

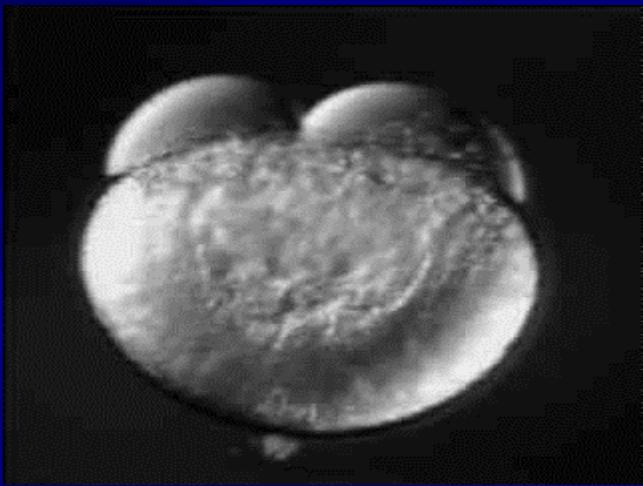
Metody studia buněčné signifikace

Vítězslav BRYJA

Ústav experimentální biologie, PřF MU

&

Oddělení cytokinetiky, Biofyzikální ústav AV ČR



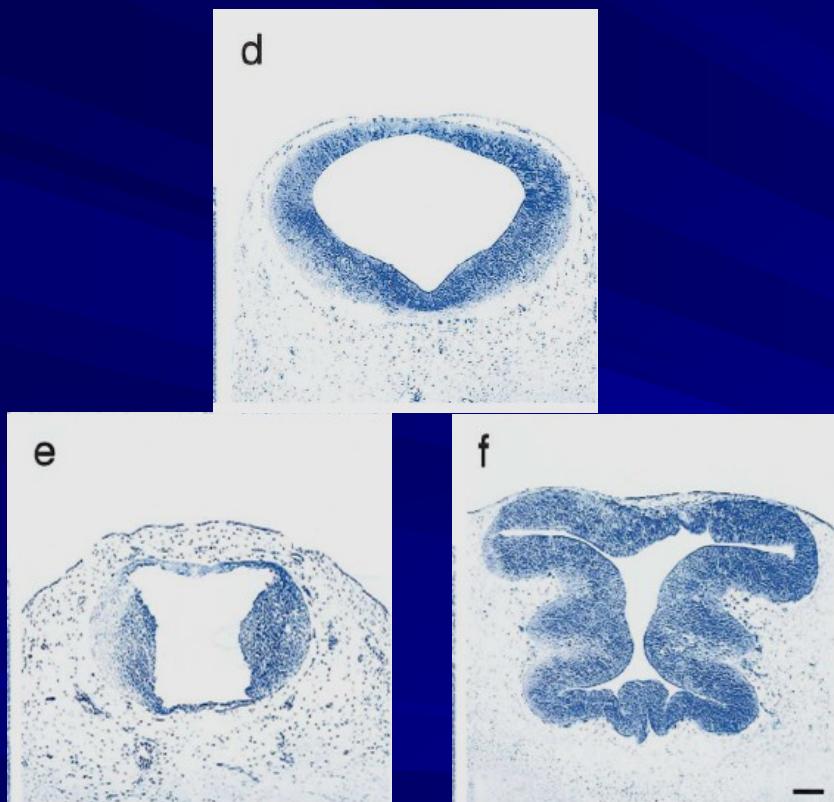
Wnt signalling

- eg. Wnt-1 or Wnt-3a



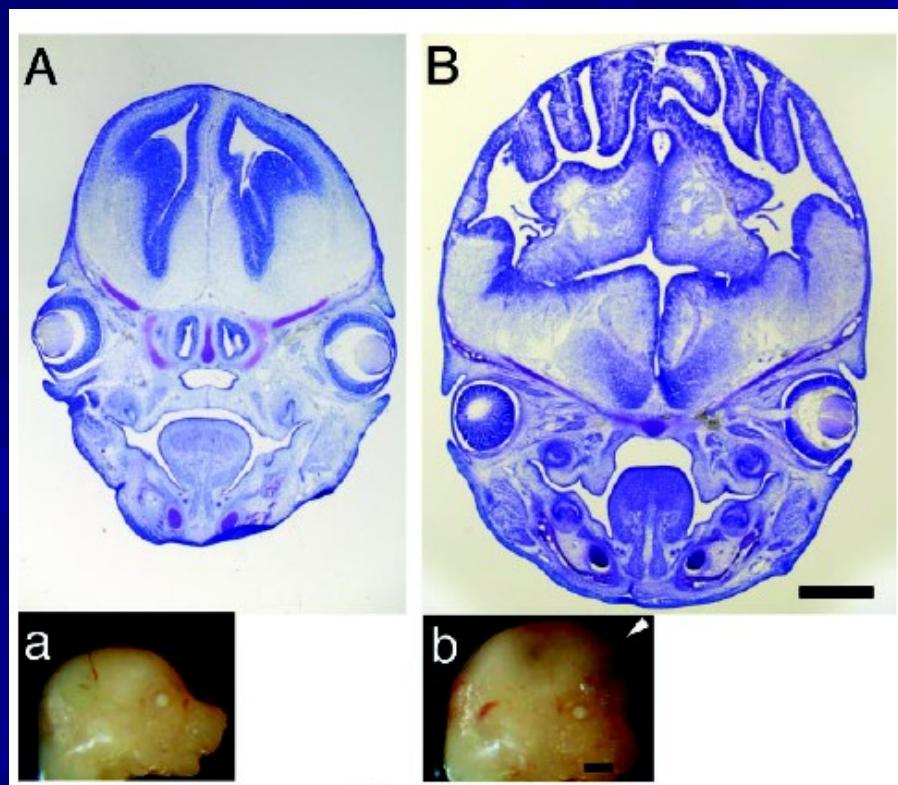
Consequences of β -catenin activation in the brain:

midbrain (Brn4-promotor)



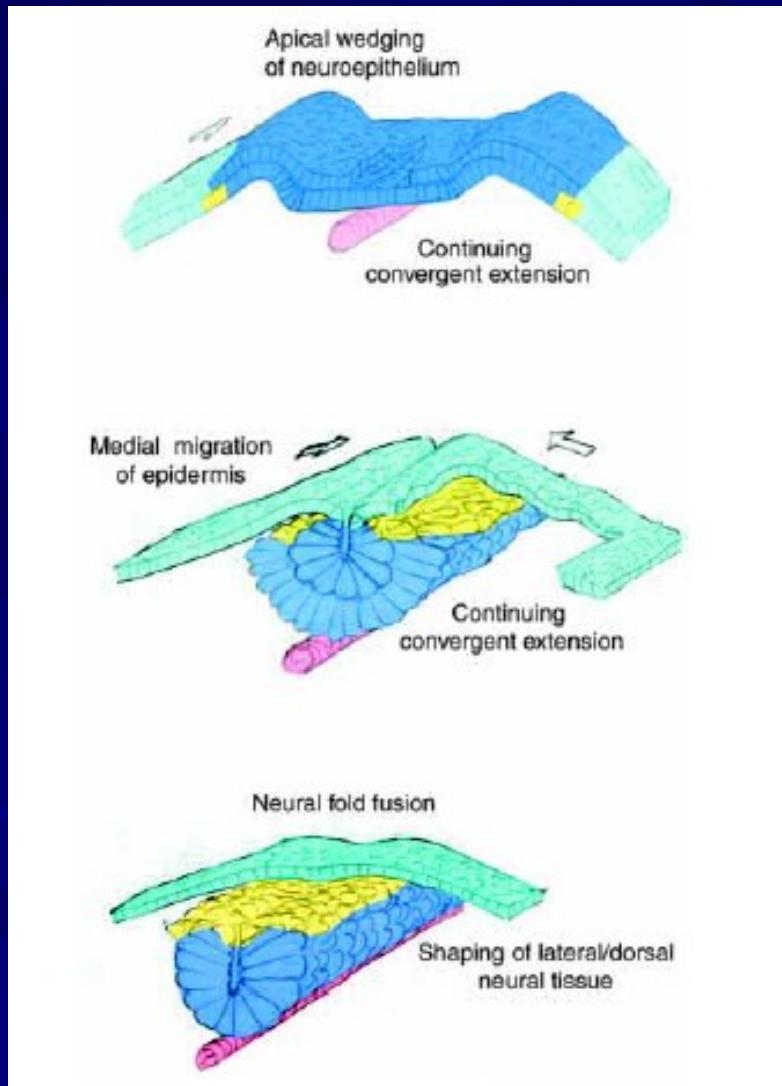
Zechner et al., 2003: Dev. Biol.;258:406-418.

cortex (nestin enhancer)



Chenn & Walsh, 2002: Science;297:365-369.

