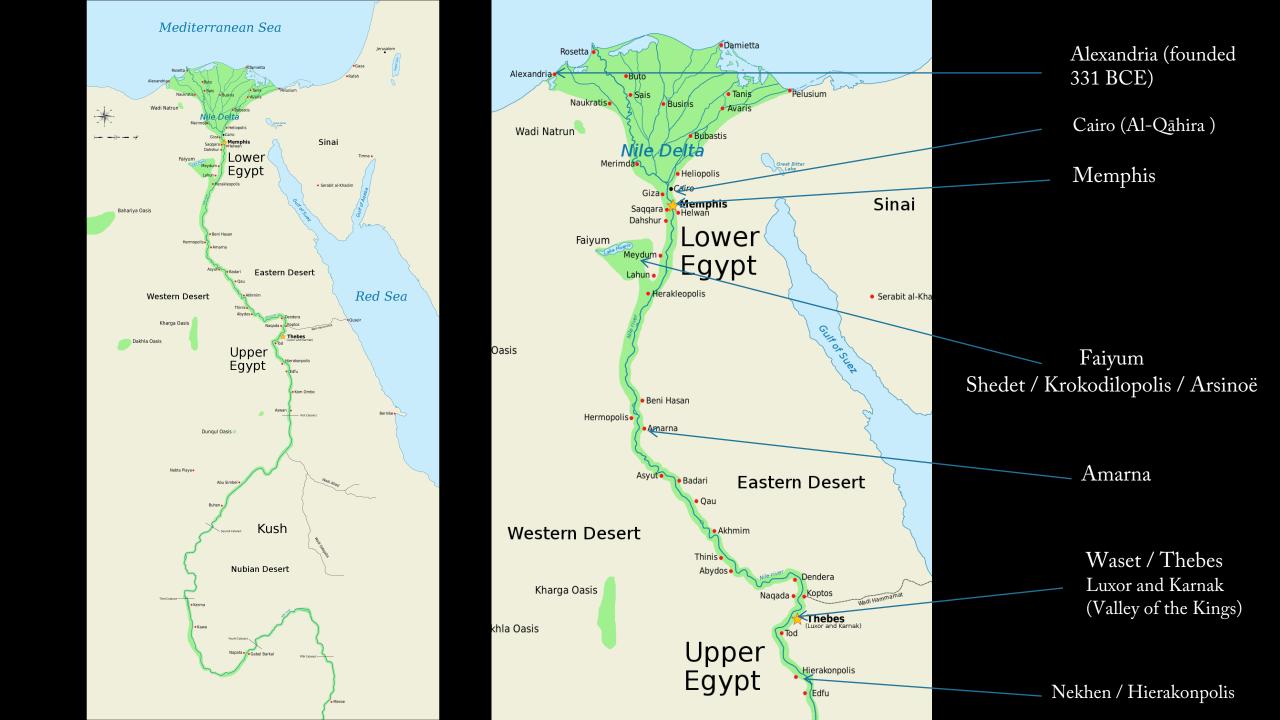
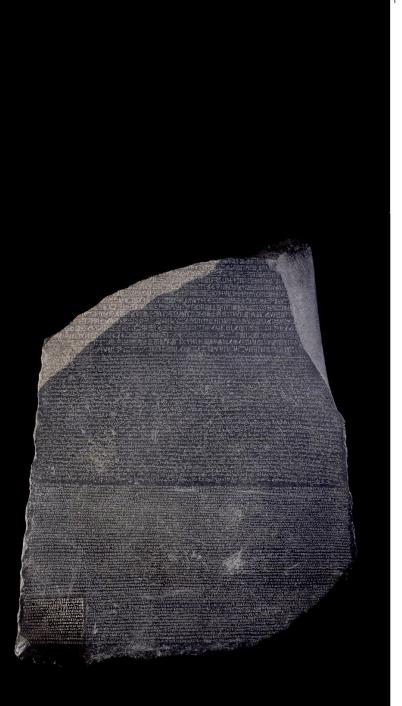
IV. Egyptian Art
Part 1: Kings, Power, and the Divine

