Diaspora and media concepts and case studies

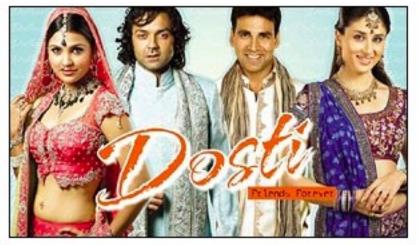
Guest lecture Masaryk University Brno, November 2018 Prof. dr. Kevin Smets (Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Belgium)

Structure

- Diaspora and globalization
- Different approaches to diaspora
 - Case studies
- Minorities, 'Otherness' and media

The Telegraph

Bollywood is more successful in UK than British-made films



Dosti, which has grossed around £1 million in Britain

New migrants living in 'cultural bubbles' need to improve their English skills, Government warns

By political reporter Henry Belot Updated 7 Mar 2018, 6:04am

Australia's successful multicultural society is at risk with many migrants failing to integrate and develop proficient English skills, Citizenship Minister Alan Tudge has warned.

The Federal Government has revived its push for migrants to face tougher language tests and to demonstrate their commitment to Australian values.

Sweeping changes to citizenship laws were abandoned last year, with Labor and the crossbench criticising the changes as too harsh.

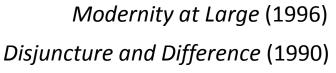
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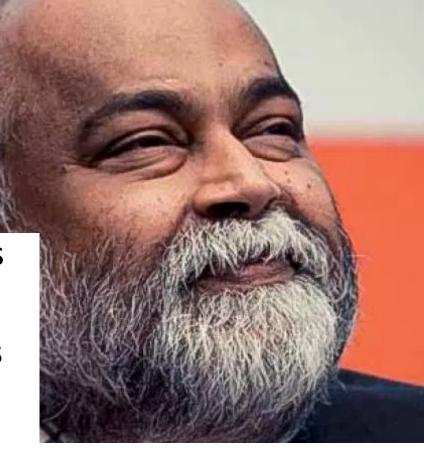


PHOTO: Citizenship Minister Alan Tudge wants to revive some of the changes abandoned last year. (AAP: Lukas Coch)

Arjun Appadurai

- Influential anthropologist in globalization studies
- *Modernity at Large*: modernization process does not operate exclusively through the nation
- "Being at home" has many different levels
 - A post-national view on the world emerges
- Globalization: "mediation" and "motion" increasingly hand in hand





Arjun Appadurai: 5 scapes

- Global capitalism
 - ≠ organized in a linear way
 - ≠ centre vs. periphery
 - ≠ one way flows of capital, goods, ideas...
- Instead:
 - A complex system of interacting ruptures
 - 5 main "scapes" determine our (imagined) world and identites
 - Each community positions itself differently in these scapes







- Most important authors
 - Robin Cohen, James Clifford, Rogers Brubaker, Khachig Tölölyan, Homi Bhabha, Paul Gilroy, Avtar Brah
 - Diaspora and media: Myria Georgiou, Roza Tsagarousianou, Karim H. Karim, Idil Osman, Janroj Keles, John Budarick ...

Concept

- Origin: Greek *diaspeirō* (to sow, to spread out)
- For a long time mostly used for Jewish diaspora
 - Binding factor: expulsion, prosecution, fleeing...