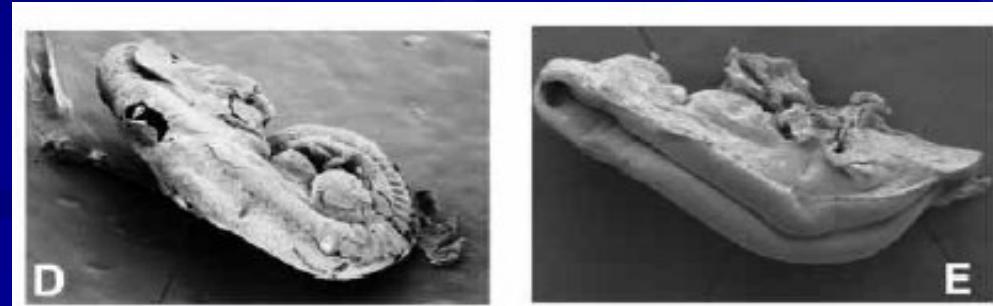
Non-canonical/PCP (Planar cell polarity) pathway defects cause neural tube closure phenotypes in mouse (and human)



Exencephaly

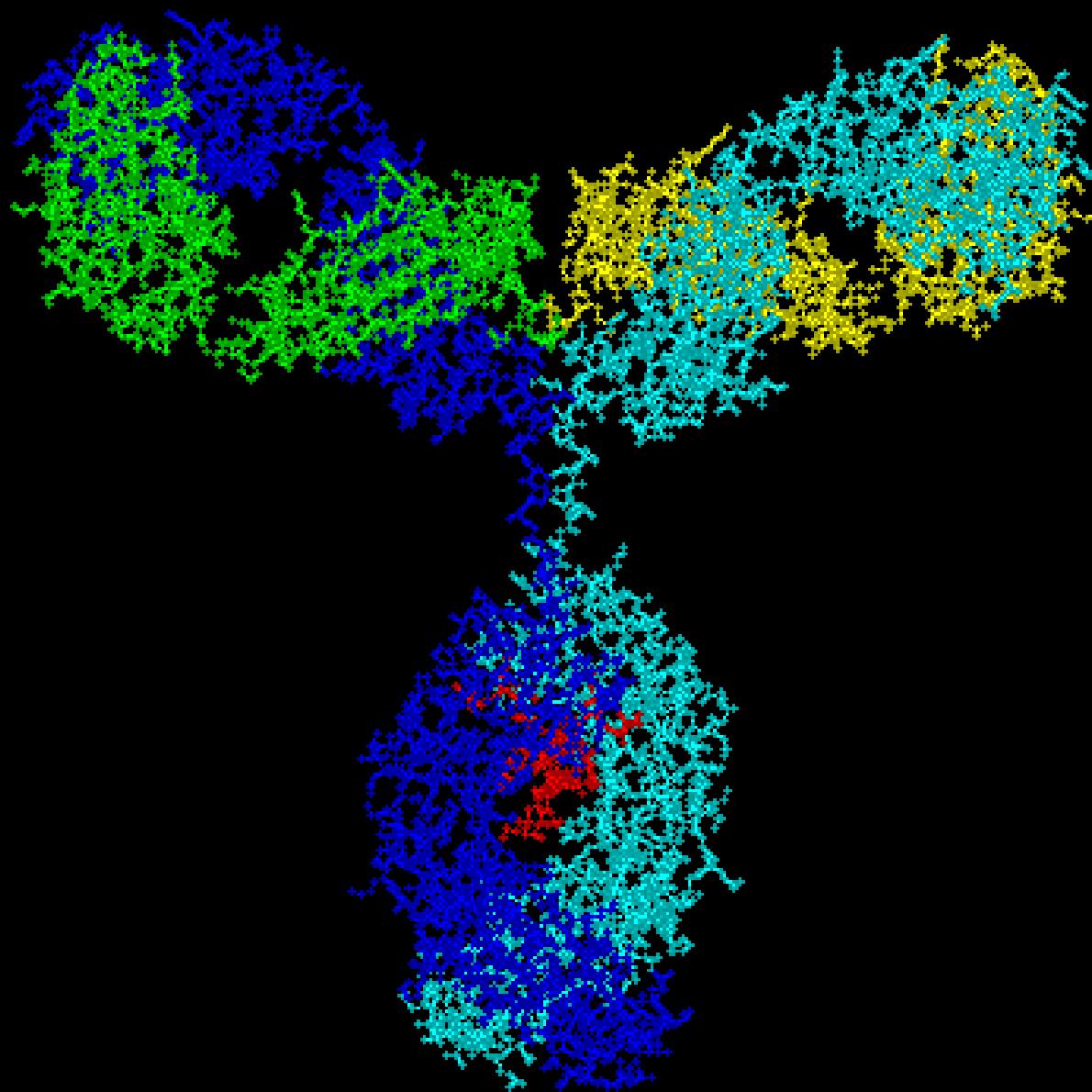


Open neural tube

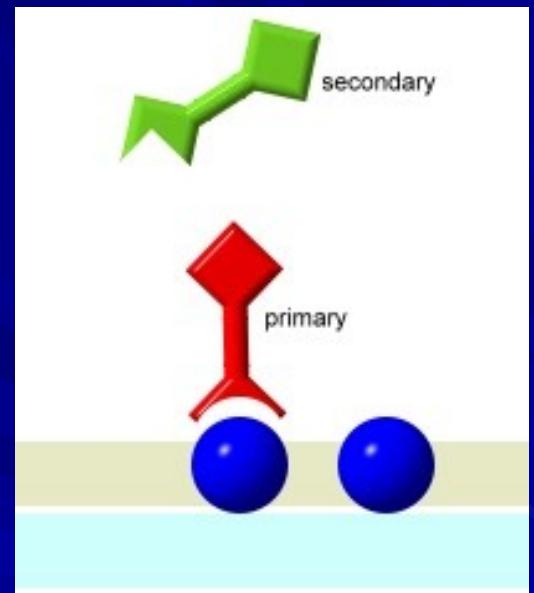
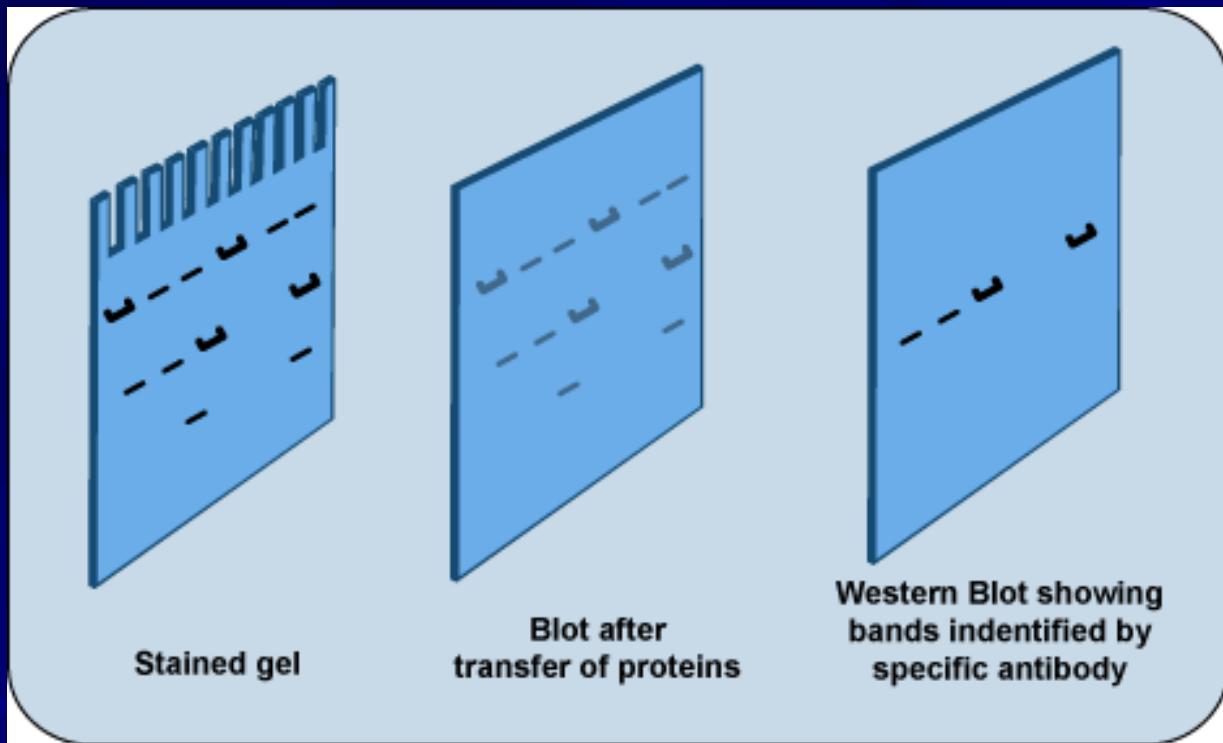


