"Celtic Art" At the Roots of Europe?

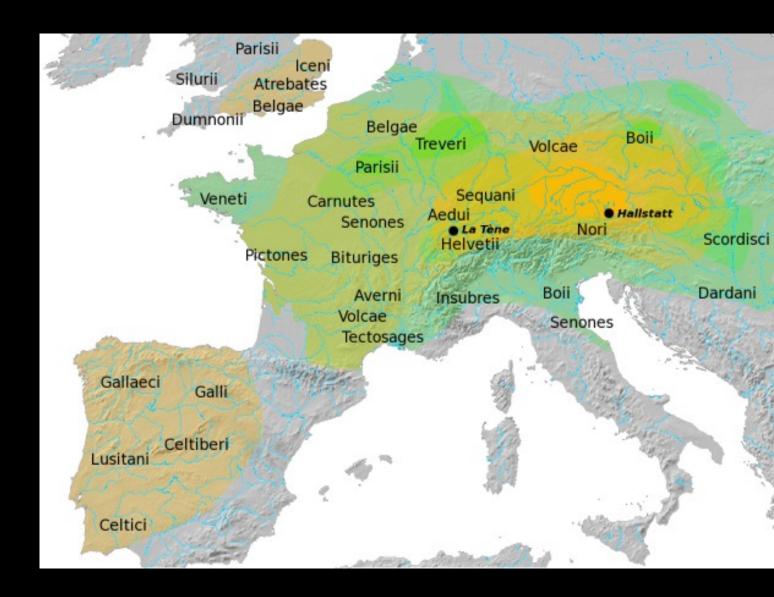
DU1701 Periods of Art History I Adrien Palladino, M.A., Ph.D. <u>450842@mail.muni.cz</u>



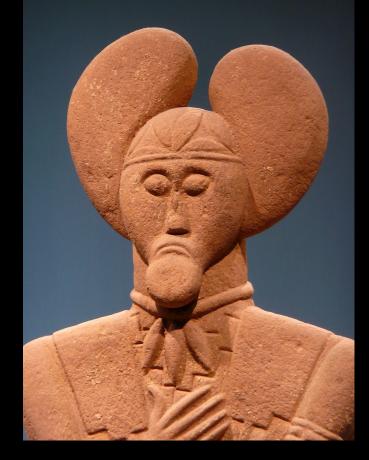
"Hallstatt" culture - 1200 – 500 BCE

Hallstatt A (1200 – 1050 BCE) Hallstatt B (1050 – 800 BCE) Hallstatt C (800 – 500 BCE) Hallstatt D (620 – 450 BCE)

"La Tène" culture – ca. 450 BCE-1BCE







Warrior of Glauberg, sandstone, 6th century BCE, from grave 1 Museum Keltenwelt am Glauberg

Warrior of Hirschlanden, sandstone, 6th century BCE, H: 1,50 (broken feet) Württembergisches Landesmuseum, Stuttgart





Phalera from Manerbio (Brescia), 3rd century BCE, silver / Museo di Santa Giulia, Brescia





Filottrano (Ancona) helmet, from the necropolis, 4th century BCE, bronze and iron / Museo Nazionale delle Marche



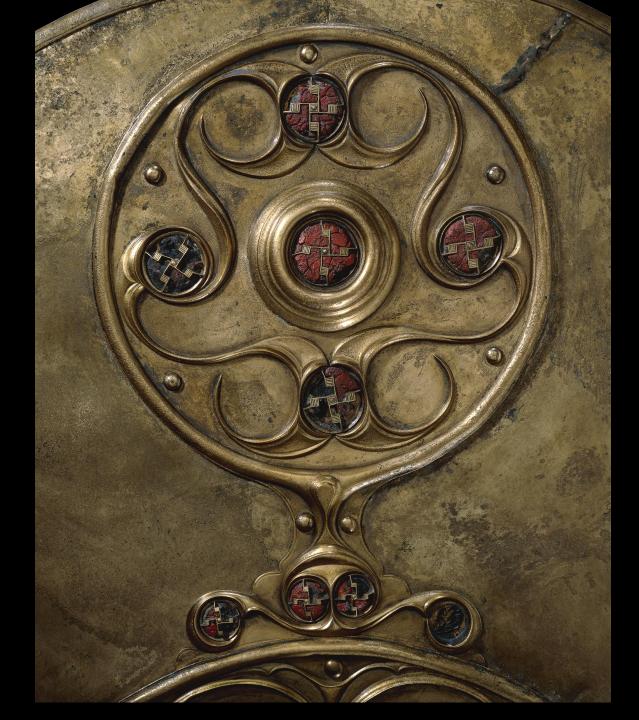


Waterloo Helmet, bronze, missing enamels, 150–50 BCE, found in the River Thames British Museum, London

Battersea Shield, repoussé and engraved bronze, cloisonné enamels, 350–50 BCE, found in the River Thames British Museum, London









Wandsworth shield boss, copper-alloy, found in the River Thames, 350–150 BCE British Museum, London





Comb with incised decoration, bone, from Langbank Crannog, Renfrewshire, 0–200 CE National Museum of Scotland, Edinburgh

Desborough mirror, bronze, 50 BCE–50 CE British Museum, London



Head from Mšecké Žehrovice, marlstone, found at Viereckschanze, Mšecké Žehrovice, north of Prague, c. 150–50 BCE National Museum, Prague









Head of the so-called Dying Gaul, Roman copy of a Hellenistic original from around 230–220 BCE, made around the 2nd century CE Musei capitolini, Rome

The Snettisham Great Torc, found in Snettisham, 150 BC–50 BCE British Museum, London