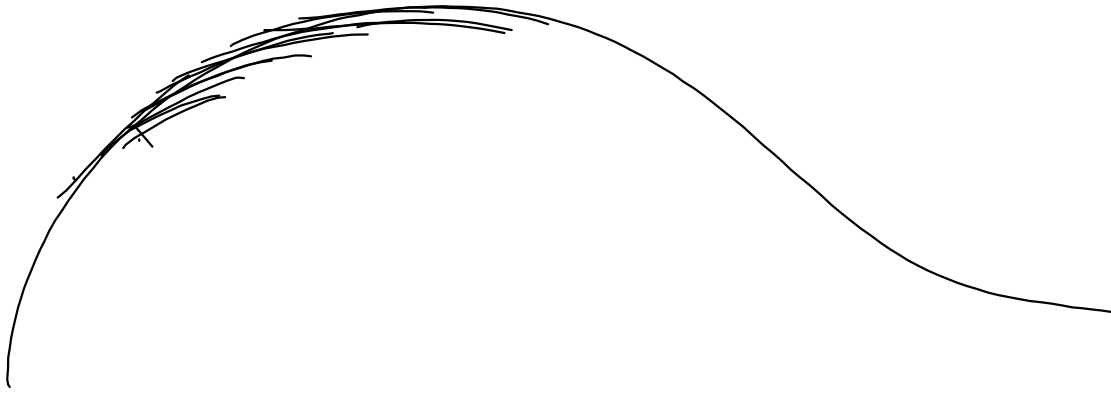
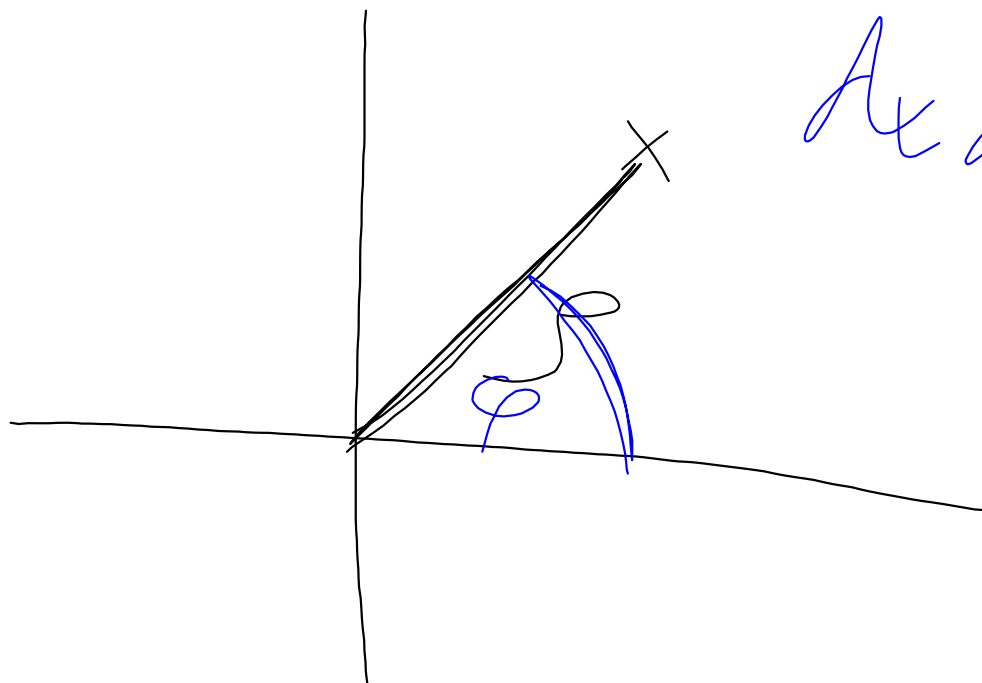
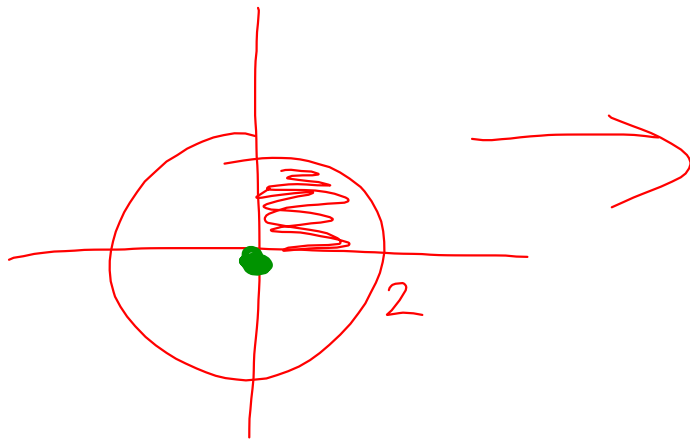


