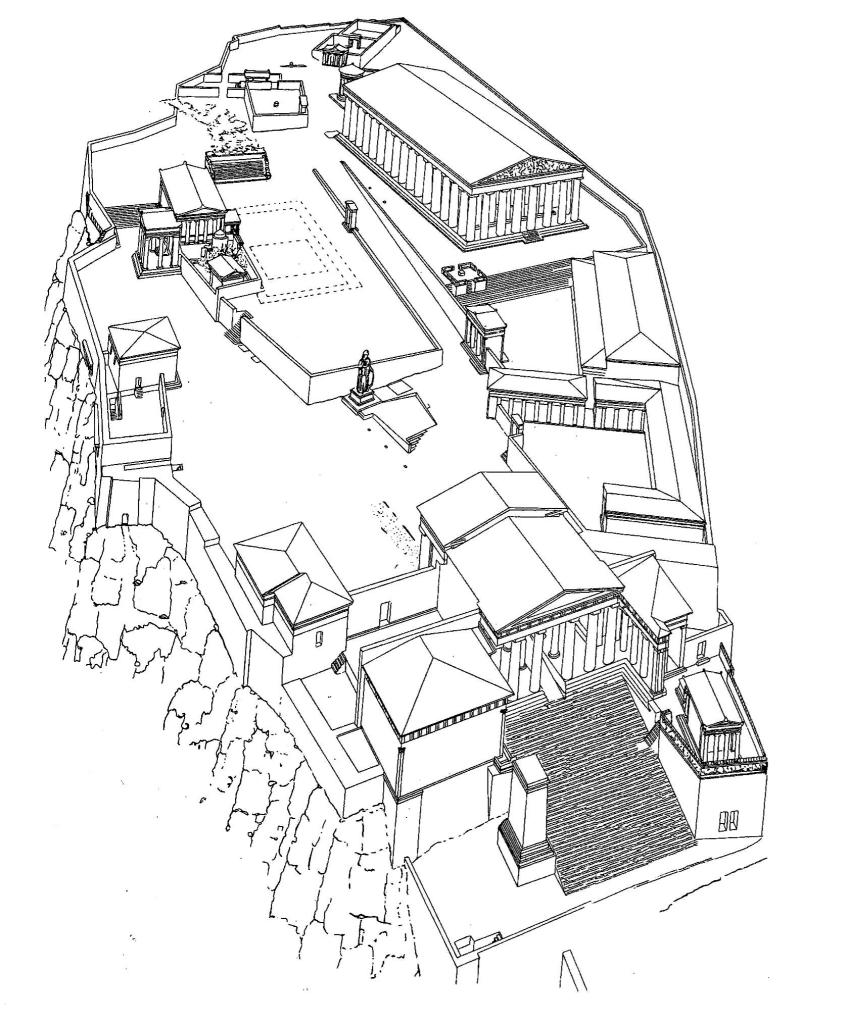
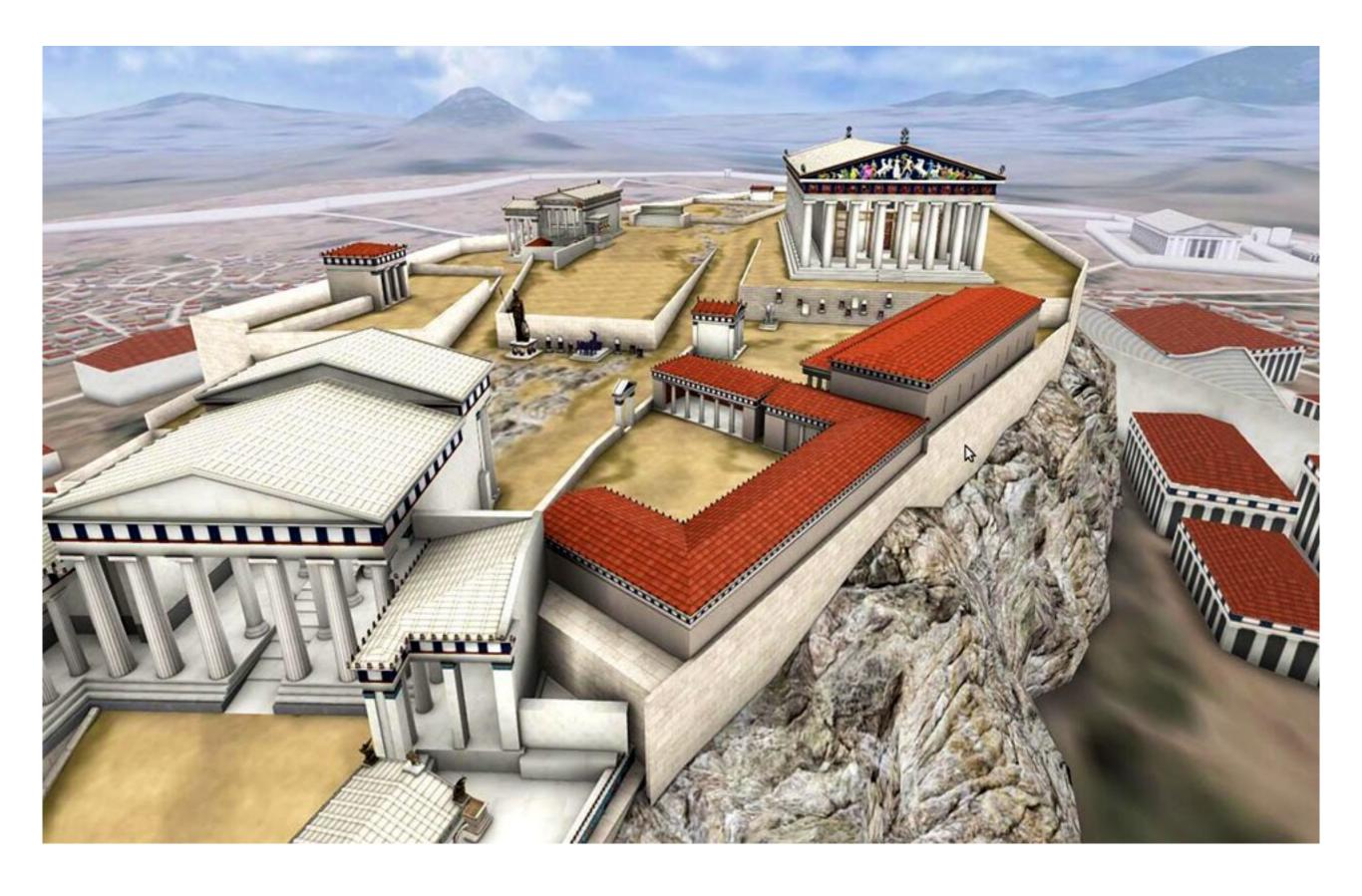
Classical Greek Art



