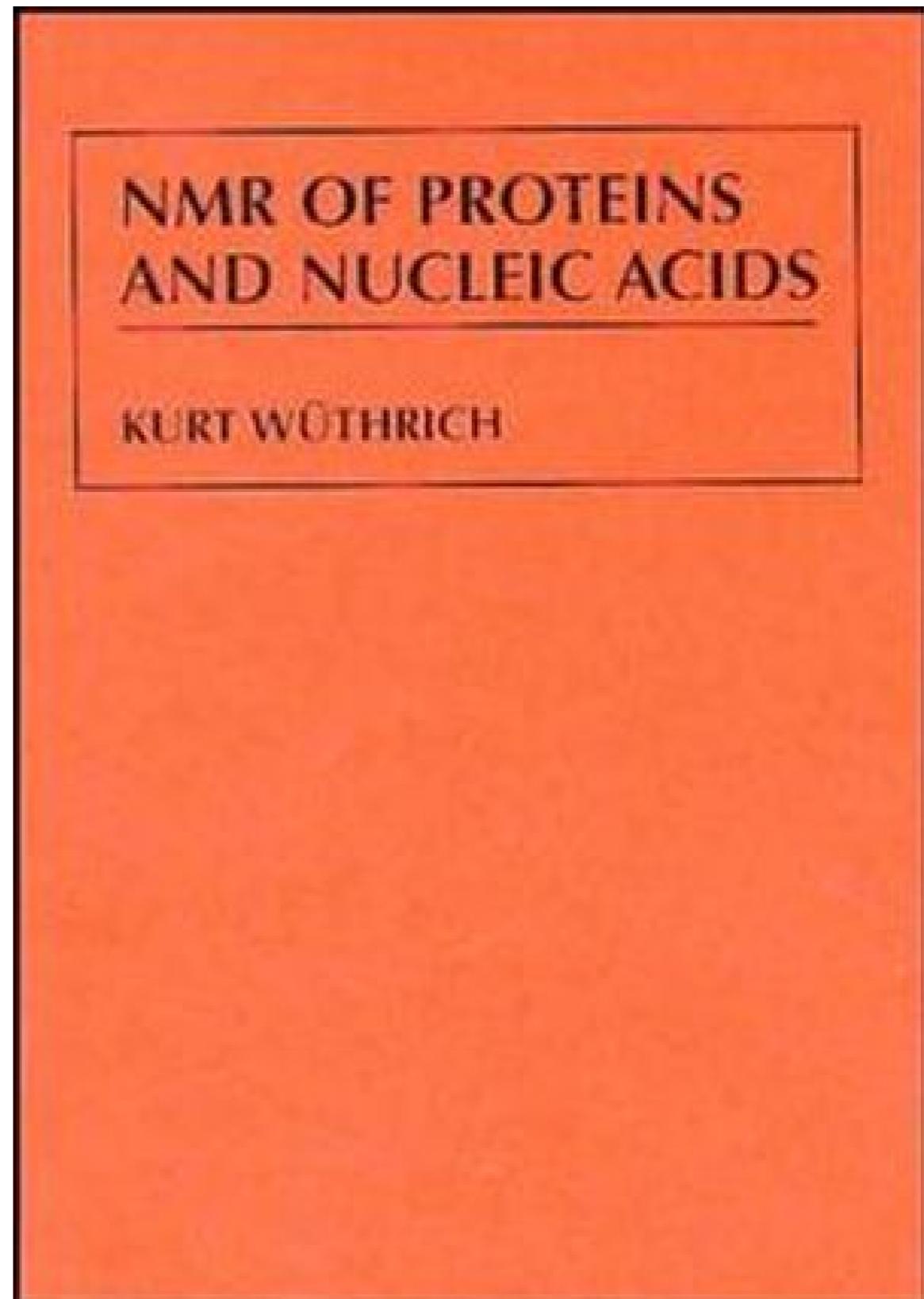
