



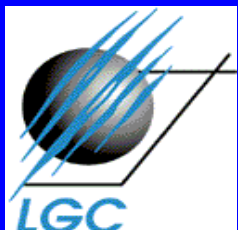
GMES and INSPIRE: from beginning to valuable services

Milan KONECNY

Masaryk University Brno, CZ

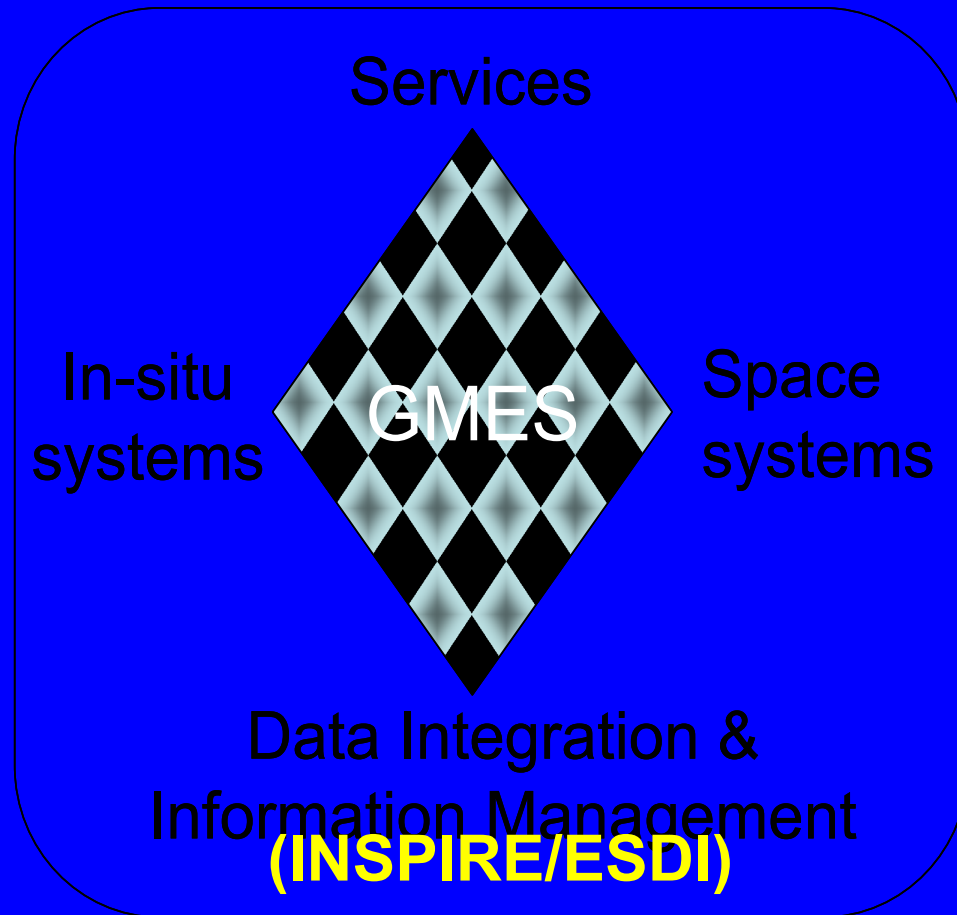
President (past) ICA, Vice-President, ISDE

konecny@geogr.muni.cz



Barnaul, Sept. 22, 2010

Global Monitoring for Environment and Security





INSPIRE

Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe

GMES (Global Monitoring for Environment and Security) is a European initiative for the implementation of information services dealing with environment and security.

GMES is based on observation data received from Earth Observation satellites and ground based information. These data will be coordinated, analysed and prepared for end-users.

Through GMES the state of our environment and its short, medium and long-term evolution will be monitored to support policy decisions or investments.

GMES is a set of services for European citizens helping to improve their quality of life regarding environment and security.

GMES is built up gradually: it starts with a pilot phase which targets the availability of a first set of operational GMES services by 2008 followed by the development of an extended range of services which meet user requirements.

2. How did it start?

Years of research in the fields of science and technology associated with observation and understanding of the processes and phenomena of the terrestrial environment led in 1998 to the idea to launch GMES.

By a combination of measurements at terrestrial level and from space, it rapidly became clear that new operational services could be offered in fields such as **oceanography, precise mapping of land use, rapid mapping at times of emergency for the civil protection field or air quality monitoring.**

The progressive implementation of GMES is made possible by the activities and investments of European Union and ESA Member States. These and other public and private contributions are jointly supported by the European Commission (EC) and the European Space Agency (ESA).

3. To whom is it addressed?

GMES is the European solution to respond to the needs of citizens in Europe to access reliable information on the status of their environment.

GMES will mainly support decision-making by both institutional and private actors. Decisions could concern either new regulations to preserve our environment or urgent measures in case of a natural or man-made catastrophes (i.e. floods, forest fires, water pollution).

But to take decisions, it is necessary to **anticipate, intervene and control.**

WHAT SERVICES WILL BE PROVIDED?

The services provided by GMES can be classified in *three major categories*:

Mapping, including topography or road maps but also land-use and harvest, forestry monitoring, mineral and water resources that do contribute to short and long-term management of territories and natural resources. This service generally requires exhaustive coverage of the Earth surface, archiving and periodic updating of data.

Support for emergency management in case of natural hazards and particularly civil protection institutions responsible for the security of people and property. This service concentrates on the provision of the latest possible data before intervening.

Forecasting is applied for marine zones, air quality or crop yields. This service systematically provides data on extended areas permitting the prediction of short, medium or long-term events, including their modelling and evolution.

The widespread and regular availability of technical data within GMES will allow a more efficient use of the infrastructures and human resources. It will help the creation of new models for security and risk management, as well as better management of land and resources.

GMES is the European participation in the **worldwide** monitoring and management of our planet Earth and the European contribution to the Group on Earth Observation (GEO). The global community acts together for a synergy of all techniques of observation, detection and analysis.

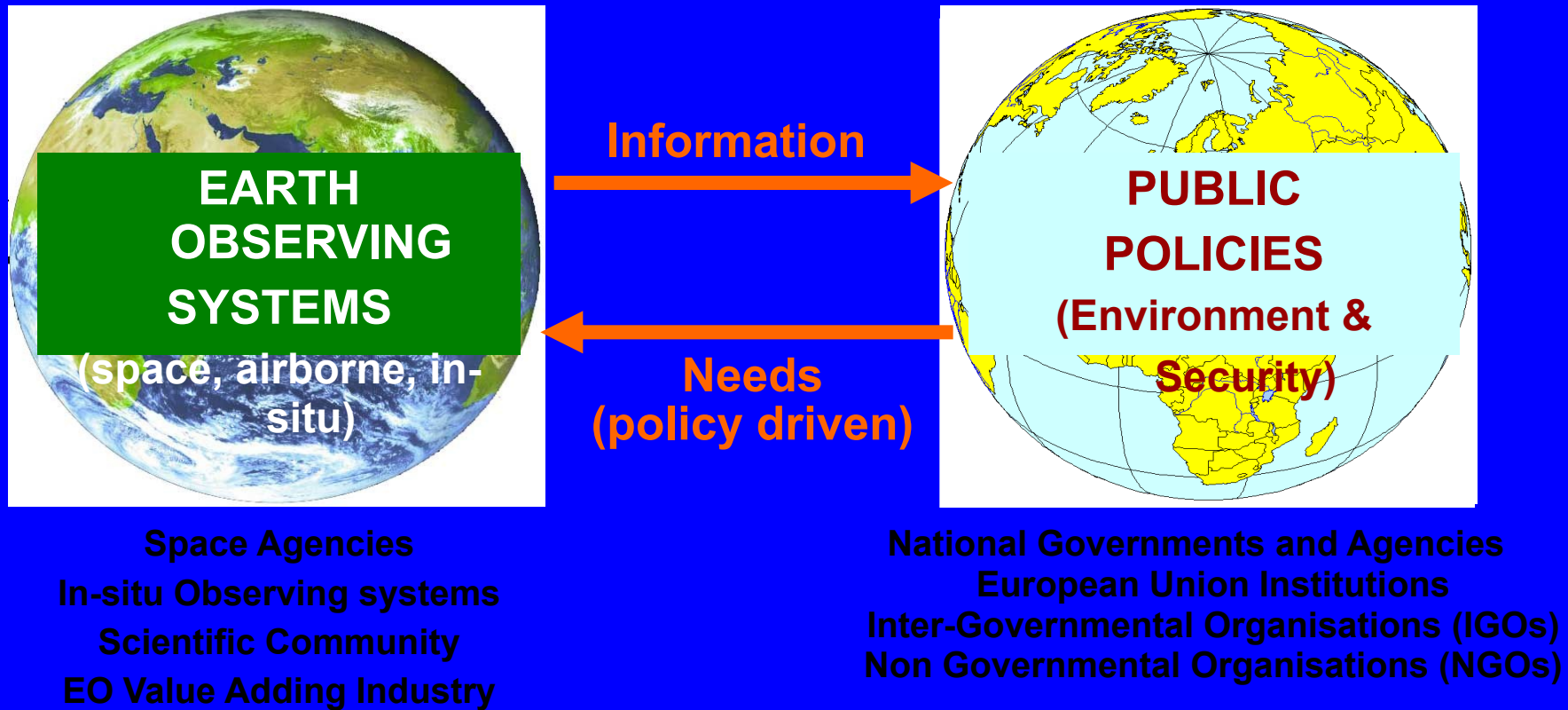
At the World Summit on Earth Observation in Washington in July 2003, the Group on Earth Observations (GEO) was established, with the goal of addressing the information requirement for the environment on a global scale. This work was completed in Brussels in February 2005 by the adoption of a 10 year implementation plan of an integrated Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS).

