# Cyborgs and a Post Human Future?

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Logging On To Cyber Society



# Cyborgs









## Cyborgs in Sci-Fi

- Demonstrating the power of man and science over the natural world
- Metropolis 1927
- Six Million Dollar Man & Bionic Woman
- Blade Runner



## Types of Cyborg?

- Cyborg cybernetic organism
- Hybrids of human-machine
- How are people using technology to explore being cybernetic organisms (cyborgs), hybrids of the human and the machine? (Film)
- Cybernetic systems constitute cyborgs by using biology and technology
- Separable cyborg (pilot-aircraft, ear-hearing aid)
   Steve Mann (<u>Film</u>)
- Invasive cybernetic technologies Kevin Warwick (Film)



# Prosthetic cybernetic technologies - Stelarc

 'The body needs to be repositioned from the psycho realm of the biological to the cyber zone of the interface and extension – from genetic containment to electronic extrusion'.

• It cannot cope with the quantity, complexity and quality of information it has accumulated..., it is biologically ill-equipped to cope with its new extra-terrestrial environment'. (Stelarc, 2000, p.560-1)



#### A. Murphie & J. Potts -

'Cyborgs: the body, information and technology'

- Awareness of patterns of control that constrain us can lead to change
- Cyborg culturally significant metaphor for crossing boundaries of human and nonhuman – powerful site of resistance to binary systems that structure our worldview
- Subversively blurs boundaries between oppositional concepts in which one may be marked as superior



## Breaking down binaries

- Human/nonhuman
- Culture/nature
- Male/female
- Technology/biology
- Divine /man made
- Reality/representation
- Subject/ object





Vs.



# Donna Haraway 'The Cyborg Manifesto'

- Haraway's hybrid bio-technological world
- Cyborg as the "disassembled, reassembled postmodern collective and personal self" that empowers us through the negotiation of culture and identity
- Extends the idea of 'bodies' beyond accepted norms, especially in terms of gender
- Existence on the boundaries of human and machine



## Cyborgs, sex and gender

- Cyborgs challenge gender binaries and support the idea that gender is socially acquired.
- "There is nothing about being female that naturally binds women. There is not even such a state as 'being' female, itself a highly complex category constructed in contested sexual scientific discourses and other social practices"-Haraway, "Cyborg Manifesto" (155).
- Gender as language, codes and signs.
- The cyborg transgresses gender sterotypes and is a liminal being with it its own subjectivity.



### Haraways 'Informatics of Domination'

Old

Representation

Bourgeois novel, realism

Organism

Depth, integrity

Heat

Biology as clinical practice

Physiology Communications

Small group

Perfection

Eugenics

• Sex

Labour

Mind

Second World War

White Capitalist Patriarchy

New

Simulation

Science fiction, postmodernism

**Biotic Component** 

Surface, boundary

Noise

Biology as inscription

Engineering

Subsystem

Optimization

**Population Control** 

Genetic engineering

**Robotics** 

Artificial intelligence

**Star Wars** 

Informatics of Domination



# Hierarchal Systems of Domination

# Informatics of Domination

- Organism
- Perfection
- Reproduction
- Nature / Culture
- Mind

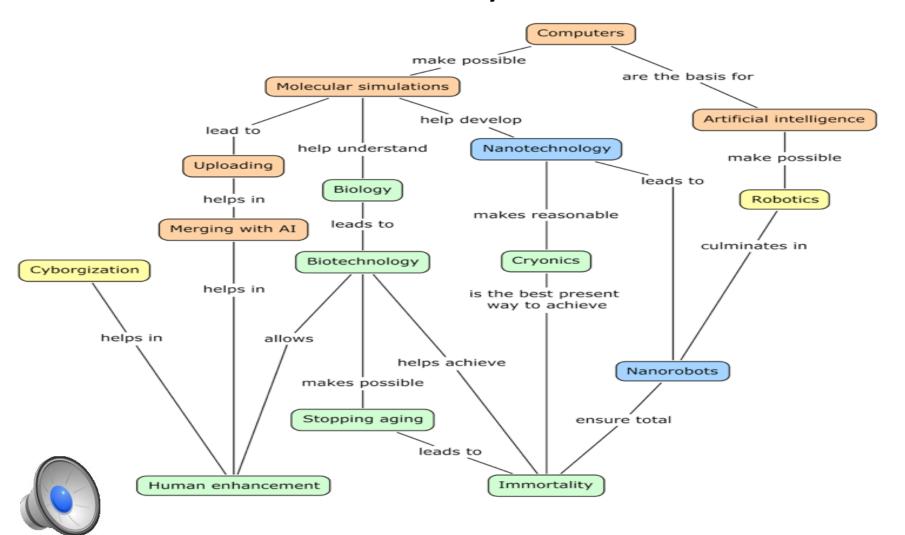
- Biotic component
- Optimisation
- Replication
- Fields of difference
- Artificial Intelligence



### Non invasive

- how the boundaries of technology and humanity are blurring together privacy, identity and connectivity
- mobile technology
- user experience design
- information dispersal, storage and retrieval
- physiological effects of technology on mental processes

# Merging Humans and Technology (Lim 2010)



### Cyborg- Online identities

- Heightened connection to machine
- Online identities Multi identity, partiality
- The internet allows for the deconstruction of binary genders
- The new identity is formed from the relationship between the original identity and the internet. It is a cyborg identity, part machine, part human
- The user as a cyborg



### Issues

- Technology is increasingly integrated with the human body.
- Technology is used to augment or replace the things we used to do ourselves.
- What is the morality of such changes?
- Do our values change when we are hybrid human –machines, Does becoming cyborgs alter us??
- Do we need to 'control' or 'regulate' the development of cyborgs?
  - If so how? And who decides this?
- Are we now post-human?



### Post Humanism

- What is posthumanism?
  - Emphasising the new
    - The new is characterised by speculation
      - eg. We may imagine a future where people are genetically modified to try to ensure health, but such a future may need health surveillance and interactions throughout life
  - Advent of the consumer/leisure/information societies
  - Change, keeping up with developments seen as essential, rather than just a fad or a freaky idea



### Post Humanism

- Joanna Zylinska 'ethics of cultural studies' (2005)
  - Political, social, and (moral)philosophical implications of posthumanism
  - Different ways of characterising the human
- Virilio's concerns
  - Suspicious of modern/postmodern
  - Not fragmented communities
  - The Transplant Revolution
    - Collapse of the distinction between the human body and technology
  - Rejects Cybersex: technological replacement of emotion

### Post Post Humanism?

- What is the status of the posthuman?
  - Is it Different?
- Why is the concept of technological futures often portrayed as a negative?
- Is it so different from present day? Are we already there?
- What happens after?
- Is post human 'after'? Or just another false dawn?
- If concept of 'human' is contested then why should PH be any different?



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