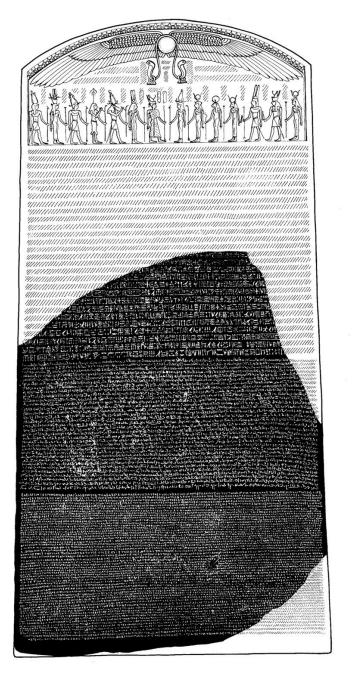
DU1701 Periods of Art History I



- c. 3100 BCE 'Unification' of Egypt under King Narmer (or Menes)
- c. 2800–2200 BCE Old Kingdom (Memphis capital)
- c. 2200-2052 BCE Intermediate Period
- c. 2052–1567 Middle Kingdom (Thebes capital)
- c. 1567–1085 BCE New Kingdom (Thebes capital, except during the Amarna period)
- c. 1085-713 BCE Intermediate Period
- c. 712–332 BCE Late Period (foreign dynasties: Nubian, Lybians, Persian)
- c. 332-30 BCE Ptolemaic Period







Il. W. Cableau des Signes Phonètiques des Exitures brévoglyphique et Démouque des anciens Egyptiens

Lettrebi Greequise	Signes Demotiques	Signes Lieroglyphiqued
A	ບ.ຍ.	DA B DA A DA DE S
В	4.24.	A. & L. J. RT.
Г	K	
Δ	<.4	3.0
E	1	Q.P
Z		
Н	וונ. ווג. מו . ווג. ווו	00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.
Θ		
I	Ø. Ⅲ.	00.00.00:
K.	W. 76. 76	
Λ	1.7.4.	20 al. b. s.
M	J. J.	= . C. T. I . A
N.	2.2	8.8.8.8.00
Ξ	*	1 40-
0	LLE S. L	B. B. B. 1 9 €.
Π.	2.2.2.2.	
P	1.1.1.	O & & B & D & E & MIMWW.
Σ	L (11.4)1.	
	6.6. ho. h.	3 3. a A
Υ.		
ф	2_	
4		
X	13	
2		6.9
To.		200 200 200

(42/2225)





Palette of King Narmer, from Hierakonpolis, predynastic, ca. 3000-2920 BCE, ca. 63,5 cm Cairo, Egyptian Museum



Palette in form of a fish, ca. 3000 BCE 8,7 x 18,5 x 1,5 cm Kunsthistorisches Museum, Vienna

Palette, Nagada III period, ca. 3150 BCE British Museum – Ashmolean Museum









Jasper cylinder seal with monstrous lions (serpopards) and eagles with lion heads, Uruk period, ca. 4100-3000 BCE Paris, Musée du Louvre





(Left) the crown of Lower Egypt and (right) the crown of Upper Egypt, worn by King Sesostris III, relief on door lintels at Madāmūd, ca. 1878–1843 BCE Cairo, Egyptian Museum



Pharaoh Ptolemy VIII between the goddesses Wadjet (symbolizing lower Egypt) and Nekhbet (symbolizing upper Egypt) relief from the Temple of Edfu, Egypt, 2nd century BCE



Roman Emperor Trajan (ruled 98–117 BCE) offering to Hathor Roman Mammisi, Dendera Temple complex

