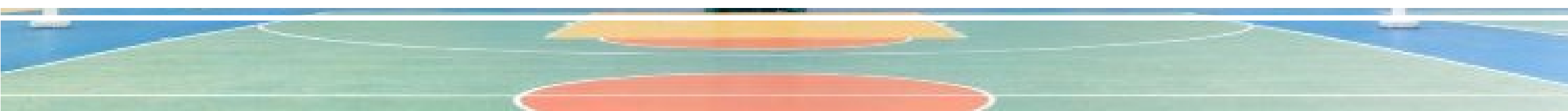




Cantonese I
Week 11



A. To indicate that an action has been done/completed with 'zó'

(Track 219)



<u>Subject</u>	<u>One-syllable Verb</u>	zó 咗 [Pt]	<u>(Object)</u>	(lǎa.) (喇。) [Pt]
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fāa Nàa 花娜 2. Hǒu Jī 浩二 3. Oī Sāa 愛莎 4. lǒu sī 老師 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. lèi 嚟 (come) 2. hēoi 去 (go to) 3. fāan 返 (come back) 4. záu 走 (leave) 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hōeng Góng 香港 (Hong Kong) 2. Jāt Bún 日本 (Japan) 3. Fēi Lǎot Bān 菲律賓 (Philippine) 4. / 	

Sik6 zo2 faan6 mei6 aa3?
食咗飯未呀?
Have you eaten?

Sik6 zo2 laa3
食咗喇
Or
Mei6 aa3
未呀

V-O construction (V + zó + O):

- | | | |
|-------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. héi zó sān | 起咗身 | (have got) |
| 2. fàn zó gǎau | 瞓咗覺 | (have gone to bed) |
| 3. sīk zó zóu cān | 食咗早餐 | (have eaten breakfast) |
| 4. fāan zó hōk | 返咗學 | (have gone to school) |
| 5. zǒu zó gūng fò | 做咗功課 | (have done homework) |
| 6. zýu zó fāan | 煮咗飯 | (have prepared meal) |

Question: [Verb] zo2 [object] mei6 aa3?

Answer: [Subject] [verb] zo2 [object] laa3.

OR [subject] mei6 [verb] aa3.

- | | | |
|-------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. héi zó sān | 起咗身 | (have got) |
| 2. fán zó gǎau | 瞓咗覺 | (have gone to bed) |
| 3. sīk zó zóu cān | 食咗早餐 | (have eaten breakfast) |
| 4. fāan zó hōk | 返咗學 | (have gone to school) |
| 5. zōu zó gūng fò | 做咗功課 | (have done homework) |
| 6. zýu zó fǎan | 煮咗飯 | (have prepared meal) |

ngǒ zāap gwāan zó hōk hāu gè sāng wūt lāa.

我 習 慣 咗 學 校 嘅 生 活 喇。

(I've got used to school life.)



Question: [Verb] zo2 [object] mei6 aa3?

Answer: [Subject] [verb] zo2 [object] laa3.

OR [subject] mei6 [verb] aa3.

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Two-syllable Verb</u>	zó 咗 [Pt]	<u>(Object)</u>	(lāa.) (喇。) [Pt]
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ngǒ 我

1. zāap gwāan 習慣 (get used to)
2. cāam gāa 參加 (join)
3. līn zāap 練習 (practice)
4. wān zāap 溫習 (review)
5. lèi hōi 離開 (leave)

1. Hōeng Góng gè sāng wūt 香港嘅生活 (Hong Kong's life)
2. fò ngōi wūt dūng 課外活動 (extra curricular activity)
3. Gwóng Dūng Wáa fàat jām 廣東話發音 (Cantonese pronunciation)
4. gūng fò 功課 (homework)
5. ngǒ gè gwòk gāa 我嘅國家 (my country)

B. To express the duration of an action 🎧 (Track 221)

něi lèi zó Hōeng Góng géi nǐ àa?
 你 嚟 咗 香 港 幾 耐 呀?
 (How long have you been in Hong Kong?)



ngǒ lèi zó Hōeng Góng sāam gò jǐyut lǎa.
 我 嚟 咗 香 港 三 個 月 喇。
 (I have been in Hong Kong for three months.)

