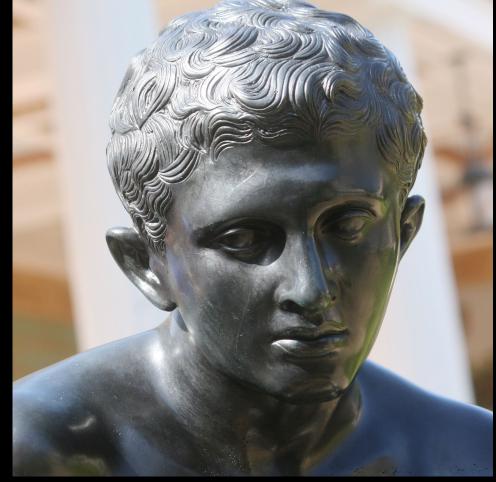
The Art of Ancient Rome

DU1741, Autumn Semester 2020

II. Historical Frame: Periodisation and Transformations





Resting Hermes, from the Villa of Papyri, Herculaneum, 1st century B.C., copy of a Greek original of the 4th century B.C., Museo Archeologico Nazionale, Naples



Reliefs from the Altar of "Domitius Ahenobarbus", set up c. 100 B.C., Munich, Glypothek and Musée du Louvre, Paris



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Abhandlungen der Heidelberger Akademie der Wissenschaften Philosophisch-historische Klasse