- Diaspora 1990s
 - Concept develops in anthropology, migration studies, media studies
 - Sociologist Brubaker: "the diaspora diaspora"
- Two approaches (see text Budarick, 2014)
 - Typological-descriptive approach
 - Social-constructivist approach



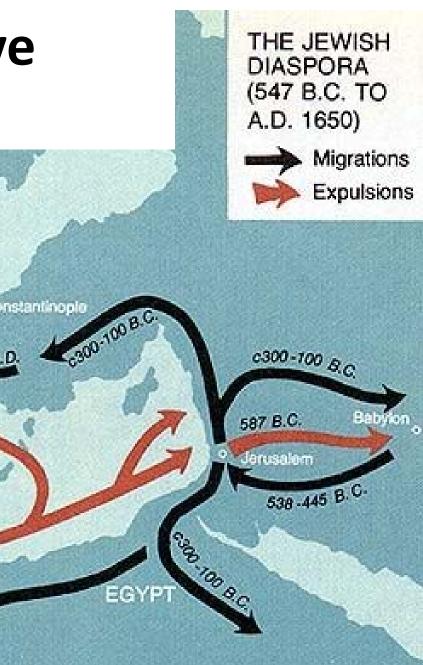
Diaspora: typological-descriptive approach

- Diaspora diaspora on the basis of certain criteria
 - Dispersed from a homeland
 - Nostalgic longing
 - Longing for return
 - (sometimes) difficult integration in host society
 - Political role of diaspora communities

• Types

 Enterpreneurial (eg. Libanese, Chinese), religious (eg. Jews), political (eg. Palestinians, Tibetans), internal diaspora (eg. Detroit diaspora, China) ...

0300 B.C.- 500 A.D.



Keeping up with the Genocide?



Diaspora: social-constructivist approach

- Dissatisfied with typological approach
 - Terms become confusing
 - Essentialist and reductionist
- Influence postmodernism, cultural studies, postcolonial studies
- Emphasis on ethnicity, roots, geography
- Replaced with transnational imagination, practices and cultural change



Diaspora: social-constructivist approach

- Diaspora as a social condition and a form of consciousness
- Emphasis on solidarity and connectivity

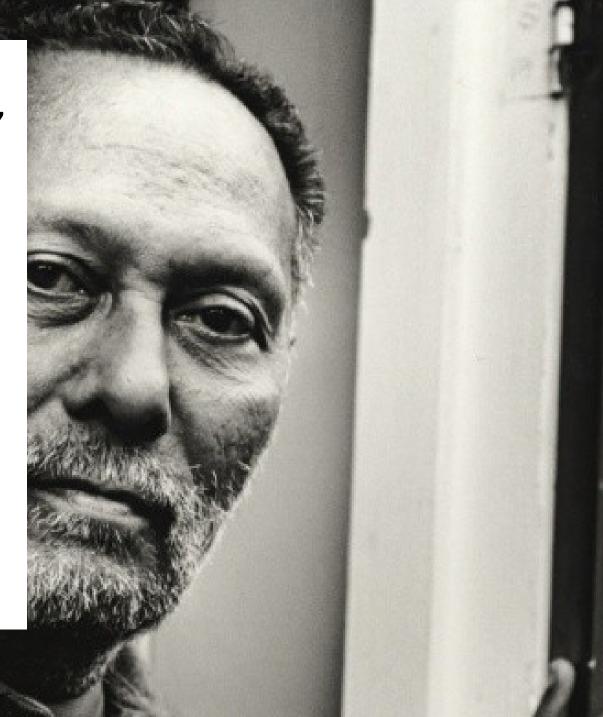
 →diaspora has to be constructed continously
 →importance of communicative practices
- Shift away from essentializing diaspora identity
 →recognizing hybrid identities and "Third Space"

 →recognizing transforming identities



"The diaspora experience as I intend it here, is defined, not by essence or purity, but by the recognition of a necessary heterogeneity and diversity; by a conception of 'identity' which lives with and through, not despite, difference; by hybridity. Diaspora identities are those which are constantly producing and reproducing themselves anew, through transformation and difference."