$$m v^2 \cdot \frac{1}{r}$$

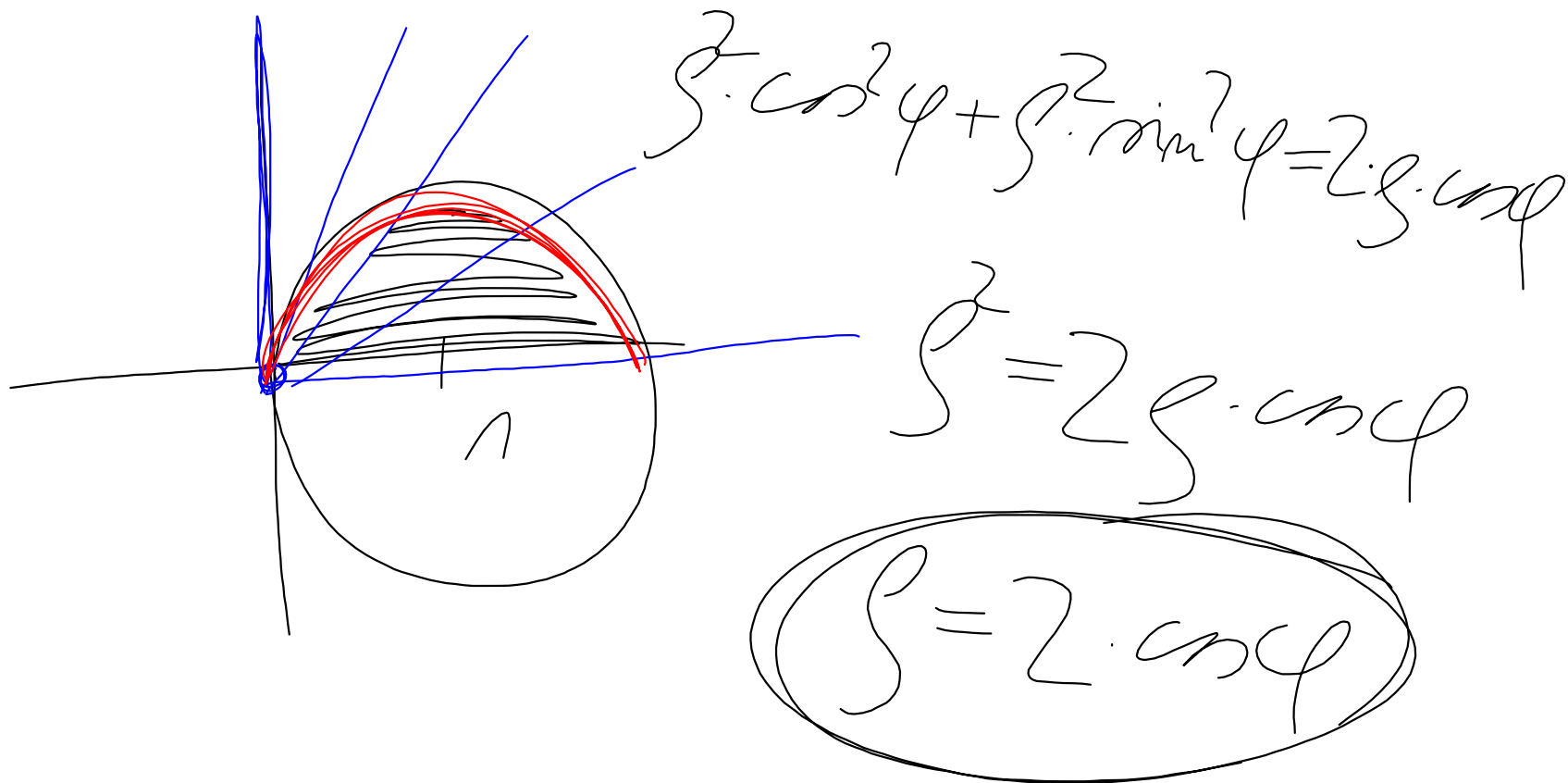




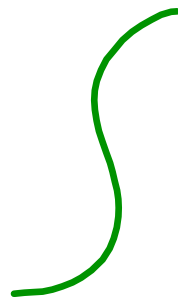
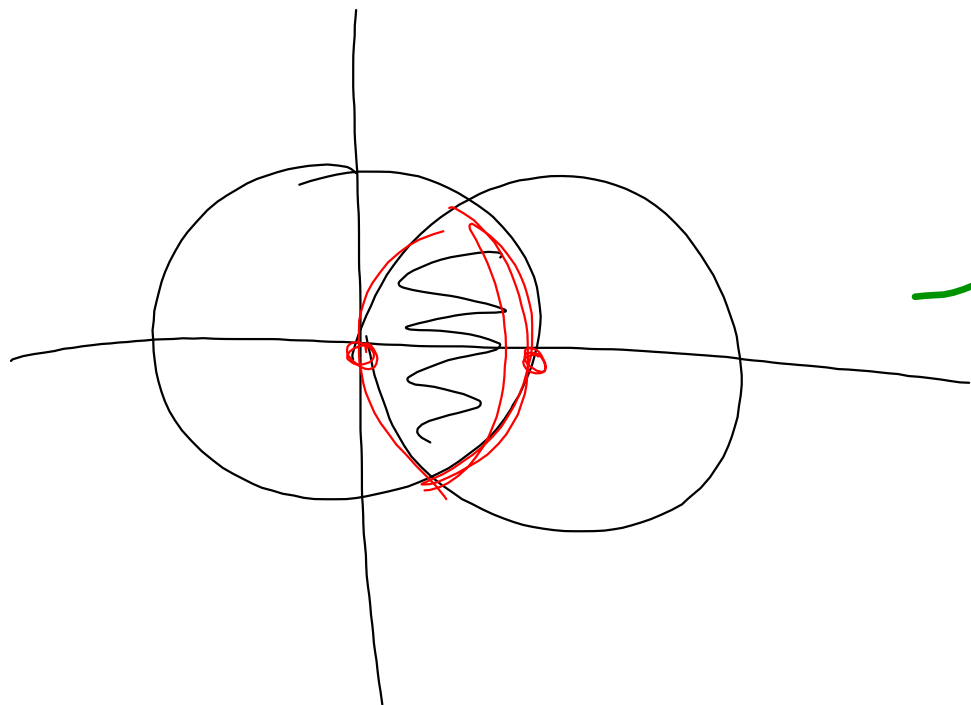
