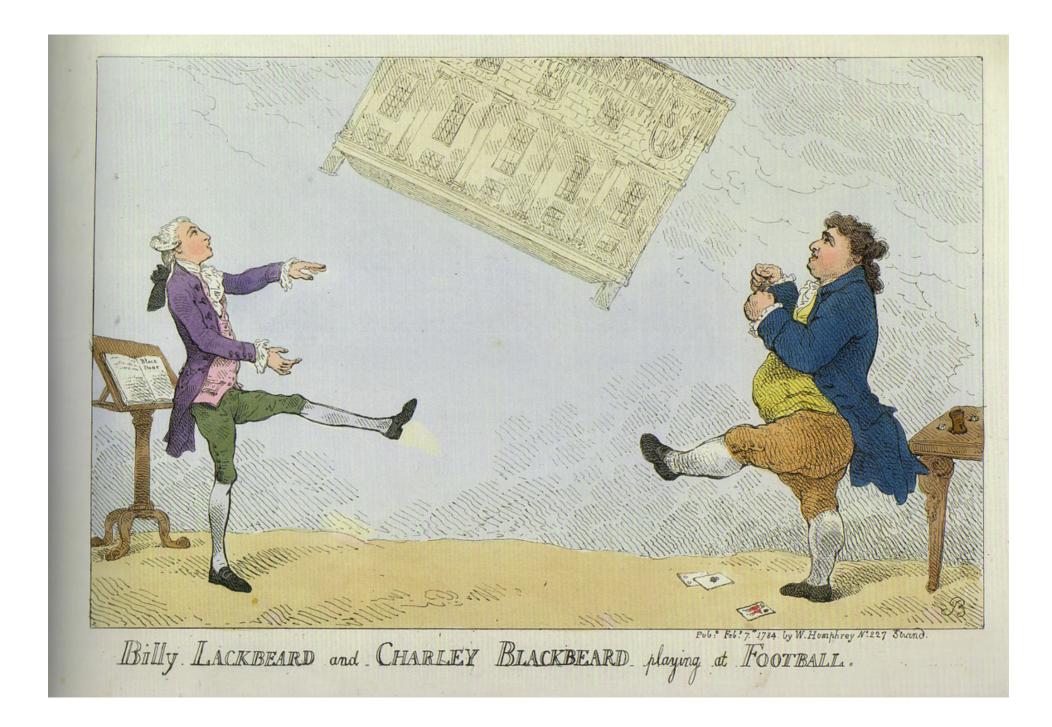


Kenneth G. Hay Professor Emeritus of Contemporary Art Practice, The University of Leeds, UK

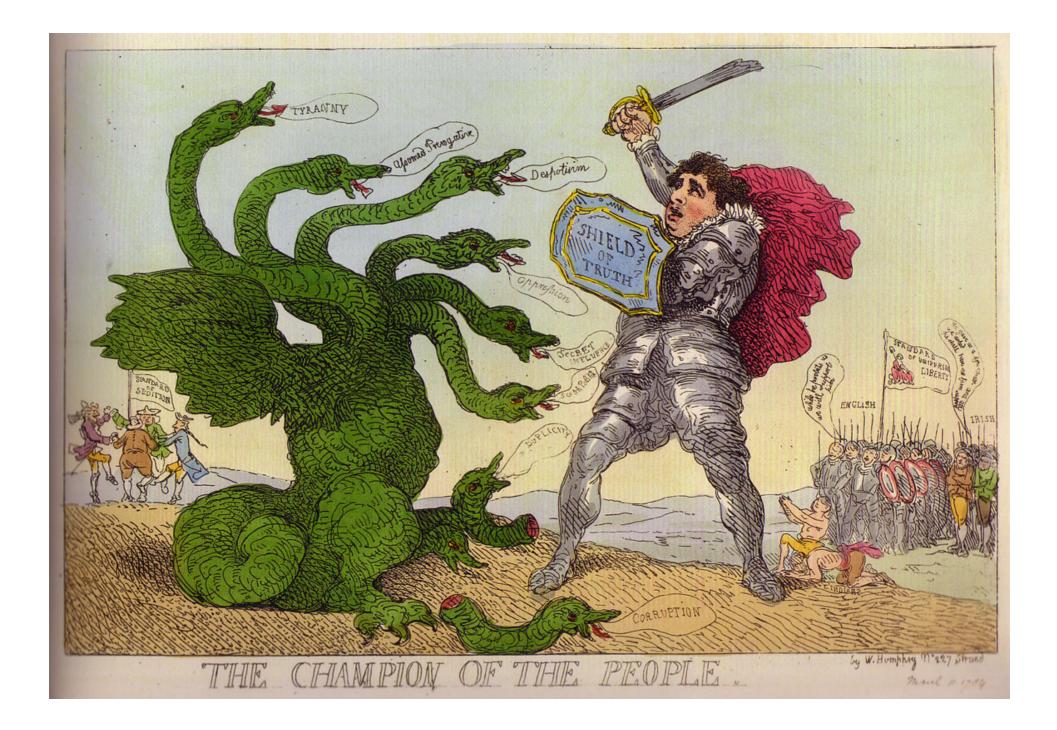
Thomas Rowlandson (1756-1827)

