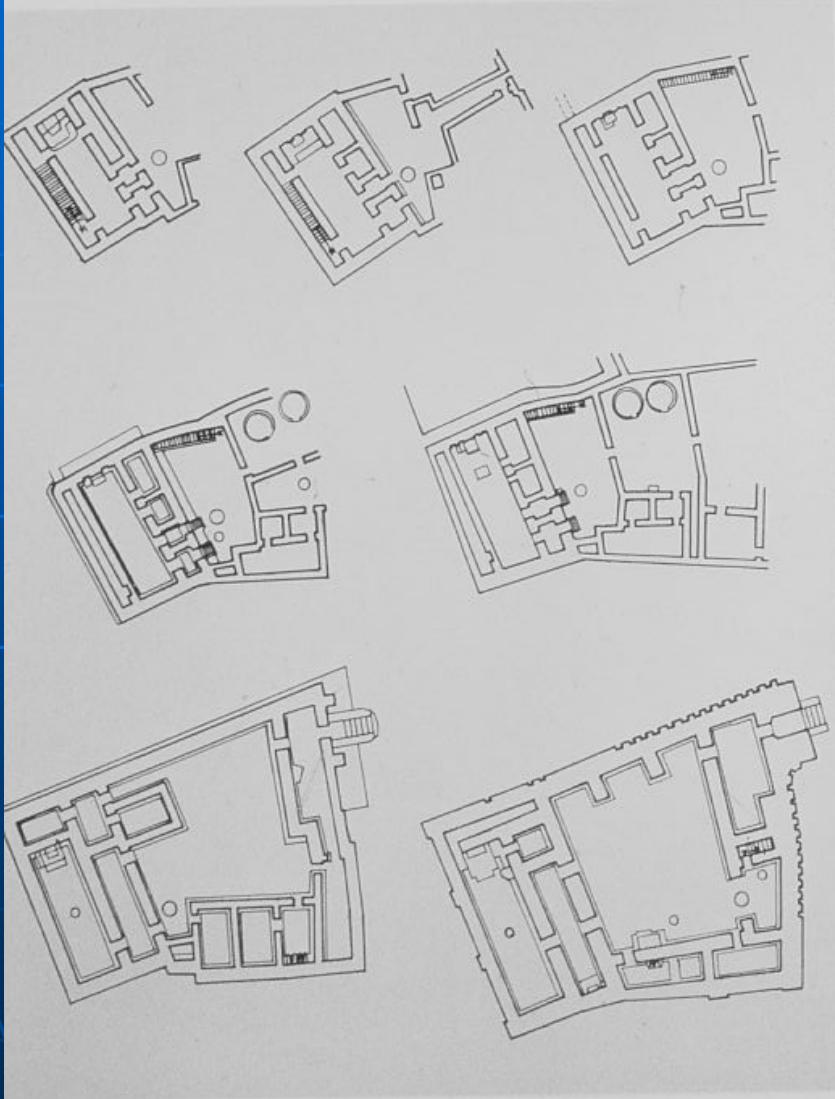


77. Fragment eines Gefäßes, aus Hatay, fruk. aliphridynastisch, um 2800/2700 v. Chr.; Bagdad

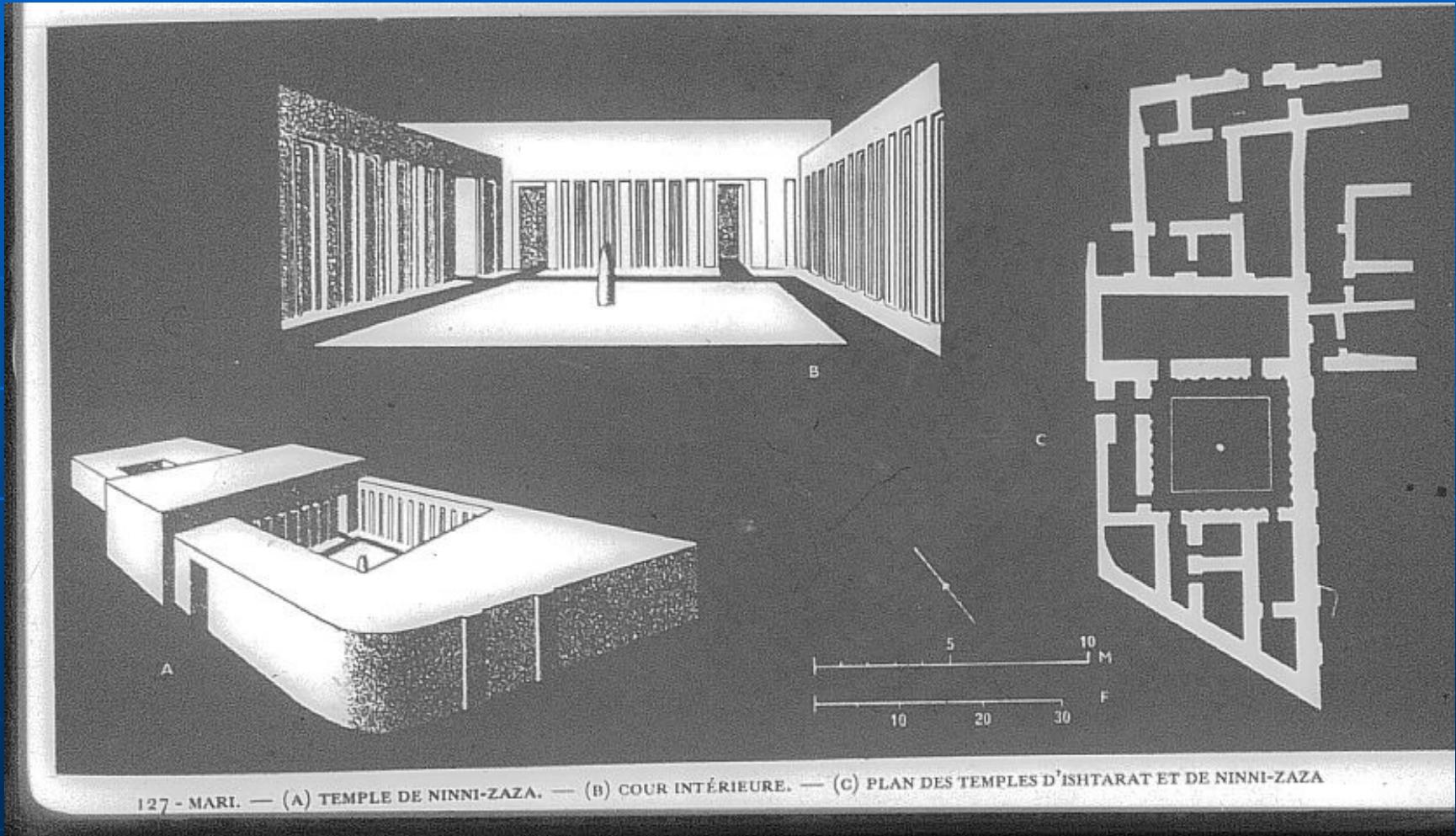
SIN TEMPLE – KHAFAJE, PHASES I-VII

Le tissu urbain de ces centres, à l'origine du moins, ils ne semblent pas avoir eu une fonction exclusive dans l'économie de la ville. Une succession continue de