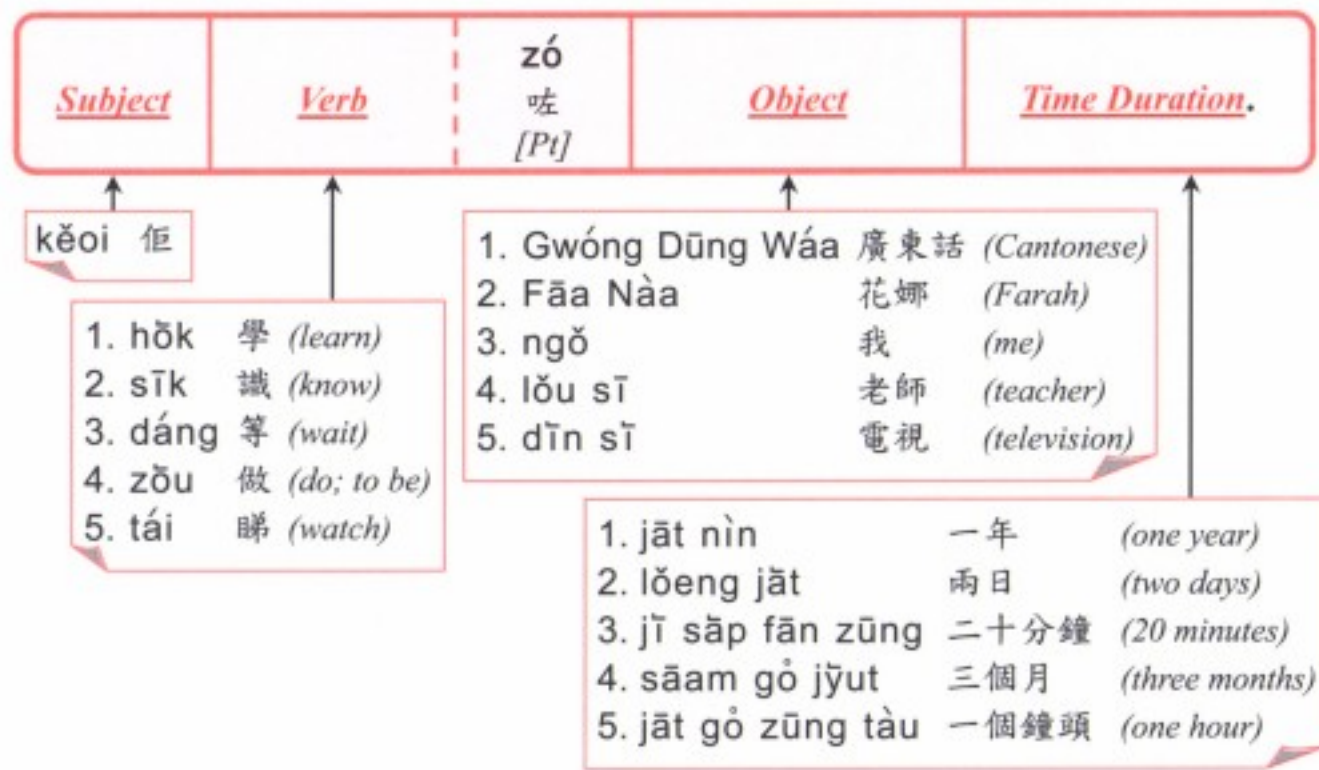
něi 你

Q: <u>Subject</u>	lèi 嚟 (come)	zó 咗 [Pt]	Hōeng Góng 香 港 (Hong Kong)	géi nǐ àa? 幾 耐 呀? (how long?)
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A: <u>Subject</u>	lèi 嚟 (come)	zó 咗 [Pt]	Hōeng Góng 香 港 (Hong Kong)	<u>Duration.</u>
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ngǒ 我

1. jāt zān 一陣 (a little while)
2. hóu nǐ 好耐 (a long time)



The period of time spent: 🎧 (Track 222)

Nu nìn
年
(year)

1. jāt nìn 一年 (one year)
2. lǒeng nìn 兩年 (two years)
3. sāam nìn 三年 (three years)

Nu gò jÿut
個 月
[MW] (month)