Jahrgang 1987 - 2. Abhandking

TONIO HÖLSCHER

Römische Bildsprache als semantisches System

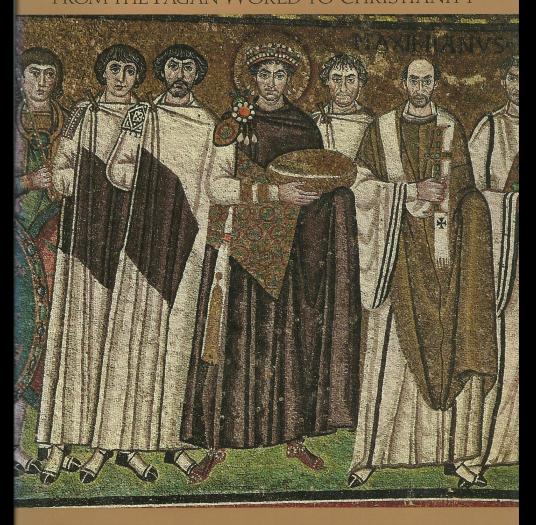
Vorgetragen am 16. Juni 1984



HEIDELBERG 1987

CARL WINTER · UNIVERSITÄTSVERLAG

ARTAND THE ROMAN VIEWER THE TRANSFORMATION OF ART FROM THE PAGAN WORLD TO CHRISTIANITY



JAŚ ELSNER

I. "Etruscan" period, Kingship

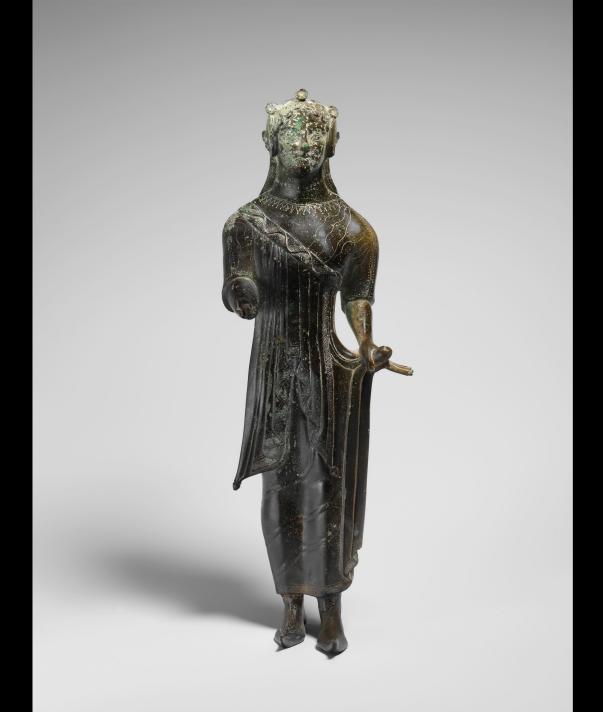
753 BC: Foundation of Rome

509 BC: Expulsion of the last king of the gens
Tarquinia, kings of Etruscan Origins, Tarquinius
Superbus





Terracotta statue of young woman, late 4th—early 3rd century BC / New York, Metropolitan Museum





Terracotta head of a woman, c. 525–500 BC / New York, MET

Bronze statuette of a woman, late 6th century BC / New York, MET



Sarcophagus of the Spouses, late 6th century, terracotta, with traces of polychromy / Rome, Villa Giulia, Museo Nazionale Etrusco



Sarcophagus of the Spouses, late 6th century / Louvre, Paris



Cinerary urn, end of the 2nd, early 1st century B.C., alabaster, production of Volterra, Museo Gregoriano Etrusco, Vatican



Cinerary urn of Thana Vipinei Ranazunia, 2nd century B.C., terracotta, Metropolitan Museum, New York

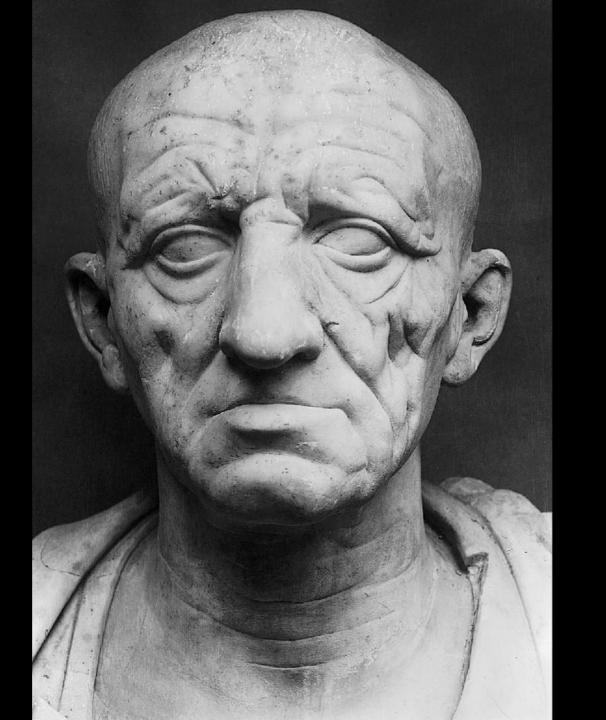
II. The Roman Republic

- Cultural mix of Latin, Etruscan, Greek elements
- Vast expansion of the Roman domination





Roman province shortly before the assassination of Julius Caesar, 44 BC



So-called Patrizio Torlonia, sometimes believed to be Cato the Elder, marble, 1st century AD copy of an original of 80-70 BC / Rome, collezione Torlonia

II. The Roman Republic

- Cultural mix of Latin, Etruscan, Greek elements
- Vast expansion of the Roman domination
- Ends in 27 BC, with the first princeps, or imperator, Gaius Octavianus, known as Augustus (r. 27 BC 14 AD)

III. Imperial Rome

- First period: *pax romana*, with a series of great emperors like Vespasian, Trajan, Hadrian etc... from Augustus to Severus (193–211)
- Deeply Roman visual language, with the figure of the emperor become a major theme

