T 8 :Main body. Signalling devices

Match the headings and the groups of phrases. A heading for group 1 has been given.

- a) Giving examples
- b) Showing a route, explaining that st. will come laterc) Summarizing
- *c)* Summarizing
- 1. Linking to the main body

Let me start by ... I'll start by... First of all, I'll... Starting with... I'd like to begin with d) Going to more detail

e) Sequencing, enumerating

f) Reaching the end of a point

g) Starting a new point

5. .....

For example... A good example of this is.... To illustrate this point ...

2. ....

Right, I've told you about... We've looked at ... That's all I have to say about... So much for....

3. ....

Let me turn now to... Let's move onto... Turning to... I'd like now to... Let's look now at...

4. .....

Where does that take us? Let's look at this in more detail. Translated into real terms... What does that mean for us? 6. .....

I'll deal with this later, if I may, but for now I'll come back to this question later in my talk I won't comment on this now... We'll be examining this question in more detail later on.

7. .....

Let's recap, shall we? I'd like to sum up now... Let me summarise briefly what I've said. Let me remind you, finally, of some of the points I've made. If I can just sum up the main points...

8. ....

Firstly... secondly....thirdly...lastly First... after that...finally To start with... later.... to finish up

## T 9: Ending. Match the headings and the phrases

Signalling the end	Thank you for listening so attentively Are there any questions ? To sum up then
Summarizing	So, that's all I have to say Thank you for your attention. That brings me to the end of my pres.
Concluding	I'd be glad to answer any questions. If I can briefly summarize
Inviting questions	Right. That covers everything I wanted to say about Before I finish, let me just go over

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## T 10: Underline the signalling devices

Well, good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. My name's Colin Robertson. I'm a science consultant and I take care of the geology section at the Museum of Nature in London.

The topic of my talk today is how volcanic eruptions can affect the climate. I've divided my talk into 2 parts. First, I'll tell you about the nasty weather in 1816, after that we'll look in more detail at how the scientists explain it nowadays. I'd be glad to answer any questions at the end of my talk.

Let me start by a few words about what happened in 1816. In that year North America and Western Europe experienced a very cold summer. In New England most of the corn crop was lost and Geneva recorded the lowest July temperature for 200 years. At that time there was much speculation as to why the weather machine was misbehaving so.

This brings me to the second part of my talk – how scientists explain it nowadays. They believe that it may have been connected with volcanic dust. The year before the cold summer there was an eruption of the Tambora Volcano, on the island of Subara in the Java Sea, believed by some to have been the greatest ever witnessed by man. In such volcanic explosions, dust paricles are flung high into the atmosphere. This can have a screening effect on incoming solar radiation. So, that's all I have to say about the topic

Let me summarise briefly what I've said. The very cold summer in 1816 may have been caused by dust particles from a volcanic eruption in 1815. They can prevent solar radiation to enter the atmosphere.

Thank you for your attention. I'd be glad now to answer any questions

## T 11: Now relpace the expressions with the following phrases

1. This talk can be divided into

2. Let's move onto ....

- 3. Thank you for listening.
- 4. To start with..... Later....To finish up
- 5. I'm responsible for...
- 6. I'd like to begin by....
- 7. There'll be time for questions..
- 8. The subject of my presentation...

9. So much for....

10.I'd like to sum up now.

11. Any questions ?

- 12. Let's look now at .....
- 13. Right. That covers everything I wanted to say about the topic

## Language focus Linking ideas

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Sequencing/Ordering	Comparing	Digressing
firstly secondly thirdly	similarly	by the way
then next finally/lastly	in the same way	in passing
let's start with let's move/go on to now we come to	Contradicting	Giving examples
	in fact	for example
that brings us to	actually	for instance
let's leave that	Summarizing	such as
that covers let's get back to Giving reasons/causes therefore	to sum up	Generalizing
	in brief in short	usually generally
		as a rule
SØ	Concluding	
as a result that's why	in conclusion to conclude	
,		
Contrasting	Highlighting	
but	in particular	
however	especially	
	Compare your answers with a That was a good meeting. Did I tell you about the m b Our competitors are beco	( <i>By the way</i> ) hatch last night? oming stronger. a joint venture with a Japanese firm. parts. g. ion schemes. rket share. 1 in the market. rs to consider. 1. the cost of our premises. profit. the cost of our premises. profit. ble market. the dollar. ofits on the exchange rate. ures on occasions. aful.
		LINKING THE PARTS

Effective Presentations

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