The acropolis of Athens.



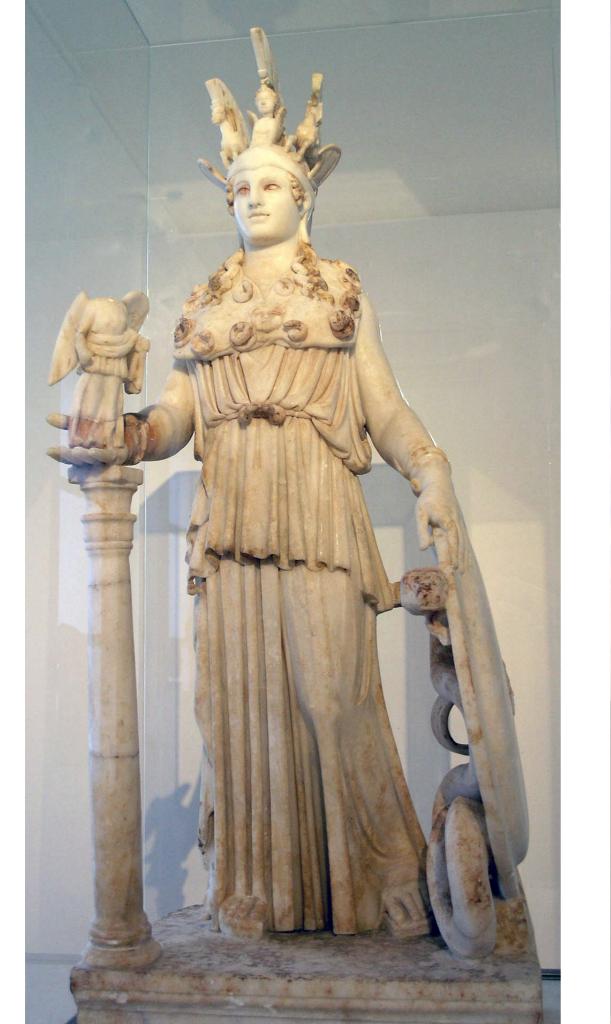
The acropolis of Athens.



The acropolis of Athens.