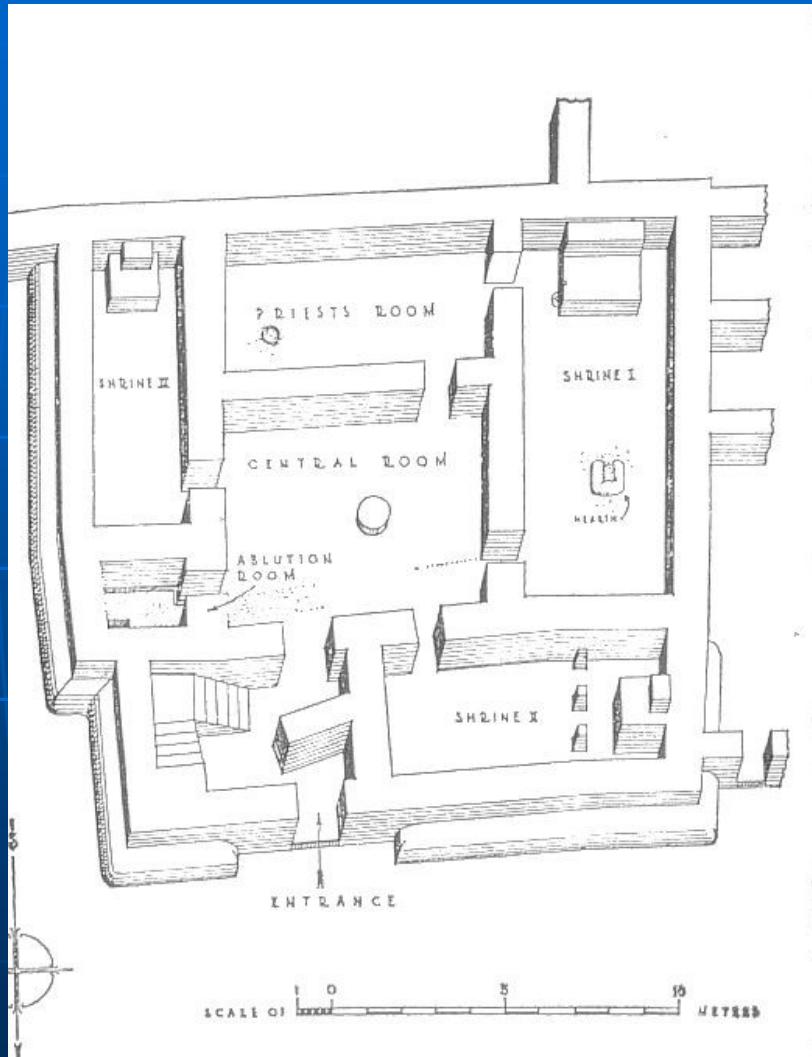
forme de coude, c'est-à-dire qu'on entre dans la *cella* par le fond du côté principal et qu'on fait un tour de 90° pour se diriger vers l'autel