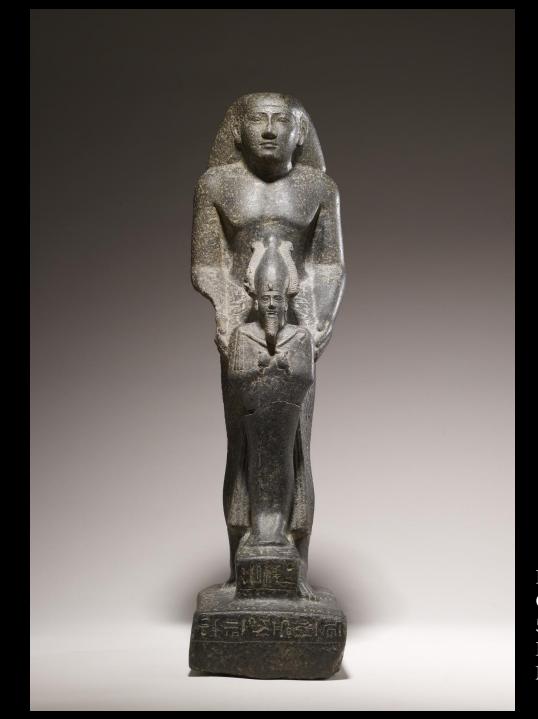




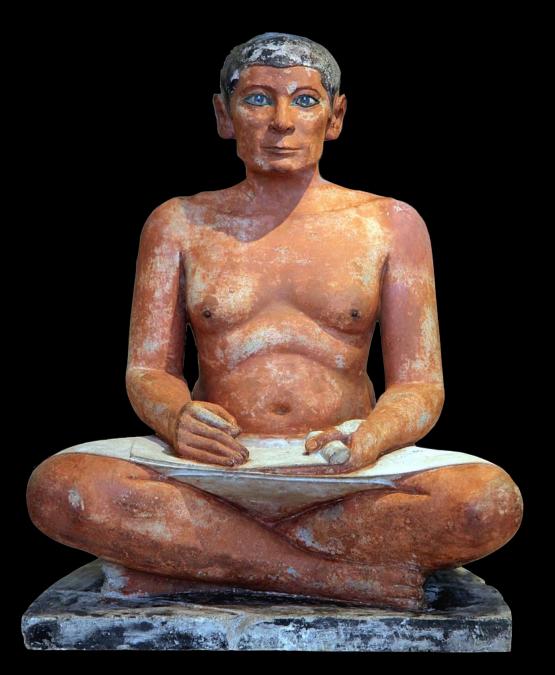
Statue of King Haremheb with Horus ca. 1343–1315 BCE 153 x 73 x 77 cm place of origin unknown Wien, Kunsthistorisches Museum



Osiris on a Throne, 7.8 x 6.9 x 15 cm ca. 664-595 BCE Baltimore, Walters Art Museum



Priest Holding the Figure of Osiris, ca. 665-650 BCE 57 x 14 x 26 cm, from Karnak Baltimore, Walters Art Museum





Seated Scribe, ca. 2620–2500 B.C.E., Old Kingdom, painted limestone, inlay for the eyes, found in Saqqara Paris, Musée du Louvre



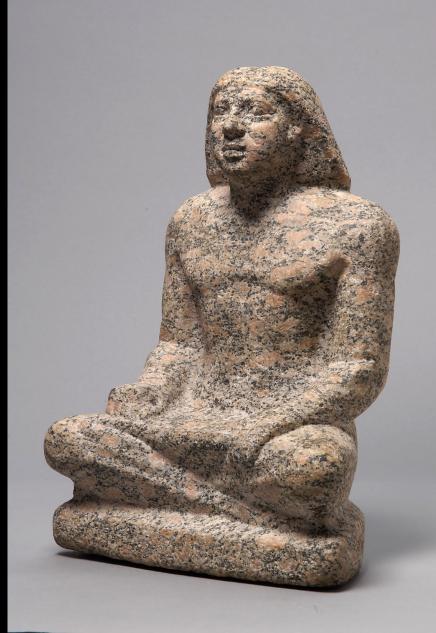


Egyptian statue depicting Kaaper the chief lector priest. Made from sycamore wood, the eyes are inlaid; the rim is made from copper, the white is opaque quartz and the cornea is rock crystal. Old Kingdom, 5th Dynasty, ca. 2494-2345 BC. From Saqqara necropolis. Egyptian Museum, Cairo



Scribe and Official, ca. 670-650 B.C.E. Limestone, pigment (Egyptian blue, indigo), (18.4 × 3.8 × 26.7 cm Brooklyn Museum, Charles Edwin Wilbour Fund, 49.18.