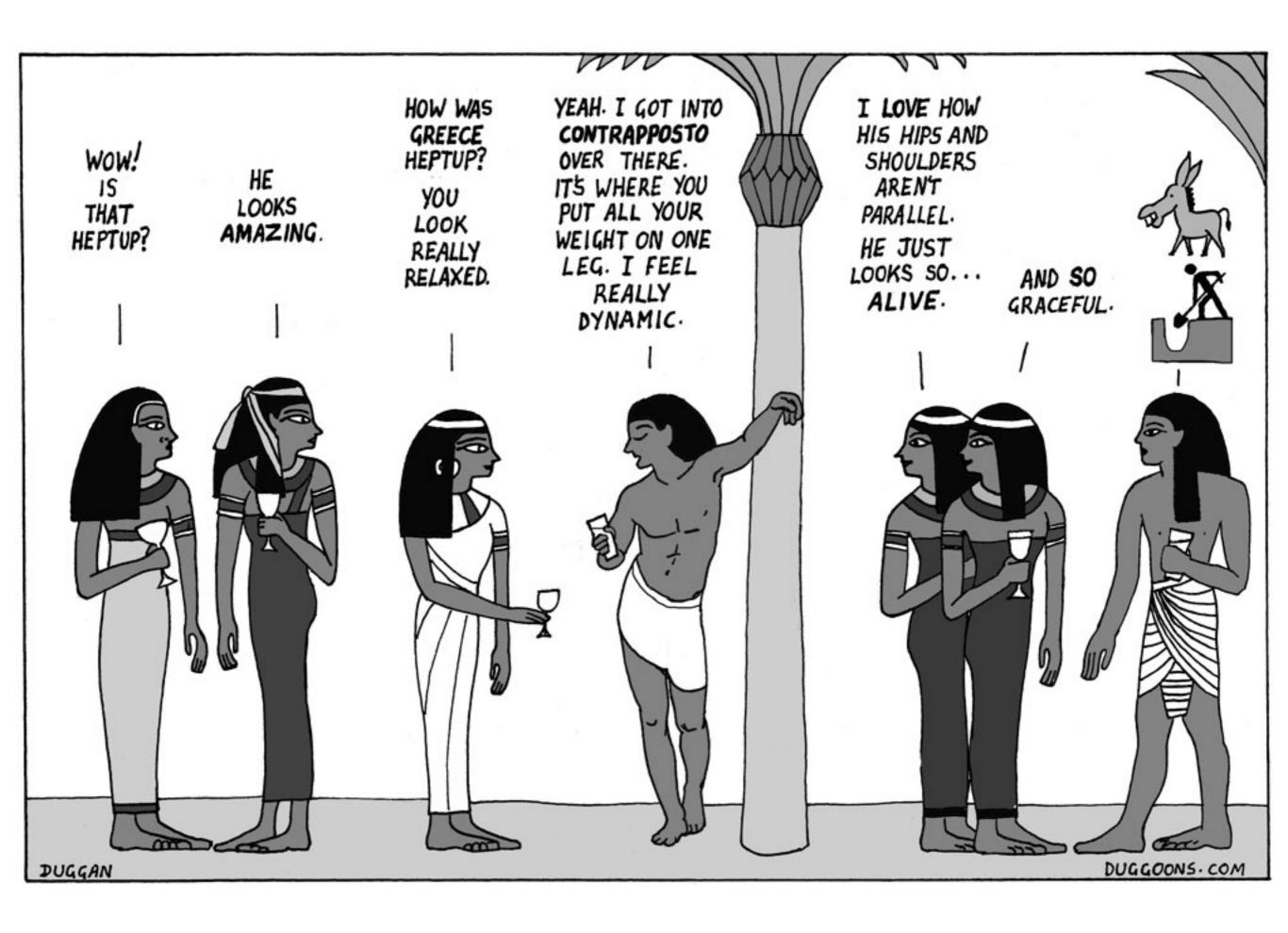


Temple of Athena Parthenos.