ISHTARAT AND NINNI-ZAZA TEMPLE FROM MARI

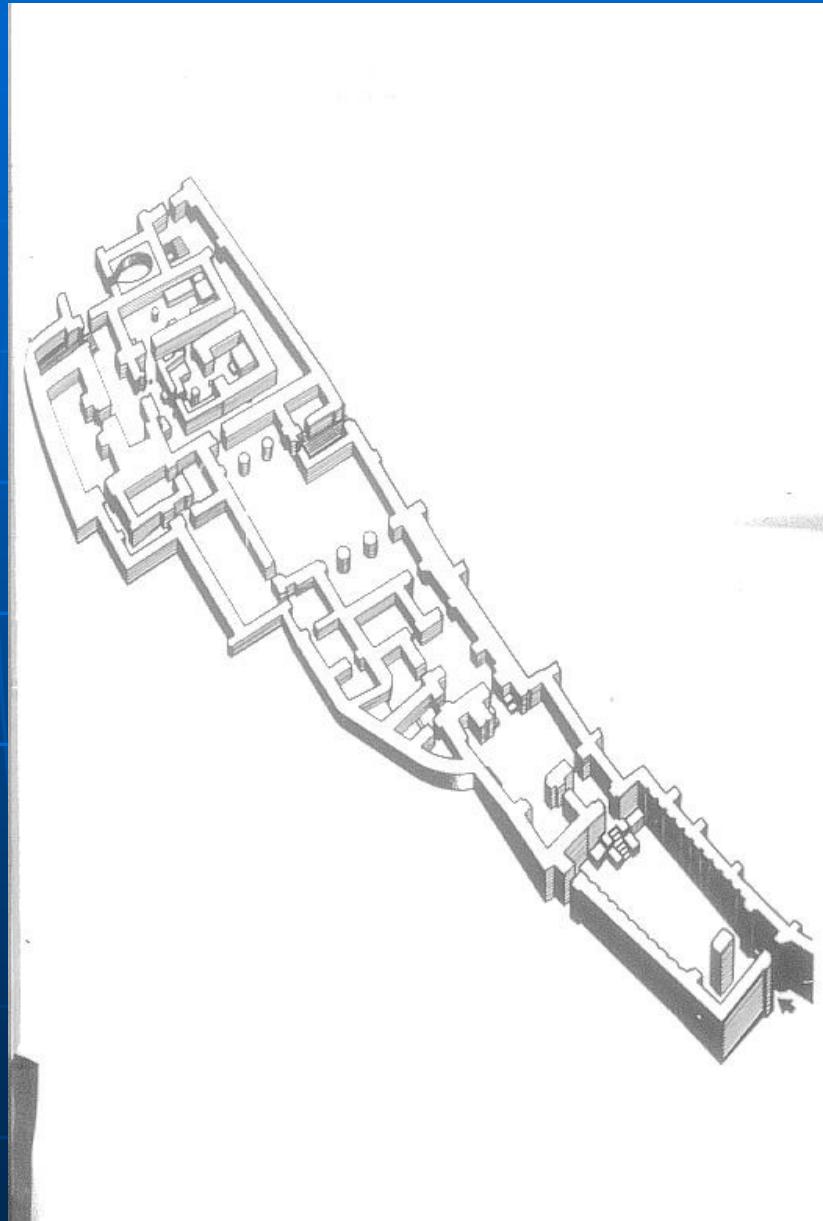


ABU TEMPLE (ED II) – ESHNNNA (Tell Asmar)