Stuart Hall, Cultural Identity and Diaspora, 1990



Third space

... this hybrid third space is an ambivalent site where cultural meaning and representation have no 'primordial unity or fixity'

... initiates new signs of identity, and innovative sites of collaboration and contestation

Homi K. Bhabha, The Location of Culture, 1994







- Homeland <-> diaspora 'Othering'
- Host land <-> diaspora 'Othering'
- Role of the media and representations (see part 2)



Diaspora and media

- Are closely connected in all of these approaches
- In typological-descriptive approach
 - Homeland media as an "umbillical chord"
 - Homelad media $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ "integration"
 - Homeland media symbolize "long distance nationalism"
 - Mediatized spectacle and ritual
 - Eg. remembrances, sport competitions...

Diaspora and media

- In social-constructionist approach
 - Homeland media are but one source of identity building
 - Positionality towards homeland media can be ambiguous
 - Imaginations through networks (beyond homeland networks)
 - Attention for media production in "Third Space": diasporic media, ethnic media, transnational media, ...
- Two cases
 - Media production in diaspora and the nation state \rightarrow Kurdish TV in Europe
 - Film-viewing as community building \rightarrow Turkish film audiences

Case 1: Kurdish TV in Europe

- Mediascape in Europe in the 1990s
- [Turkey viewed] "each satellite dish as a Kurdish flag hoisted on the rooftops of every building in the south-east" (Amir Hassanpour)
- "Sovereignty in the sky"
- Carrying out Kurdish culture



Case 2: Turkish film audiences

- Very big offer of Turkish films in Europe (via Germany)
- Temporary "Third Space" in public space of the multiplex
- Pride and nationalism
- Pleasure and community-building
- Shared experiences, but also conflicts

Some reflections

1.1

- Limits of the diaspora concept
 - Can be excluding certain people
 - What about "expats", refugees, Erasmus students..
 - Intersectionality?
- Variations: queer diaspora, digital diaspora ...



Part 2: Minorities, Otherness and media

- Questions of
 - Visibility and invisibility
 - Representativeness
 - Stereotyping

Start with a few recent examples

ASIANS ARE NEARLY INVISIBLE IN HOLLYWOOD

Only **1** out of 20 speaking roles go to Asians.

nn

And 1% of lead roles in films go to Asians. WHITE 78.2%
OTHER 3.4%
ASIAN 1.3%
LATINO 2.7%
BLACK
14.3%

