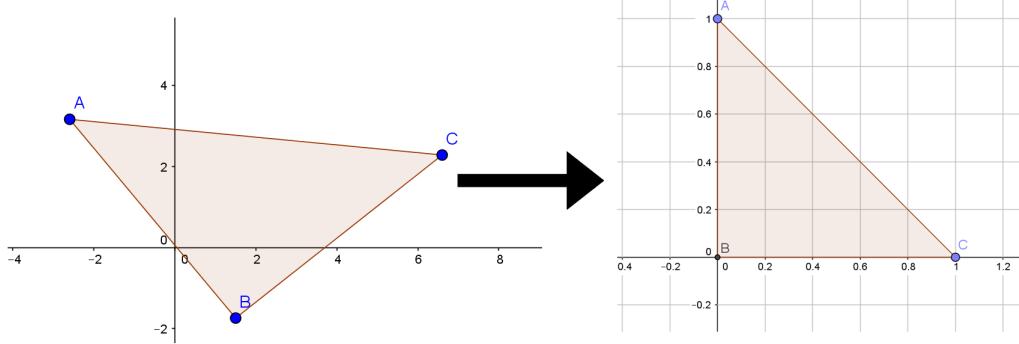


Integral nad trojuholnikom

$$\int \int dS f(x, y) \quad (1)$$

MYSLIENKA ZJEDODUSENIA



Chcem integrovat v suradniciach v ktorych dve strany trojuholnika lezia na suradnicovych osiach, tj. mat integral:

$$\int_0^1 du \int_0^{1-u} f(u, v) dv, \quad (2)$$

To je možné, keď nový suradnicový systém bude mať nulu v bode napr. B a osi u, v budú v smere vektorov \vec{BC} a \vec{BA} naskalované tak, že body A a C budú lezat na jednickach príslušných os.

$$x = b_x + (a_x - b_x)v + (c_x - b_x)u \quad (3)$$

$$y = b_y + (a_y - b_y)v + (c_y - b_y)u \quad (4)$$

Transformačné rovnice vyzerajú, že splňujú kritéria.

Jakobian transformácie je:

$$J = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} c_x - b_x & a_x - b_x \\ c_y - b_y & a_y - b_y \end{vmatrix} = (c_x - b_x)(a_y - b_y) - (a_x - b_x)(c_y - b_y) \quad (5)$$

Výsledný integrál je teda vo forme:

$$|(c_x - b_x)(a_y - b_y) - (a_x - b_x)(c_y - b_y)| \int_0^1 du \int_0^{1-u} f(x(u, v), y(u, v)) dv \quad (6)$$

APLIKACIE NA MOMENTY

Pomocne vysledky integralov:

i/j	0	1	2
0	1/2	1/6	1/12
1	1/6	1/24	
2	1/12		

Pre $f(x, y) = x$:

$$\int \int x dS = |J| \int_0^1 du \int_0^{1-u} (b_x + (a_x - b_x)v + (c_x - b_x)u) dv = \quad (7)$$

$$|J| \left(\frac{1}{2}b_x + \frac{1}{6}(a_x - b_x) + \frac{1}{6}(c_x - b_x) \right) = |J| \left(\frac{1}{6}a_x + \frac{1}{6}c_x + \frac{3-2}{6}b_x \right) = \quad (8)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}|J|(a_x + b_x + c_x) \quad (9)$$

Pre $f(x, y) = x^2$:

$$x^2 = (b_x + (a_x - b_x)v + (c_x - b_x)u)^2 = \quad (10)$$

$$b_x^2 + (a_x - b_x)^2 v^2 + (c_x - b_x)^2 u^2 + 2b_x(a_x - b_x)v + 2b_x(c_x - b_x)u + 2(a_x - b_x)(c_x - b_x)uv \quad (11)$$

$$\int \int x^2 dS = \quad (12)$$

$$|J| \left(\frac{1}{2}b_x^2 + (a_x - b_x)^2 \frac{1}{12} + (c_x - b_x)^2 \frac{1}{12} + 2b_x(a_x - b_x) \frac{1}{6} + 2b_x(c_x - b_x) \frac{1}{6} + 2(a_x - b_x)(c_x - b_x) \frac{1}{24} \right) = \quad (13)$$

$$|J| \frac{1}{12} \left(6b_x^2 + a_x^2 - 2a_x b_x + b_x^2 + c_x^2 - 2c_x b_x + b_x^2 + 4b_x a_x - 4b_x^2 + 4b_x c_x - 4b_x^2 + a_x c_x - a_x b_x - b_x c_x + b_x^2 \right) = \quad (14)$$

$$|J| \frac{1}{12} (b_x^2 + a_x^2 + c_x^2 + b_x a_x + b_x c_x + a_x c_x) \quad (15)$$