ROMAN EMPERORS





Augustus Prima Porta, c. 15 AD, Musei Vaticani



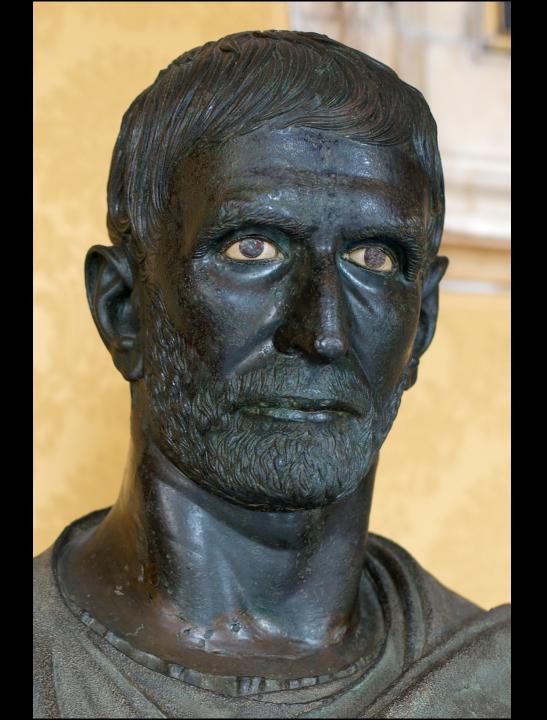
Statue of Marcus Aurelius, 2nd century AD, Louvre Lens

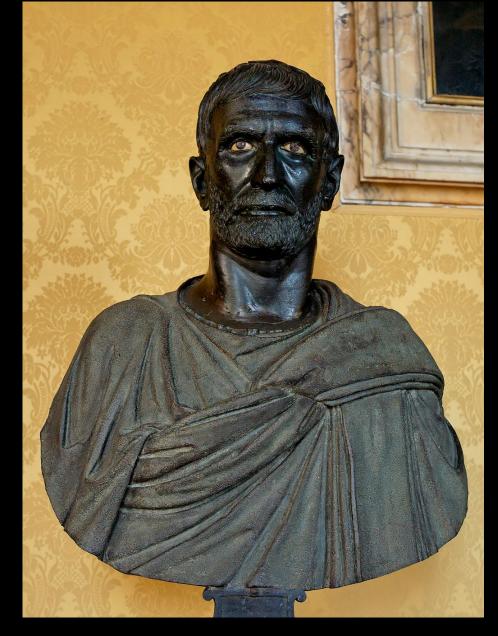


Equestrian statue of Marcus Aurelius, gilded bronze, 166– 180 AD, Musei Capitolini, Rome

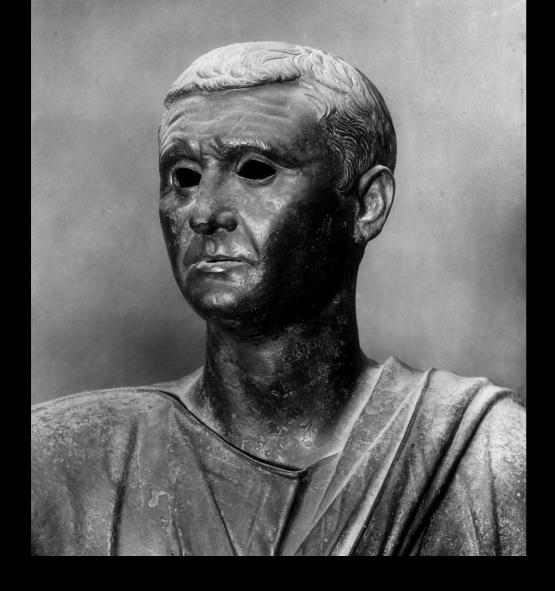








Capitoline Brutus, part of a bronze honorific statue, around 300 BC / Rome, Musei Capitolini



L'arringatore, bronze statue of a politician from Perusium (Perugia), first quarter of the first century BC / Florence, Museo archeologico









Diptych of Probus Anicius, carved ivory, 402 / Museo del tesoro della cattedrale di Aosta





Head of Constantine, 325-370 AD / Metropolitan Museum, New York