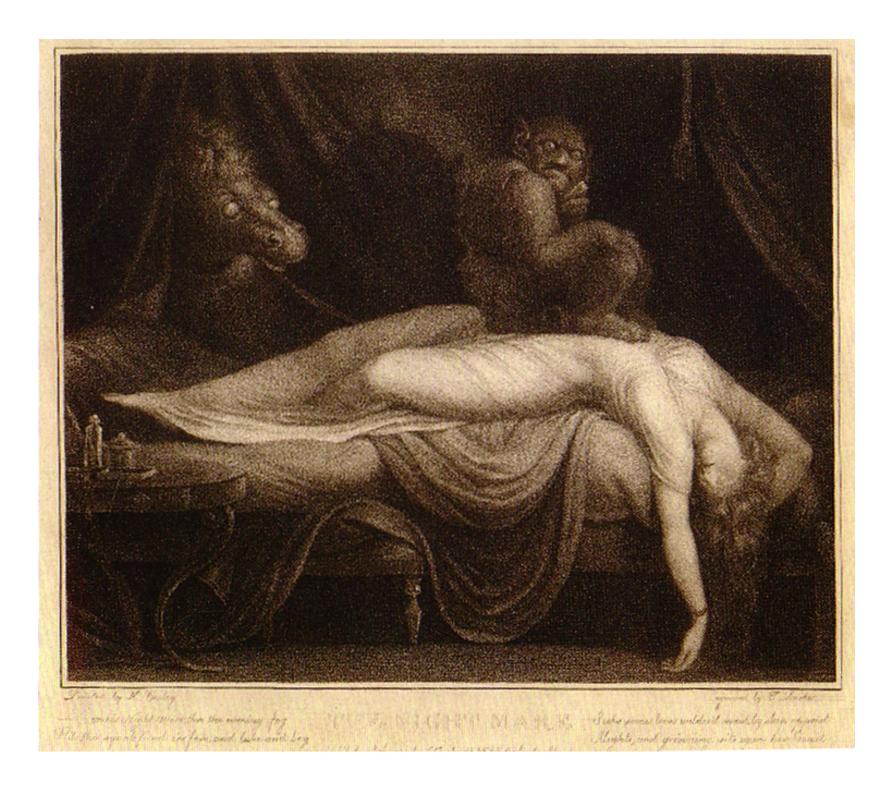


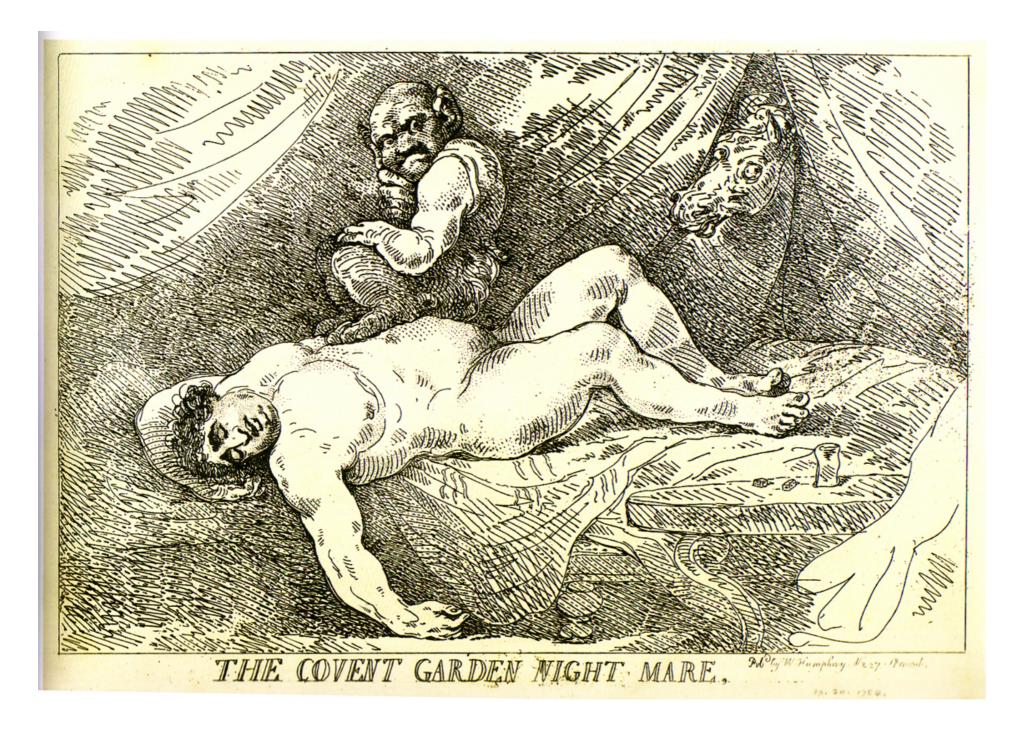
- Born in London, son of an impoverished weaver.
- 1759 Moved to North Yorkshire to stay with his aunt and uncle who lodged him and paid for him to study in London at the Barvis School then quite a famous Academy.
- Began drawing cartoons at school
- 1772 Spent two year in Paris studying drawing.
- Studied at the Royal Academy on his return
- Inherited £7000.00 on the death of his aunt and spent most of it on pleasures and gambling
- 1809 Started drawing cartoons professionally, producing many volumes of cartoons and satires.
- Died 1827, in London, , aged 72.