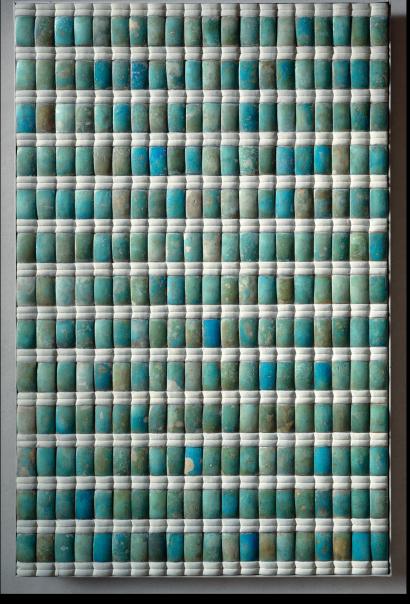
Scribe, Old Kingdom, 2400 BCE, 38,5 x 27,3 x 16,5 cm, pink granite Wien, Kunsthistorisches Museum

Haremhab royal scribe, New Kingdom, ca. 1336–1323 BCE, from Memphis (?), granodiorite, H: 113 cm / New York, Metropolitan Museum

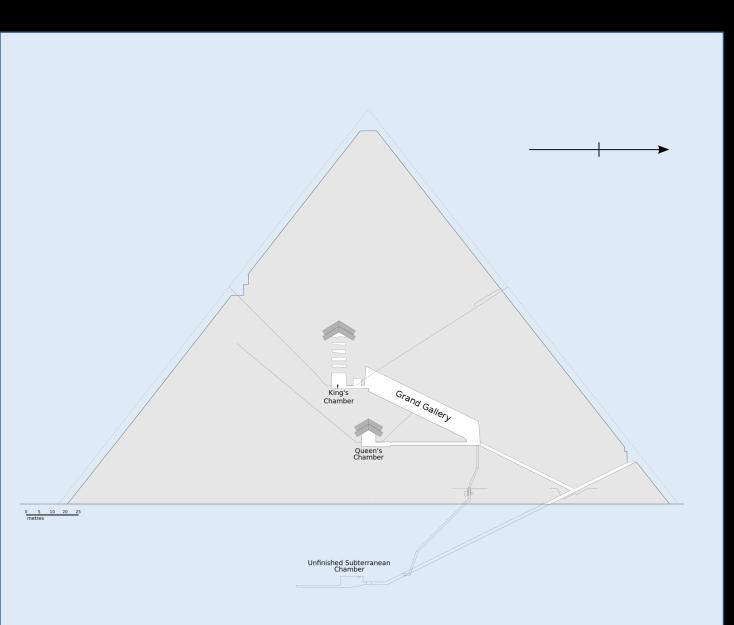


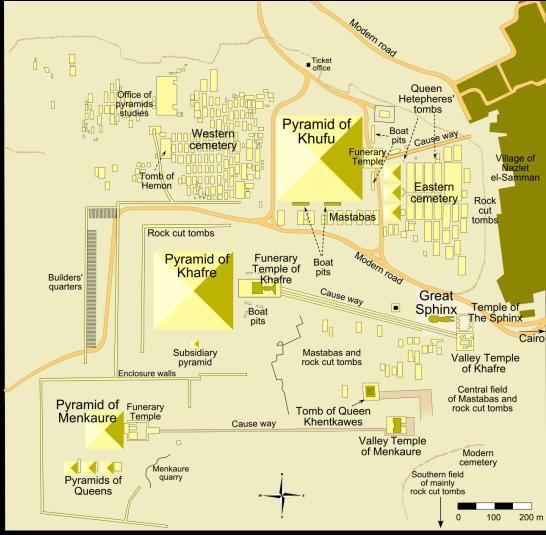
Pyramid of Djoser, Saqqara, ca. 2667–2648 BCE