Source: USC Annenberg School for Communication and Journalism



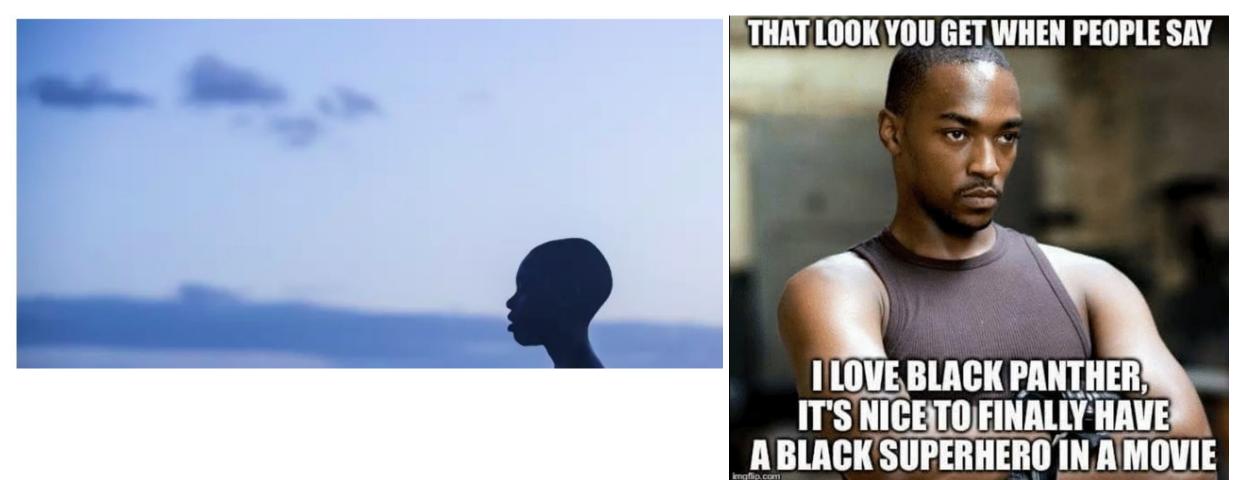


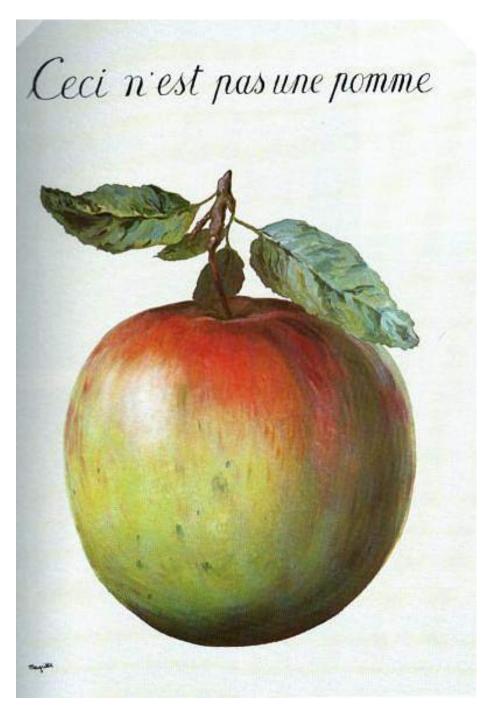
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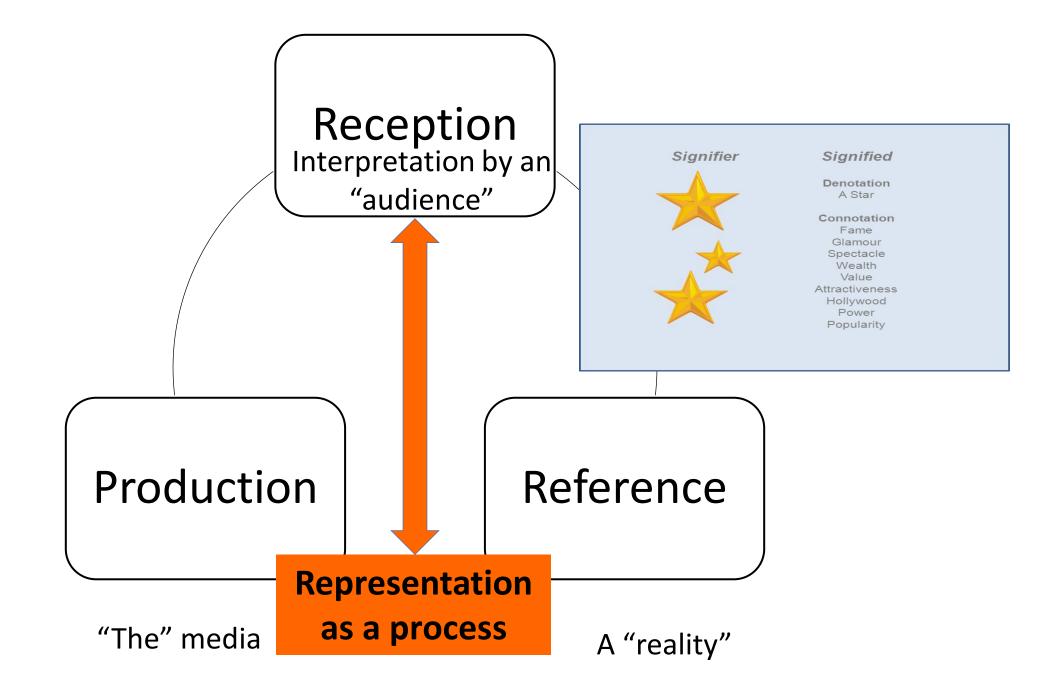
Het kleurrijke volk van de Turnhoutsebaan.