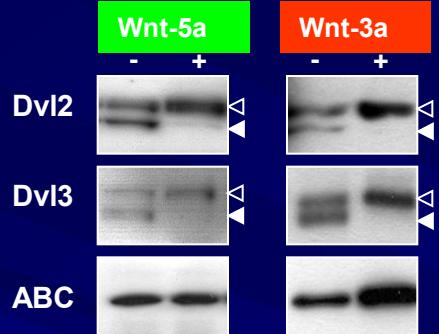
Hamblet et al., 2002, Development

Protilátka
(imunoglobulin)



Metoda 1: Western blotting



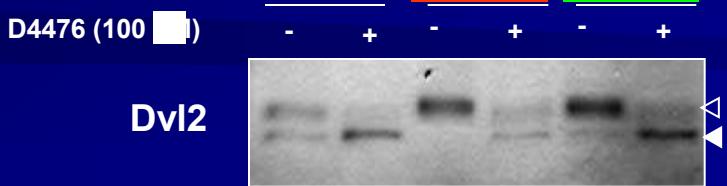


ABC – active β -catenin = γ -catenin
dephosphorylated on GSK3 β target sites

Dvl – Dishevelled – activated by phosphorylation
detected as phosphorylation dependent mobility
shift

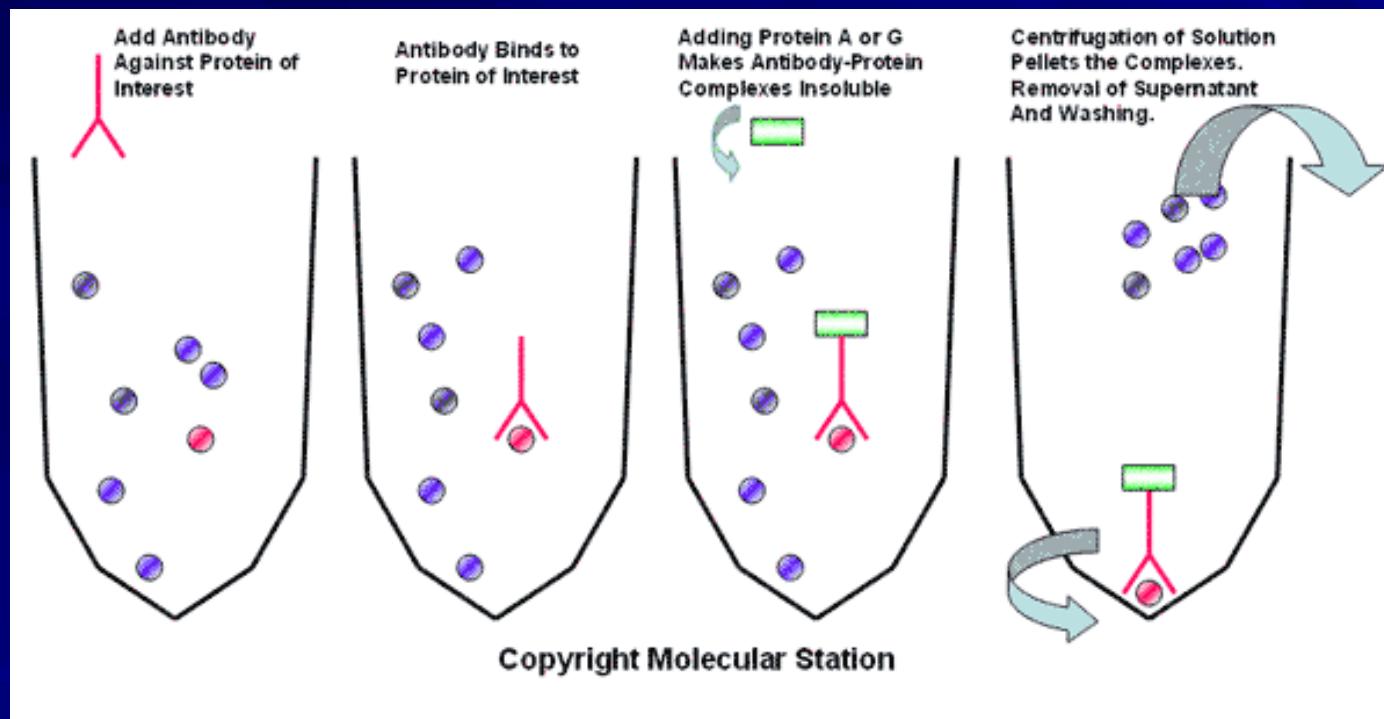
△ PS-Dvl

Compound	Target	Concn	Activity
PTX	Galpha i/o	100 ng/ml	No
PDBu	PKC activator	1 μ M	No
Wortmannin	PI3K	50 nM	No
LY294002	PI3K	50 μ M	No
PD98059	MEK1/2	10 μ M	No
UO126	MEK1/2	10 μ M	No
SB203580	p38	10 μ M	No
JNKII inhib	JNK	6 μ M	No
Genistein	PKC	50 μ M	No
chelerythrine	PKC	10 μ M	No
Ro-31 8220	PKC	1 μ M	No
BIM I	PKC	500 nM	No
KN93	CaMKII	10 μ M	No
I3M	GSK-3	2 μ M	No
Kenpaullone	GSK-3	6 μ M	No
H89	PKA	10 μ M	No
8-Br-cAMP	cAMP pathway activator	10 μ M	No
8CPT-2Me-cAMP	EPAC activator	30 μ M	No
SQ22536	Adenylyl cyclase	100 μ M	No
MDL12330	Adenylyl cyclase	10 μ M	No
PP2	Src-like	10 μ M	No
AG1276	EGFR	10 μ M	No
ET-18-OCH3	PLC	10 μ M	No
D4476	Casein kinase 1	100 μM	Yes
staurosporin	Ser/Thr kinases, PKC	2 μ M	No