1. jāt gò jÿut 一個月 (one month)
2. lǒeng gò jÿut 兩個月 (two months)
3. sāam gò jÿut 三個月 (three months)

Nu gò sīng kèi
個 星期
[MW] (week)

1. jāt gò sīng kèi 一個星期 (one week)
2. lǒeng gò sīng kèi 兩個星期 (two weeks)
3. sāam gò sīng kèi 三個星期 (three weeks)

Nu jāt
日
(day)

1. jāt jāt 一日 (one day)
2. lǒeng jāt 兩日 (two days)
3. sāam jāt 三日 (three days)

Nu mǎan
晚
(night)

1. jāt mǎan 一晚 (one night)
2. lǒeng mǎan 兩晚 (two nights)
3. sāam mǎan 三晚 (three nights)

Nu gò zūng tàu
個 鐘頭
[MW] (hour)

1. jāt gò zūng tàu 一個鐘頭 (one hour)
2. lǒeng gò zūng tàu 兩個鐘頭 (two hours)
3. sāam gò zūng tàu 三個鐘頭 (three hours)

Nu fān zūng
分 鐘
(minute)

1. jāt fān zūng 一分鐘 (one minute)
2. lǒeng fān zūng 兩分鐘 (two minutes)
3. sāam fān zūng 三分鐘 (three minutes)

**C. To express something that will likely happen in a certain situation/
time** 🎧 (Track 223)



fóng hōk zī hǎu, nǐ wǔi zōu māt jě ǎa?
放 學 之 後 , 你 會 做 乜 嘢 呀 ?
(After school, what would you do?)

fóng hōk zī hǎu, ngǒ wǔi làu hái hōk hǎau jāt zǎn.
放 學 之 後 , 我 會 留 喺 學 校 一 陣 。
(After school, I will stay at school for a while.)

<u>Time Expression</u>	<u>Subject</u>	wǔi 會 (would)	<u>Verbal phrase.</u>
------------------------	----------------	---------------------	-----------------------

- 1. sīng kèi lūk 星期六 (Saturday)
- 2. sīng kèi jāt 星期日 (Sunday)
- 3. fóng gǎa 放假 (on holiday)
- 4. dāk hàn 得閒 (free time)
- 5. sīk fāan 食飯 (after meal)
- zī hǎu 之後

- 1. Fāa Nàa 花娜 (Farah)
- 2. Fēi Līk Sī 菲力士 (Felix)
- 3. ngǒ dēi 我哋 (we)
- 4. kěoi 佢 (he/she)
- 5. ngǒ 我 (I)

- 1. hěoi bōu zǎap 去補習 (go for tutoring class)
- 2. hěoi gǎau tóng 去教堂 (go to church)
- 3. wān zǎap gūng fó 溫習功課 (review and study)
- 4. tái dīn sī 睇電視 (watch television)
- 5. hěoi gūng jýun sǎan bōu 去公園散步 (go for a walk in the park)

D. The adverb of frequency 'sometimes' (Track 224)

něi làu hái hōk hāu zōu māt jě àa?
 你留嘍學校做乜嘢呀?
 (What do you do staying at school?)



jǎu sì tòng tòng hōk jāt cài dǎa bō,
 有時同同學一齊打波,
 (Sometimes I play ball games together with
 classmates.)

jǎu sì cāam gāa fò ngōi wūt dūng.
 有時參加課外活動。
 (Sometimes I join extra curricular activities.)

ngō 我

<u>Subject</u>	jǎu sì 有時 (sometimes)	<u>Verbal phrase 1.</u>	jǎu sì 有時 (sometimes)	<u>Verbal phrase 2.</u>
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1. hái ūk kái sīk fāan 喺屋企食飯 (have meal at home)
2. sīk fāan 食飯 (eat rice)
3. dǎap síu bāa 搭小巴 (take minibus)
4. tēng jām ngōk 聽音樂 (listen to music)
5. tái sýu 睇書 (read books)
6. tòng Fāa Nàa wáan 同花娜玩 (play with Farah)

1. hái hōk hāu sīk fāan 喺學校食飯 (have meal at school)
2. sīk mīn 食麵 (eat noodles)
3. dǎap góng tít 搭港鐵 (take MTR)
4. tái hēi 睇戲 (watch movies)
5. tái dīn sī 睇電視 (watch TV)
6. tòng Oì Sāa wáan 同愛莎玩 (play with Aiza)

E. To indicate two actions that take place one after the other

(Track 225)

něi fān ūk kái zī hǎu wǔi zǒu māt jě āa?
你 返屋企之後會做乜嘢呀?
(What would you do after you go back home?)

ngǒ wǔi cūng lòeng sīn, jìn hǎu zǒu gūng fò.
我 會 沖 涼 先, 然後 做 功 課。
(I will take a shower first; afterwards, I will do the homework.)