The Tyrannicides



Parthenon frieze ca. 440 BCE



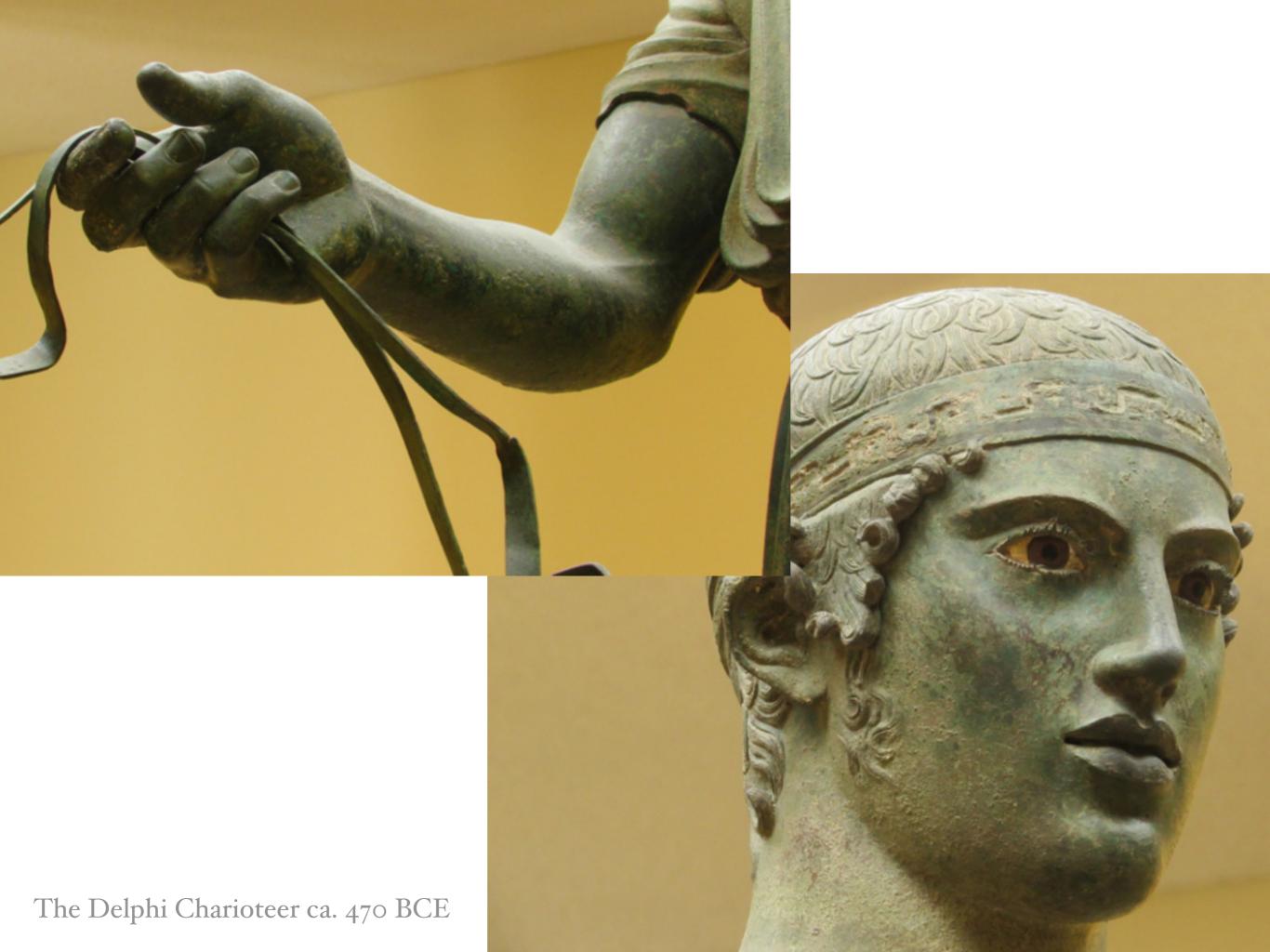
Parthenon frieze ca. 440 BCE



Kelegele de Kelegele karende k

Foreshortening

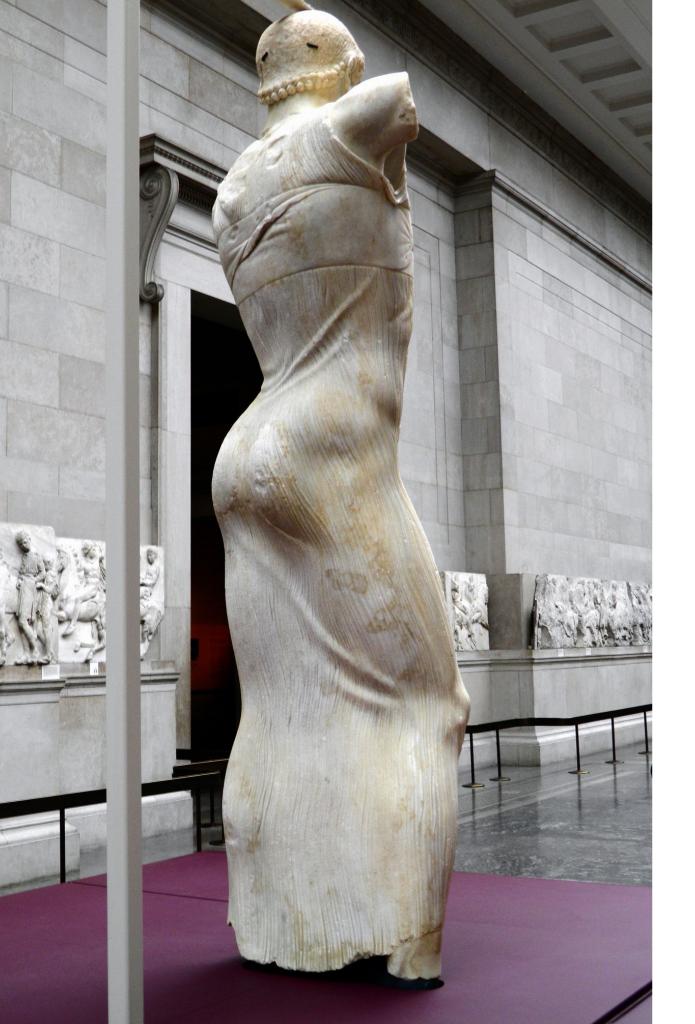


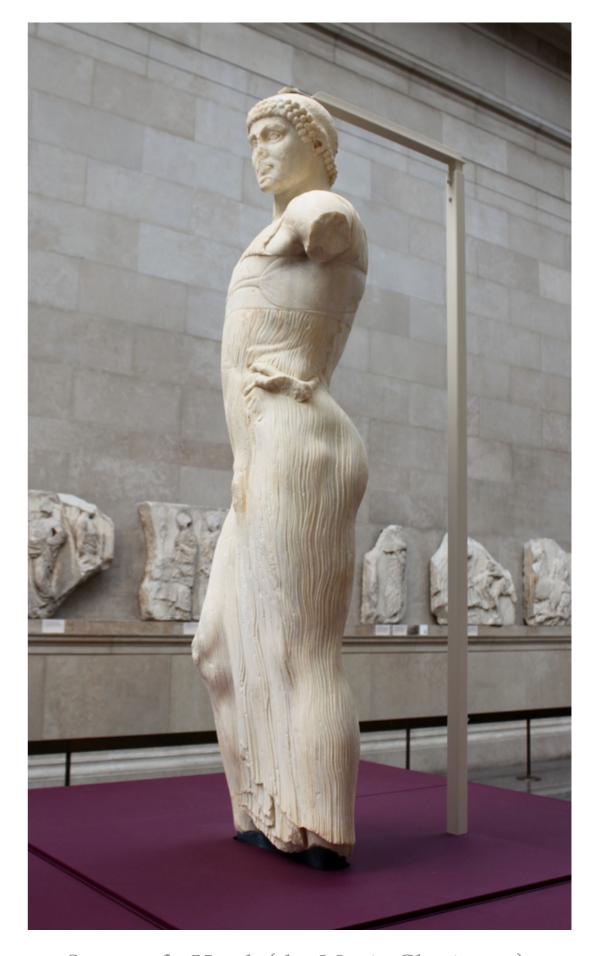






Bronze statue of Zeus or Poseidon, Artemision, ca. 460 BC. 2,09 m.