$$A_{\text{sector}} = \int r \cdot dy \cdot ds$$

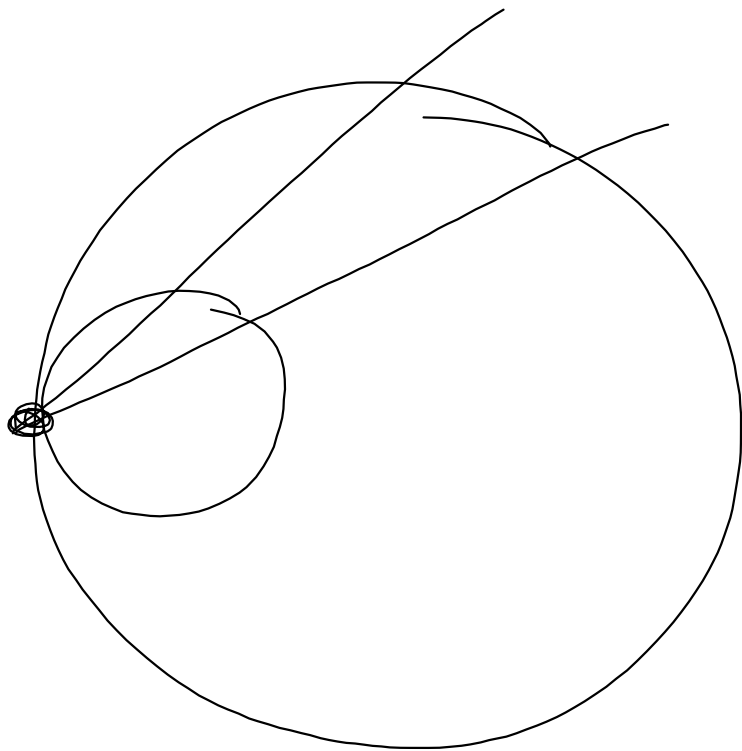


$$\rho \in [0, 2]$$
$$\varphi \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$$