Wall tiles from the funerary apartments of king Djoser, ca. 2630–2611 BCE



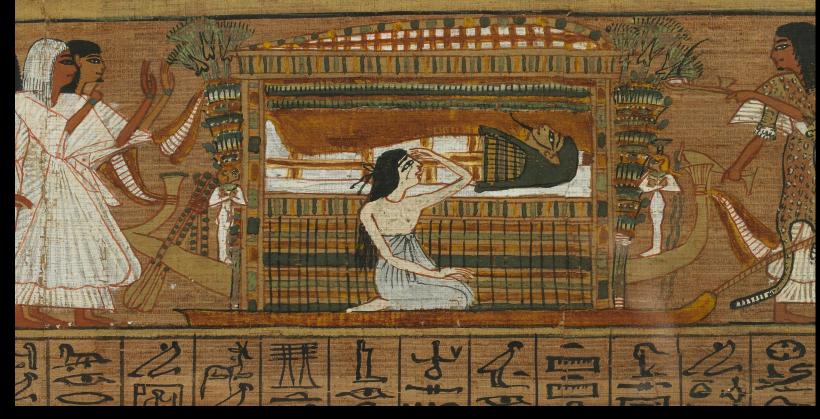


Great Pyramid of Giza, Pharaoh Khufu, ca. 2580–2560 BC





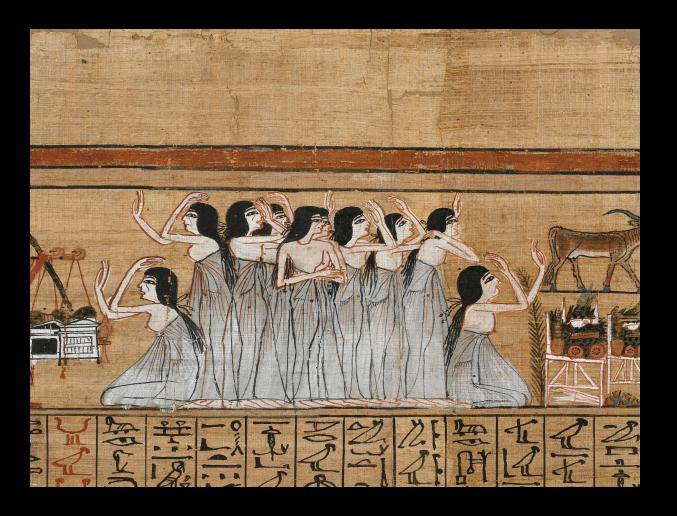
Valley of the Kings, in use from ca. 16th to 11th century BCE