The GEOSS is an ambitious programme of information for ecological security and durable development intended for mankind. It principally foresees the monitoring and understanding of nature, the extent of disasters due to human activities, the impact of global warming, desertification, erosion and deforestation.

GMES will be the main European contribution to GEOSS.

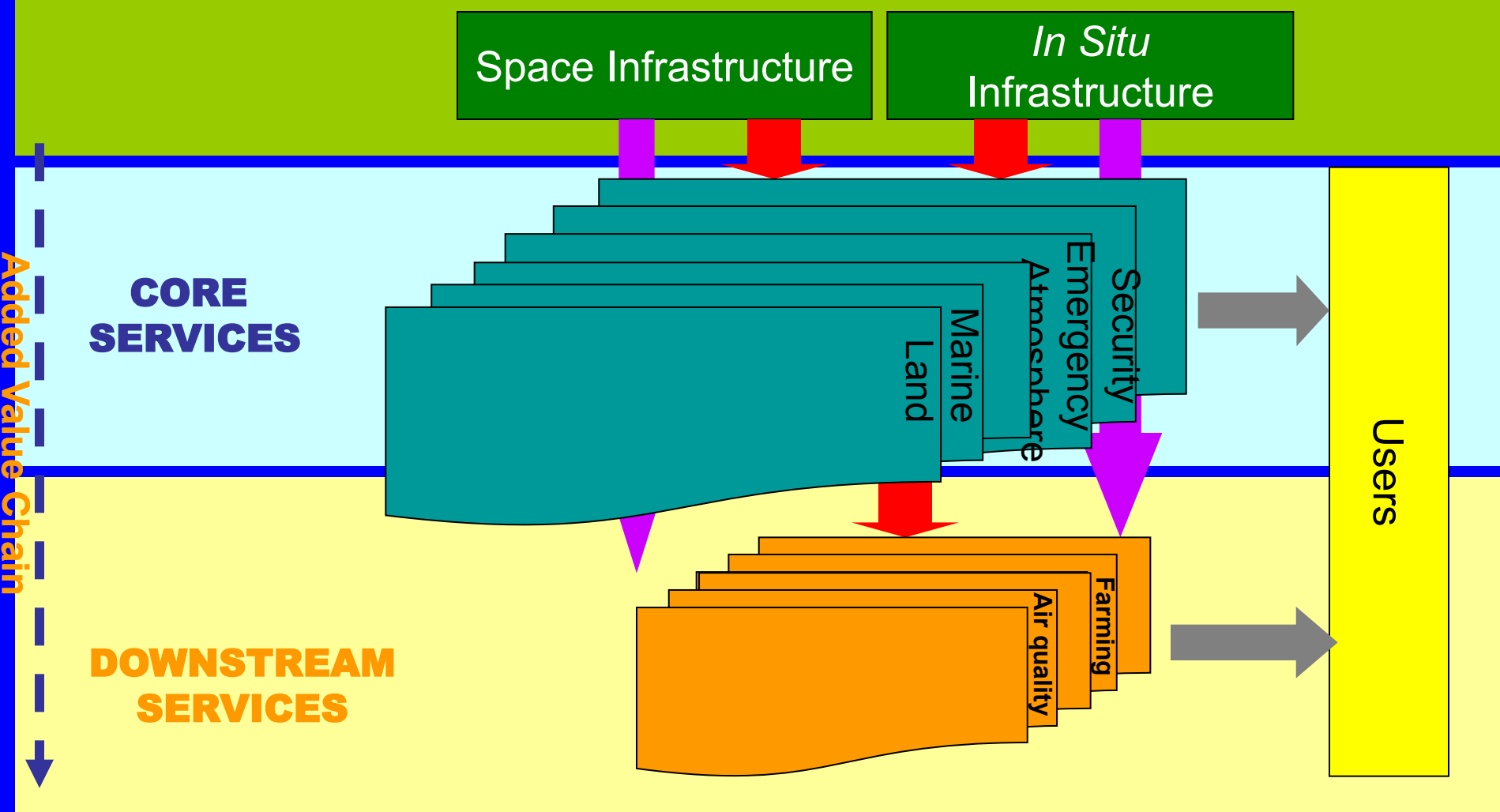
Overall GMES objectives

to provide information services to policy-makers and other users



Virginia PUZZOLO, EC DG Enterprise-
GMES Bureau, Prague Symposium, 2009

Overall architecture



The Forum GMES 2008 held in Lille on 16-17 September 2008 marked the launch of the first GMES services in pre-operational mode:

Marine Environmental Services

Atmospheric Environmental Services

Land Environmental Services

Support to Emergencies and Humanitarian Aid

Support to security -related activities

The development of these services is supported by implementation groups put in place in the context of the Action Plan 2004 - 2008.

Marine Environmental Services

MyOcean is a project granted by the European Commission within the 7th Framework Programme, with the objective to define and to set up a concerted and integrated pan-European capacity for Ocean Monitoring and Forecasting.

The areas of benefit are:

Maritime Security

Oil Spill combat

Marine Resources management

Climate Change

Seasonal Forecast

Coastal Activities

Ice Survey

Water Quality and Pollution.

MyOcean is the last step toward the GMES Marine Core Service after many Europe founded programmes such as [POLARVIEW](#), [ECOOP](#), [MARCOAST](#), [MERSEA](#), ...

Atmospheric Environmental Services

The prototype atmospheric services of GMES are currently provided by two cooperating consortia that operate the [PROMOTE](#) GMES Service Element project funded by the European Space Agency, and the [GEMS](#) project funded by the European Commission as part of the 6th Framework Programme for Research, Technical Development and Demonstration.

The focus of [PROMOTE](#) is the delivery of services to support informed decisions on issues related to stratospheric ozone depletion, surface UV exposure, air quality and climate change. Services are based both on products derived directly from satellite data and on products from established data assimilation and modelling systems. Services can be accessed from [PROMOTE](#) website.

The focus of [GEMS](#) is to develop new integrated systems for monitoring the global distributions of atmospheric constituents important for climate, and for monitoring and forecasting constituents affecting air quality and surface solar radiation, with a focus on Europe. Trial versions of these systems are currently being operated, and the products can be accessed from [GEMS](#) website.

From mid-2009, the core services of the atmospheric component of GMES will be delivered by a new consortium comprising most of the partners of the [GEMS](#) project and core production partners from [PROMOTE](#),

following the conclusion of a grant from the European Commission under the 7th Framework Programme. These services will continue and rationalize the provision of the main sets of data products provided currently by [PROMOTE](#) and [GEMS](#). It is also expected that the Framework Programme

will support development of a set of **downstream services that provide user-oriented information based on the core-service data products.**

Land Environmental Services

Land Environmental Services operationally provide sound, reliable and affordable land related geo-information products on the regional, European and global scale. Their aim is to effectively support public authorities of the European Commission and the EU Member States in the implementation of the new European Environmental Directives as well as international treaties towards adaptation to Climate Change.

