GULLAH



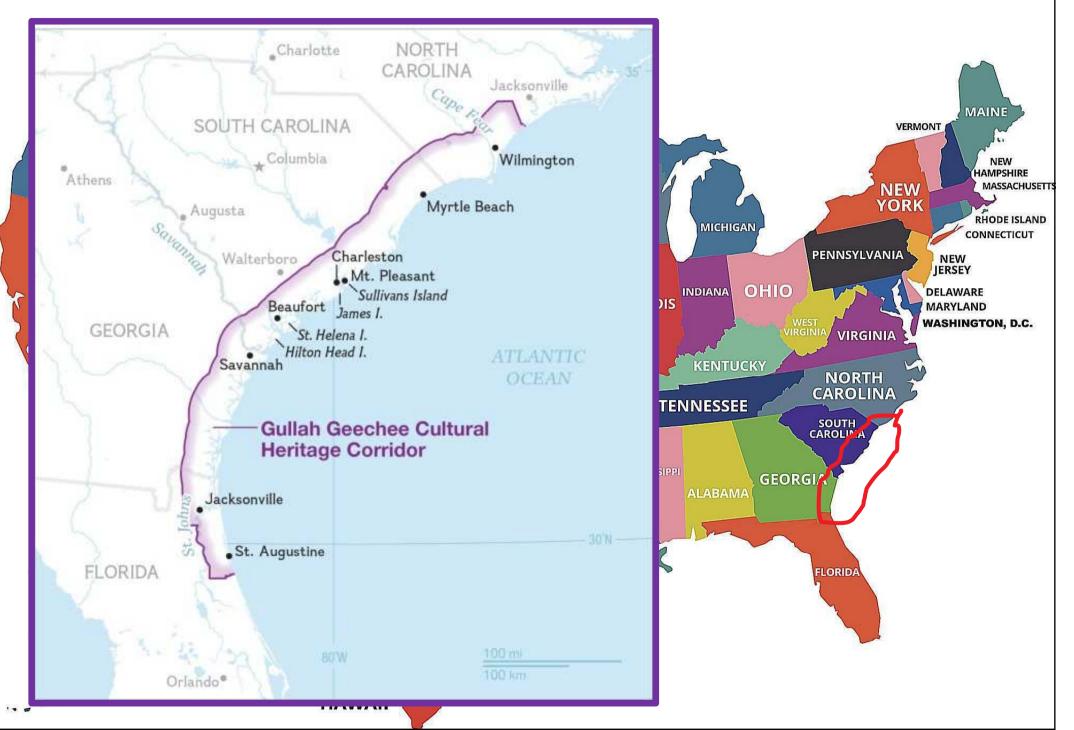




Pronunciation Varieties of American English

Katarína Gábryšová

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



CULTURAL BACKGROUND

descendants of Central and West **AFRICANS**

CAROLINA A

GRORGIA

CAROLINA

FLORIOF

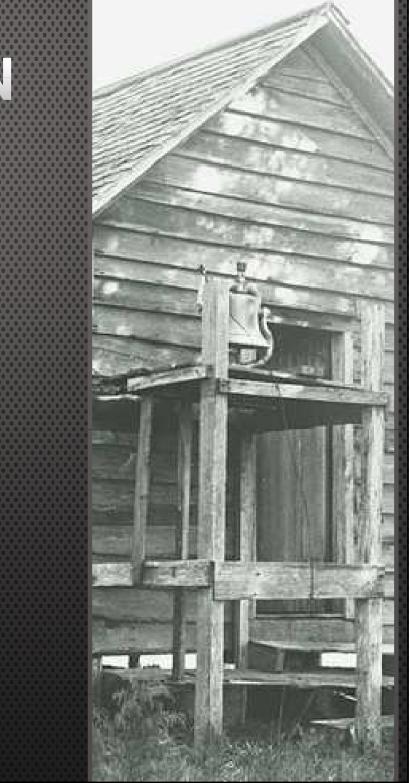
PAL HERITAGE CORP

- ENSLAVED TOGETHER ON THE ISOLATED SEA AND BARRIER ISLANDS THAT SPAN WHAT IS NOW DESIGNATED AS THE GULLAH GEECHEE CULTURAL HERITAGE CORRIDOR
- AN INTENSE INTERACTION AMONG AFRICANS FROM DIFFERENT LANGUAGE GROUPS IN SETTINGS WHERE ENSLAVED AFRICANS AND THEIR DESCENDANTS FORMED THE MAJORITY
- THEY DEVELOPED THE CREOLE GUILAH Geechee Language as a means of COMMUNICATING WITH EACH OTHER
- ABLE TO PRESERVE MANY AFRICAN PRACTICES IN THEIR LANGUAGE, ARTS, CRAFTS AND CUISINE

SPIRITUAL EXPRESSION

 Religion and spirituality have a sustaining role in Gullah family and community life

- ENSLAVED AFRICANS WERE EXPOSED TO CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS PRACTICES IN A NUMBER OF WAYS AND INCORPORATED ELEMENTS THAT WERE MEANINGFUL TO THEM INTO THEIR AFRICAN ROOTED SYSTEM OF BELIEFS
 - BELIEF IN A GOD, COMMUNITY ABOVE INDIVIDUALITY, RESPECT FOR ELDERS, KINSHIP BONDS AND ANCESTORS; RESPECT FOR NATURE, AND HONORING THE CONTINUITY OF LIFE AND THE AFTERLIFE.