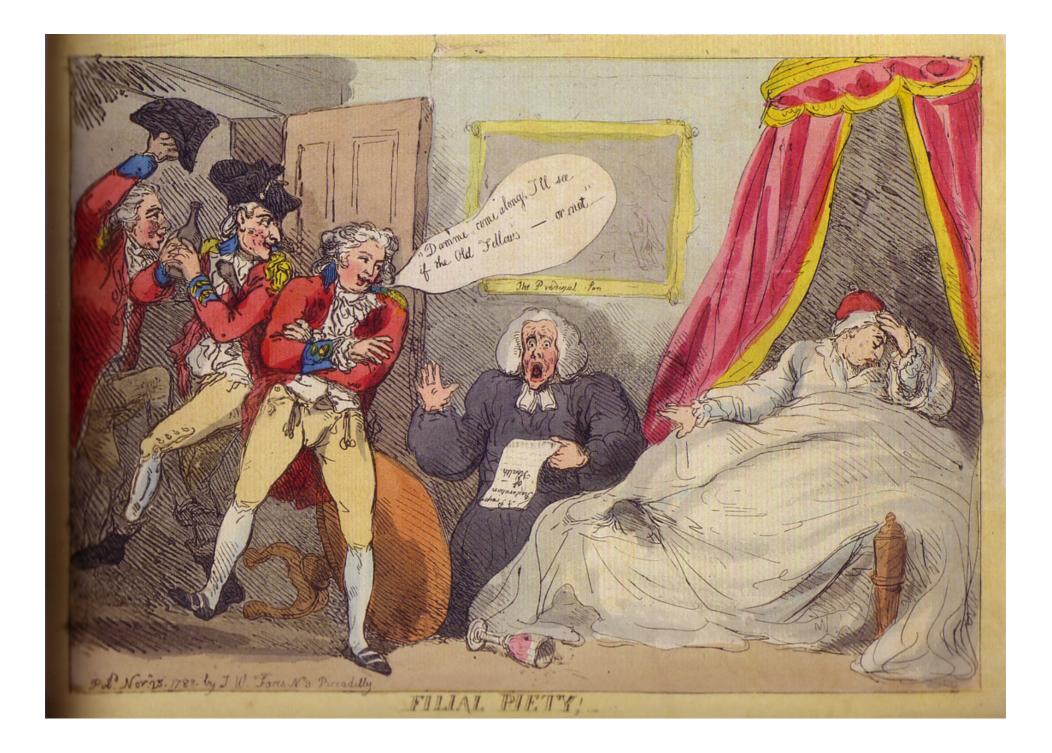


Thomas Gainsborough: Georgina, Duchess of Devonshire 1783



 Legend has it that the portrait was stolen by Adam Worth and that he slept with it under his mattress for 20 years.



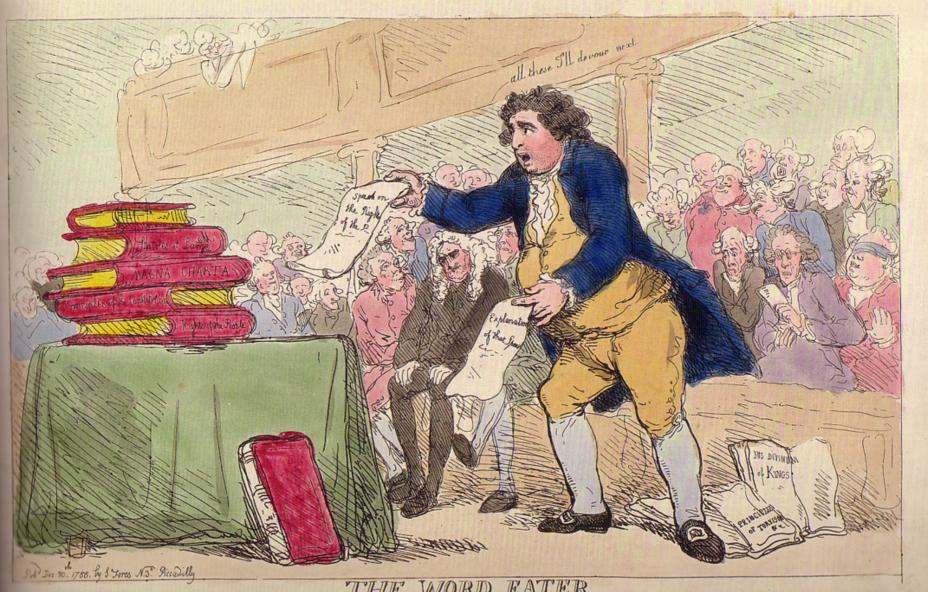




Thomas Gainsborough(1727-88), "Queen Charlotte" 1872



- There were widespread concerns about the Germanborn Queen Charlotte's influence during the King's illness.
- Dennis O'Bryen's pamphlet criticised her and William Pitt for trying to exert influence over the Prince Regent (a follower and friend of Fox and the Whig interest)