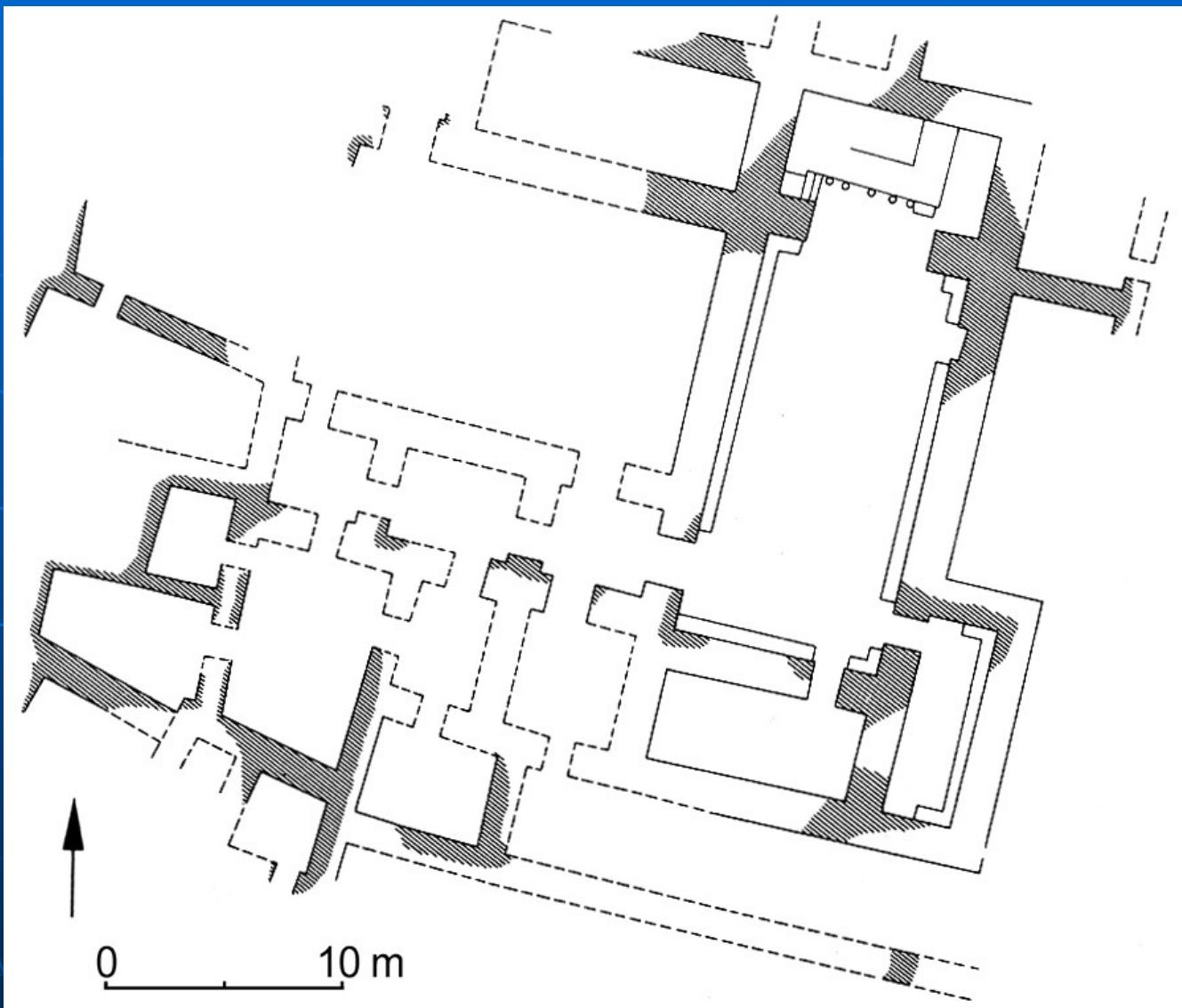


6 Tell Asmar, Temple d'Abu de la période de Mésilim (dit «Square Temple»), perspective axonométrique. – D'après