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Verbal phrase 1</u>	(sīn.) (先,) (first)	jìn hǎu 然後 (afterwards)	<u>Verbal phrase 2.</u>
----------------	------------------------	---------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------------------

ngǒ 我

- | | | |
|------------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. dǎap sùn | 搭船 | (take a ferry) |
| 2. hòi sīk fāan | 去食飯 | (go for a meal) |
| 3. hòi Cùn Wāan | 去荃灣 | (go to Tsuen Wan) |
| 4. sǒeng Zūng Mán tòng | 上中文堂 | (attend Chinese class) |
| 5. wān zǎap gūng fò | 溫習功課 | (review and study) |

- | | | |
|------------------------|------|------------------------|
| 1. zýun cē | 轉車 | (change to a vehicle) |
| 2. fāan ūk kái | 返屋企 | (go home) |
| 3. hòi Wǒng Gòk | 去旺角 | (go to Mong Kok) |
| 4. sǒeng Jīng Mán tòng | 上英文堂 | (attend English class) |
| 5. fǎn gǎau | 瞓覺 | (sleep) |

jìn hǎu = gān zýu
然後 = 跟住



ngǎ hái nī gāan hōk hāau dūk zó sāam gò jÿut làa.
我 喺 呢 間 學 校 讀 咗 三 個 月 喇。
(I have been studying in this school for three months.)

ngǎ hái hōk hāau sīk zó hóu dō pàng jǎu.
我 喺 學 校 識 咗 好 多 朋 友。
(I have made many friends at school.)

kěoi dēi sì sì gāau ngǎ góng Gwóng Dūng Wáa,
佢 哋 時 時 教 我 講 廣 東 話,
(They always teach me how to speak in Cantonese.)

ngǎ jì gāa sīk góng síu síu làa.
我 而 家 識 講 少 少 喇。
(I know how to speak a little bit now.)

ngǎ dōu zāap gwāan zó hōk hāau gè sāng wūt làa.
我 都 習 慣 咗 學 校 嘅 生 活 喇。
(I have got used to school life as well.)

mǐi jāt fòng hōk zī hāu, ngǎ wǐi làu hái hōk hāau jāt zān,
每 日 放 學 之 後, 我 會 留 喺 學 校 一 陣,
(Every day after school, I will stay at school for a while.)

jǎu sì tòng tòng hōk jāt cài dāa bō,
有 時 同 同 學 一 齊 打 波,
(Sometimes, I play ball games together with classmates.)

jǎu sì cāam gāa fò ngōi wūt dūng.
有 時 參 加 課 外 活 動。
(Sometimes, I join extra curricular activities.)

fāan ūk kái zī hāu, ngǎ wǐi cūng lòeng sīn,
返 屋 企 之 後, 我 會 沖 涼 先,
(After getting back home, I would take a shower first.)

jìn hāu zīk hāk zǒu gūng fò tòng wān zāap.
然 後 即 刻 做 功 課 同 溫 習。
(Afterwards, I do my homework and revision immediately.)

ngǎ hóu zūng jì hōk hāau gè sāng wūt. ngǎ gòk dāk hóu hōi sām.
我 好 鍾 意 學 校 嘅 生 活。 我 覺 得 好 開 心。
(I like the school life very much. I feel very happy.)



A. Add the particle 'zǒ' to the following common activities to indicate that the action has been completed.

1) kěoi zǒu Zūng Mán gūng fò.

佢做中文功課



2) ngǒ hǒi Sān Gǎai.

我去新界



3) màa mǎa zǒu fǎan.

媽媽煮飯



4) Farah gǒ gò gō lèi Hōeng Góng.

Farah既哥哥黎香港



5) ngǒ zǎap gwǎan m sīk zóu cǎan.

