#### C8953

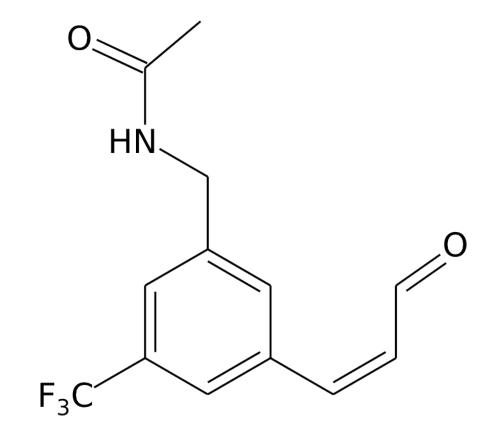
## NMR structural analysis - seminar Vector model of NMR experiments + <sup>13</sup>C APT

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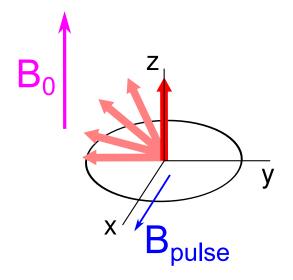
# Sketch the estimate of <sup>13</sup>C spectrum of attached hypothetical molecule.



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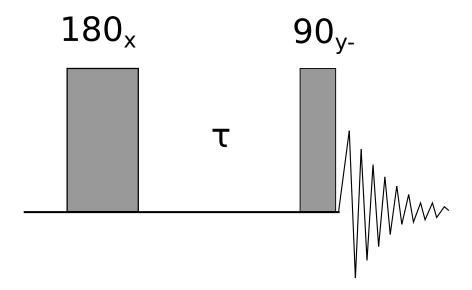
# Analysis of simple pulse sequences using vector model

- simple model based on rotation of the vector of bulk magnetization in the plane perpendicular to the vector of magnetic field, direction is determined by the "right-hand rule"
- NMR signal is detectable only as coherent magnetization oscillating in *xy* plane
- ► the free precession ω (due to the B<sub>0</sub>) of magnetization vector is eliminated by introducing rotating frame  $ω_0 \Rightarrow$  magnetic field of excitation pulses (B<sub>1</sub>) is motionless and the individual resonance frequencies differs in so called offset  $Ω_i = ω_i ω_0$
- applicability of vector model is rather limited to simple single-quantum experiments without transfer of polarisation



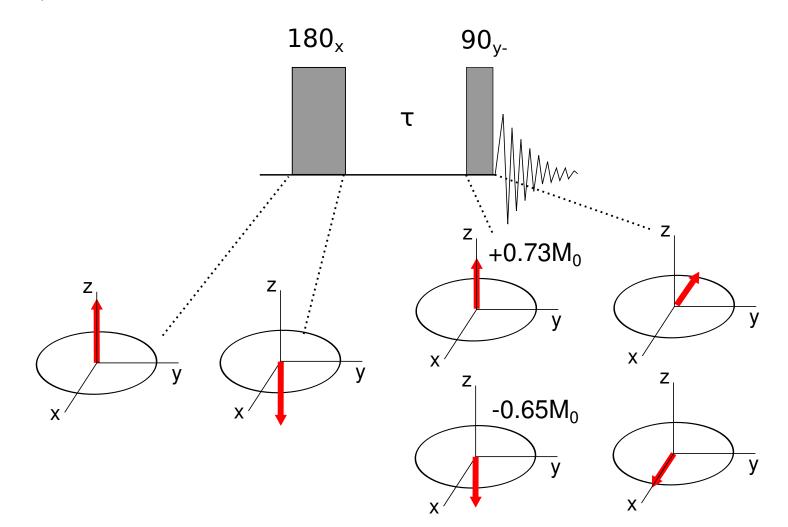
### $T_1$ relaxation

Apply following sequence (inversion recovery) to isolated spin characterized by **a**)  $T_1 = \tau/2$  and **b**)  $T_1 = 5\tau$ . Draw semi-quantitatively resulting spectrum.