Statue of a Youth (the Mozia Charioteer) 470–460 BCE, Sikeliote (Sicilian Greek).



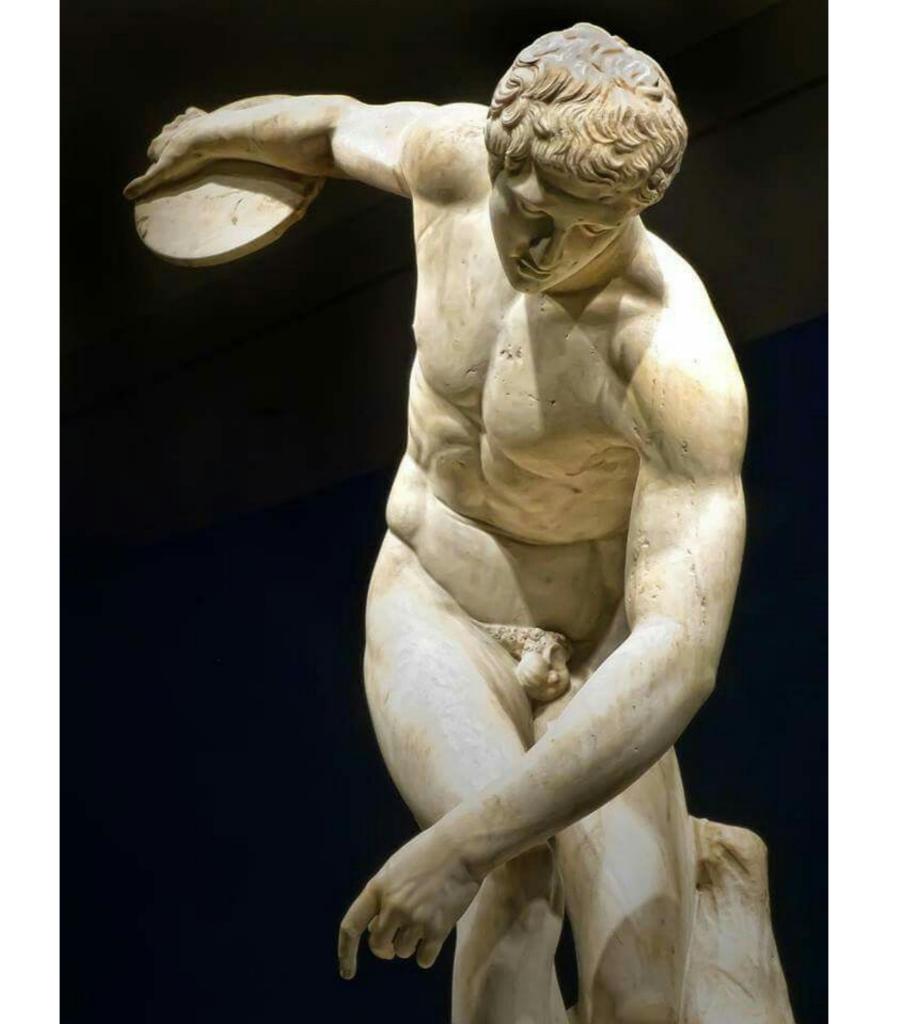




Plate 4 Pair of bronze statues of soldiers (The Riace Warriors). (a): c. 450 BC; (b): c. 430 BC (Reggio di Calabria, National Museum. Photo Scala, Florence – courtesy of the Ministero Beni e Att. Culturali).