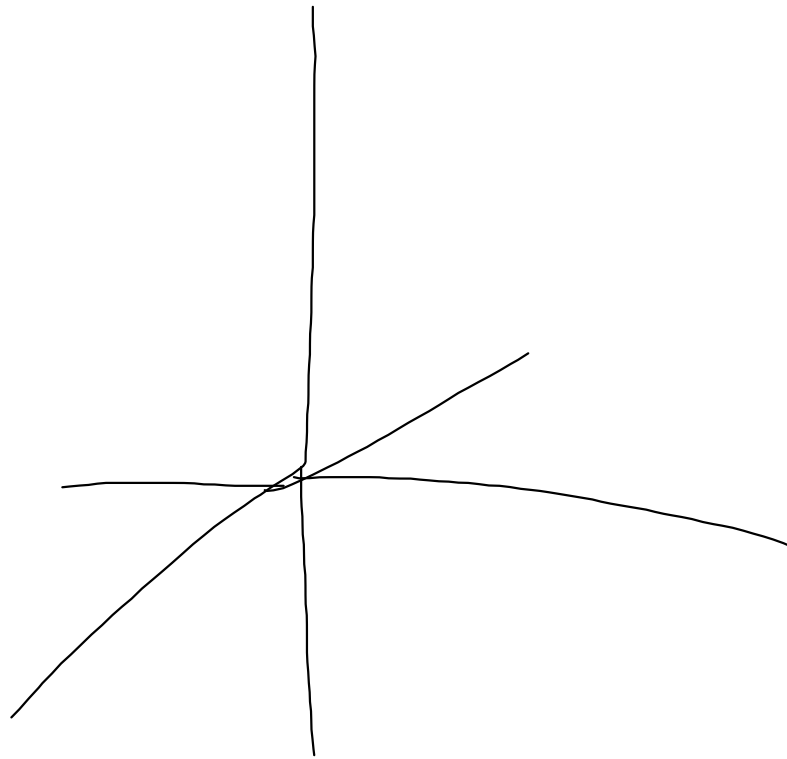
$$\begin{array}{l|l} (X - X_0) = \rho \cdot \cos \varphi & X = X_0 + \rho \cdot \cos \varphi \\ (y - y_0) = \rho \cdot \sin \varphi & \Rightarrow y = y_0 + \rho \cdot \sin \varphi \end{array}$$