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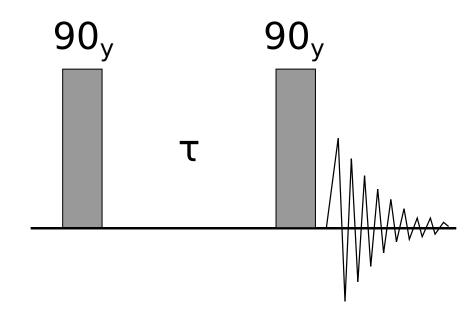
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## 1-1 sequence

Draw the evolution of macroscopic magnetization through the sequence: **90(y)** -  $\tau$  - **90(y)** - aq Consider the evolution of an isolated spin due to the chemical shift.

1. How does the result differ for the following offsets:  $\Omega \tau = 0, \pi/2, \pi$ .

2. Draw lineshapes of resulting signal assuming the a) y+ b) x+ corresponds to zero phase of receiver.



## 1-1 sequence

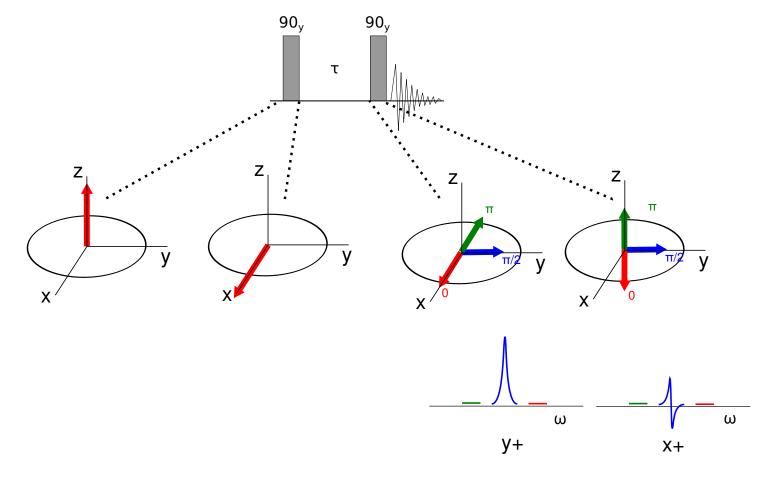
Draw the evolution of macroscopic magnetization through the sequence:

90(y) - au - 90(y) - aq

Consider the evolution of an isolated spin due to the chemical shift.

1. How does the result differ for the following offsets:  $\Omega \tau = 0, \pi/2, \pi$ .

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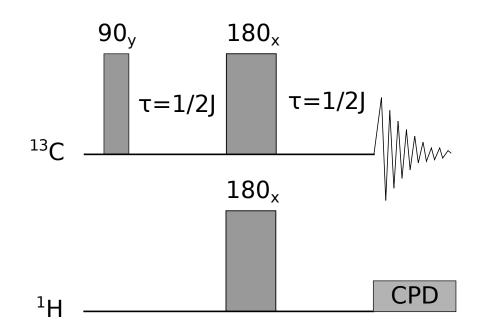


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#### Heteronuclear spin echo

By using vector diagrams determine the result of attached pulse sequence.

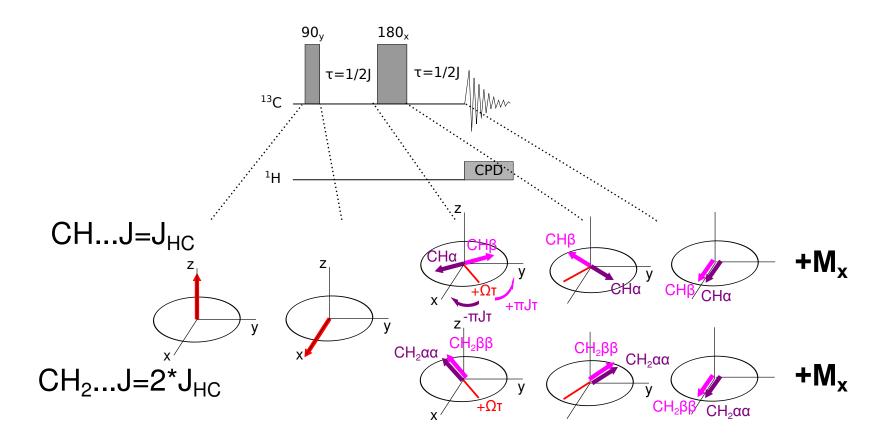
First **ignore 180 pulse** in hydrogen channel. Explain the role of CPD block.
Lets consider **the complete sequence** and isolated spin systems **a**) <sup>13</sup>C-<sup>1</sup>H and **b**)
<sup>13</sup>C-<sup>1</sup>H<sub>2</sub>.