我習慣唔食早餐



6) Wòng lǒu sī lèi hōi hǒk hǎau.

黃老師離開學校



7) ngǒ lǐn zǎap Jīng Mán fǎat jām.

我練習英文發音



B. Answer the questions in complete sentences using the information in the brackets.

1) nǐi hōk zó Gwóng Dūng Wáa géi nǐi ǎa? (one year)

你學咗廣東話幾耐呀？



2) kǎoi fāan zó ūk kái géi nǐi ǎa? (four hours)

佢返咗屋企幾耐呀？



3) nǐi dǎng zó kǎoi géi nǐi ǎa? (one night)

你等咗佢幾耐呀？



Key for tones 33

sāam¹ wún² sǎi³ ngàu⁴ nǎam⁵ mǐn⁶

4) nǐi góng zó dīn wáa géi nǐi ǎa? (three minutes)

你講咗電話幾耐呀？



5) nǐi bàa bāa hēoi zó lǎoi hàng géi nǐi ǎa? (two weeks)

你爸爸去咗旅行幾耐呀？



C. Add the words in the brackets to the following sentences by placing '↓' in appropriate positions.

- 1) fān hōk zī cìn, ngǒ sīk zóu cān. (wǔi)
返學之前，我食早餐。
- 2) kǎoi hái ūk kái wáan dīn nǒu, tái dīn sī. (jǎu sì / jǎu sì)
佢喺屋企玩電腦，睇電視
- 3) fān hōk zī hǎu, ngǒ dēi wǔi jǎu zāap wúi, jìn hǎu sǒeng dǎi jāt tòng. (sīn)
返學之後，我地有集會，然後上第一堂
- 4) kǎoi hǎoi mǎai fān háp, fān ūk kái. (sīn / jìn hǎu)
佢去買飯盒，返屋企。
- 5) ngǒ lèi cān tēng jāt zǎn zē. (zó)
我黎餐廳一陣啫。
- 6) ngǒ fān hōk wǔi dǎap dēi tít sīn, zǎun síu bāa. (gān zǎu)
我返學會搭地鐵先，轉小巴

Verbs:

1.	līn zāap	練習	<i>practice</i>	6.	sāan bōu	散步	<i>stroll; a walk</i>
2.	lèi hōi	離開	<i>leave</i>	7.	dāap s̀ỳun	搭船	<i>take a ferry</i>
3.	zōu lǎu sī	做老師	<i>to be a teacher</i>	8.	z̀ỳun	轉	<i>change; transfer</i>
4.	tái dīn sī	睇電視	<i>watch television</i>	9.	z̀ỳun cē	轉車	<i>transfer to a vehicle</i>
5.	fóng gāa	放假	<i>on holiday</i>				

1. lèi 嚟 (*come*)
2. hēoi 去 (*go to*)
3. fāan 返 (*come back*)
4. záu 走 (*leave*)

1. hōk 學 (*learn*)
2. sīk 識 (*know*)
3. dāng 等 (*wait*)
4. zōu 做 (*do; to be*)
5. tái 睇 (*watch*)

1. zāap gwāan 習慣 (*get used to*)
2. cāam gāa 參加 (*join*)
3. līn zāap 練習 (*practice*)
4. wān zāap 溫習 (*review*)
5. lèi hōi 離開 (*leave*)

1. héi zó sān 起咗身 (*have got*)
2. fàn zó gāau 瞓咗覺 (*have gone to bed*)
3. sīk zó zóu cāan 食咗早餐 (*have eaten breakfast*)
4. fāan zó hōk 返咗學 (*have gone to school*)
5. zōu zó gūng fò 做咗功課 (*have done homework*)
6. z̀ỳu zó fāan 煮咗飯 (*have prepared meal*)

D. Listen to the recording and write out your own journal in Cantonese by answering the questions. 🎧 (Track 270)

1) _____

2) _____

3) _____

4) _____

5) _____

6) _____

7) _____

8) _____

9) _____

Game

- What did you do last weekend (soeng6 go3 zau1 mut6)?
- What will you do this weekend (haa6 go3 zau1 mut6)?