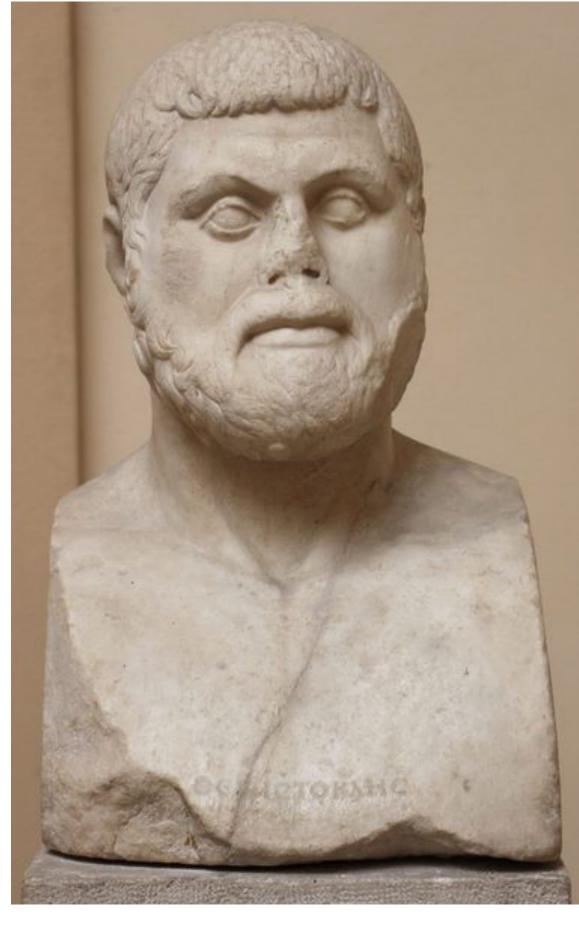


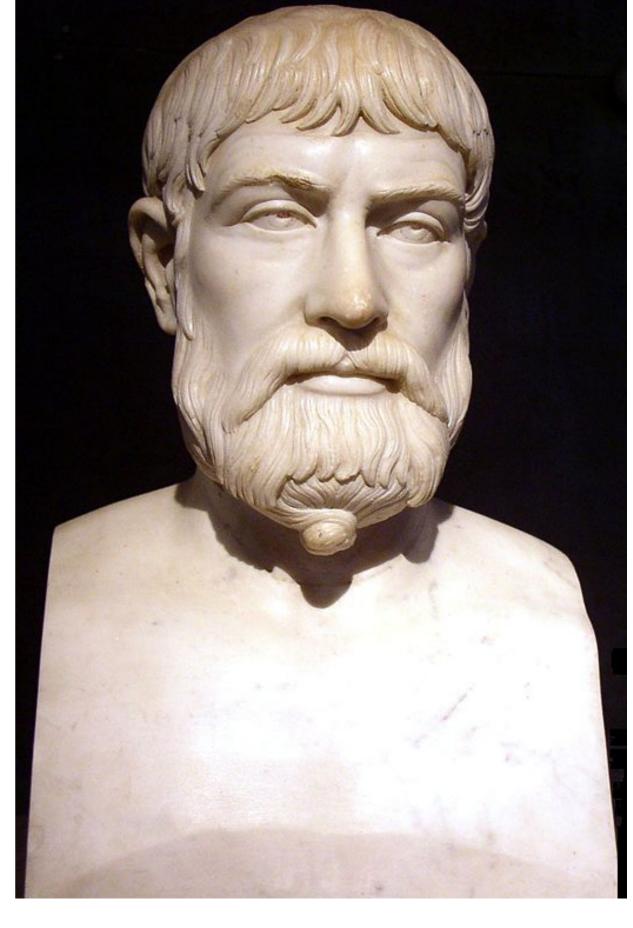
Marble copy of the bronze Doryphoros, Polykleitos. c. 440 BCE