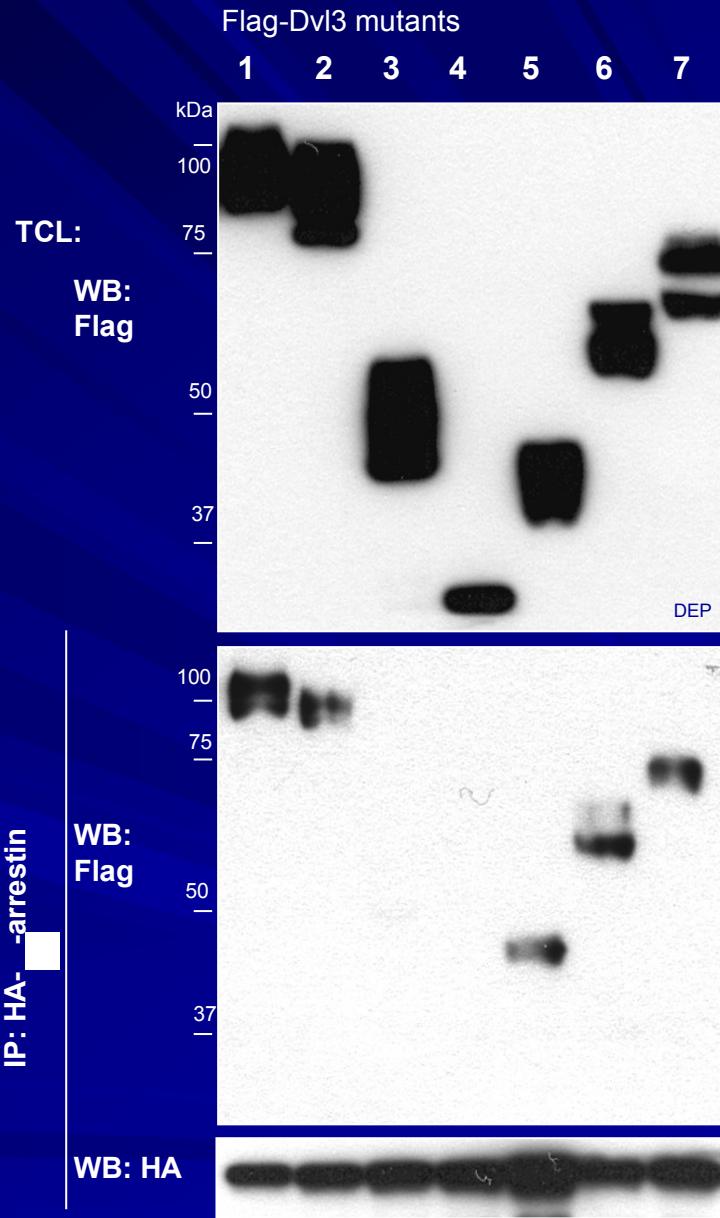
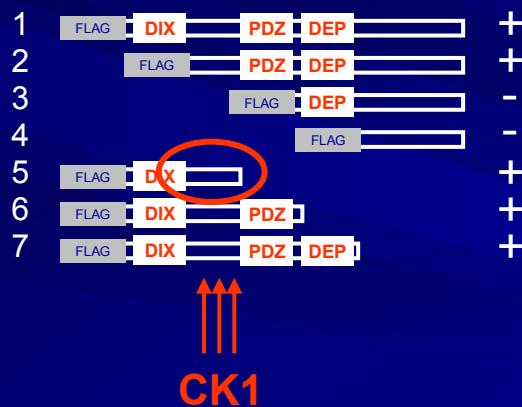
Both Wnt-3a and Wnt-5a activate Dvl2 and Dvl3 via casein kinase 1 (CK1)