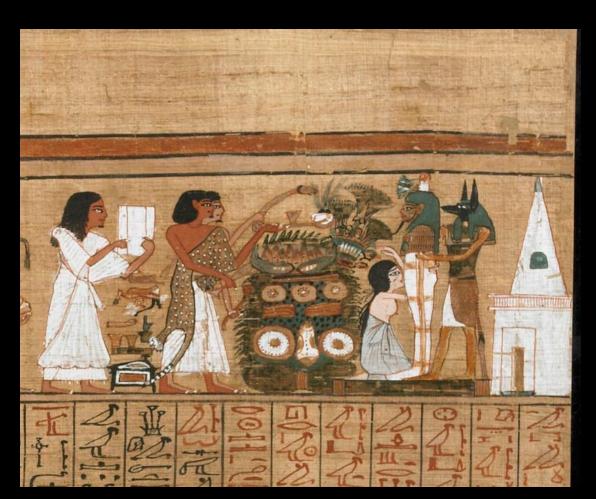


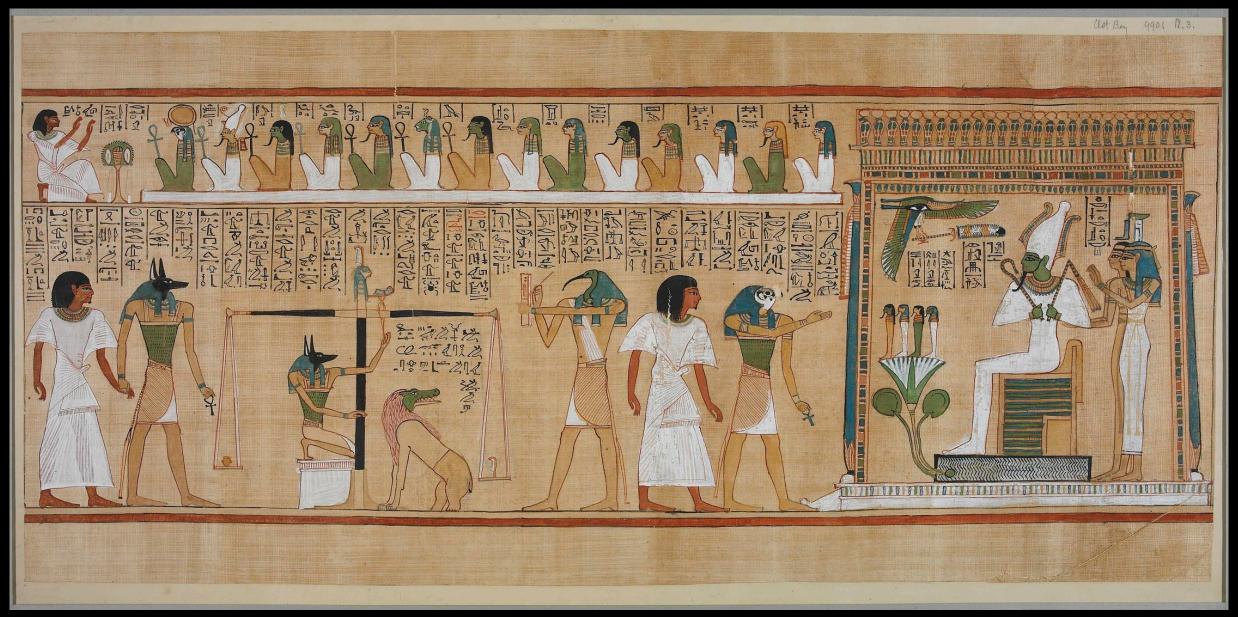
'Book of the Dead', Papyrus of Ani ca. 1,250 BCE, from Upper Egypt (Thebes) London, British Museum