P. DELOUGAZ et S. LLOYD, OIP, 1942, LVII.

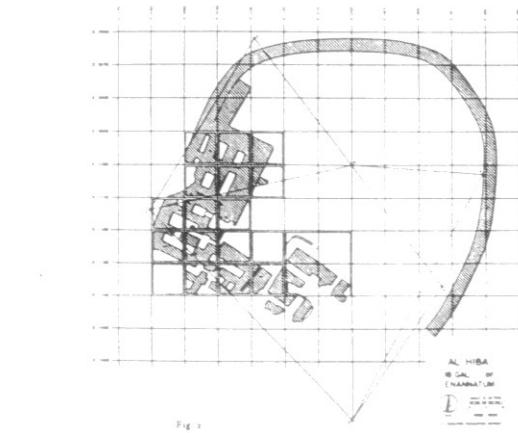
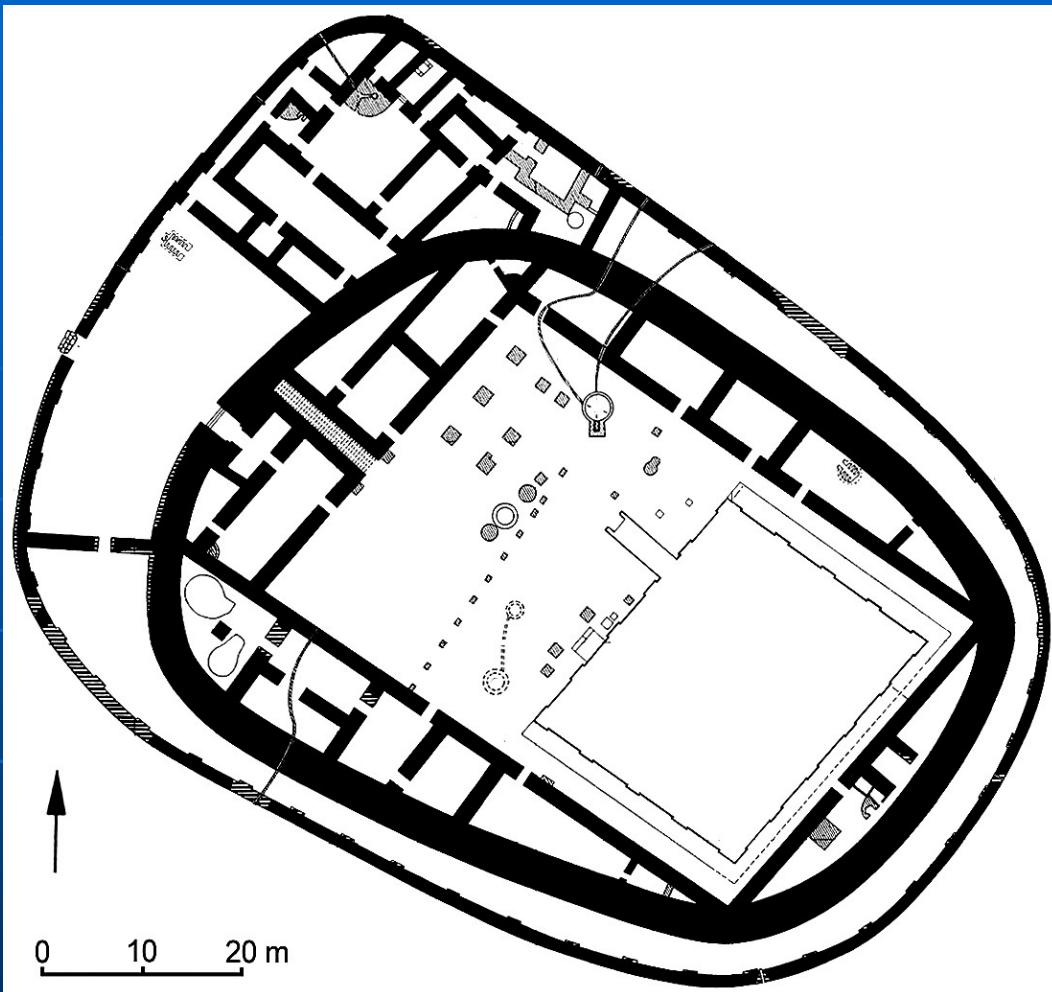
INANNA TEMPLE FROM NIPPUR