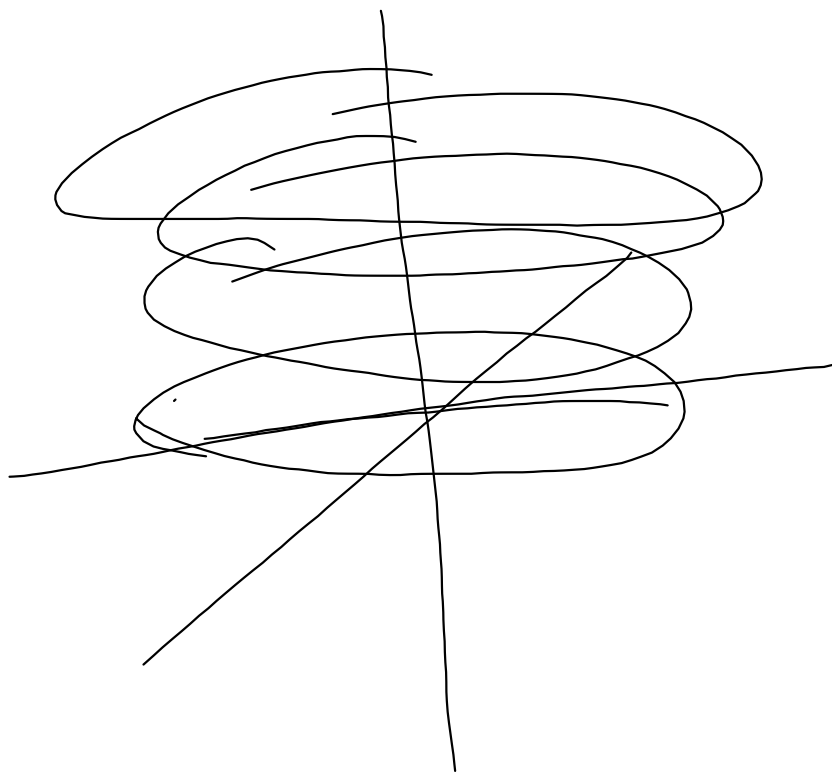


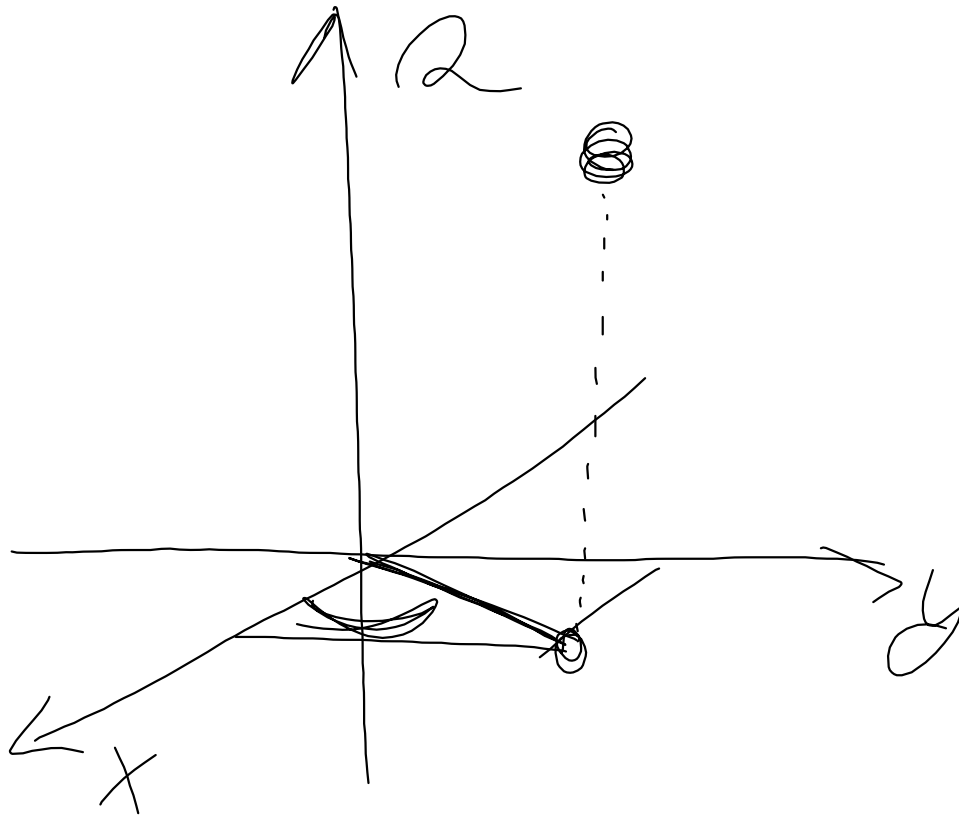


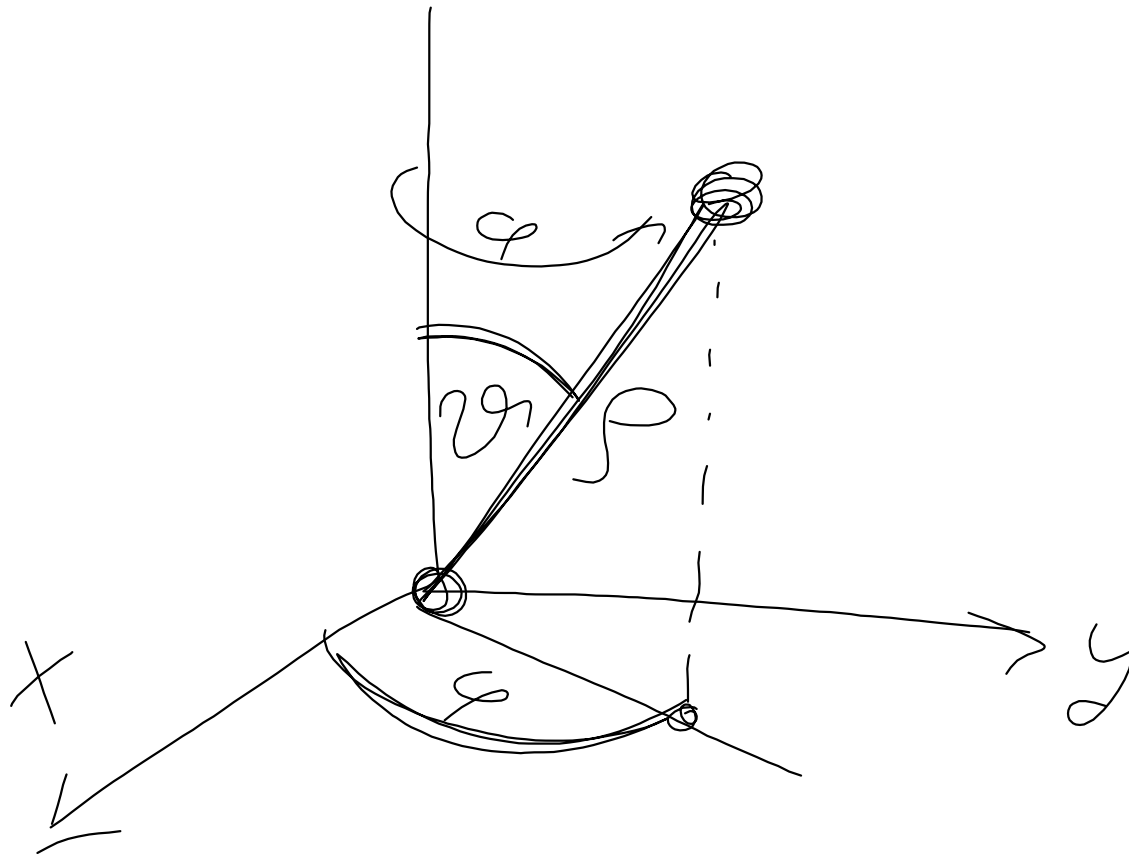


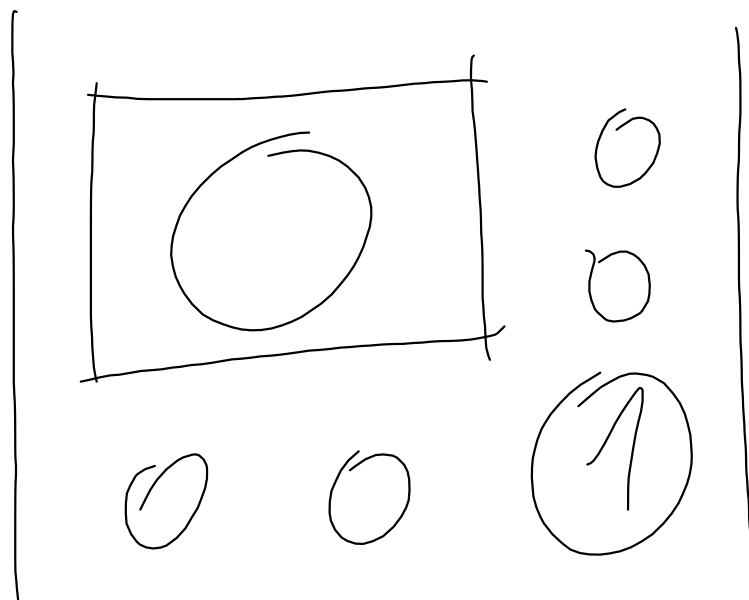
$$\iint_R x+y \, dx \, dy$$











$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = \rho^2$$

$$L = 0,000013 \text{ m s}^{-2}$$

$$X = m \in [3000, 4000] \text{ (lb)}$$

$$y = v \in [50, 60] \text{ (mi/h)}$$

$$m(A) = (4000 - 3000) \cdot (60 - 50) = 10^4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{AV} &= \frac{1}{m(A)} \iint f(x, y) dx dy = \\ &= 10^{-4} \cdot \int_{3000}^{4000} \int_{50}^{60} 0,000013 \text{ m s}^{-2} dv dm = \end{aligned}$$