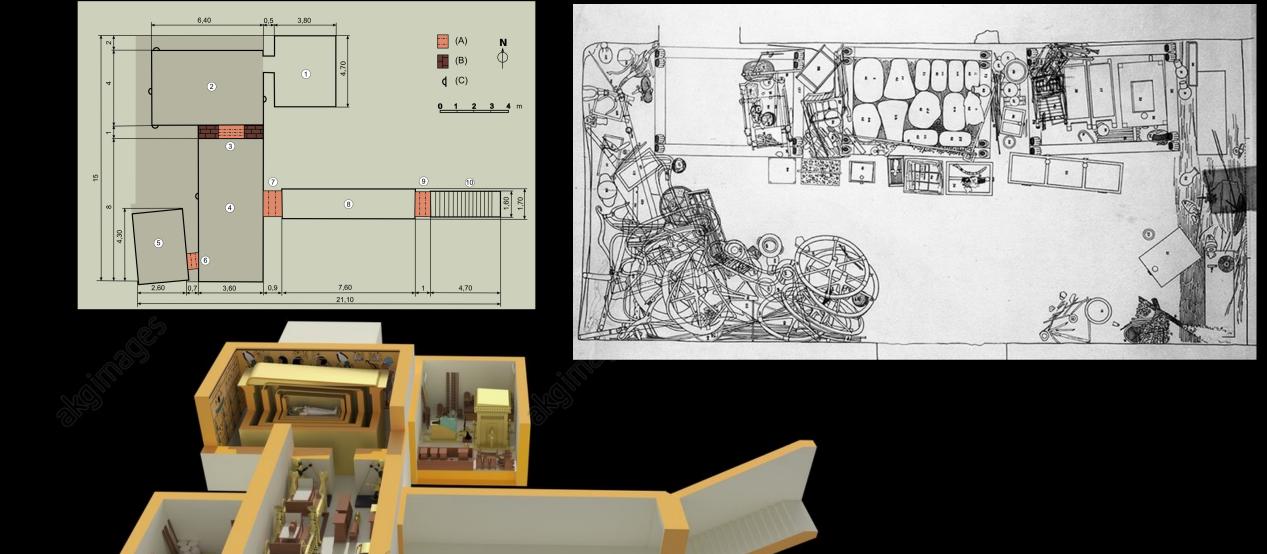


Book of the Dead of Hunefer, royal scribe, ca. 1,310 BCE, 45.7 x 83.4 cm, Thebes, Egypt London, British Museum





Death mask of Pharaoh Tutankhamun, ca. 1,323 BCE, discovered in 1925 by Howard Carter in the Valley of Kings Cairo, Egyptian Museum



Tomb of Pharaoh Tutankhamun, 3D reconstruction, ca. 1346–1337 BCE



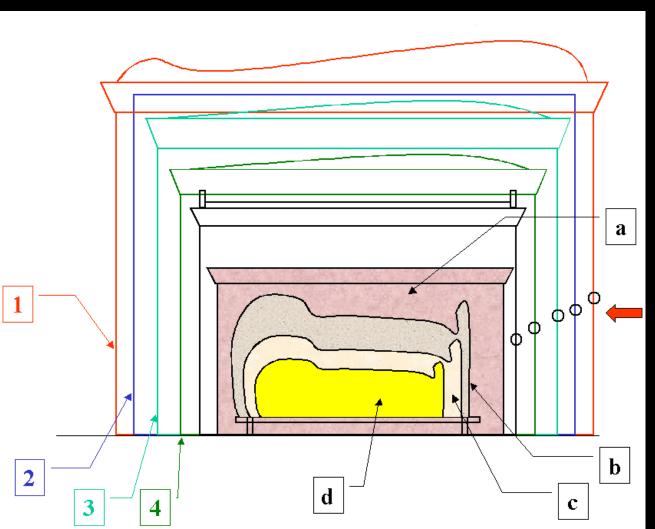




















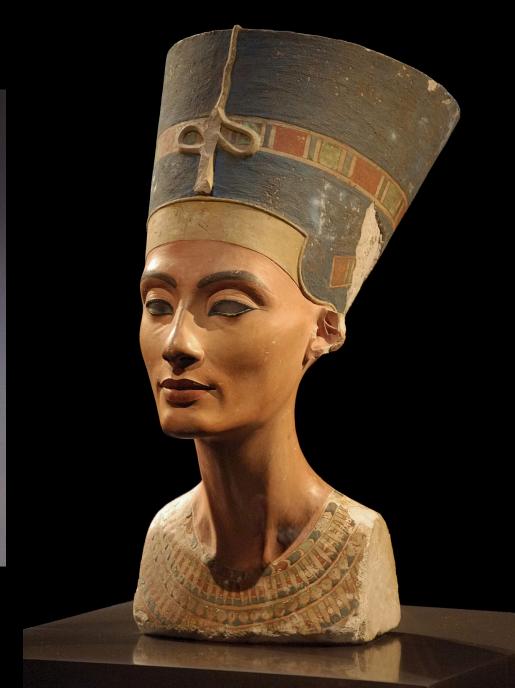


- Fragment of a King's Face (Akhenaten or Thutmose IV?), New Kingdom, from Thebes, ca. 1353–1336 BCE, 13,8 x 11,3 x 4,4 cm
- Fragment of a Queen's Face (Nefertiti or Kiya), New Kingdom, ca. 1353–1336 BCE, yellow jasper, 13 x 12 x 12,5 cm