- REGULAR RELIGIOUS SERVICES ON THE PLANTATION WITH COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE OR SEPARATE SERVICES FOR BLACKS WITH BLACK PREACHERS
- PLANTATIONS FREQUENTLY HAD A PRAISE HOUSE OR SMALL STRUCTURE WHERE SLAVES COULD MEET FOR RELIGIOUS SERVICES, BUT THESE ALSO HAD SIGNIFICANCE IN MAINTAINING COMMUNITY COHESION, SOCIAL STRUCTURE AND CONFLICT RESOLUTION.



ARTS, CRAFTS AND MUSIC

ARTS AND CRAFTS - CAST NETS FOR FISHING, BASKET WEAVING FOR AGRICULTURE AND TEXTILE ARTS FOR CLOTHING AND WARMTH.

- PASSED DOWN BY ENSLAVED AFRICANS BROUGHT TO THE SOUTHEASTERN SHORES OF THE UNITED STATES
- YOUNGER GENERATIONS HAVE LOST INTEREST
- AFRICAN TEXTILE TRADITIONS COMBINED WITH EUROPEAN QUILTING METHODS - A CREOLE ART FORM EMERGED
- THE AFRICAN ART OF BASKET MAKING WAS SIGNIFICANT AS A TRADITIONALLY PASSED DOWN HANDICRAFT PRACTICED BY BOTH MEN AND WOMEN USING SIMILAR MATERIALS FROM THEIR HOMELAND.
- BASKETS WERE SOLD TO NON-GULLAH GEECHEE PEOPLE AND WERE A SOURCE OF ADDITIONAL INCOME.
- AFRICAN SONGS ARE THE FOUNDATION FOR WHAT MAY BE REFERRED TO AS GULLAH MUSIC. DEEPLY ROOTED IN MUSIC TRADITIONS BROUGHT TO THE AMERICAS BY ENSLAVED AFRICANS, THE MUSIC EVOLVED OUT OF THE CONDITIONS OF SLAVERY THAT CHARACTERIZED THEIR LIVES. THE INFLUENCE AND EVOLUTION OF MUSICAL FORMS THAT AROSE OUT OF GULLAH MUSIC CAN BE HEARD IN MANY MUSICAL GENRES SUCH AS SPIRITUALS AND GOSPEL MUSIC, RAGTIME, RHYTHM AND BLUES, SOUL, HIP HOP AND JAZZ.