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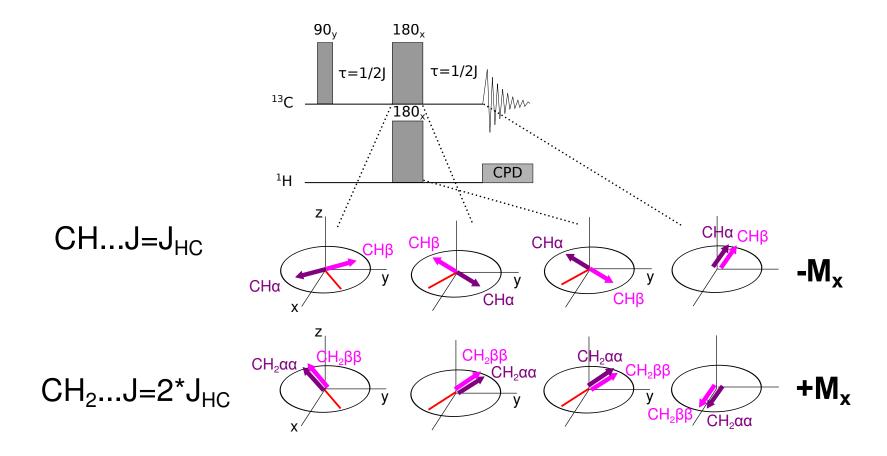
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### **APT - Attached Proton Test**

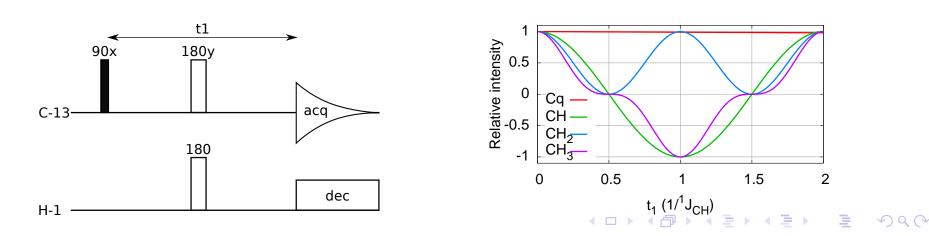
#### based on heteronuclear spin echo

► 
$$t_1 = 1/^1 J_{CH}$$

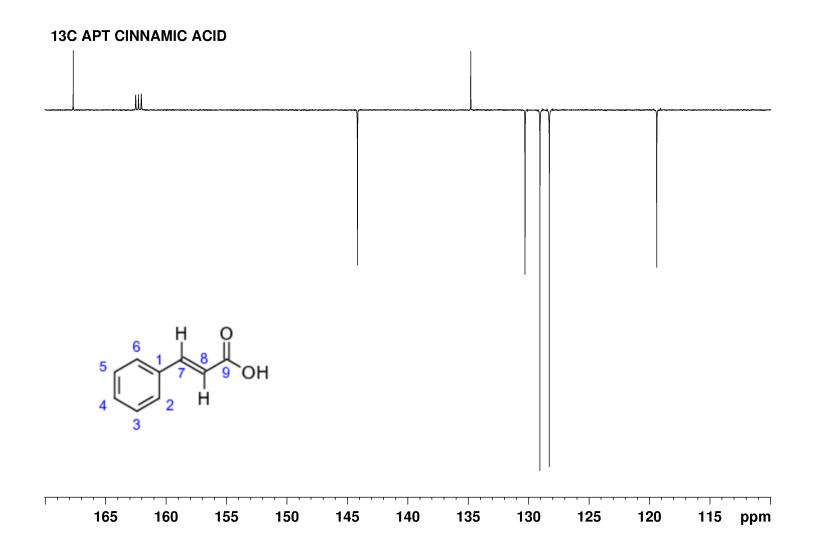
<sup>13</sup>C signals are differentiated according to the number of directly bound <sup>1</sup>H