New York, Metropolitan Museum









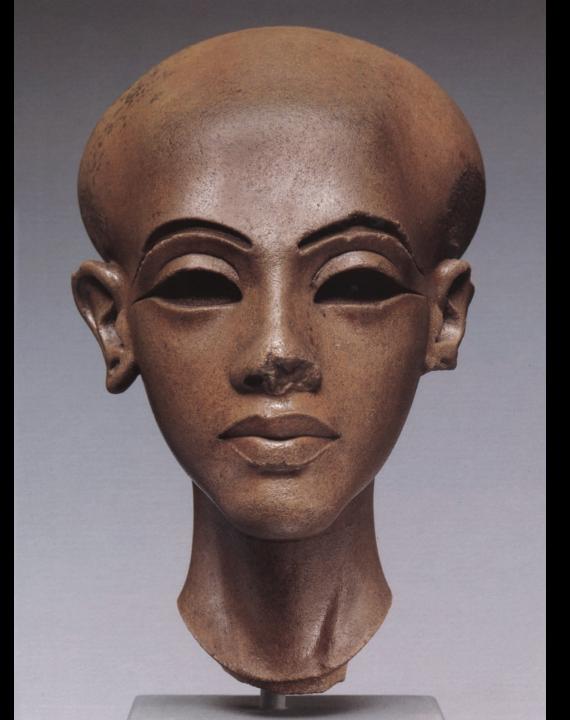


Bust of Nefertiti, limestone, plaster & paint, ca. 1352– 1336 BCE, from Amarna Berlin, Ägyptisches Museum





House altar representing Akhenaten, Nefertiti and their three daughters under the Aton, ca.1351–1334 BCE Berlin, Staatliche Museen



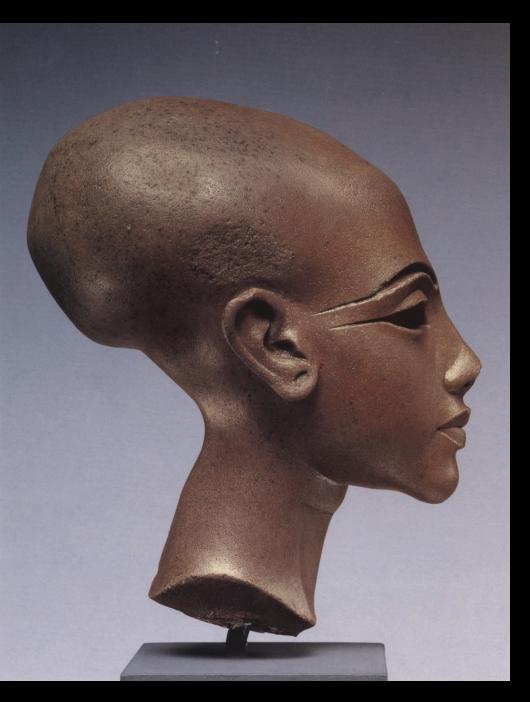


Head of a princess, from Thutmose workshop, brown quartzite, ca. 1345 BCE Berlin, Ägyptisches Museum





Head of Amarna princess, Amarna period (stylistic attribution), ca. 1353-1336 B.C.E Louvre Museum, Paris





Detail with Akhenaten's daughters, Tell el-Amarna, painted plaster
40 x 165 cm, ca. 1345–1335 BCE
Oxford, Ashmolean Museum



Deformed skulls, Afrasiab, Samarkand, Sogdia, 600-800 CE