Metoda 2: Immunoprecipitace

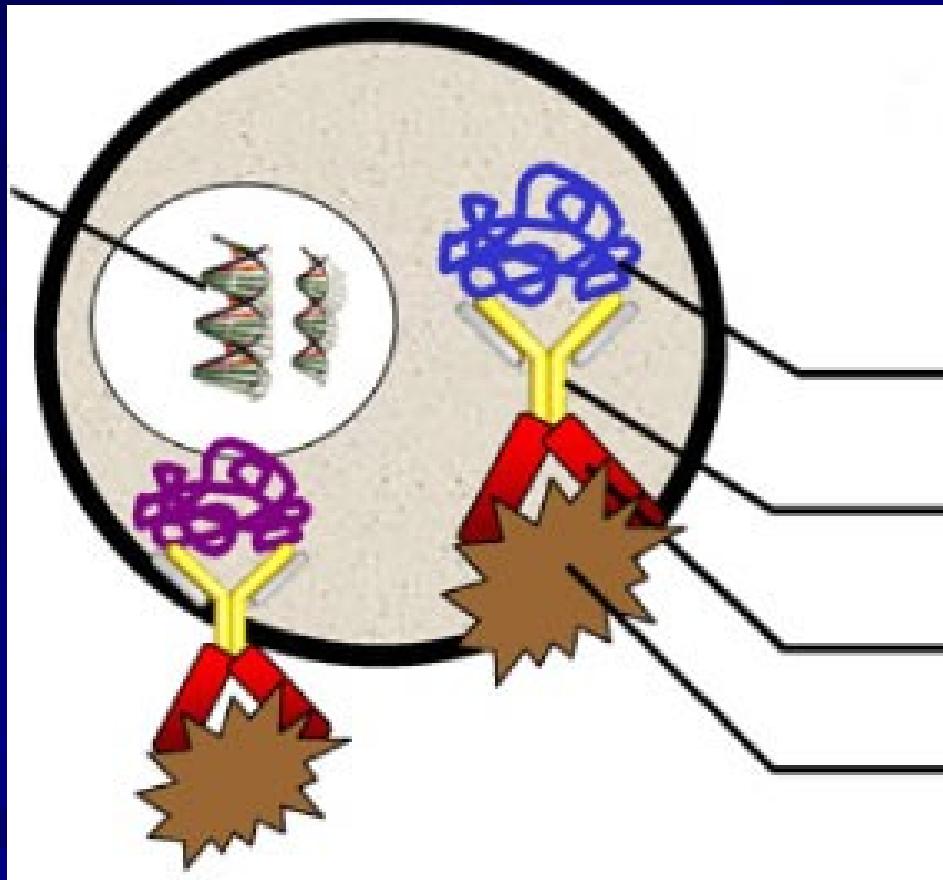


β -arrestin binds Dishevelled

Flag-Dvl3 constructs



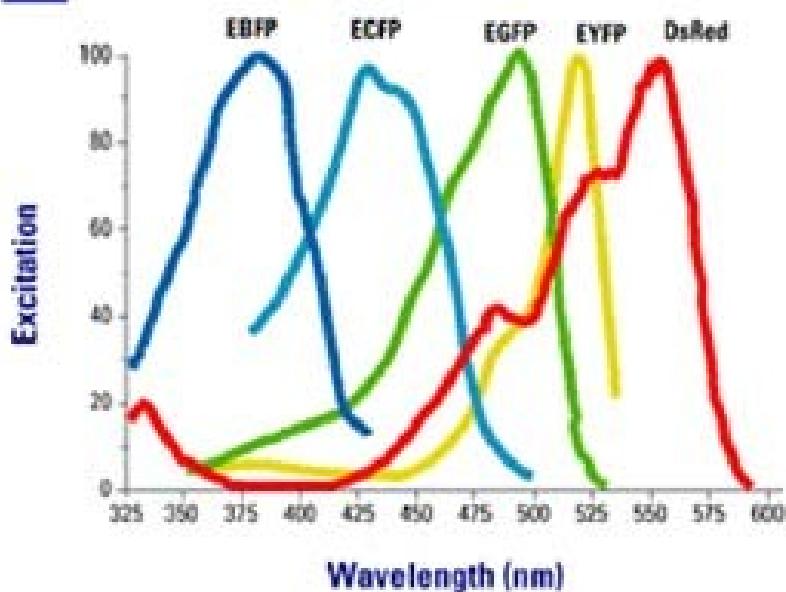
Metoda 3: Immunocytochemie



Fluorescenční proteiny

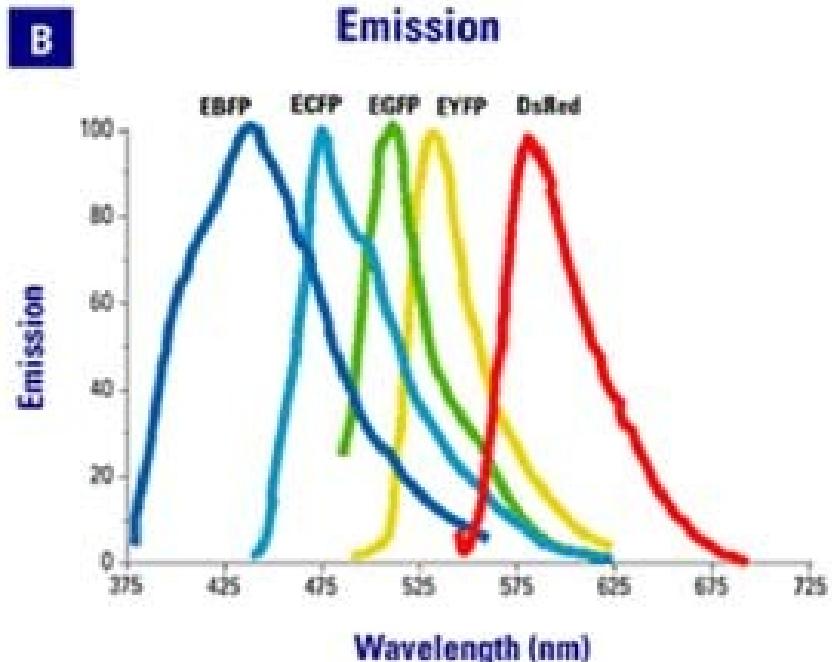
A

Excitation

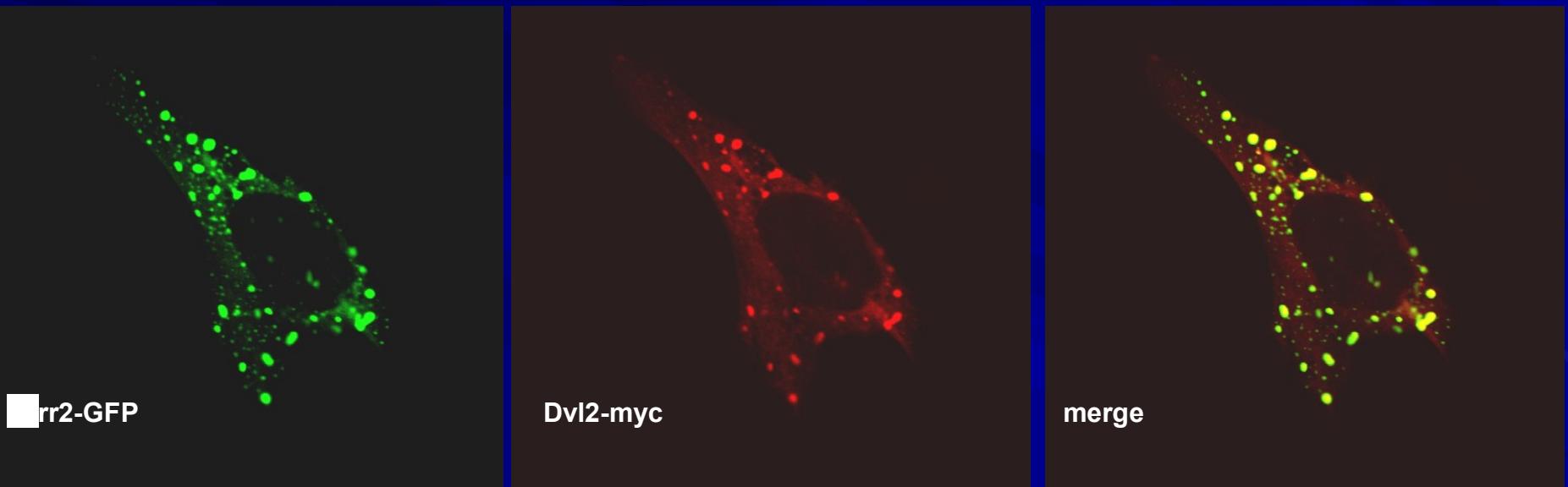


B

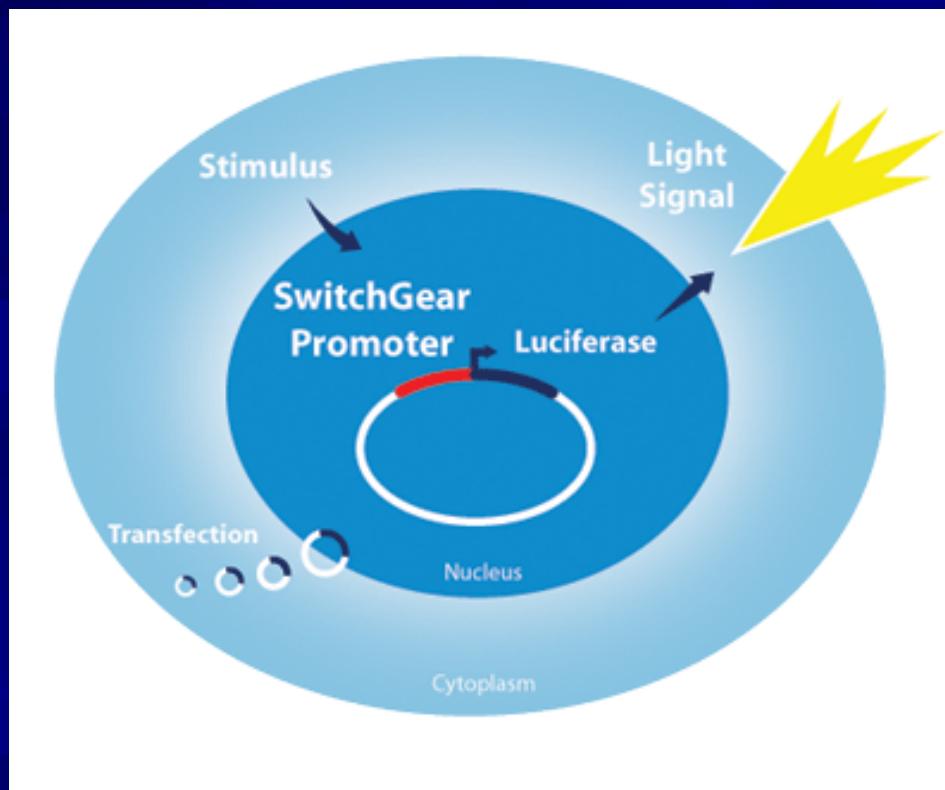
Emission



β -arrestin co-localizes with Dvl in the cytoplasm

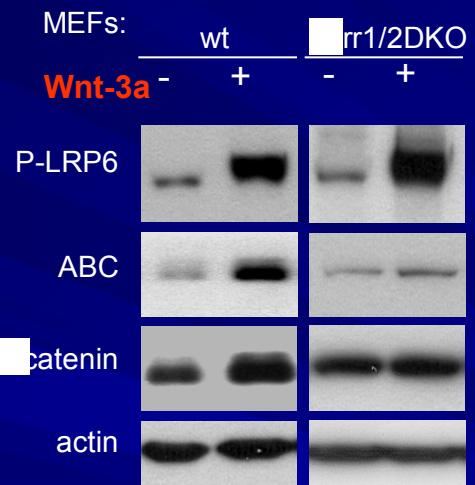
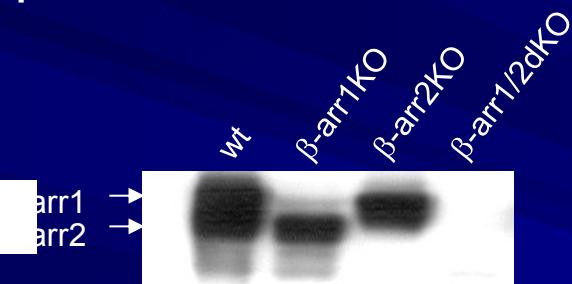


