LIFESPANS

1. Do you know the expression *lifespan (or life span)*? The following collocations of the word *span* can help you:

within the span of two decades wingspan span of hands, arms, wings, aircraft, bridge, responsibility a bridge spanning the river his interests span almost everything

- 2. Name one species with the longest lifespan and one with the shortest lifespan.
- 3. Order the following species according to their lifespans.

sequoia moth

mouse

bat

shrew

deep-sea clam

bowhead whale

mayfly

4. How long do different organisms live. Have a guess. Match them with their particular lifespans.

| 3000 years | sequoia |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 220 years | moths |
| 200 years | mice |
| 38 years | bats |
| couple of years | shrews |
| 2 years | deep-sea clams |
| a few months | bowhead whales |
| 2 hours - 14 days | mayflies |

- 5. What factors affect lifespans? Why do different organisms have different lifespans?
- 6. Read part A of the text.
 - a. Underline the key words.
 - b. Try to create a hypothesis. Later, when reading the text, you will have the opportunity to compare your ideas with those presented by the scientists.
 - c. Find the synonyms for *very old longevity*

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Based on: http://www.bbc.co.uk/radio4/science/lifespans.shtml

- 7. In the text various theories are mentioned. One of them is called 'rate of living' theory.
 - a. Read part B1 and formulate the theory in one sentence.
 - b. Find the synonyms for *pace slow*
- 8. There are some exceptions to the theory in question.
 - a. Read **Part B2** and then hypothesize why birds and bats can live longer than other animals of their size.
 - b. Listen to the recording (timing 16-17:24) and fill in the information on birds, bats and shrews in the grid. Compare the answer with your partner.
 - **c.** Listen to the following extract on bats (timing 19:45-21:40) and decide whether the statements are true or false.
 - Bats are not mammals T/F
 - The longevities of bats are three times higher than longevities of mammals that don't fly. T/F
 - Hibernation over the winter is the main reason why bats live longer. T/F
 - Tropical bats species don't live so long. T/F
- 9. Read part C on evolutionary theories of ageing and prepare questions for your partner. Swap the information.
- 10. Listen to the (timing 13:48-16:00) (mayfly, mouse, mole) and complete the information into the grid.
 - a. To check your answers read part D
 - b. In this part find the synonym for terrestrial
- **11. The last listening activity will help you finish the grid.** (clams, porcupines, termites, tigers, lions, humans). *(timing 22:15)*
- 12. Are there any common features between the theories mentioned in the text and your hypotheses?

13. Humans live four times longer than animals of their size.

- a. What is the reason?
- b. Read part E to find the answer.
- c. Find the antonym to communal life.

14. Translate

délka života
rychlý metabolismus
pomalý metabolismus
schopnost létat
suchozemští živočichové
vodní živočichové
uniknout dravcům
communal life

This is the oldest species.



http://www.championtreeproject.org/http://www.conifers.org/pi/pin/longaeva.htm