Did #OscarsSoWhite work? Looking beyond Hollywood's diversity drought





Ceci n'est pas une pomme – René Magritte 1964



- Representation happens through...
 - A combination and selection of...
 - Signs and symbols...
 - Mostly based on convention
 - Also through "techniques" such as mis-en-scène, camera, editing, ...

- Representation becomes powerful through...
 - Repetition
 - Authority
 - (Link with reputation!)

Representation: key concepts and discussions

- Symbolic annihilation and under-representation
- Tokenism
- Blackface and whitewashing
- Some figures on Hollywood
- Closer look at 2 discussions
 - Portrayal of women
 - Orientalism

Symbolic annihilation

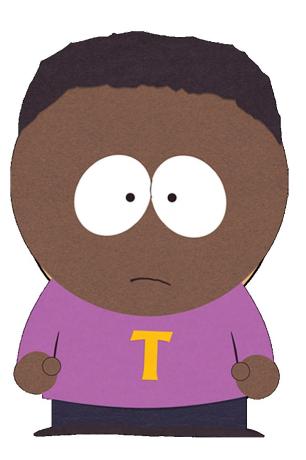
- Absence and trivilization of certian groups or themes
- Being represented symbolizes power
- Historical and structural!



Tokenism

• "Fake inclusion" that maintains minority-majority logic





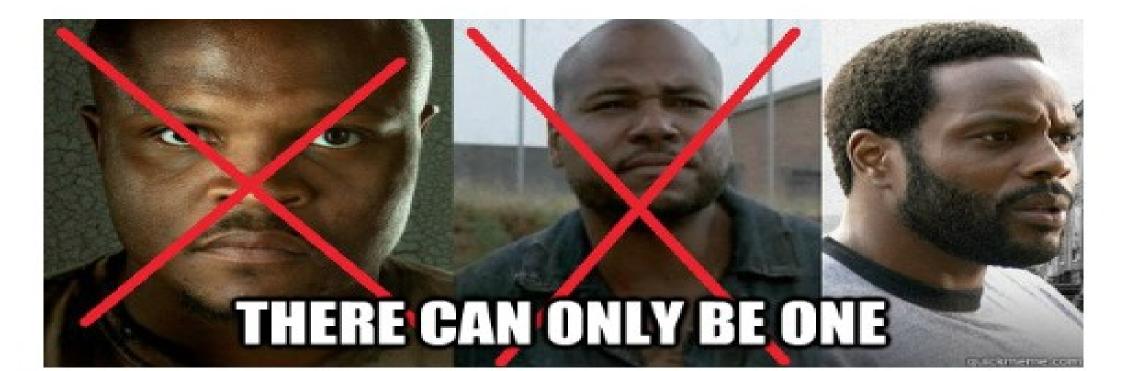


1) Must have stereotypical hair 2) Must speak like a black man 3) Must love chicken 4) Must carry a gun (Or have one for a hand)

"Token test"

• <u>http://geekoutsider.com/2013/06/23/the-token-test-a-bechdel-test-for-characters-of-color-in-fiction/</u>

(1) have at least two characters of color,



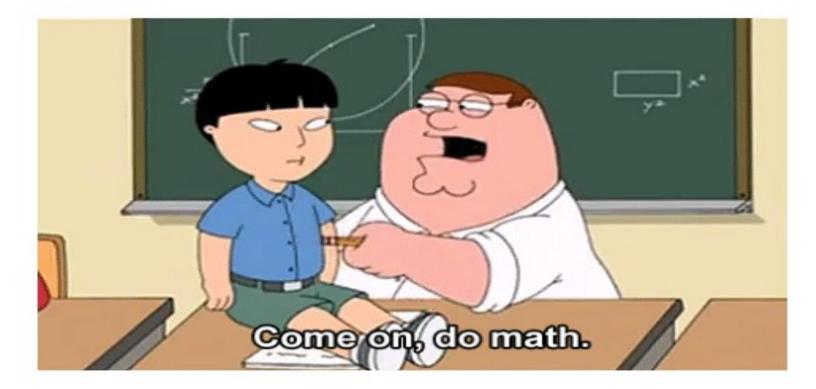
who (2) aren't somehow related or dating