Metoda 4: Reportérové eseje

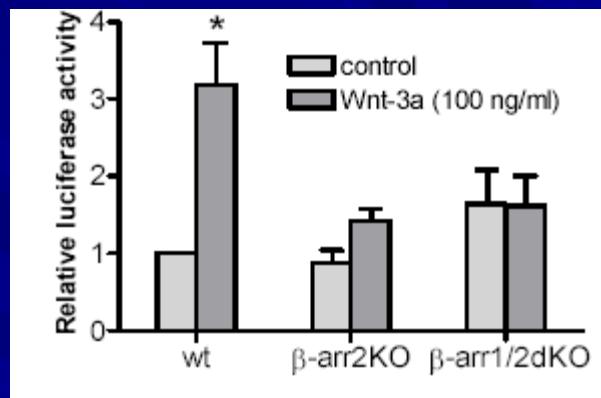


1. β -arrestin is required for β -catenin activation in vitro

β -arrestin deficient MEFs

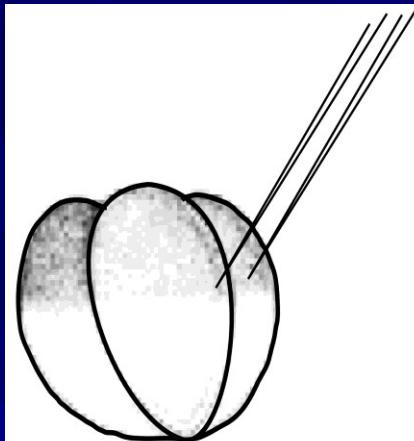


TopFlash reporter - β -catenin transcriptional activity

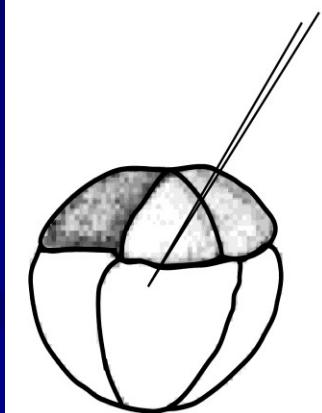


Is this relevant for Wnt signal transduction in vivo?

Metoda č. 5: Analýza in vivo - drápatka



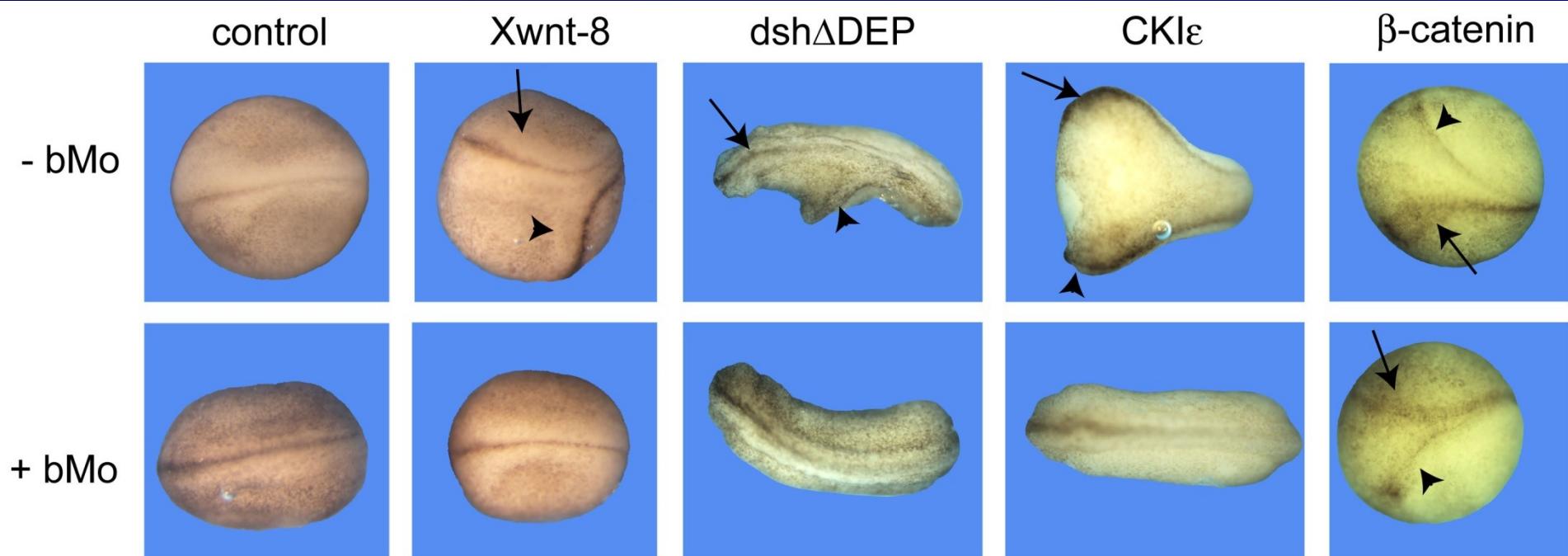
injection in 4-cell stage embryo
targets Dorsal Marginal Zone
affects primary axis formation (ventralization) and CE movements
Figures 2, 3, and Suppl Figure 1



injection in 8-cell stage embryo
targets presumptive cardiac mesoderm
affects cardiac development, but avoids earlier effects on primary axis and CE
Figure 4

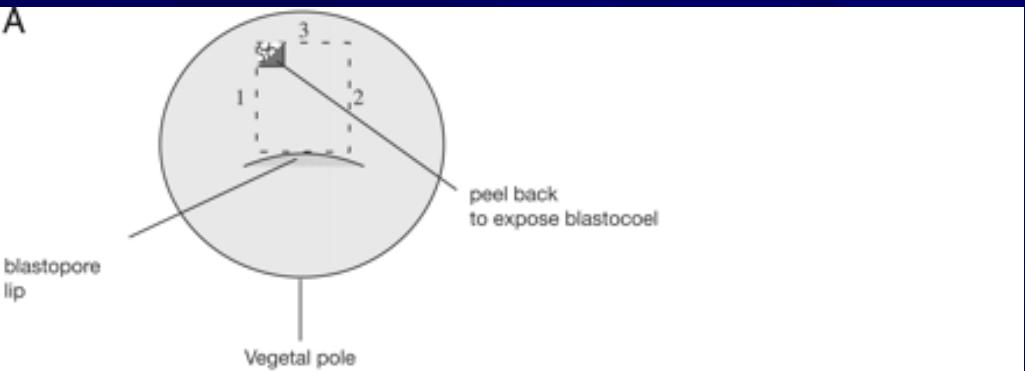
Is β -arrestin important for the Wnt/ β -catenin signalling in vivo?

β -arrestin knockdown in Xenopus (axis duplication assay):

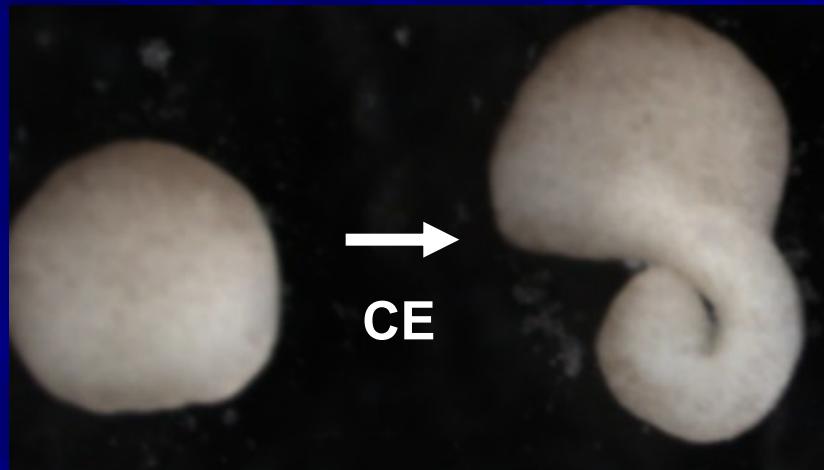
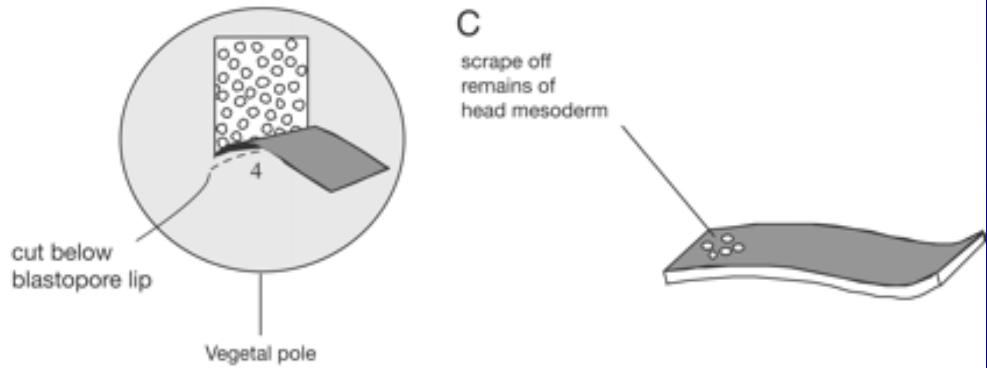