By the combined analysis of data received from Earth Observation satellites and ground based measuring networks these services provide wide-area and cross-boarder harmonized geo-information products for a multitude of thematic areas,

like land use / land cover change, soil sealing, water quality and availability, spatial planning, forest management, carbon storage and global food security. Selected examples of products from various European regions can be viewed and tested on the [Land Information Services](#) portal.

Fast Track Service / CORINE Land Cover 2006

Based on previous consolidation results, the European Environment Agency (EEA) has added the first Pan-European High-Resolution Land Cover Data to its data service: a Sealing Layer and a Forest Layer covering entire Europe. In addition, the CORINE Land Cover database, existing since the 1990s, was updated for the third time for the year 2006.

The ambition is to add further high-resolution layers during the coming years during the implementation of the Land Information Core Services

Urban Atlas

Quality of Life in Europe's cities is being recorded by the Urban Audit initiative of DG Regional Cohesion and DG Environment. The Urban Atlas Core Service Element is to add a spatial dimension, e.g. to show the accessibility to green urban areas or to enable the localization of abstract statistical parameters (e.g. population density).

Forest Monitoring

Forest Monitoring Services provide innovative, timely, cost-effective and quality-assured forest information to support reporting on national and international policies such as the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Kyoto Protocol, the UN Convention on Biological Diversity (UNCBD), the Ministerial Conference on the Protection of Forests in Europe (MCPFE) and processes related to Streamlining European Biodiversity Indicators by 2010 (SEBI 2010). Making use of Earth Observation methodologies allows retrieving spatially explicit information on the state and development of forests from continental to regional scale in a cost-efficient way and at proven high quality.

Water Quality

Water Quality Services address the Water Framework Directive (WFD) obligating the EU Member States to manage, monitor and report the status of the water resources on river basin scale. The services focus on identification and management of nutrient and pesticide inputs into the water cycle resulting from diffuse and point sources.

Spatial Development

The Spatial Development Service provides spatially referenced and consistent geo-information for monitoring of urban structure, urban growth and soil sealing in support of reporting obligations. Products describe the pressure, state and impact of urban land take for integrated spatial planning.

Environmental Resource Management in Africa

The Service for Environmental Resource Management in Africa ensures permanent access to high quality pre-processed data for all African countries by using advanced satellite telecommunication infrastructures. Products of the service comprise advanced environmental parameters (in particular related to vegetation conditions), processed according to standard procedures, as well as maps such as land cover maps, forest maps, etc.

Support to Emergencies and Humanitarian Aid Services

Support to Emergencies and Humanitarian Aid services target three main application domains:

Civil Protection: National Civil Protection Services of Europe, DG ENV (European CP Unit), and more globally all risk management actors in Europe at different territorial scales

Humanitarian Aid: DG RELEX, DG ECHO, NGOs

Security crises: European Council, Member States

It addresses all types of disasters: natural disasters (floods, fires, landslides, storms, earthquakes, etc.), technological accidents, humanitarian crises (for instance after a severe drought period), civilian-military crises.

Data Portal

The Connecte@sy portal offers access to products delivered by the [PREVIEW](#) and [RISK-EOS](#) projects. The goal of this common portal is to provide a unified access to the products in order to facilitate the information exchange and sharing between the service providers and the risk user community.

In complementary with the existing delivery means held by the service provider for specific users, the Connecte@sy portal proposes the following functionalities at a global level:

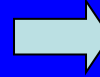
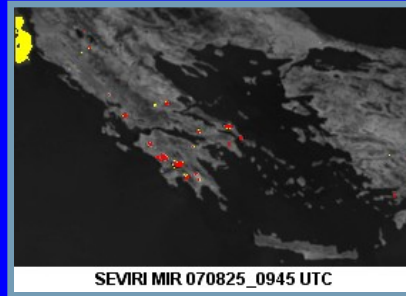
The consultation of the available products,

The on-line visualisation and combination of data,

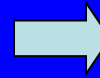
The possibility to retrieve and visualise data in Google Earth.

Four main types of products:

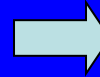
Early warning



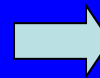
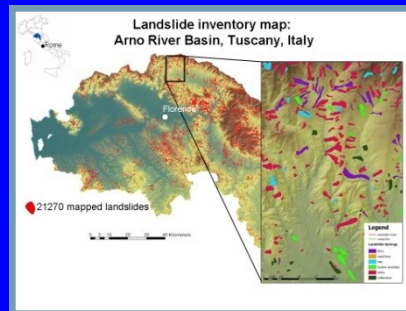
Reference maps



Assessment maps



Thematic maps



For headquarters,
decision-makers
and in-field operatives
In Europe and worldwide



ERCS 1st priority

Rapid mapping on demand in case of humanitarian crises, natural disasters, and man-made emergency situations within & outside Europe

- **Reference maps** available within 6 hours over crisis area
- **Damage assessment maps** available within 24 hours & daily updated
- **Situation maps and forecasts** of evolution of situations within the few days-weeks after crisis

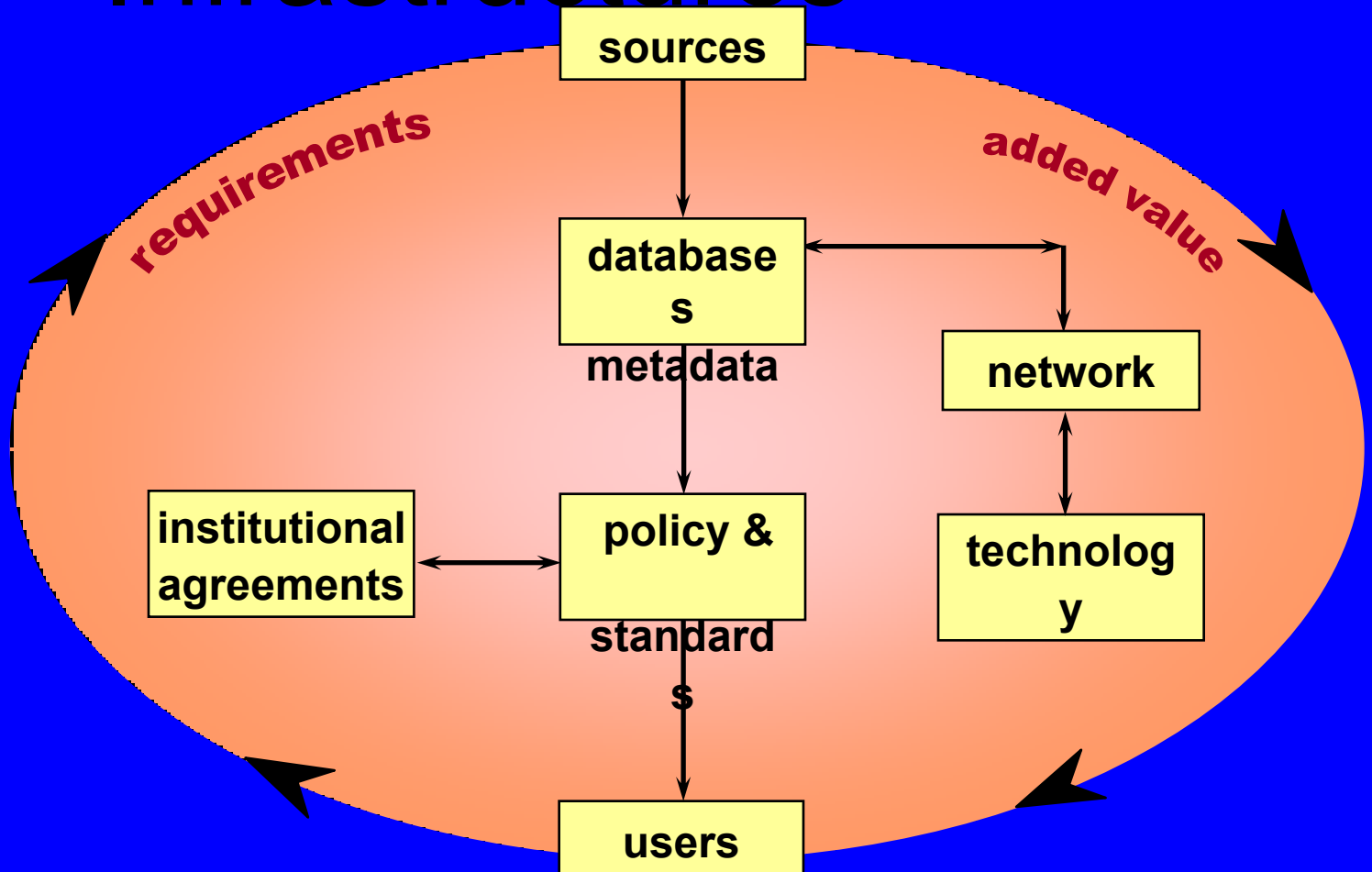




INSPIRE

Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe

Spatial Data Infrastructures



The term *Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI)* is used to *encapsulate the technologies, policies, institutional arrangements, financial and human resources that facilitate the availability, access and effective usage of geographic data.*

The SDI provides the means for *discovery, access and application* of spatial data for policy-makers, planners and managers, citizens and their organizations.