C. To talk about extra curricular activities (Track 230)

něi cāam gāa zó māt jě fò ngòì wūt dūng āa?
 你 參 加 咗 乜 嘢 課 外 活 動 呀?
 (What extra curricular activities have you joined?)

ngǒ cāam gāa zó hǎp còeng tỳun
 我 參 加 咗 合 唱 團
 tùng Gwóng Dūng Wáa bāan.
 同 廣 東 話 班。
 (I have joined choir and Cantonese class.)



<u>Subject</u>	cāam gāa 參 加 (join)	zó 咗 [Pt]	<u>Activity.</u>
<u>Subject</u>	wǔi 會 (would)	cāam gāa 參 加 (join)	<u>Activity.</u>

Extra-curricular activities and interest classes at school:

ngǒ 我

- | | | |
|----------------------|------|--------------------------|
| 1. tīn mǎn bāan | 天文班 | (Astronomy class) |
| 2. sīp jǐng bāan | 攝影班 | (Photography class) |
| 3. měi sèot bāan | 美術班 | (Art class) |
| 4. jỳun ngāi bāan | 園藝班 | (Gardening class) |
| 5. hěi kěk bāan | 戲劇班 | (Drama class) |
| 6. dīn nǒu bāan | 電腦班 | (Computer class) |
| 7. Póu Tūng Wáa bāan | 普通話班 | (Putonghua class) |
| 8. zǎap jàu bāan | 集郵班 | (Stamp collecting class) |
| 9. Jỳu Gāa bāan | 瑜珈班 | (Yoga class) |
| 10. Tái Gīk bāan | 太極班 | (Taiji class) |
| 11. Tùng Gwān | 童軍 | (Boy Scout) |
| 12. Hùng Sǎp Zī Wúì | 紅十字會 | (Red Cross) |

E. To ask why (Track 232)

dím gáai nǐ cāam gāa Gwóng Dūng Wáa bāan áa?
 點 解 你 參 加 廣 東 話 班 呀?
 (Why did you join Cantonese class?)



jān wǎi ngǒ sóeng Gwóng Dūng Wáa lēk dī,
 因 為 我 想 廣 東 話 叻 啲,
 (Because I want to improve my Cantonese,...)
 só jǐ ngǒ cāam gāa Gwóng Dūng Wáa bāan.
 所 以 我 參 加 廣 東 話 班。
 (...therefore I joined the Cantonese class.)

Q:	dím gáai 點 解 (why)	<u>statement / situation</u>	áa? 呀? [Pt]
-----------	--------------------------	------------------------------	-------------------

- | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1. nǐ cì dǒu | 你 遲 到 | (you are late) |
| 2. kǎoi m̀ lèi | 佢 唔 嚟 | (he / she doesn't come) |
| 3. ngǒ jiu záu | 我 要 走 | (I have to leave) |
| 4. lǎu sī m̀ hōi sām | 老 師 唔 開 心 | (teacher isn't happy) |
| 5. nǐ m̀ fàn gǎau | 你 唔 瞓 覺 | (you don't sleep) |
| 6. gò gō siu | 哥 哥 笑 | (elder brother laughs) |
| 7. dài dái hām | 弟 弟 噉 | (younger brother cries) |

3. To denote the frequency of an event (Track 233)

něi jāt gò sīng kèi hòk géi dō cǐ Gwóng Dūng Wáa áa?
 你 一 個 星 期 學 幾 多 次 廣 東 話 呀?
 (How many times a week do you learn Cantonese?)



ngǎ jāt gò sīng kèi
 我 一 個 星 期
 hòk lǒeng cǐ Gwóng Dūng Wáa.
 學 兩 次 廣 東 話。
 (I learn Cantonese twice a week.)