Keller explants (Xenopus)

A



B



β -arrestin regulates convergent extension movements in vivo



Metody č. 6: Genetické modifikace myši

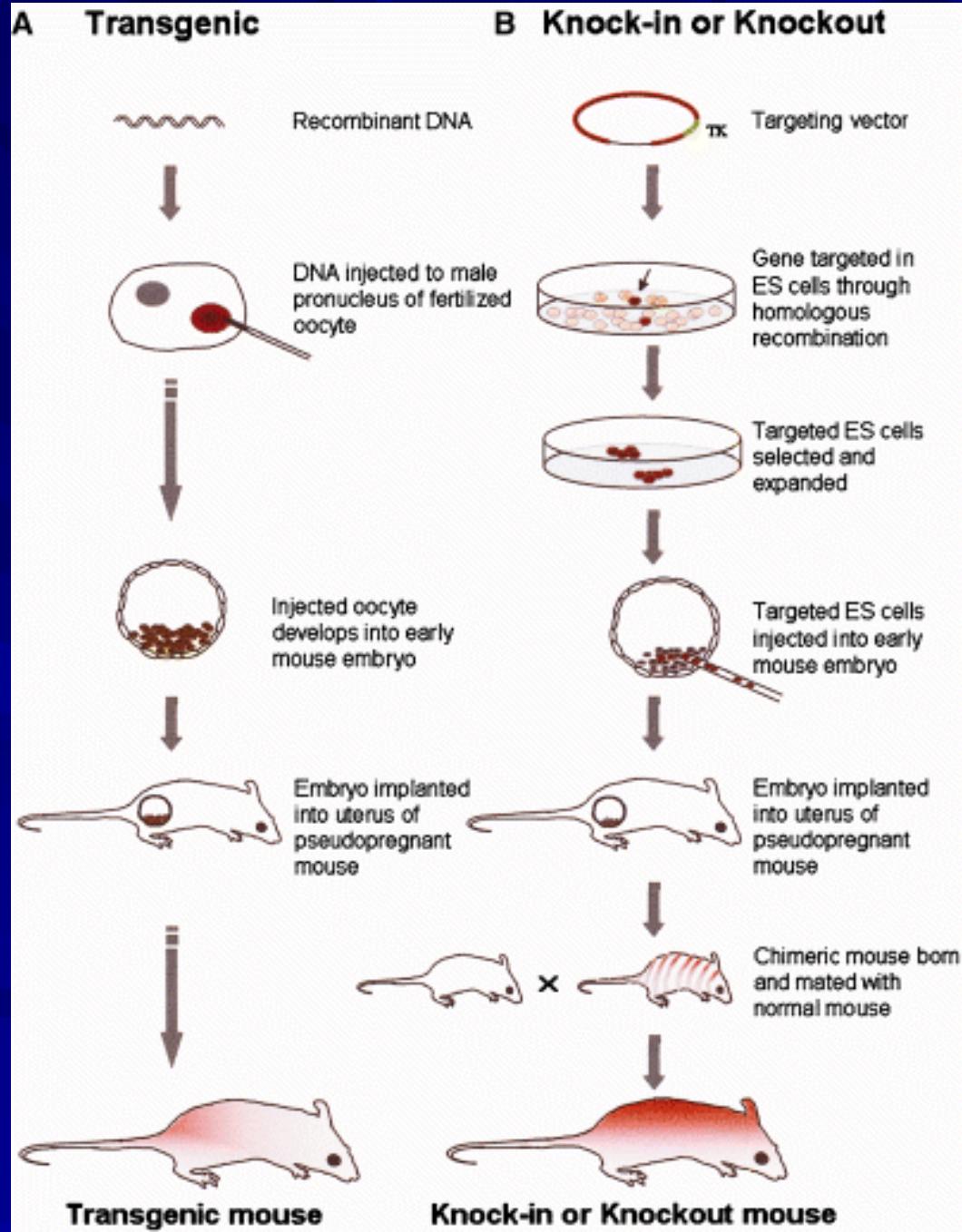
Transgenní myš

Nobelova cena 2007

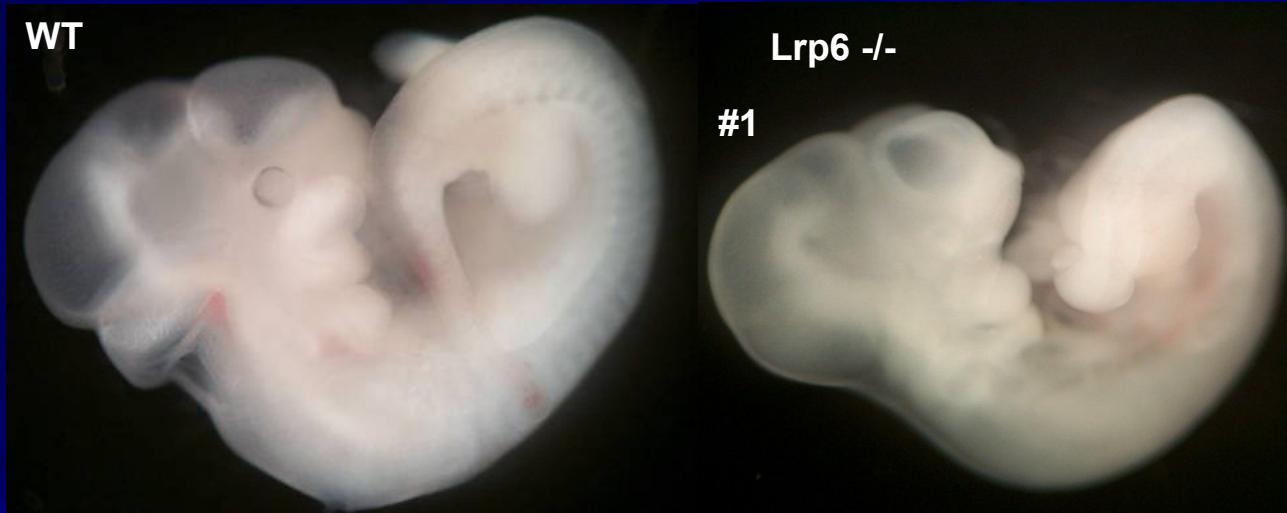
**Mario R. Capecchi,
Martin J. Evans and
Oliver Smithies**

za

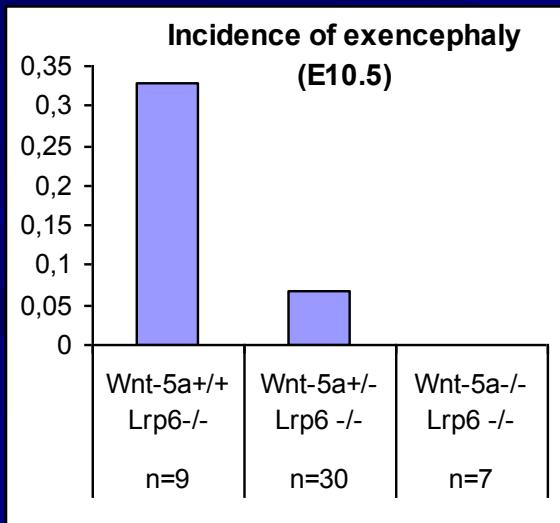
„principles for
introducing specific
gene modifications in
mice by the use of
embryonic stem cells“



Lrp6 KO embryos display exencephaly...



