# C8953 <br> NMR structural analysis - seminar 

Basic concepts \& Vector model

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## Assign correct value of chemical shift to labelled NMR active atoms ${ }^{1}$ :


5.225 .46

4.644 .92






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${ }^{1}$ http://www.chem.wisc.edu/areas/reich/chem605/

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## Determination of regioisomers

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## Analysis of simple pulse sequences using vector model

- simple model based on rotation of the vector of bulk magnetization in the plane perpendicular to the vector of magnetic field, direction is determined by the "right-hand rule"
- NMR signal is detectable only as coherent magnetization oscillating in $x y$ plane
- the free precession $\omega$ (due to the $B_{0}$ ) of magnetization vector is eliminated by introducing rotating frame $\omega_{0} \Rightarrow$ magnetic field of excitation pulses $\left(B_{1}\right)$ is motionless and the individual resonance frequencies differs in so called offset $\Omega_{i}=\omega_{i}-\omega_{0}$
- applicability of vector model is rather limited to simple single-quantum experiments without transfer of polarisation



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## 1-1 sequence

Draw the evolution of macroscopic magnetization through the sequence:

## 90(y) - $\tau$ - 90(y) - aq

Consider the evolution of an isolated spin due to the chemical shift.

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2. Draw lineshapes of resulting signal assuming the a) $y+b) x+$ corresponds to zero phase of receiver.


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## Heteronuclear spin echo

By using vector diagrams determine the result of attached pulse sequence.

1. Ignore 180 pulse in hydrogen channel for isolated spin systems a) ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-{ }^{-1} \mathrm{H}$ and
b) ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}_{2}$. Explain the role of CPD block.
2. Lets consider the complete sequence and isolated spin systems a) ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}-{ }^{-1} \mathrm{H}$ and
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$\mathrm{CH} . . . \mathrm{J}=\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{HC}}$

$\mathrm{CH}_{2} \ldots \mathrm{~J}=2^{*} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HC}}$

$+\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{x}}$

## Next topic

2D NMR - homonuclear experiments