$$= 10^{-4} \int_{3000}^{4000} m \cdot \left[ \frac{v^3}{3} \right]_{50}^{60} \cdot 0,000013 dm = 138,01667 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

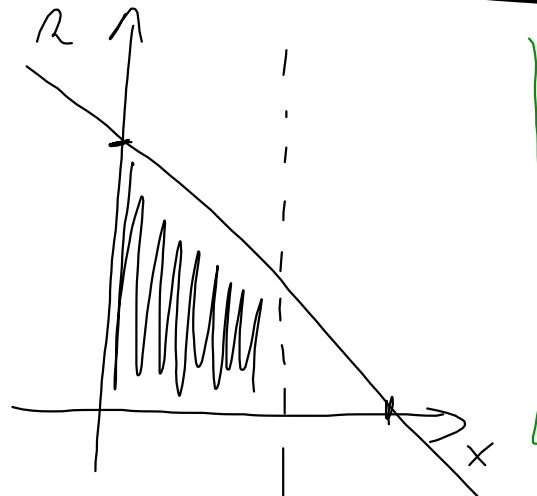
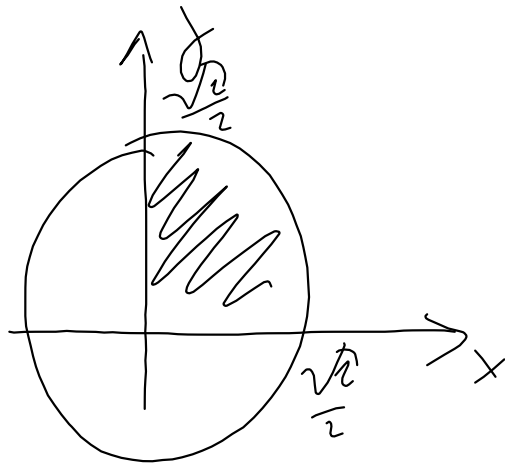
$= 0,13$



$$\iint_M \underbrace{(x^2 + y^2)^2}_{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$$

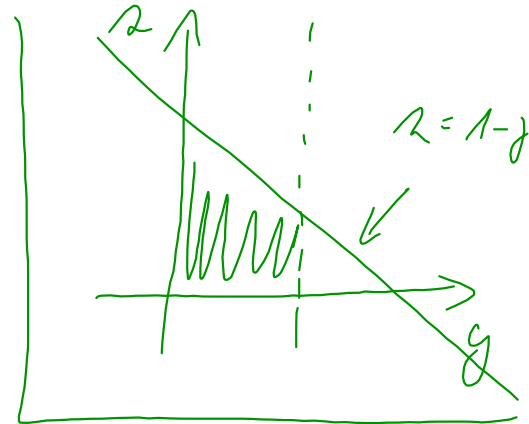
$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$V = ? \quad \parallel \quad x \geq 0, y \geq 0, z \geq 0, x + y + z \leq 1, x^2 + y^2 \leq \frac{1}{2}$$