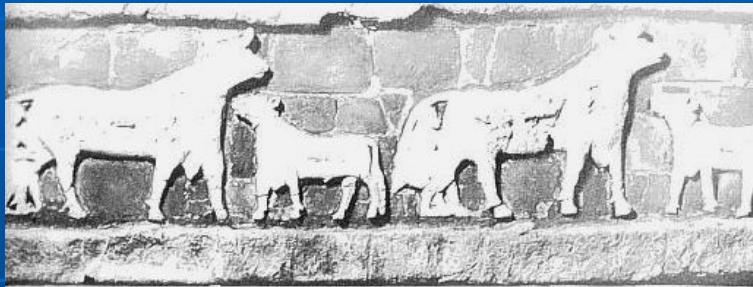
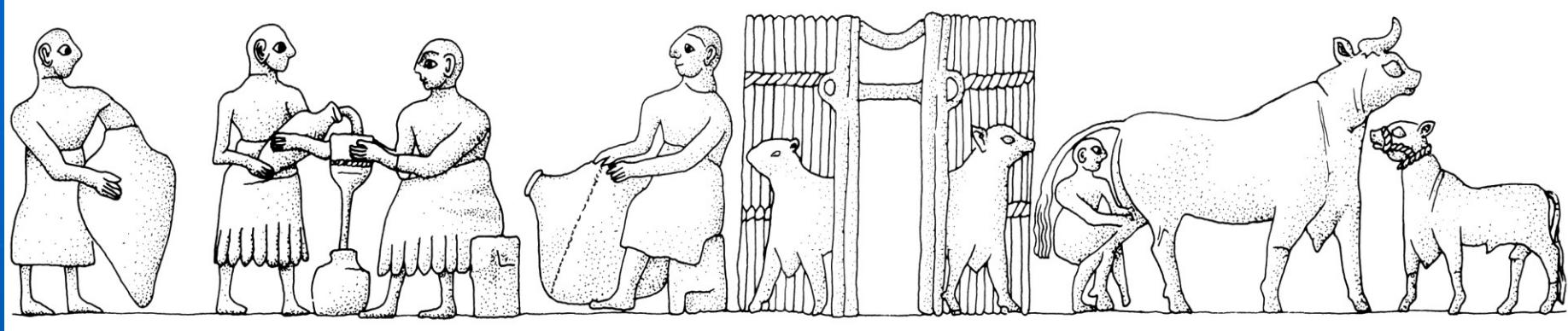
ISHTAR TEMPLE – ASHUR (ED)