SDI technologies consist of *a set of data services* that provide geographic data and their attributes.

Services and data are documented with *meta-data* which that subsequently offer the means *to discover, visualise and evaluate the data through the Web*. Additionally, methods are provided to access the data. Applications are built to solve specific needs on the data service layer.

The INSPIRE de facto begun in September 2001, than the first INSPIRE, or at that time the E-ESDI Expert group, was convened in Brussels.

The most important step: on 11 April 2002 Memorandum of Understanding between Commissioners Wallström, Solbes, Busquin titled *Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe (INSPIRE)* has been signed

Directive 2007/2/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 March 2007 establishing an Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE) was published in the official Journal on the 25th April 2007.

...into force on the 15th May 2007,
implemented in various stages, fully by
2019.

Appendixes 1-3 with obligatory Data
Themes for all EU Member States (MS).

INSPIRE is based on common principles:

- Data should be collected only once and kept where it can be maintained most effectively.
- It should be possible to combine seamless spatial information from different sources across Europe and share it with many users and applications.
- It should be possible for information collected at one level/scale to be shared with all levels/scales; detailed for thorough investigations, general for strategic purposes.

- Geographic information needed for good governance at all levels should be readily and transparently available.
- Easy to find what geographic information is available, how it can be used to meet a particular need, and under which conditions it can be acquired and used.

The INSPIRE concept:

Availability

Accessibility

Legislation rules.

Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe

Different Policies and standards



Technical Support to GI policy development



Europe is moving 3cm/ year

Standards implementation

Different sea level in Europe



GI Institutional framework GI technical standards

Spatial Data Infrastructure

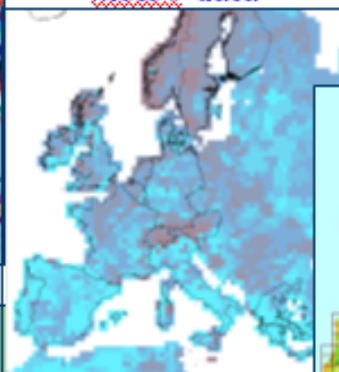
Fundamental GI data sets Spatial Information Services

Technical Support To data set creation

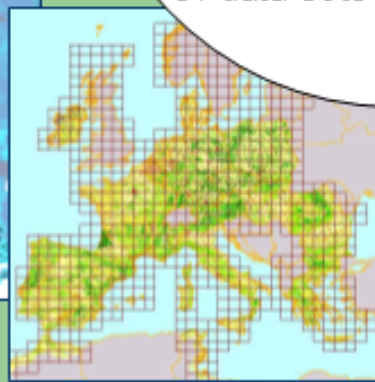
Meteo data



Catchments



Needs to create European spatial data sets



Land Cover

GIS for Natura 2000



GIS to manage Natura2000 sites

eEurope : eGovernment on line

Towards an Infrastructure for Spatial Information

From discovery

to Full Interoperability

Standardisation

- Metadata
- Discovery Service
- Data Policies
- Licensing Framework
- Coordinating structures
- ...

Harmonisation

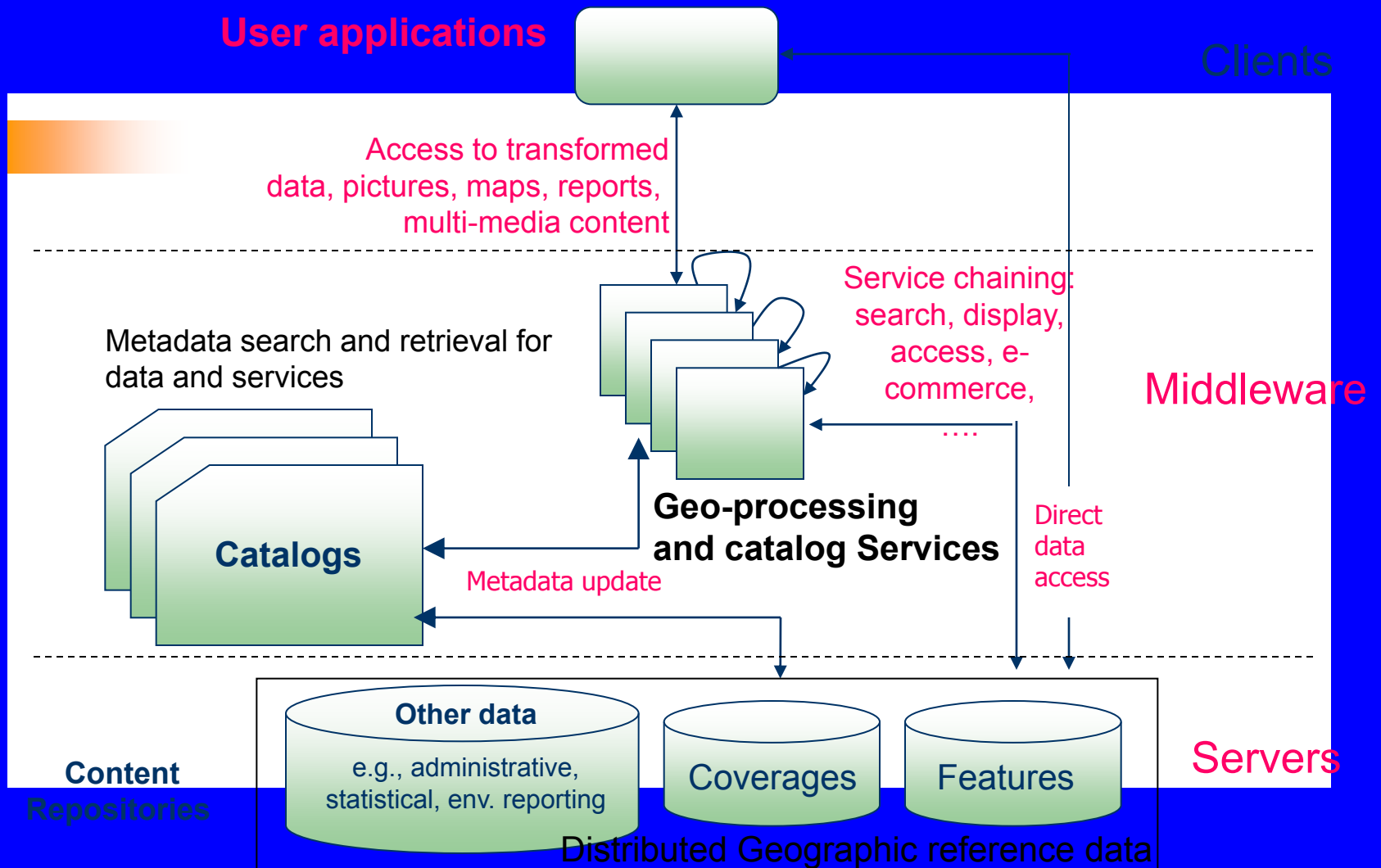
- Geodetic Framework
- Seamless data
- Quality insurance
- Certification
- Updating
- Data model
- ...

Integration

- Catalog Services
- View Service
- Query Service
- Object Access Service
- Generalisation Services
- Geo-Processing services
- ...

Current status

Architecture model



After the Digital Earth Reference Model

A new strategic approach

- Comprehensive set of policies covering surface and ground water quality, flood assessment, marine and coastal areas, soil, etc.
- Right geographical scale i.e. river basin for water quality and floods
- **Sound knowledge based on timely, accurate, easily accessed, harmonised / interoperable geospatial and environmental information, shared across European, national, and local jurisdictions.**
- Increasing shift from sector-based (silos) policy making towards more integrated, cross-sectoral approaches.