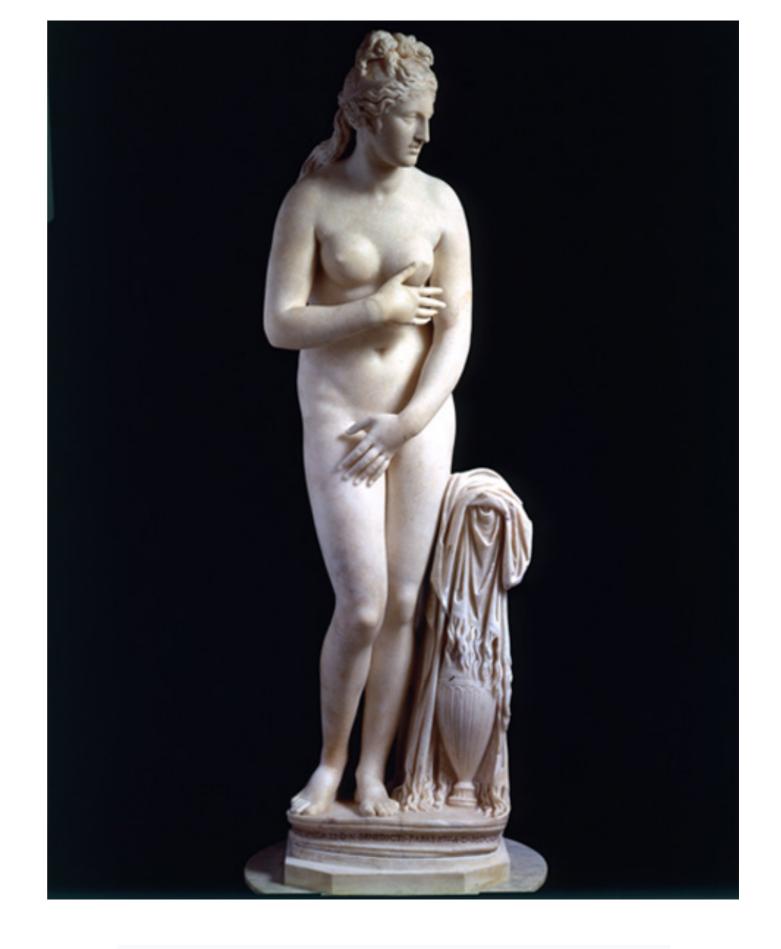




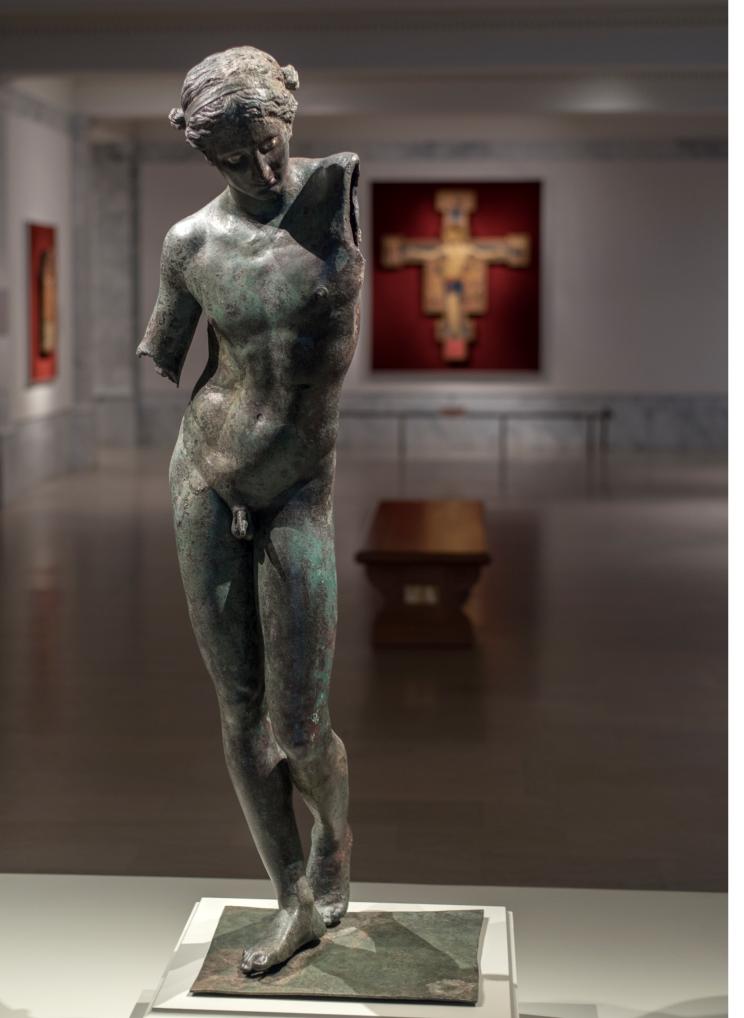
Themistokles Pindar

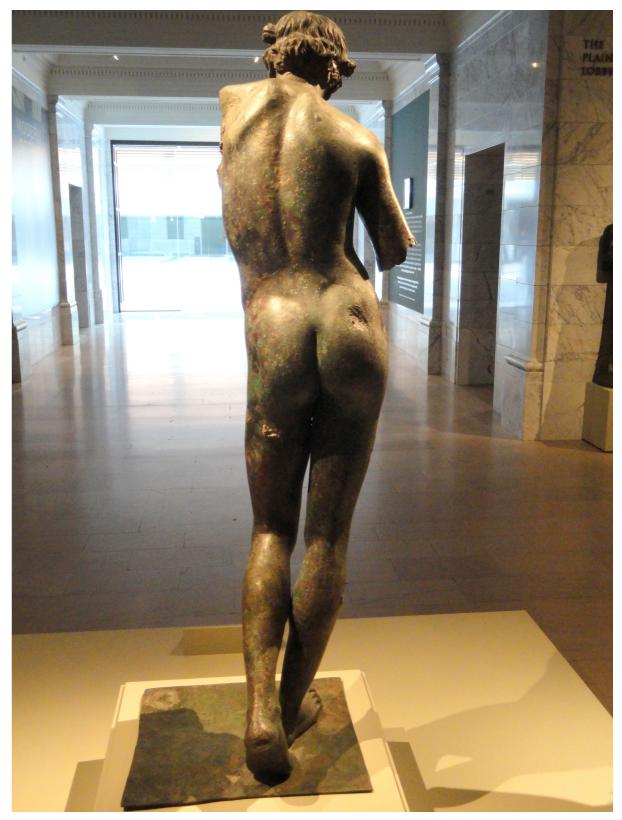






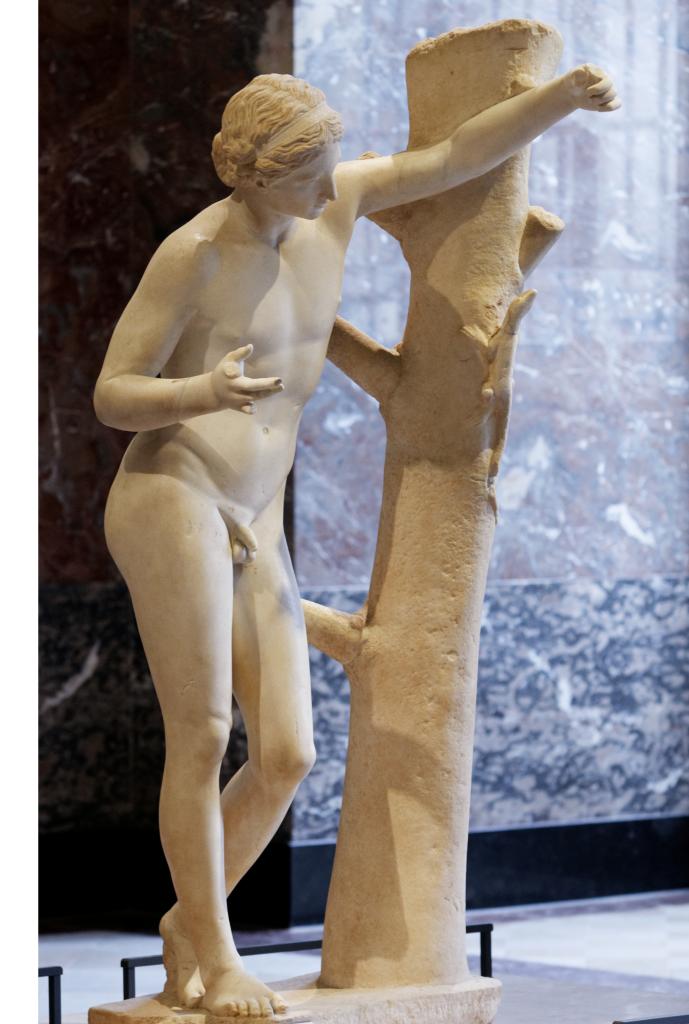
The Aphrodite of Knidos type, ca. 350–340 BCE





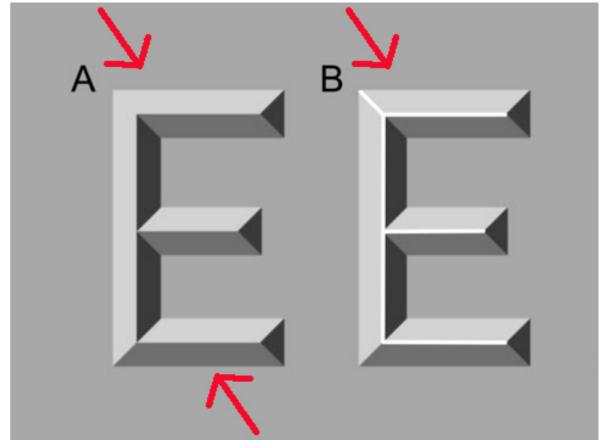
Apollo Sauroktonos (Lizard-Slayer), c. 350 BC. Attributed to Praxiteles (Greek, c. 400 BC–330 BC).