LANGUAGE

- A UNIQUE CREOLE LANGUAGE SPOKEN ALONG THE SEA ISLANDS AND ADJACENT COASTAL AREAS OF SOUTH CAROLINA AND GEORGIA
- THE RESIDENTS IN GEORGIA ARE TYPICALLY REFERRED TO AS "GEECHEE"
- BEGAN AS A SIMPLIFIED FORM OF COMMUNICATION AMONG PEOPLE OF DIFFERENT LANGUAGES INCLUDING EUROPEAN SLAVE TRADERS, SLAVE OWNERS AND DIVERSE AFRICAN ETHNIC GROUPS
- The vocabulary and grammatical roots come from European and African languages
- Gullah Geechee language is the only distinctly African creole language in the United States and has influenced traditional Southern vocabulary and speech patterns
- Gullah Closely Resembles Nonstandard Bahamian English in both grammar and Intonation.

GULLAH ENGLISH CREOLE

- Universal negator ain (He ain go come – he won't come)
- Multiple negatives (She ain go nowheh. – She isn't going anywhere.)
- Gender and case distinctions in the pronominal system are made only partially(she refers to females, but he is not genderspecific)

•	AIN	AIN'T
•	Ин	I
•	GWINE	GOING TO
•	Dey	THEY
•	De	THE
•	Dis	THIS
•	Dem	TEM
•	Fada	FATHER
•	Οομαν	WOMAN
•	MI NAUNA	ME AND YOU
•	E	SHE, HE, IT, HIS, HER
•	Ооман	YOU
•	DA	THAT, THE, YOU
•	Duh	IT IS
•	Biddi	BIRD
•	Тіттин	SISTER
•	DAY CLEAN	DAWN
•	Krak teet	TALK
•	WE	WE, US

- Joso witchcraft comes from "njoso" – forest spirit
- Gafa evil spirit comes from ngafa – devil
- Wanga charm comes from anwanka – swear or fetish
- **Bento** coffin comes from andbento – bier
- **Buckrah** white man
- Nyam-eat
- Swonguh proud
- Benne sesame seed

AFRICAN DERIVED GULLAH WORDS

GUESS THE SENTENCE

E DA ME FADA. He is my father.

Da God work.

It is God's work.

Who ya da?

Who are you?

CAROLYN WHITE - THE VISITOR

<CAROLYN WHITE IS SPEAKING TO AN AUDIENCE WHICH PARTICIPATES WITH NUMEROUS "UM HUMS">

C. WHITE: NOW ALL THE STORY THAT I TELL, ARE USE, YOU KNOW, BLACK AND WHITE IN THE STORY AND I AIN'T USE'EM FOR NO HARM FOR NOBODY. IT JUST FOR ENTERTAINMENT TODAY. OK? SO NOW I'M GONNA TELL [????] STORY.

YOU KNOW DOWN IN CHARLESTON [????] COME DOWN THERE FOR VISIT AND GO AROUND. WELL BACK IN THE OLDEN DAYS THIS OLD BLACK MAN BEEN 'A WORK DOWN ON BROAD STREET.

'CAUSE YOU KNOW DURING THAT TIME, TIME [????] AND IN ORDER TO GET A GOOD JOB, YOU HAD TO GO DOWNTOWN, MAYBE TO BROAD STREET AND DO A LITTLE WORK. AND JUST LIKE HOW THESE BRICK [????], DOWNTOWN IN CHARLESTON YOU FIND DEM COBBLESTONES. AND IF YOU AIN'T BEEN KNOW WHERE YOU G'WINE DEN BECAUSE THE STREET SIGN WOULDN'T UP IN THE AIR, IT WAS DOWN-DOWN IN THE STONE. SO BUCKRA COME TO TOWN. *To A MEMBER OF THE AUDIENCE* YOU KNOW, COME HERE SWEETHEART. BUCKRA COME TO TOWN, YOU KNOW WHO THE BUCKRA IS? NO, HE SAY HE PASS. WELL I CAN TELL YOU RIGHT NOW, YOU IS THE BUCKRA. THE OLD SLAVE TERM FOR WHITE MAN IS WHAT? BUCKRA. SO WELL THE BUCKRA COME TO CHARLESTON 'CAUSE HE WAS A TOURIST. SO HE WENT DOWNTOWN AND HE SAW THE OLD MAN WORKIN', MINDIN' HIS BUSINESS. SO HE WALKED UP TO THE OLD BLACK MAN, SAID, "LOOK A'HERE." AND SAID, "CAN YOU TELL ME WHERE'S THE BATTERY?"