and (3) regularly speak more than a few lines



(4) about something that has nothing to do with race or racial stereotypes



Blackface and whitewashing

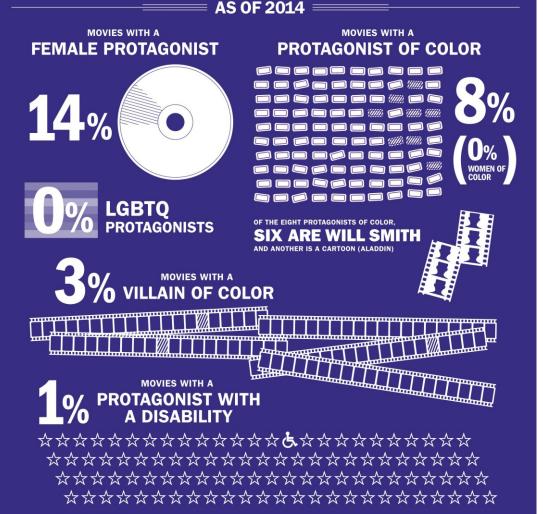


Al Jolson in *The Jazz Singer* (1927)

Zoe Saldana as Nina Simone?

THE DIVERSITY GAP IN SCI-FI & FANTASY FILMS

BASED ON THE TOP 100 DOMESTIC GROSSING SCI-FI & FANTASY MOVIES



ABOUT EVERYONE · FOR EVERYONE LEE & LOW BOOKS blog.leeandlow.com

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Women of Color & The Top 500 Films

Just 6 of the top 500 box office films of all-time feature a protagonist who is a woman of color.*

1 live action film 5 animated films

1%

None of these films are in the top 200



#248 Pocahontas #304 Mulan #353 Spirited Away #359 Lilo & Stitch #369 The Princess and the Frog #447 Sister Act

Case and discussion: representation of women

• From overtly "sexist" to "the male gaze"



HOW WOMEN ARE PORTRAYED — ON SCREEN IN THE TOP 500 FILMS —

26.2% 30.8% 28.8% 10.7% of speaking characters of movies featured a of women wore sexually of women actors get 8% revealing clothes partially naked balanced cast where half are women of the characters are while 9.4% of men do as opposed to 7.0% female of men

WOMEN MEN

28.3%

Percentage of characters in family films wearing sexy attire by gender.

Case and discussion: Orientalism

- Term coined by Edward Said
 - The way in which the Arab World and Midde East are portrayed in Western culture (literature, visual arts, ...)
 - Backwards / exotic / erotic / adventurous
 - \rightarrow "The colonial gaze" provides pleasure and "safe adventure"
- Late 20th century: element of danger / terrorism becomes more prominently attached as a sign





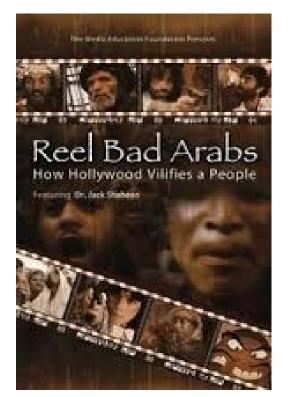






Oriëntalisme in cinema

• Jack Shaheen: book and documentary *Reel Bad Arabs*





GUILTY

Hollywood's Verdict on Arabs After 9/11

Jack G. Shaheen



 Short clip with examples "Arabs in Hollywood" by Thabit Al Mawaly <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cefdgEGDinA</u>