- Cq, CH<sub>2</sub> positive
- ► CH, CH<sub>3</sub> negative

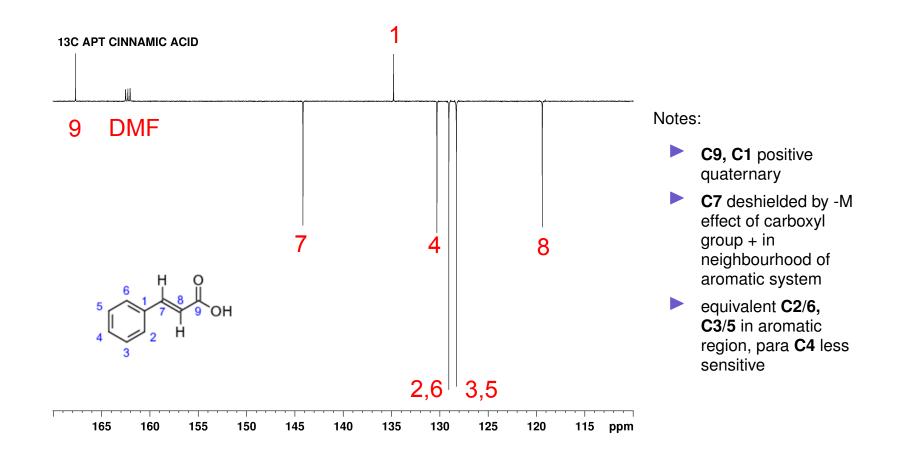
Evolution of signal governed by the value of  $^1J_{CH} \implies$  reflected by the intensity of APT signal