1. How many times a week do you go to school?
2. How many times a week do you learn Chinese?
3. How many times a month do you go hiking? (hang4 saan1)
4. How many times a year do you have exam? (hao2 si5)

Q:	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Time period</u>	<u>Verb</u>	géi dō cǐ 幾 多 次 (how many times)	áa? 呀? [Pt]
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A:	<u>Subject</u>	<u>Time period</u>	<u>Verb</u>	<u>Nu + MW</u>	<u>Object.</u>
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1. jāt nìn 一年 (one year)
2. mǔi jāt 每日 (every day)
3. jāt jāt 一日 (one day)
4. mǔi mǎan 每晚 (every night)
5. jāt gò sīng kèi 一個星期 (one week)
6. jāt gò jÿut 一個月 (one month)

1. fāan 返	jāt cǐ 一次	Jǎn Dǒu 印度	(go back to India once)
2. tái 睇	jāt bún 一本	sÿu 書	(read one book)
3. sĭk 食	sèi cǐ 四次	jǒek 藥	(take medicine for four times)
4. góng 講	jāt gò 一個	gú zái 古仔	(tell one story)
5. tēng 聽	lǒeng cǐ 兩次	Gwóng Dūng Wáa lǔk jām 廣東話錄音	(listen to Cantonese recording twice)
6. tái 睇	jāt cǐ 一次	jī sāng 醫生	(see a doctor once)

Farah : hǎau zóeng, nǚ ōn. sīk zó fǎan mēi ǎa?
校 長，午安。食 咗 飯 未 呀?
(Good afternoon, Principal. Have you eaten?)

Principal : sīk zó lǎa, něi nē?
食 咗 喇，你 呢?
(Yes. And you?)

Farah : mēi sīk ǎa. ngǒ tǎu sīn hēoi zó hǐng cēoi bāan.
未 食 呀。我 頭 先 去 咗 興 趣 班。
(Not yet. I've just gone to the interest class.)

Principal : něi cāam gāa zó māt jě fǒ ngōi wūt dǔng ǎa?
你 參 加 咗 乜 嘢 課 外 活 動 呀?
(What kind of extra curricular activities have you joined?)

Farah : jān wǎi ngǒ zūng jǐ cǒeng gō,
因 為 我 鍾 意 唱 歌，
(Because I love singing.)

só jǐ ngǒ zūng nǚ cāam gāa zó hǎp cǒeng tỳun.
所 以 我 中 午 參 加 咗 合 唱 團。
(therefore I've joined the choir in the lunch time.)

Principal : něi gē Gwóng Dǔng Wáa zēoi gǎn zēon bǒu zó wò!
你 嘅 廣 東 話 最 近 進 步 咗 嗎!
(Your Cantonese has improved recently.)

Farah : dō zě! jān wǎi fǒng hōk zī hǎu,
多 謝！因 為 放 學 之 後，
(Thank you. It's because after school.)

ngǒ cāam gāa zó Gwóng Dǔng Wáa bāan.
我 參 加 咗 廣 東 話 班。
(I've joined the Cantonese class.)

Principal : něi jāt gǒ sīng kèi hōk géi dō cǐ Gwóng Dǔng Wáa ǎa?
你 一 個 星 期 學 幾 多 次 廣 東 話 呀?
(How many times a week do you learn Cantonese?)

Farah : ngǒ jāt gǒ sīng kèi hōk lǒeng cǐ.
我 一 個 星 期 學 兩 次。
(I learn twice a week.)

Principal : hóu hóu, gāa jáu ǎa!
好 好，加 油 呀！
(Very good, keep going!)



A. Use words or phrases underlined in the following sentences to write three sentences each with the pattern form below.

Q:	Subject	+	Verb	+	zó	+	(object)	+	měi ǎa?
A (yes):	(Subject)	+	Verb	+	zó	+	(object)	+	lǎa.
A (no):	(Subject)	+	měi	+	Verb	+	(object)	+	ǎa.

e.g. ngǒ jì gāa sīk fāan. 我宜家食飯

Q: něi sīk zó fāan měi ǎa?
 A (yes): sīk zó lǎa.
 A (no): měi sīk ǎa.



1) kǎoi dēi jì gāa sǒeng Sòu Hòk tòng. 佢地宜家上數學堂

Q: _____
 A (yes): _____
 A (no): _____



2) màa mǎa sāam dím zūng hèoi mǎai jě. 媽媽三點鐘去買嘢

Q: _____
 A (yes): _____
 A (no): _____



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3) hǎau zóeng lūk dím zūng fāan hòk hǎau.