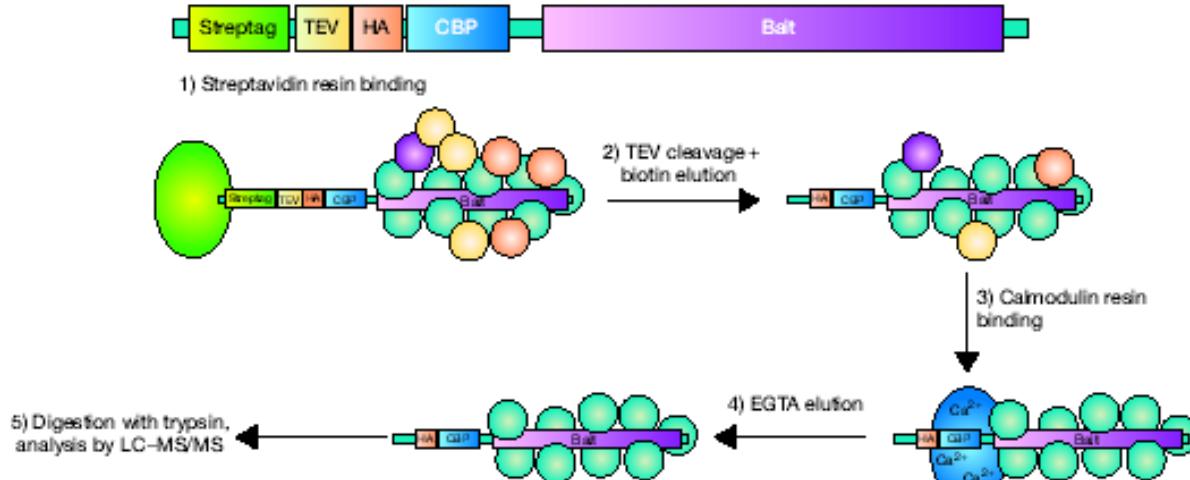
....which is rescued by loss of Wnt5a



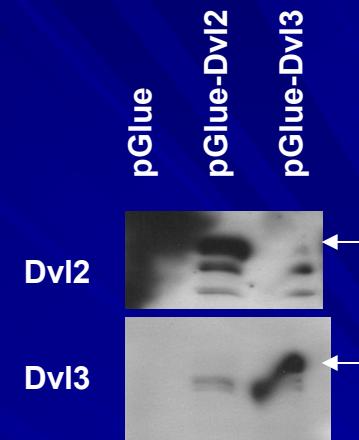
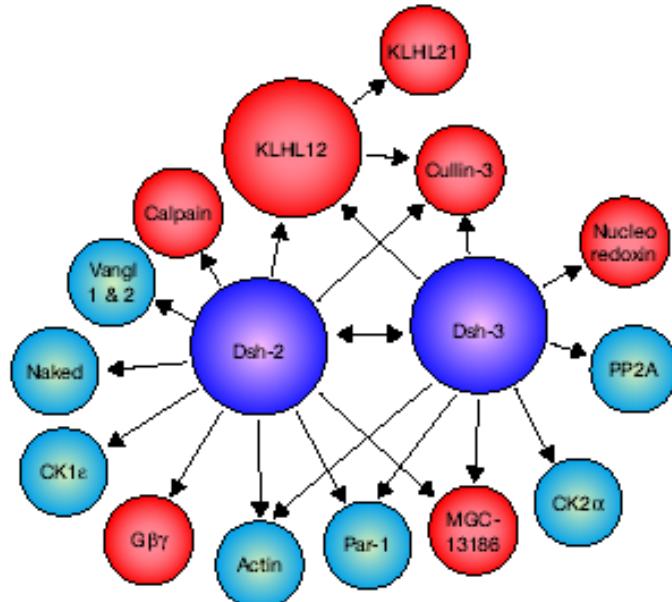
Metody č. 7: Afinitní purifikace a hmotnostní spektroskopie

Afinitní purifikace

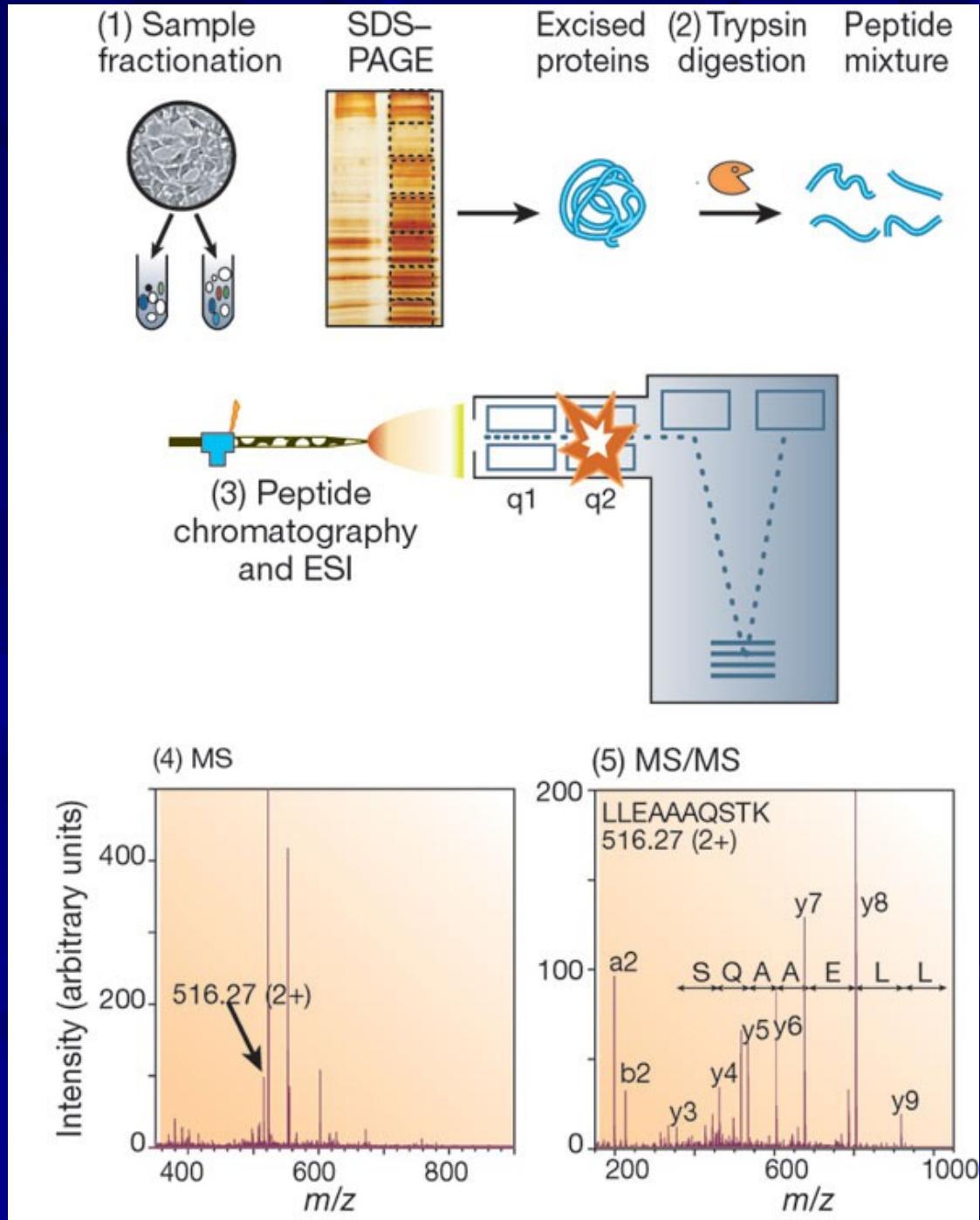
a



b



Hmotnostní spektroskopie (Mass Spec)



Děkuji za pozornost!

Celogenomové
techniky

Molekulární
mechanismus

Celoproteomové
techniky