OLD BLACK MAN SAID, "BATTERY?" SAID, "I HERE DEM CHILREN' GOT BATTERY IN DEM CAR." HE SAID, "BUT I AIN'T GOT NONE AND I AIN'T KNOW WHERE DAT DIS."

Well, tourist didn't give up. Look at the old black man, said, "Look a'here. Can you tell me where's the Custom House?"

OLD BLACK MAN SAID, "CUSTOM HOUSE?" SAY, "I AIN'T GOT NOTHING BUT A BOARD HOUSE ON JAMES ISLAND." SAY, "I DON'T KNOW WHERE DAT DIS NEITHER. I DON'T KNOW."

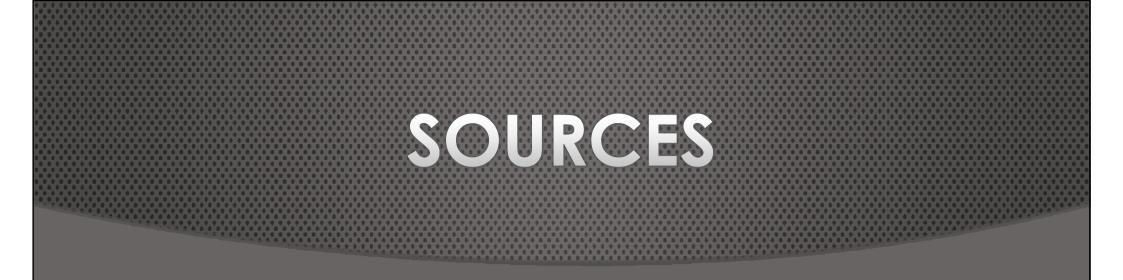
Well you must remember in the olden days, the old people teach their chilren to keep their mouth shut, you see. But the tourist still didn't give up. He said to him, "Look a'here." He said, "Do you know where's the jail house?" Old black man said, "Jail house?" Said, "Look a'here let me tell you one thing." Say, "I ain't never been there. I ain't try for go there. So I ain't have a' no [we] there. Idon't know."

<AUDIENCE STARTS TO CLAP>

Well, don't clap yet, 'cause that ain't the end of the story. So when the [????] tourist look at him say, "Look a'here." Say, "You don't know nothing eh?"

OLD BLACK MAN LOOK AT HIM, SAY, "I KNOW ONE THING. I AIN'T LOST." <*AUDIENCE LAUGHS AND APPLAUDS*>

https://knowitall.org/audio/visitor-carolyn-white-digital-traditions



- <u>HTTPS://BGLH-MARKETPLACE.COM/2015/09/AMERICAS-OLDEST-CULTURE-</u> <u>DIRECTLY-DESCENDED-FROM-WEST-AFRICA-IS-IN-DANGER-OF-EXTINCTION/</u>
- <u>HTTPS://WWW.GULLAHGEECHEECORRIDOR.ORG/THEGULLAHGEECHEE/</u>
- <u>HTTPS://WWW.BRITANNICA.COM/TOPIC/GULLAH-LANGUAGE</u>
- <u>HTTPS://WWW.YOUTUBE.COM/WATCH?V=5WZMRSJ3PKU</u>