

**第5課 1 Adjectives (Present Tense)**

① For each of the adjectives below, write the meaning and determine whether it is an い- or a な-adjective. (You may want to refer to the Vocabulary section [pp. 98-99].) Then, turn it into the negative, paying attention to the difference between the two types of adjectives.

	meaning	adjective type	negative
Ex. いそがしいです	busy	い / な	いそがしくありません
1. きらいです		い / な	
2. あたらしいです		い / な	
3. やさしいです		い / な	
4. しずかです		い / な	
5. ハンサムです		い / な	
6. つまらないです		い / な	
7. こわいです		い / な	

② Translate the following sentences into Japanese.

1. This watch is expensive.
2. This coffee is not delicious.
3. Professor Yamashita is energetic.
4. Books are not cheap.
5. I will not be free tomorrow.

## 第5課 2 Adjective Conjugation—1

▶ Fill in the conjugation table below.

い-adjectives

	1. large	2. expensive
dictionary form		
present affirmative		
present negative		
past affirmative		
past negative		

	3. frightening	4. interesting
dictionary form		
present affirmative		
present negative		
past affirmative		
past negative		

	5. old	6. good
dictionary form		
present affirmative		
present negative		
past affirmative		
past negative		

第5課 3 Adjective Conjugation—2

▶ Fill in the conjugation table below.

な-adjectives

	1. quiet	2. beautiful
dictionary form		
present affirmative		
present negative		
past affirmative		
past negative		

	3. healthy	4. fond
dictionary form		
present affirmative		
present negative		
past affirmative		
past negative		

	5. disgusted	6. lively
dictionary form		
present affirmative		
present negative		
past affirmative		
past negative		