Two Examples:

- **Directive on the Assessment and Management of Floods**
- **Water Framework Directive for the protection of all waters**

In summary the situation in Europe

- A lot of data but difficult to find because they are poorly documented
- Even if you find data, it is often not possible to access because of policy restrictions
- Lack of co-ordination across borders and between levels of government
- Lack of standards and incompatible information and information systems
- Even if these barriers are overcome, the data is often not re-usable or difficult to integrate with other data

LEGAL FRAMEWORK NEEDED

**Directive establishing an infrastructure
for spatial information in the Community -
INSPIRE**

INSPIRE Directive 2007/02/EC

The INSPIRE Directive lays down general rules to establish an Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe for the purposes of Community environmental policies and policies or activities which may have an impact on the environment
This infrastructure shall build upon infrastructures for spatial information established and operated by the Member States.

Which data/services?

Existing spatial data held by or on behalf of a public authority operating down to the lowest level of government when laws or regulations require their collection or dissemination.

Annex I

1. Coordinate reference systems
2. Geographical grid systems
3. Geographical names
4. Administrative units
5. Transport networks
6. Hydrography
7. Protected sites

Annex II

1. Elevation
2. Addresses
3. Cadastral parcels
4. Land cover
5. Orthoimagery
6. Geology

Harmonised spatial data specifications more stringent for Annex I and II than for Annex III

Annex III

1. Statistical units
2. Buildings
3. Soil
4. Land use
5. Human health and safety
6. Utility and governmental services
7. Environmental monitoring facilities
8. Production and industrial facilities
9. Agricultural and aquaculture facilities
10. Population distribution – demography
11. Area management/restriction /regulation zones & reporting units
12. Natural risk zones
13. Atmospheric conditions
14. Meteorological geographical features
15. Oceanographic geographical features
16. Sea regions
17. Bio-geographical regions
18. Habitats and biotopes
19. Species distribution
20. Energy resources
21. Mineral resources

From Commission proposal to Community Directive implementation

- **Preparatory phase (2004-2006)**
 - Co-decision procedure
 - Start of preparation of Implementing Rules
- **Transposition phase (2007-2009)**
 - **Directive entered into force 15 May 2007**
 - **INSPIRE Committee starts its activities 26 June 2007**
 - Continuation of preparation of Implementing Rules
 - **Transposition into national legislation 15 May 2009**
 - Adoption of Implementing Rules by Comitology
- **Implementation phase (2009-2013)**
 - Implementation and monitoring of measures
 - Continuation of preparation of Implementing Rules
 - Adoption of Implementing Rules by Comitology

INSPIRE Components

- Metadata
- Interoperability of spatial data sets and services
- Network services (discovery, view, download, invoke)

– Made available through the European geo-portal

- Data and Service sharing (policy)

Detailed technical provisions will be laid down in

Commission Regulations (Implementing Rules)

that become European legislative acts binding in 27

Member States and in some EFTA countries

Coordination and Measures for Monitoring & Reporting



Interoperability and harmonisation of spatial data sets and services

The development of INSPIRE Implementing rules for the interoperability and, where practicable, harmonisation of spatial data sets and services follow a two-step approach:

1) Development of conceptual framework and specification methodology:

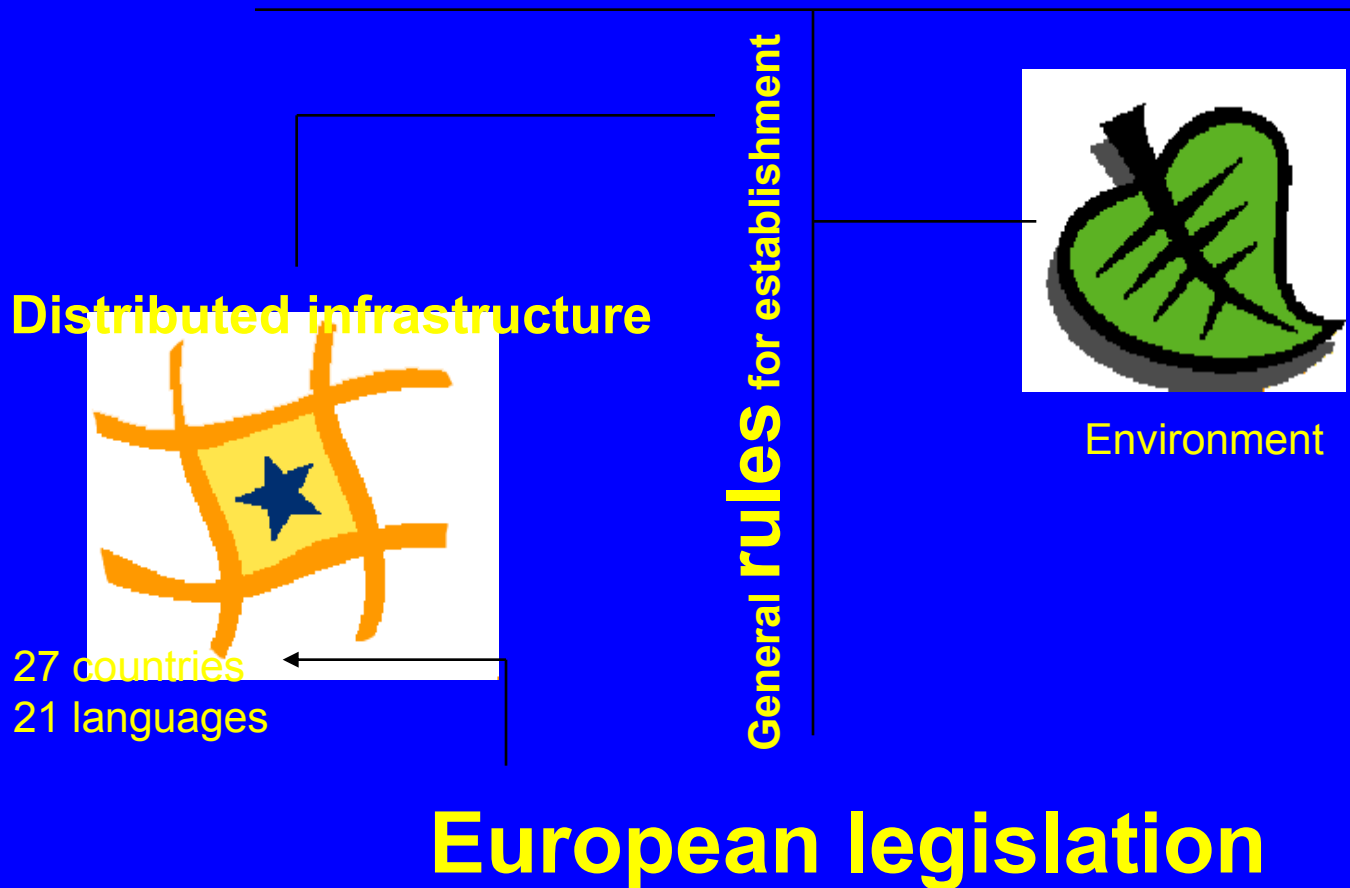
- DS-D 2.5 *Generic Conceptual Model (GCM)*,
- DS-D 2.6 *Methodology for Specification Development...*

2) Development of data specifications for each data theme

- Based on the conceptual framework and specification methodology, and based on the INSPIRE roadmap.

What is INSPIRE?

“Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community”



Biggest problems:

Coordination in Member States
(resortism) (MoEnvi, MoTransp, MoAgri)

SDI is not geospatial policy (local
strategies)

Creation of Geospatial Policies as a part
of design Information Society
(Knowledge-based society)

Scope INSPIRE Directive

- General rules to establish an infrastructure for spatial information in Europe
 - Community environmental policies
 - Policies or activities which impact on the environment
- To be based on SDIs established and operated by the Member States
- Does not require collection of new spatial data



Types of documents produced by INSPIRE

- INSPIRE Directive
- Implementing Rules Legislative Acts
- Draft Implementing Rules and Guidelines
- Technical reports and supporting material

Metadata

- INSPIRE Metadata Regulation published 4th December 2008
- Two years for Member States to create metadata for Annex I and II, 5 years for Annex III.
- Maintenance of Technical Guidelines based on user feedback
- Metadata editor publicly available as part of prototype INSPIRE geo-portal
 - to test technical coherence and compliance with ISO standards
 - to support MS in creating metadata compliant with regulation
 - plan to assess the need for a Multilingual Open Source version so that it can be downloaded by users and extended by thematic communities

Network Services

- **Discovery and View Services**
 - Draft Commission Legislation: Draft Regulation on INSPIRE Discovery and View Services
 - Finalization and publication expected by the end of the year
 - Initial Operating Capability foreseen as part of the regulation
- **Transformation Service**
 - Network Services Drafting Team has finalised the next version of their proposal for Transformation service Implementing Rules and the accompanying Technical Guidelines for the coordinate transformation.
 - Taking into account the comments received from the SDICs and LMOs
 - The Draft Legislation is currently being prepared by the European Commission for submission to the INSPIRE Committee.
 - The Draft Implementing Rules, the Technical Guidelines and the comments resolution document are publicly available as of 25 September 2009.