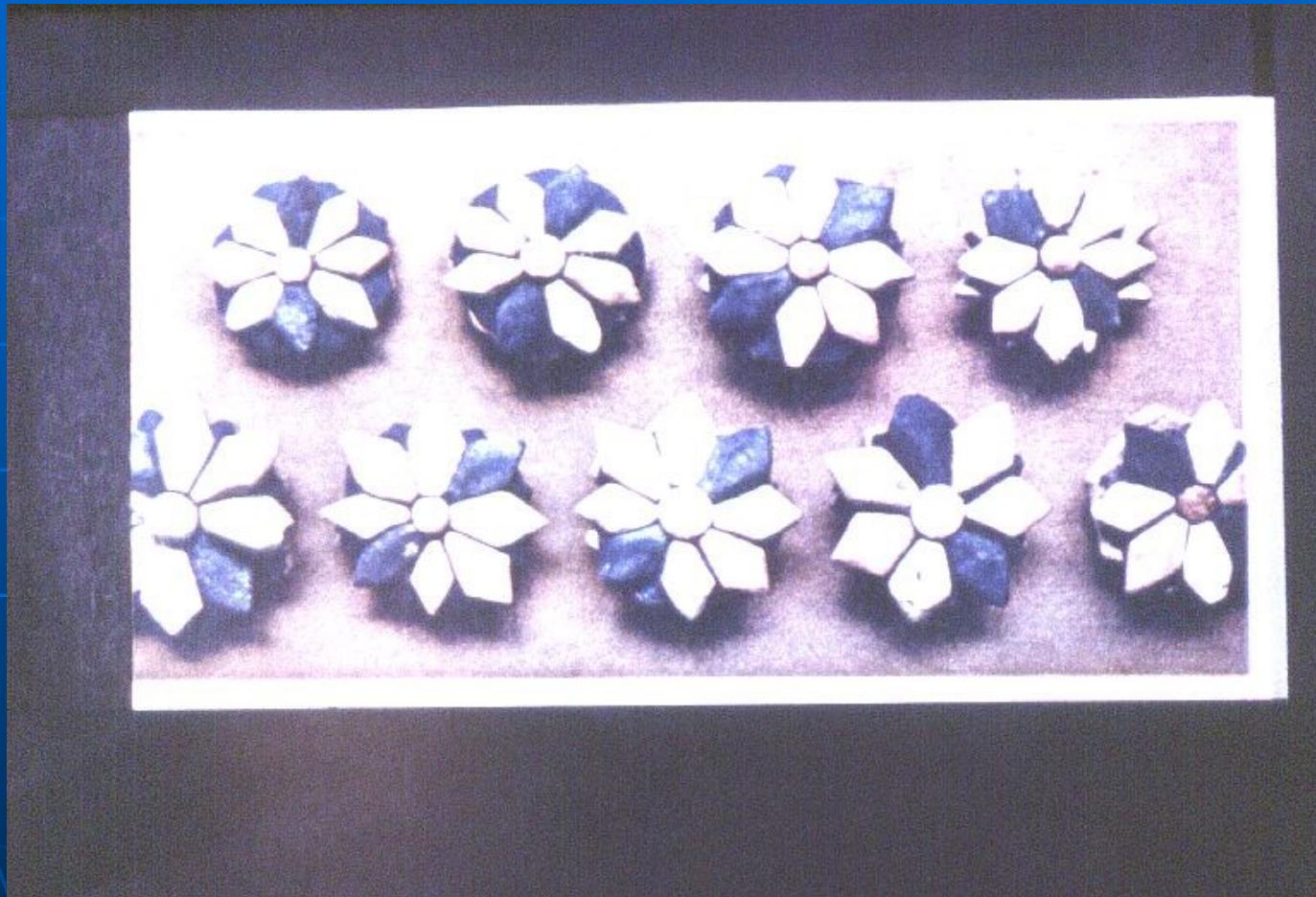
OVAL TEMPEL – KHAFAJE, INANNA TEMPLE – LAGASH (al.-Hiba)