Pompeian fresco of Venus Anadyomene by Apelles, 4th ct. BCE



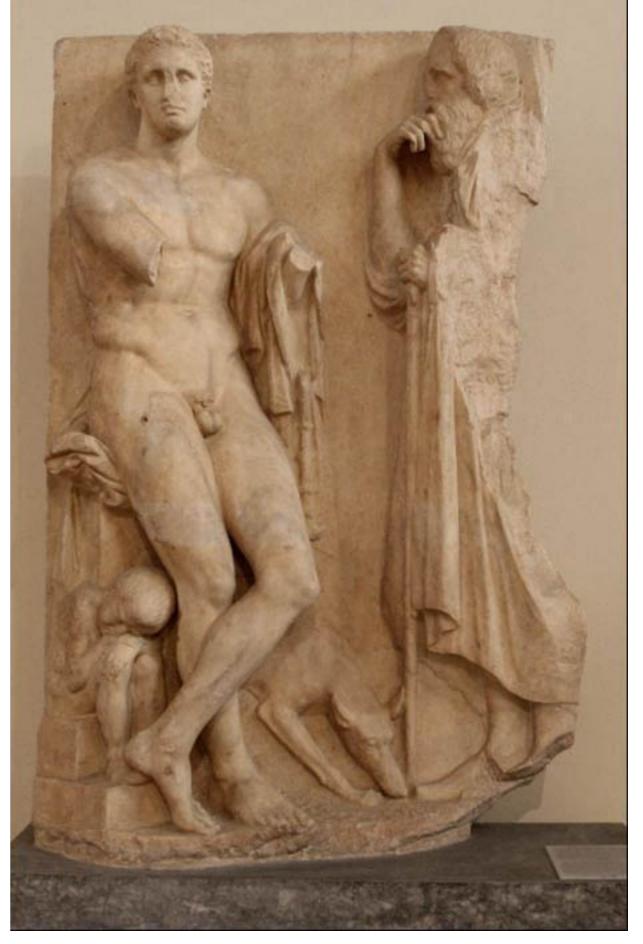
The line of Apelles





Plate 8 Wall-painting depicting Hades abducting Persephone. Persephone Tomb, Vergina. c. 350–340 BC (Vergina, Macedonia, Greece. The Bridgeman Art Library).





Skopas of Paros (ca 395 BCE – 350 BCE)



The Doric order