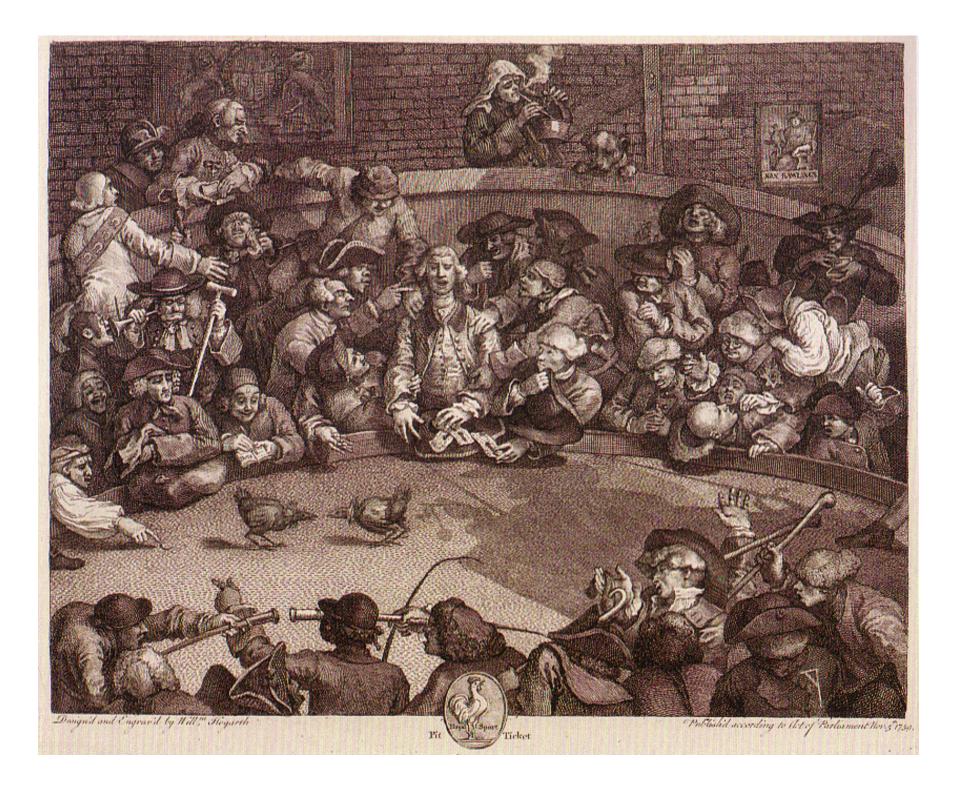


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A Little Tighter (1791)



- Published by Samuel Fores, 18 May 1791
- Etching with hand colouring, 39.1 x 31.2 cm
- Rowlandson mocks the ridiculousness of the enormous lady trying to squeeze herself into a tight corset with the help of a beleaguered tailor half her size who strains under the effort.

Anything will do for an Officer



- Watercolour, 1759, 19.7 x 16.1cm
- The diminutive officer, dwarfed by his sabre stands in front of a cannon. Probably a caricature of a French office, ridiculed by the Times as, "a set of rogues and plunderers".(1798).
- A print of this watercolour was published by Samuel Forbes in 1796 with a text which alludes to a bunch of schoolboys playing at soldiers, one of whom was so misshapen and small that the only option was to make him an officer..

Rachael Pringle of Barbadoes



- Published by William Holland, 1796.
- Etching and Aquatint with hand colouring, 56 x 44.2 cm
- Rachael Pringle-Polgreen was the daughter of a dissolute Scottish schoolmaster and an enslaved African woman who together ran a shop in Bridgetown Jamaica. Her father's name was Lauder, but she took her name from Thomas Pringle, an officer who purchased her from her violent father and set her free. She subsequently came under the protection of a man called Polgreen, whose name she also took.. By the early 1780s she had become one of the most successful women in Bridgetown, running a tavern.hotel which hosted locals and travellers, including possibly Prince William (George III's son later King William IV).
- Produced five years after her death, it is clear that Rowlandson did not intend this print to be satirical. It is rather a portrait print, of interest to the British market, interested in her story and appearance.