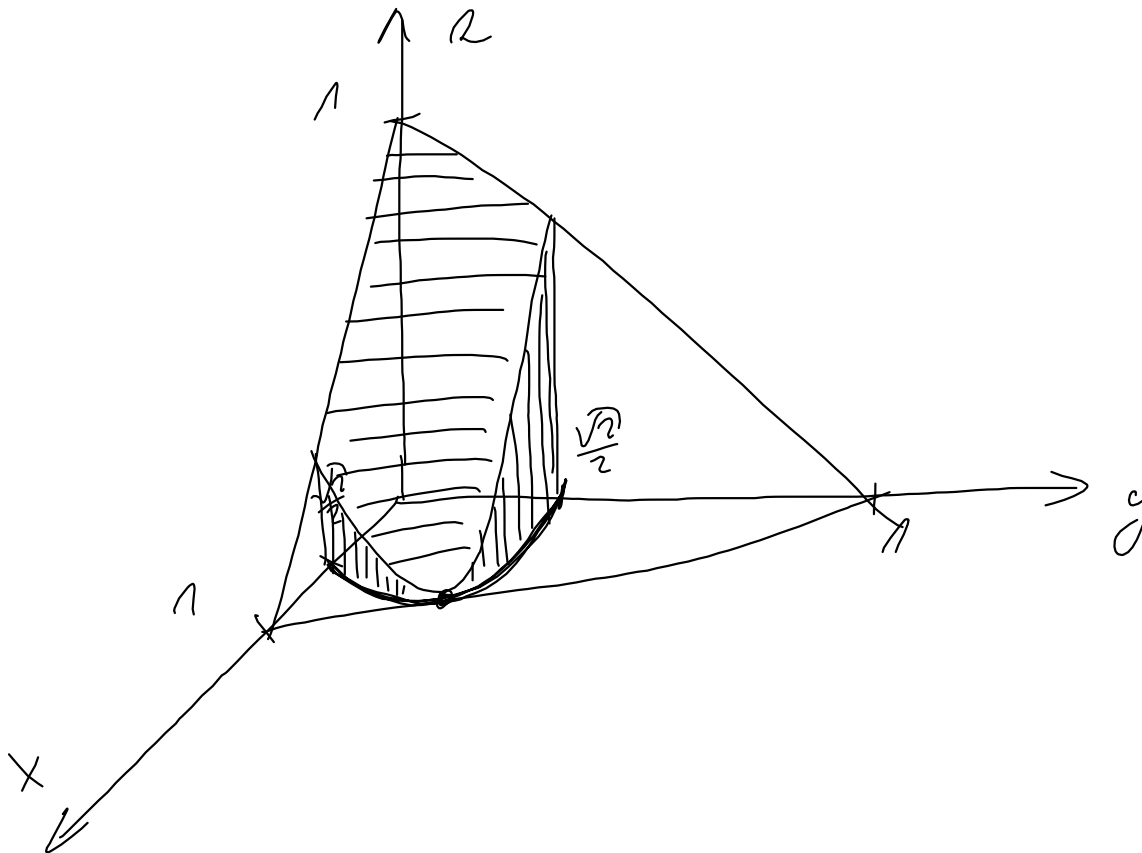
$$x + z \leq 1$$

$$z \leq 1 - x$$



~~$$x^2 + y^2 \leq \frac{1}{2}$$~~

$$x^2 \leq \frac{1}{2} \quad x \leq \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$



$$\int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-x^2}} \int_0^{1-x-y} 1 \, dz \, dy \, dx = \dots$$

$$\dots = \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-x^2} - x \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-x^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}-x^2}{2} \right) dx = \dots$$