Q: _____
 A (yes): _____
 A (no): _____



4) ngǒ dēi sùng lǎi mǎt béi kǎoi. 我地送禮物畀佢

Q: _____
 A (yes): _____
 A (no): _____



👂 B. Listen and complete the following dialogue. 🎧 (Track 271)

Ying-ying: Farah, nǐ měi nián nǐn hēi géi dō cǐ lǚo hàng áa? 你每年去幾多次旅行呀？

Farah: ^{我每年去} ngǒ mǐ nián nǐn hēi _____ ^(four times) lǚo hàng, ^{旅行}
^{四次旅行} sèi cǐ lǚo hàng _____ ^{去印度} hēi Jǎn Dǒu.

Ying-ying: _____ nǐ měi nián nǐn dōu hēi sèi cǐ Jǎn Dǒu áa? 你每年都去四次印度呀？

Farah: _____ ngǒ gě ūk kái jàn hái Jǎn Dǒu, 我既屋企人喺印度

_____ ngǒ mǐ nián nǐn dōu hēi sèi cǐ Jǎn Dǒu. 我每年都去四次印度

C. Use the pictures below, choose the appropriate extra curricular activities in the following, and then write sentences using the verb 'cāam gāa'.

紅十字會

攝影班
合唱團
園藝班









sip jing baan	Hung Sap Zi Wui	mei seot baan
haap coeng tyun	hei kek baan 戲劇班	zaap jau baan
yun ngai baan	Jyu Gaa baan 瑜珈班	tin man baan

美術班
集郵班
天文班

e.g. ngo cam gaa zo hap coeng tyun.



我參加咗合唱團

- 1)  _____
- 2)  _____
- 3)  and  _____
- 4)  and  _____
- 5)  and  _____

LINGUISTIC STRUCTURES

A. To state a continuous action or activity with 'gán' (Track 236)



nǐ dēi hái dōu
你 哋 喺 度
zǒu gán māt jě ǎa?
做 緊 乜 嘢 呀?
(What are you doing over here?)

nǐ dēi góng gán hǎa gò sīng kèi gè háau sí.
我 哋 講 緊 下 個 星 期 嘅 考 試。
(We are talking about the examinations next week.)

Q: <u>Subject</u>	hái dōu 喺 度 (over here)	zǒu 做 (do)	gán 緊 [Pt]	māt jě 乜 嘢 (what)	ǎa? 呀? [Pt]
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- 1. lǎo sī 老師 (teacher)
- 2. màa māa 媽媽 (mother)
- 3. Hǒu Jī 浩二 (Kouji)
- 4. Fāa Nàa 花娜 (Farah)

A: <u>Subject</u>	<u>Verb</u>	gán 緊 [Pt]	<u>Action / Activity.</u>
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- 1. mǎai 買 (buy)
- 2. zǒu 煮 (cook)
- 3. wān zāap 溫習 (review)
- 4. zéon bēi 準備 (prepare)

- 1. fāan háp 飯盒 (lunch box)
- 2. fāan 飯 (rice; a meal)
- 3. gūng fó 功課 (homework)
- 4. háau sí 考試 (examination)

C. To state something will happen soon (Track 238)

食咗飯
食緊飯
就黎食飯
會食飯



<u>(Topic / Subject)</u>	zāu lèi 就 嚟 (soon)	<u>Event / Activity</u>	làa! 喇! [Pt]
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- | | | |
|------------------|-----|----------------|
| 1. cāak jīm | 測驗 | (test; quiz) |
| 2. lõk tòng | 落堂 | (finish class) |
| 3. sīk fāan | 食飯 | (eat a meal) |
| 4. fòng gǎa | 放假 | (on holiday) |
| 5. lõk cē | 落車 | (get off) |
| 6. dòu | 到 | (arrive) |
| 7. bàat dím | 八點 | (8 o'clock) |
| 9. Sing Dään Zit | 聖誕節 | (Christmas) |

1. I will have exam soon.
2. I will have vacation soon. (fong3 gaa3)
3. What is he doing?
He is reading. (tai2 syu1)

4. What are you doing?
I am going to the university. (daai6 hok6)

5. What are you eating?
I am eating noodles. (min6)

6. What will you do this weekend?
I will go to the park. (gung1 jyun2)

7. What book did you read?
I read XXX.

8. How long have you been learning Mandarin?
I have been learning for X years.

9. Have you done your homework?
I am doing it!

10. What will you do in Christmas? (sing3 daan3 zit3)