Network Services

- **Invoke Services**

- Technical Report on the state of play for service invocation.
- Network Service Drafting Team will start activity on this service
- As more and more geo-processing services become available, the issues of how to chain them is increasingly important to move from a data-centric to an information-centric SDI, able to respond to much wider user base.
- Several important research issues to address including better documentation of services, quality and trust, dependencies, rights management, etc.

Annex I data specifications


- Developed by 8 Thematic Working Groups since 2008-12
- Intermediate documents subject to consultation and testing by stakeholders
- V3 of data specifications for Themes of Annex I published on 2009-09-07
- The Draft Legislation is currently being prepared by the European Commission for formal submission to the INSPIRE Committee (meeting 2009-12-14)



INSPIRE
Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe

D2.8.1.1 INSPIRE Specification on Coordinate Reference Systems - Guidelines


| | |
|------------------|---|
| Title | D2.8.1.1 INSPIRE Specification on Coordinate Reference Systems – Guidelines |
| Creator | INSPIRE Thematic Working Group Coordinate Reference Systems and Geographical Grid Systems |
| Date | 2009-09-07 |
| Subject | INSPIRE Specification: Coordinate reference systems |
| Status | n/a |
| Publisher | INSPIRE Thematic Working Group Coordinate Reference Systems and Geographical Grid Systems |



INSPIRE
Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe

D2.8.1.6 INSPIRE Data Specification on Cadastral Parcels – Guidelines

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Title | D2.8.1.6 INSPIRE Data Specification on <i>Cadastral Parcels</i> – Guidelines |
| Creator | INSPIRE Thematic Working Group <i>Cadastral Parcels</i> |
| Date | 2009-09-07 |



INSPIRE
Infrastructure for Spatial Information in Europe

D2.8.1.3 INSPIRE Data Specification on Geographical Names – Guidelines

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Title | D2.8.1.3 INSPIRE Data Specification on <i>Geographical names</i> – Guidelines |
| Creator | INSPIRE Thematic Working Group Geographical Names |
| Date | 2009-09-07 |
| Subject | INSPIRE Data Specification for the spatial data theme <i>Geographical names</i> |
| Publisher | INSPIRE Thematic Working Group Geographical Names |
| Type | Text |
| Description | This document describes the INSPIRE Data Specification for the spatial data theme <i>Geographical names</i> |
| Contributor | Members of the INSPIRE Thematic Working Group Geographical Names |

Data and Service Sharing between Member States and Community Institutions and Bodies

- Member States to adopt measures for the sharing of data and services between public authorities for public tasks relating to the environment without restrictions occurring at the point of use. Such measures are open to international bodies and Community institutions and bodies
- Public authorities may charge, license each other and Community institutions provided this does not create an obstacle to sharing.
- When spatial data or services are provided to Community institutions for reporting obligations under Community law relating to the environment then this will not be subject to charging.
- Member States shall provide the institutions and bodies of the Community with access to spatial data sets and services in accordance with harmonised conditions.
- The regulation on these harmonised conditions has now been approved by the INSPIRE Committee. Best practice and guidelines allow to identify measures that are successful in ensuring and maintaining quality of data as well as increasing access and us

Monitoring and Reporting

- Monitoring and Reporting IR approved by INSPIRE Committee in December 2008, published in OJ 11th June 2009.
- Quantitative indicators on the progress of the SDI in the member states and qualitative reports about implementation experiences and benefits will enrich our collective knowledge in SDI assessment.
- Workshop with Member States Contact Points for INSPIRE focusing on Monitoring and Reporting scheduled on 2009-11-16

Interoperability of spatial data sets and services Annex II, III

- Principles of process:
 - Open, participatory and transparent process
 - Involvement of stakeholders and relevant thematic experts and communities at all steps
 - Call for manifestation of interest was launched on 05/11 on <http://inspire.jrc.ec.europa.eu/index.cfm/newsid/4140>
 - Closing date for nominating experts 14/12/2009
 - For submitting reference materials 31/01/2010
 - Prior registration as SDIC required

Call for participation in Annex II&III data specification development

INSPIRE > Call for Expression of Interest for participation in development of INSPIRE data specifications for Annex II & III... - Opera

File Edit View Bookmarks Widgets Tools Help

Open Save Print Find Home Tile Cascade Voice

INSPIRE > Call for Expre... x +

http://inspire.jrc.ec.europa.eu/index.cfm/newsid/4140

Contact | Search | Legal notice

European Commission
INSPIRE

EUROPEAN COMMISSION > INSPIRE >

Home
About INSPIRE
Legislation
History
Who's who in INSPIRE
INSPIRE library
INSPIRE Conferences

INSPIRE Roadmap
INSPIRE GeoPortal
Implementing Rules
Metadata
Data Specifications
Network Services
Data and Service Sharing
Monitoring and Reporting

Stakeholder Participation
List SDIC/LMOs

News Details

Print font size

Call for Expression of Interest for participation in development of INSPIRE data specifications for Annex II & III Data Themes launched

Date: 05/11/2009
Link: <http://inspire.jrc.ec.europa.eu/index.cfm/pageid/2>

The Call is addressed to the INSPIRE Spatial Data Interest Communities (SDICs) and Legally Mandated Organisations (LMOs). The Commission is seeking voluntary contributions of SDICs and LMOs, asking them to propose experts (domain experts, Facilitators, Editors) for the Thematic Working Groups (TWGs) and reference materials to be taken into consideration for the data specifications.

We recommend that you carefully read the following documents before responding to this call.

- Call for Expression of Interest for participation in development of INSPIRE Data Specifications for Annex II and III
- Terms of Reference for developing Implementing Rules laying down technical arrangements for interoperability and harmonisation of spatial data sets of Annex II and III themes

SDICs and LMOs can participate by [logging in](#) and completing the required forms.

Back

SEARCH INSPIRE

Website and documents
 Website only

OK

LOGIN / REGISTRATION

Welcome to the new Inspire Site. If you are a new user you can register [here](#). Registered users can [login here](#).

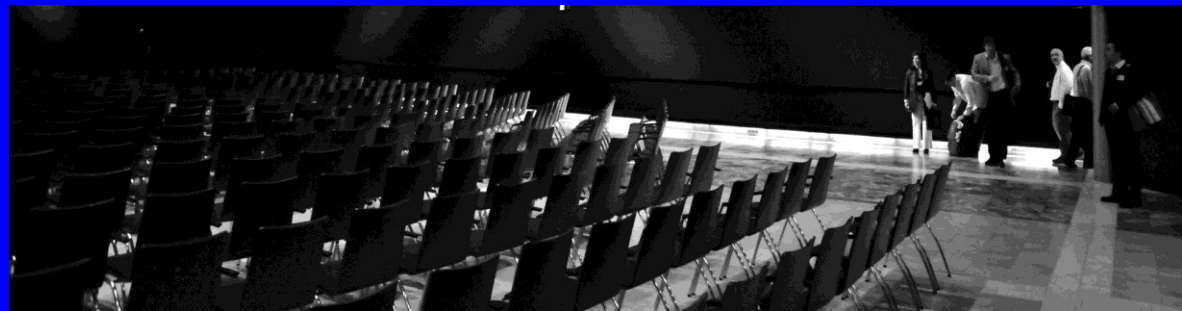
Nov 2009

| S | M | T | W | T | F | S |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |

- Renewed EC INSPIRE website
- Web 2.0 INSPIRE Forum website

<http://inspire-forum.jrc.ec.europa.eu/>

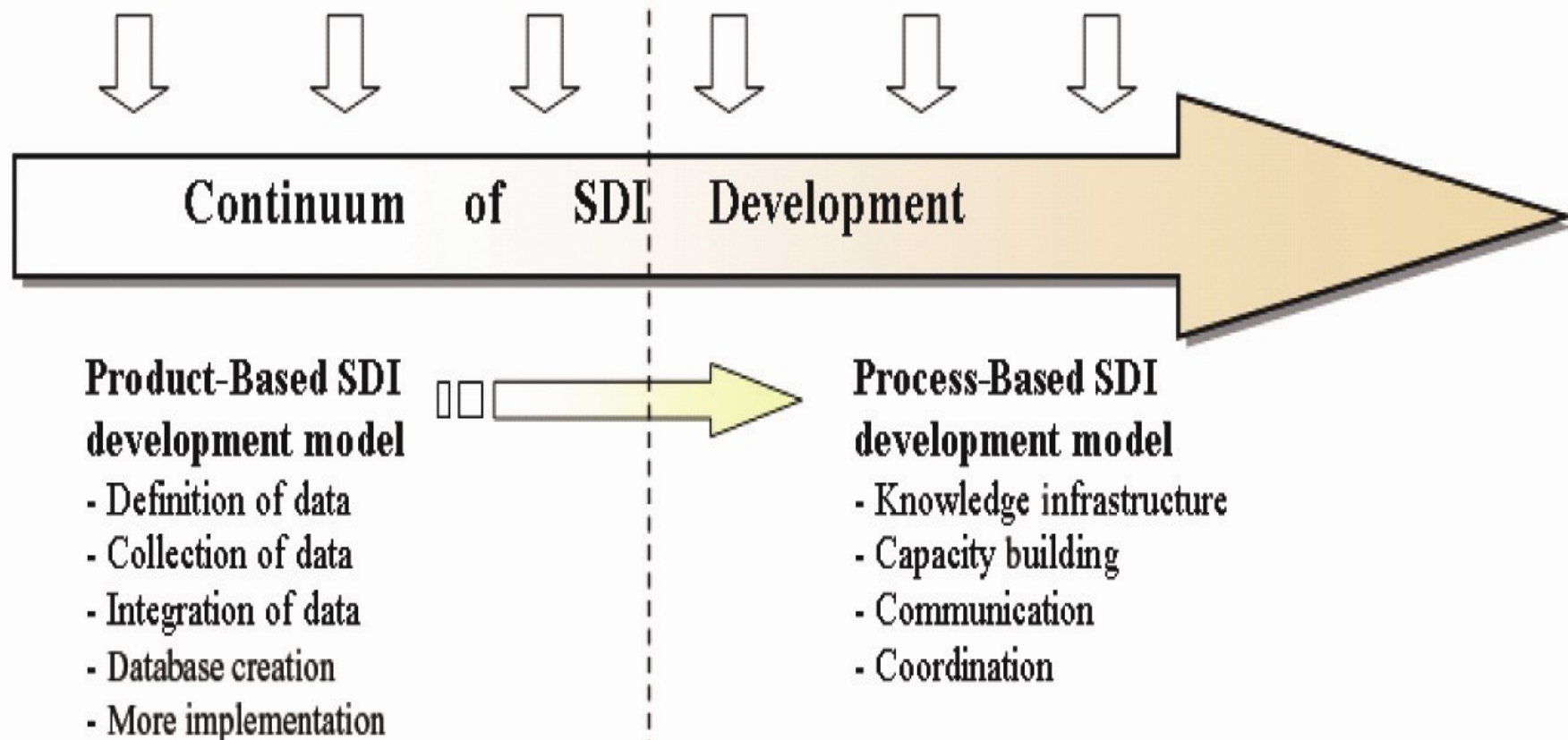
- Bring national and thematic workshops addressing INSPIRE aspects under Forum umbrella
 - Organizing an event relevant for INSPIRE development or implementation? Apply for it to be recognized as an INSPIRE Forum event!



