NATURAL POLYMERS 4 Hyaluronic acid

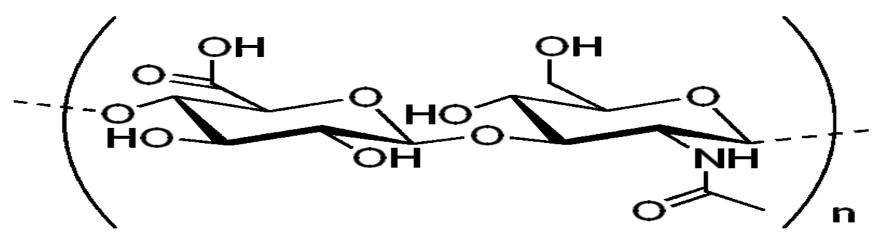
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HYALURONIC ACID 1

Hyaluronic acid is an naturaly existing <u>anionic</u>, <u>nonsulfated glycosaminoglycan</u> and can be very large, with its <u>molecular weight</u> often reaching the millions. Hyaluronic acid is a <u>polymer</u> of <u>disaccharides</u>, themselves composed of <u>D-glucuronic acid</u> and <u>N-acetyl-D-glucosamine</u>, linked via alternating β-(1→4) and β-(1→3) <u>glycosidic bonds</u>. Hyaluronic acid can be 25,000 disaccharide repeats in length. Polymers of hyaluronic acid can range in size from 5,000 to 20,000,000 <u>Da in vivo</u>. The average molecular weight in human synovial fluid is 3–4 million Da, and hyaluronic acid purified from human <u>umbilical cord</u> is 3,140,000 Da. Hyaluronic acid is also a major component of skin, where it is involved in tissue repair.

Despite its simple primary Structure, exhibits the **Hyaluronic acid** very different biological Effects depending on the Molecular Weight and its space Arrangement.



HYALURONIC ACID 2

- It was originally extracted from the Cockscomb
- The synthetic biotechnological Manufacture are mostly used now, what led to the more widely spread use of the HYALURONIC ACID
- HYALURONIC ACID has the Ability to bind up to 1000 % w/w of the Water, so approx. 100 g Water can be bound by only 1 g of the HYALURONIC ACID – it is hardly to believe!
- HYALURONIC ACID can be used for Spinning to NANOFIBRES

HYALURONIC ACID - BIOFUNCTION

- It prevents the Cell from infiltration of the Viruses and Bacteria to the Cell
- It modulates the Inflammation by induction of the Cytokines and Chemokines*** releasing, it quenches the free Oxygen Radicals, influencing teh Proliferation and Differentiation of the Cells
- It prevents the Collagen Deposition and so encourages cicatricial free Healing of the Tissue
- The analgesic Effect was also described

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*** small Proteins of the Cell, which have the Signal Function in the Cell

HYALURONIC ACID - USE

Medical uses

- Hyaluronic acid has been used in attempts to treat <u>osteoarthritis</u> of the knee via injecting it into the joint. It has not been proven, however, to generate significant benefit and has potentially severe adverse effects.
- <u>Dry, scaly skin</u> such as that caused by <u>atopic dermatitis</u> may be treated with skin lotion containing sodium hyaluronate as its active ingredient.
- Hyaluronic acid has been used in various formulations to create <u>artificial tears</u> to treat <u>dry eye</u>.
- Healing of the Burns
- Ophthalmology Surgery
- Aesthetic Surgery filling of the Wrinkles etc.
- Healing of the Wounds

Cosmetic uses

Hyaluronic acid is a common ingredient in skin-care products. Hyaluronic acid is used as a <u>dermal filler</u> in cosmetic surgery. It is typically injected using either a classic sharp <u>hypodermic needle</u> or a <u>cannula</u>. Complications include the severing of nerves and vessels, pain and <u>bruising</u>. In some cases hyaluronic acid fillers result in a <u>granulomatous</u> foreign body reaction