$$= \frac{397 - 9\sqrt{2}}{24}$$

$$x = \rho \cdot \cos \varphi$$

$$y = \rho \cdot \sin \varphi$$

$$r = R$$

$$|J| = \rho$$

$$\rho \in \left[0, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right]$$

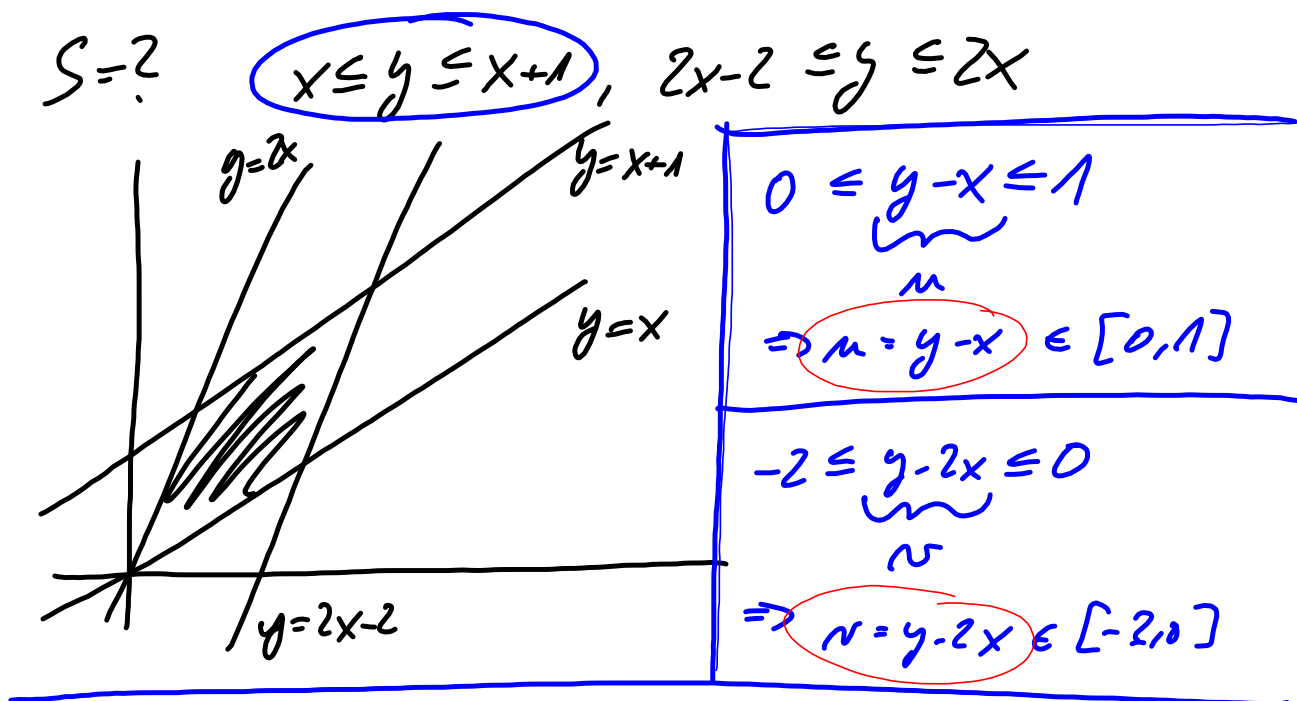
$$\varphi \in \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$$

$$r \in [0, 1 - x - y] = [0, 1 - \rho \cdot \cos \varphi - \rho \cdot \sin \varphi]$$

$$= [0, 1 - \rho (\cos \varphi + \sin \varphi)]$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{1-\beta \cdot |\cos\varphi + \sin\varphi|} 1 \cdot \beta \, dz \, d\varphi \, d\beta =$$

$$= \int_0^{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \beta \cdot (1 - \beta \cdot |\cos\varphi + \sin\varphi|) \, d\varphi \, d\beta = \dots$$



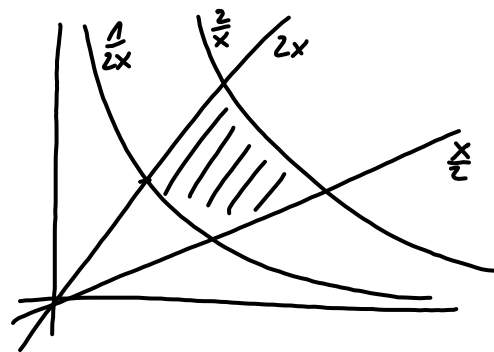
$\otimes \Rightarrow x = m-n, y = 2m-n$

$$J(m,n) = \begin{vmatrix} x_m & x_n \\ y_m & y_n \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -1 + 2 = 1$$

$$S = \iint_h 1 dx dy = \int_0^1 \int_{-2}^0 1 \cdot 1 dv du = 2$$

$$\iint_A x^2 y^2 dx dy = ?$$

A:



$$y = \frac{1}{2x}, y = \frac{2}{x} \Rightarrow y = \frac{u}{x}$$

$$u = \left[\frac{1}{2}, 2\right]$$

$$y = 2x, y = \frac{x}{2} \Rightarrow y = v \cdot x, v \in \left[\frac{1}{2}, 2\right]$$

$$u = x \cdot y, v = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\tilde{J} = \begin{vmatrix} u_x & u_y \\ v_x & v_y \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} y & x \\ -\frac{y}{x^2} & \frac{1}{x} \end{vmatrix} = \frac{y}{x} + \frac{y}{x} = 2 \cdot \frac{y}{x} = J^{-1}$$

$$J = \frac{x}{2y} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{x}{v \cdot x} = \frac{1}{2v}$$

$$x^2 \cdot y^2 = \dots = \frac{u}{v} \cdot uv = \underline{\underline{u^2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^2 \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^2 u^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2v} dv du = \dots = \frac{63}{24} \cdot \ln 2$$