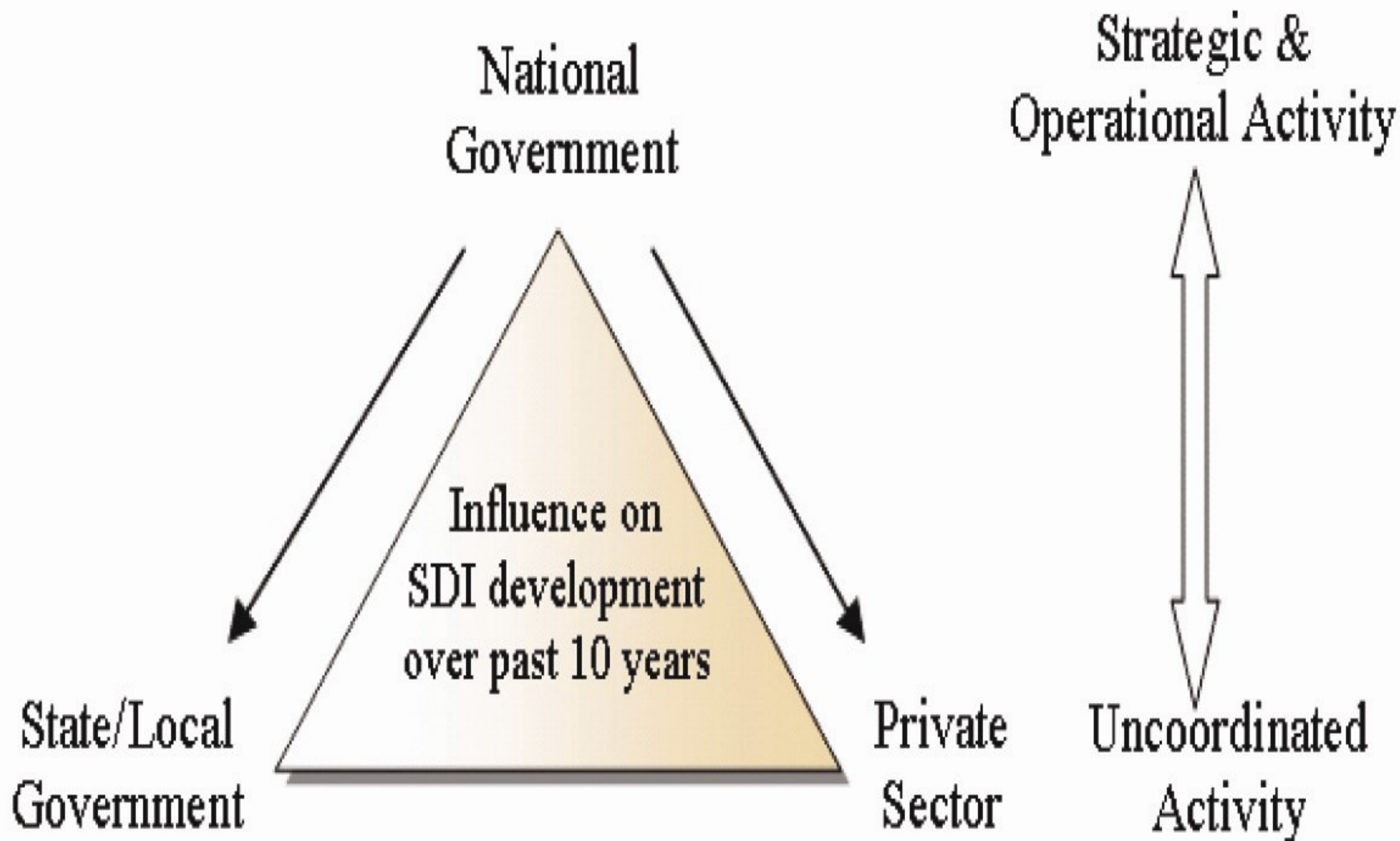
1st Generation

2nd Generation

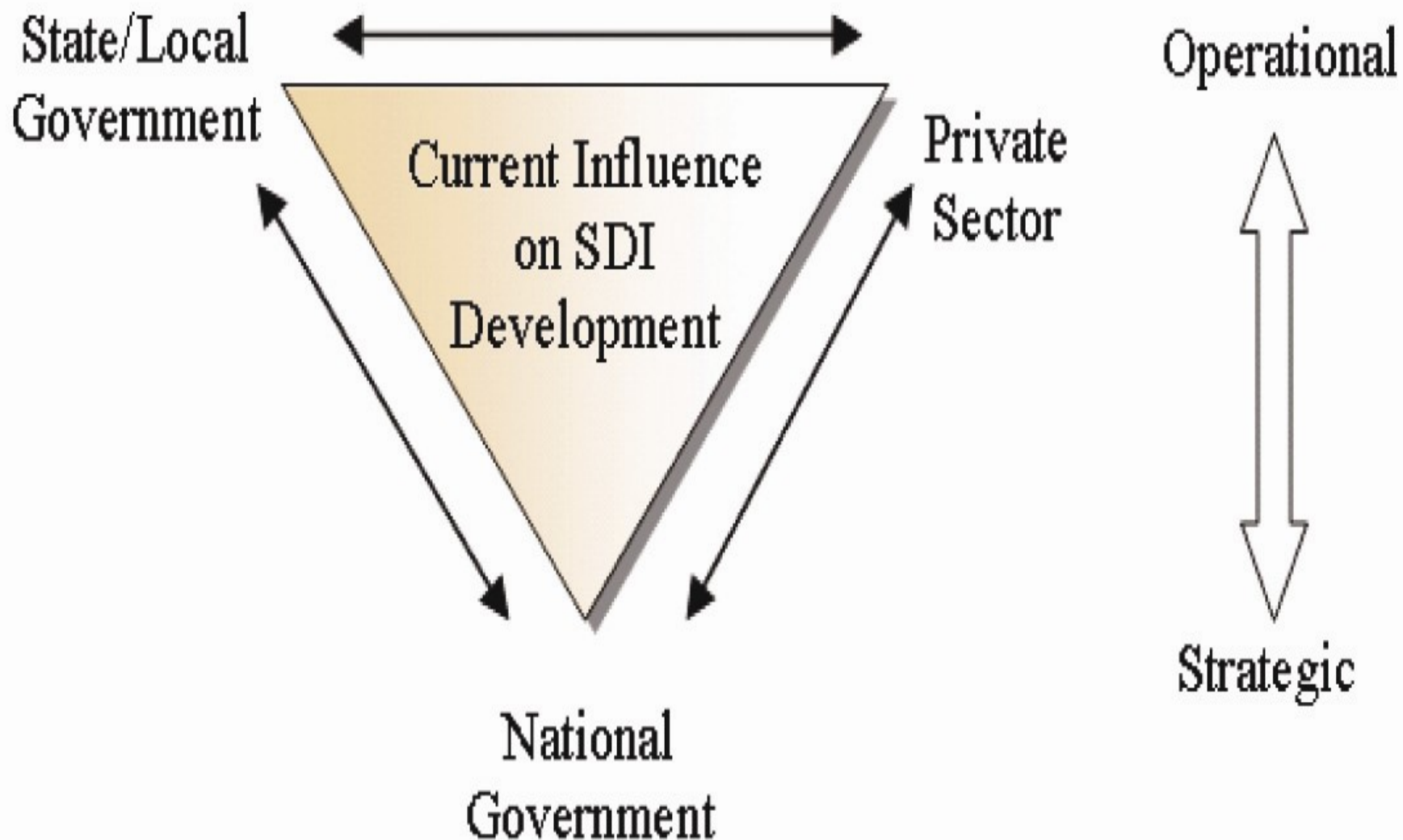
Countries begin developing SDI anytime along the continuum



***Relationship between the first and second generations of SDIs.
(by Williamson Rajabifard, Binns, 2007, reprinted from Rajabifard et al. 2006
with permission of the International Journal of GIS)***



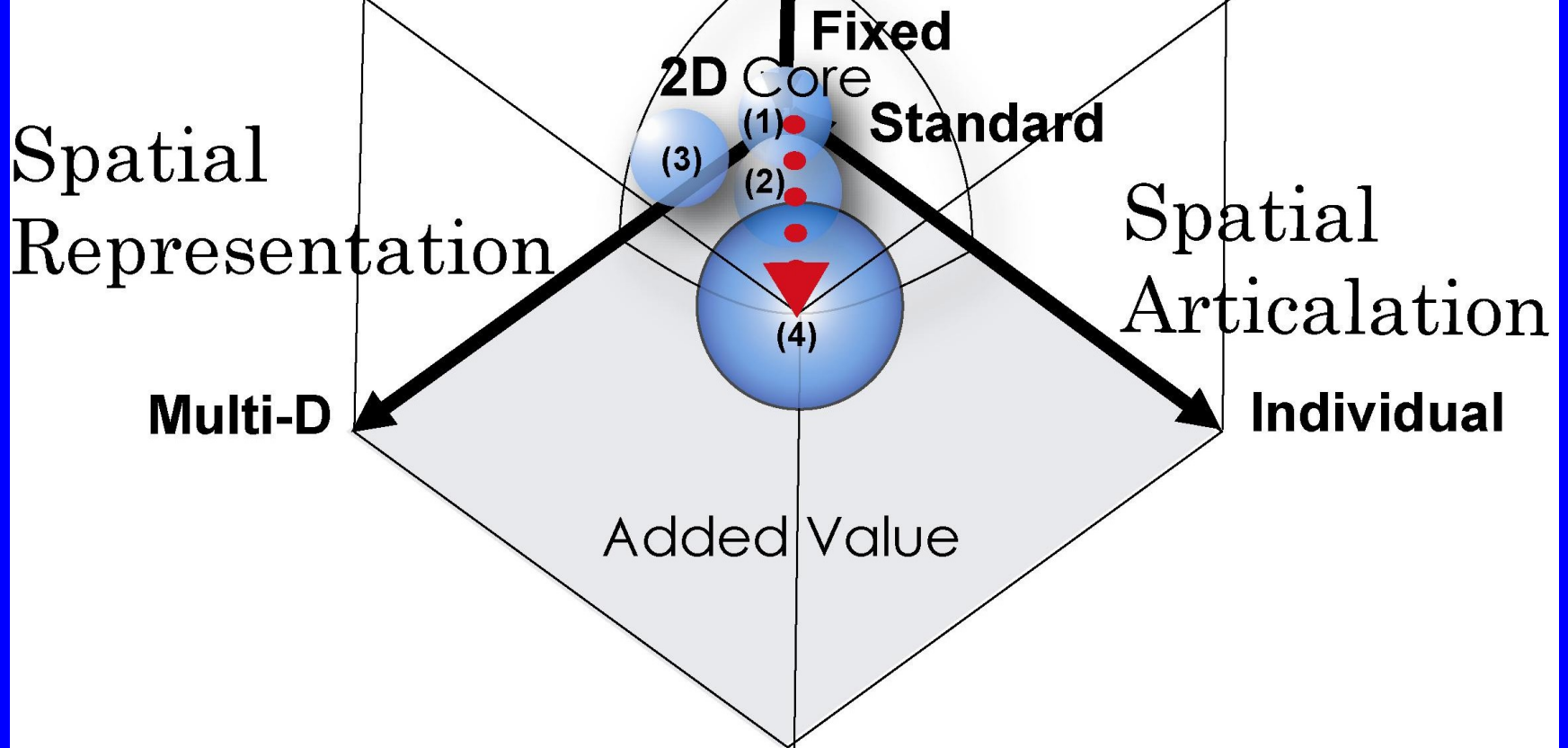
Roles of national governments, subnational governments and the private sector in SDI development over the part decade.(by Williamson Rajabifard, Binns, 2007 reprinted from Rajabifard at al.2006 with permission of the International Journal of GIS)



Current roles of national governments, subnational governments, and the private sector in SDI development (by Williamson Rajabifard, Binns, 2007, reprinted from Rajabifard et al. 2006 with permission of the International Journal of GIS).

Media Flexible

- (1) Topographic Map
- (2) Car Navigation System
- (3) GISystem
- (4) Maps in the Future



International Seminar on Early Warning and Crises Management

(<http://ssga.ru/main/geosibir.html>) ICA (WG Cartography on Early Warning and Crises Management), April at Geo-Siberia-2011 in Novosibirsk, Russia.

Nessebar, Bulgaria, Seminar inside of two events Digital Earth Summit and Cartography and GIS conference

www.Cartography-GIS.com and

www.Cartography-GIS.com/digitalearth

SPASIBO

RACHMED

Xie, Xie!!!!

THANK YOU

Spasibo

Muchas Gracias

O Brigada

Kammsa Hamida

Aligator

SHUKRAN

BLAGODARJA

DĚKUJI (in Czech)

PRAGUE





BRNO



Spasibo za vnimanie