High Spirits (c.1800)



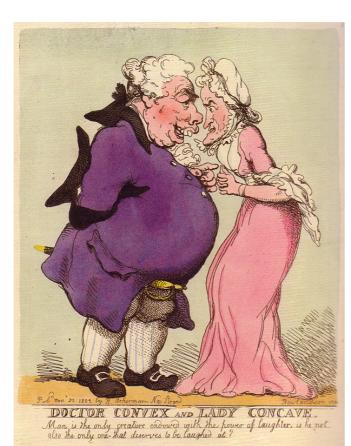
- Pen with brown ink and watercolour washes, 22 x 18 cm
- Rowlandson often depicted drunks. 'High Spirits' is from a series of dishevelled, somewhat depressed looking women. The date is difficult to ascertain except for an inscription on the reverse to Thomas Tegg in 1804 suggesting it was an old drawing sent to him some time after its creation.

The Unwelcome Visitor (c.1800)



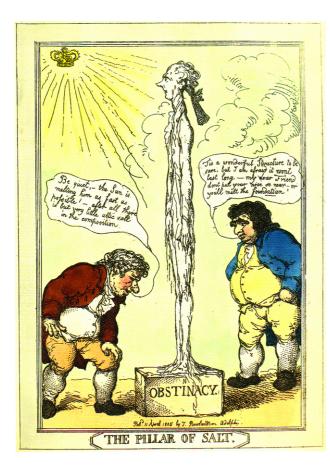
- Pen and ink with watercolour over pencil, 25,7 x 19.5 cm
- The woman, clearly pregnant, looks at the shocked man with the air of a *fait accompli*. His panic and discomfort are evident.
- The addition of the man behind the door, invisible to the couple but seen by the viewer, raising his finger to his nose, to suggest that the father of the babe is not the old man to whom the girl is presumably attached.

Dr Convex & Lady Concave



- Published by Rudolph Ackerman, 20 November 1802. Etching with hand colouring, 25.2 x 20 cm
- A gentle satire on the discrepancies of appearance and status in a couple.
- The figures draw together in complicity.
- The quotation is from Fulke Greville, an Elizabethan courtier and provides justification in the viewer's amusement with the figures' appearance.

The Pillar of Salt



- Published by Rowlandson in the Adelphi, 11 April 1805.
- Etching with hand colouring 42.3 x 31.2 cm
- William Pitt resigned from government in February 1801 after failing to secure Catholic emancipation.
- In 1804 he returned to politics, forming an alliance with Henry Addington whom he had previously attacked.
- But his position, and health were failing.
- He tried to secure an alliance with Russia to ward of the threat of Napoleon but failed to get the support of the King or Parliament.
- Rowlandson shows Pitt as a pillar of salt on a plinth of Obstinacy, melting under the rays of a royal crown.
- His rivals Fox and Sheridan predict that he won't last long and lacks 'attic salt' (wit).
- Pitt had been described as obstinate by the King, and had previously increased the tax on salt. He died, worn out by pressures of office on the 23 January 1806. 24



Why yes 't be all vory foine if it be true But I can't forget that d - d Omnium last week - they, be always one way or other in contradictions' I tell thee what Charley since thee hast become a great mon. I think in my heart thee beest always conjuring' There Master Bull what To you think of that I told you I would surprise you - Pretominaries of Peace Huzzat Calais at Fel July 21. 1806 by J. Rowlandson No James St. addphi ENTS AT DOVER OR MASTER CHARLEYS MAGIC LANTHORN. EX







