HW 4	Multinuclear NMR	Name:	
Points:	C6800	Date:	
Max. 100 points	Spring 2011	Version A	

1. Fluorinated ethers are used as anestethics. Give number of signals, integral intensities, splitting patterns (multiplicity) and relative intensities of lines in the multiplets in their <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra. Find and classify the geminal groups. Consider only three-bond scalar coupling.

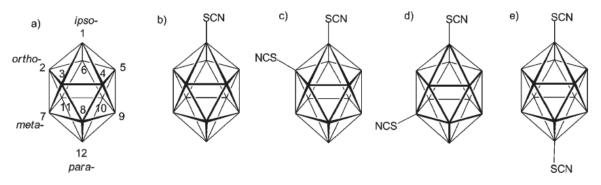
a) Isoflurane CF<sub>3</sub>CHClOCHF<sub>2</sub>

b) Desflurane CF<sub>3</sub>CHFOCHF<sub>2</sub>

c) Enflurane CHClFCF<sub>2</sub>OCHF<sub>2</sub>

d) Sevoflurane (CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CHOCH<sub>2</sub>F

2. For the non-, mono-, and disubstituted  $B_{12}H_{12}^{2-}$  molecules with identical substituents SCN consider <sup>11</sup>B NMR spectra and give:



## A) Symmetry point group of the molecules

a)	b)	c)	d)	e)
			$C_{2v}$	

## B) Number of groups of equivalent <sup>11</sup>B atoms

a)	b)	c)	d)	e)
1				

## C) Relative intensities of the signals

a)	b)	c)	d)	e)

## D) Use the numbering scheme in a) and list atoms in equivalent groups

a)	b)	c)	d)	e)
B1 – B12				