FRIEZE DEPICTING MILKING OF TEMPLE COWS – AL.-UBAID TEMPLE



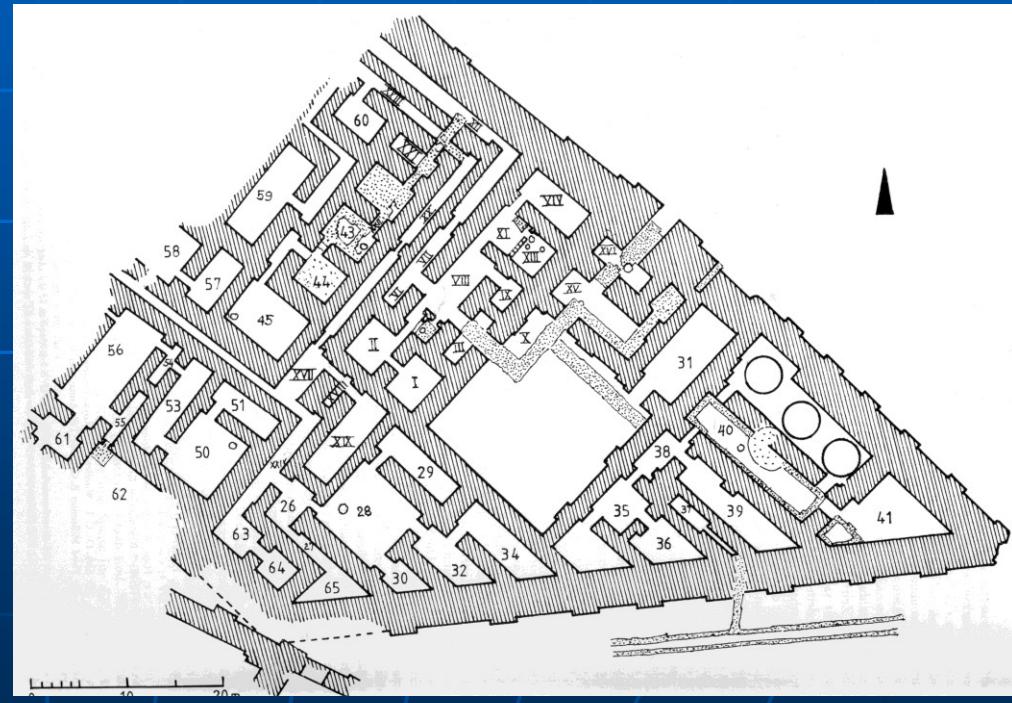
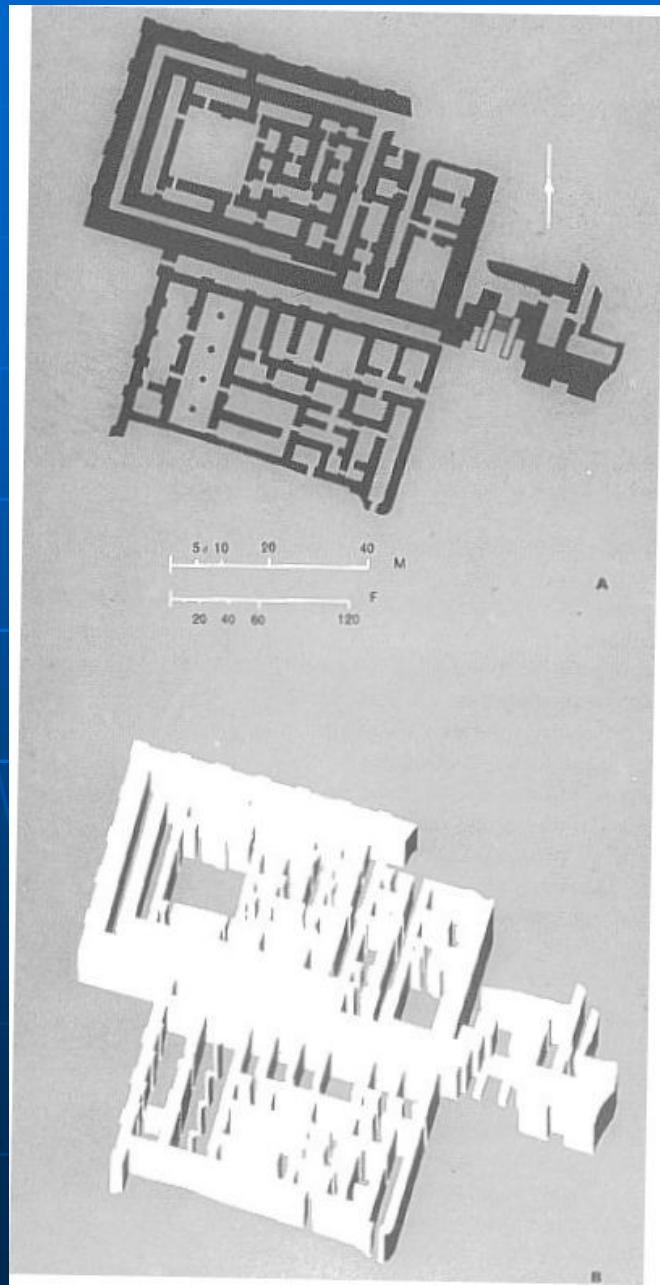
CLAY CONES WITH PETALS – AL UBAID TEMPLE



„IMDUGUD RELIEF” – AL. UBAID TEMPLE



KISH – PALACE A AND „PLANO-CONVEX BUILDING”



ERIDU „PALACE”