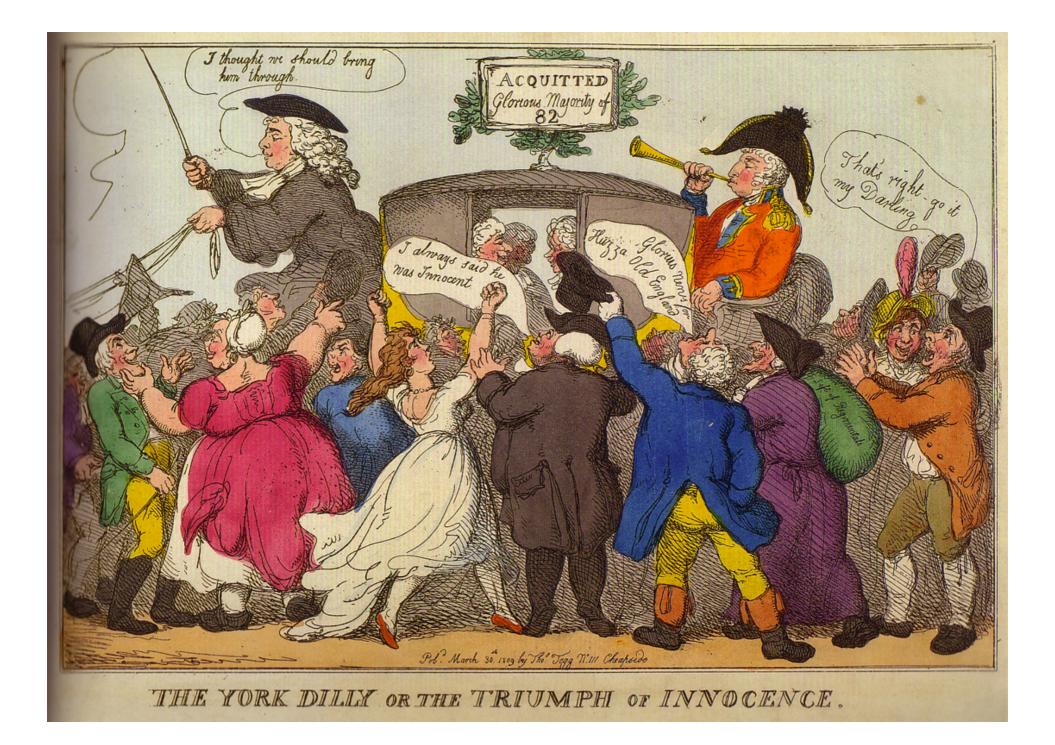












A New Cock Wanted. Or work for the plumber



- Published by Thomas Tegg Cheapside 20 April 1810. 35 x 25 cm
- A young lover abandoned for a new. A handsome plumber has come to fix an old tap dating from the reign of George II.
- The mistress of the house is clearly flirting with him
- The older husband raises his hand to his head, making the sign of the cuckold, and the dog behind him yowls for his old master.

John Bull at the Italian Opera



- Published by Thomas Rowlandson, 2 October 1811, Etching and hand colouring, 35.2 x 24.9 cm
- The print plays on the infectious character of yawning. An Italian opera singer with his mouth open has set a number of those in their boxes to yawn. The orchestra plays grimly on.
- John Bull clenches his fists in the top box, determined to enjoy himself.
- In the 18th-century, Italian opera was the preserve of the élite, but also the object of xenophobic disdain. The Times described the audience of such spectacles as "dupes to foreign imposition.'

Dutch Night-Mare, or the fraternal hug returned with a Dutch Squeeze



- Published by Rudolph Ackermann, 29 November, 1813. Etching with hand colouring, 35.6 x 25.6 cm
- Like the 'Covent Garden Nightmare', the print parodies Fuseli's "Nightmare".
- Napoleon,, grimacing in a state bed decorated with the French fleur-de-lys, his hat and sword on the bedside stool, is being squashed by a Dutchman sitting on his chest., declaring "Orange Boven" (Orange on top) a popular slogan referring to the House of Orange. The Netherlands had been controlled by Napoleon since 1806 through his brother Louis Bonaparte, and then in 1810, directly. In 1813, the French withdrew in the wake of their defeat at the battle of Leipzig, thus freeing the Netherlands from French rule.



A Midnight Conversation (c.1780)



William Hogarth: "The Rake's Progress" (1735), etching and engraving, plate three



A couple of years after his death, the Edinburgh Literary Journal noted with approval:

"Cruikshank forces us to laugh in spite of ourselves: Rowlandson mingles insurrection with his merriment, and shows us *why* we laugh."