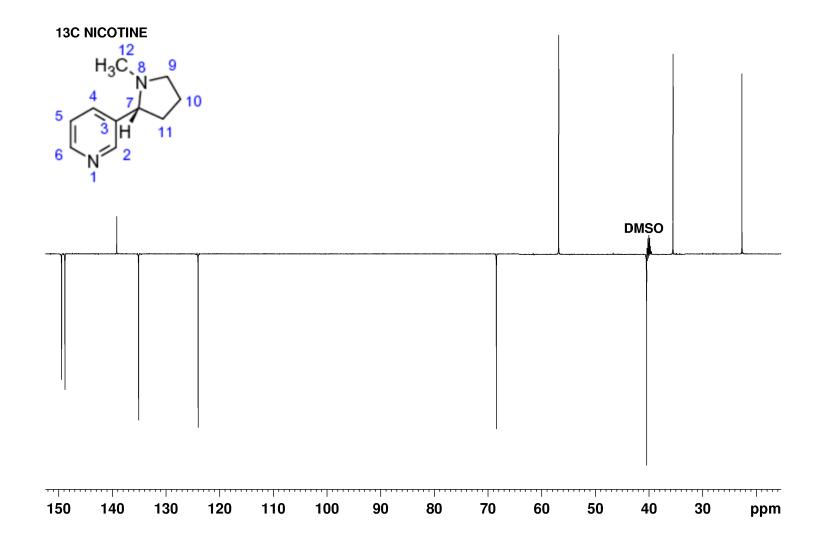
## <sup>13</sup>C APT Cinnamic acid



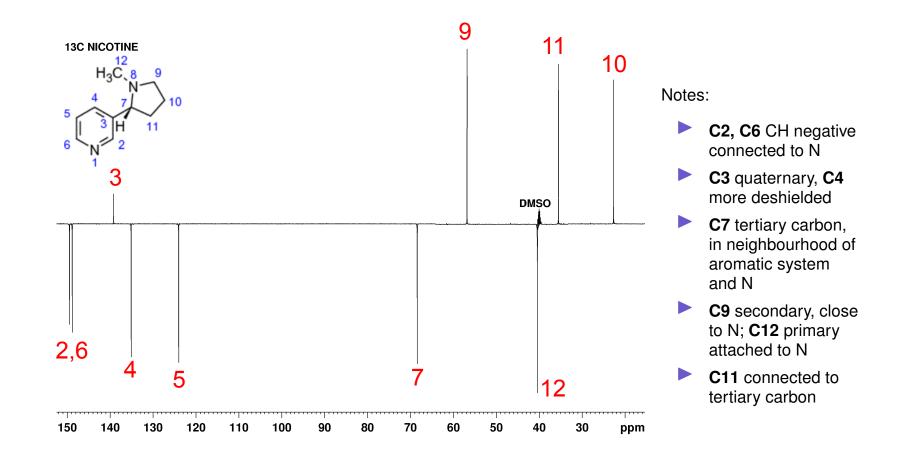
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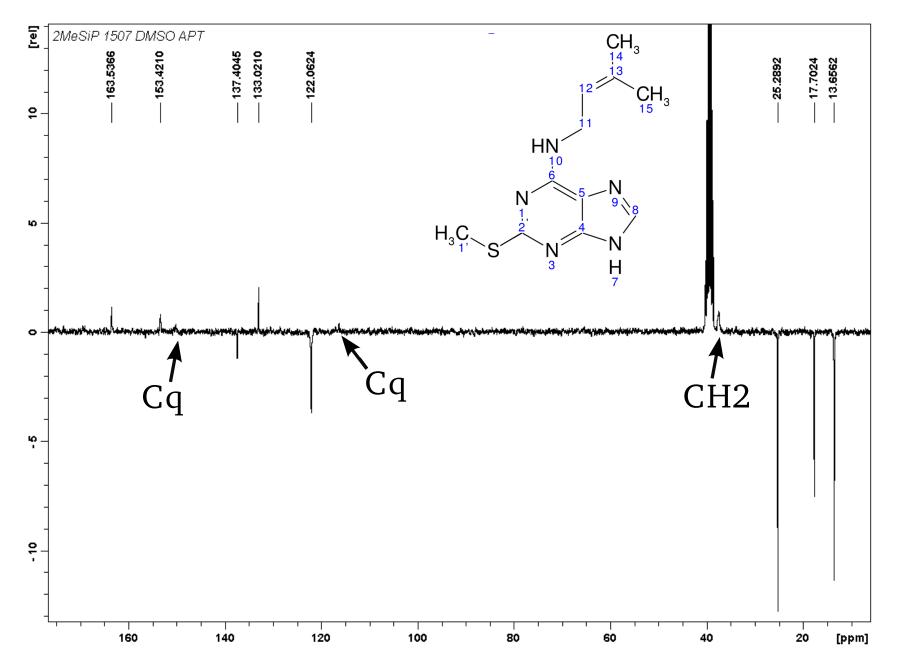
## <sup>13</sup>C APT of Nicotine



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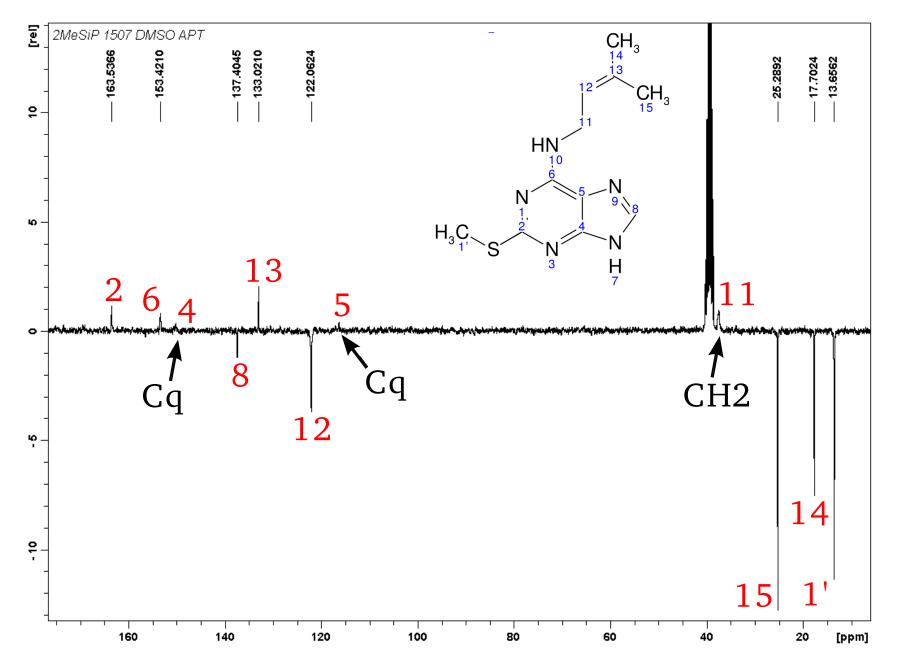


## <sup>13</sup>C APT 4



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2D spectroscopy