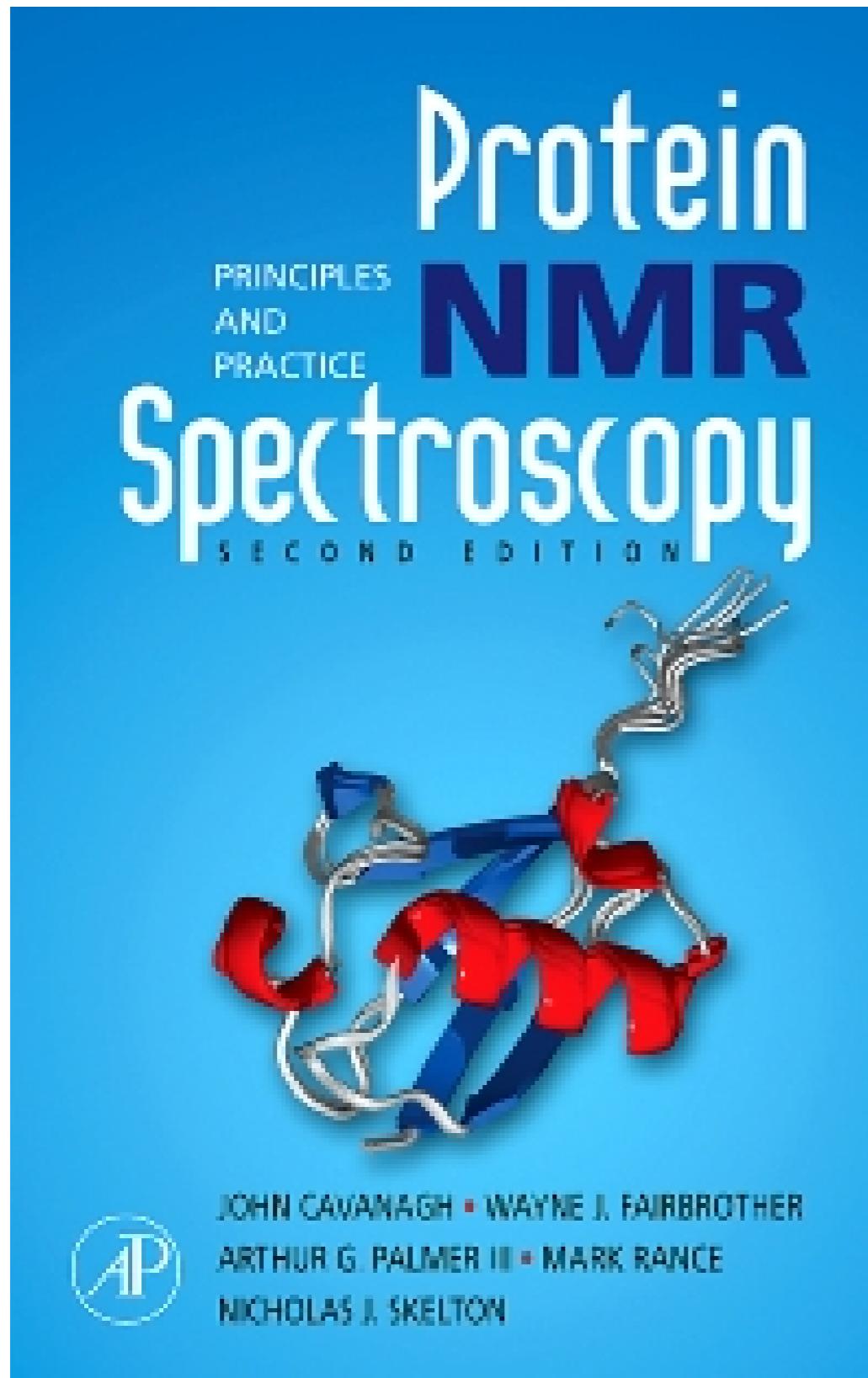


LECTURE 1a

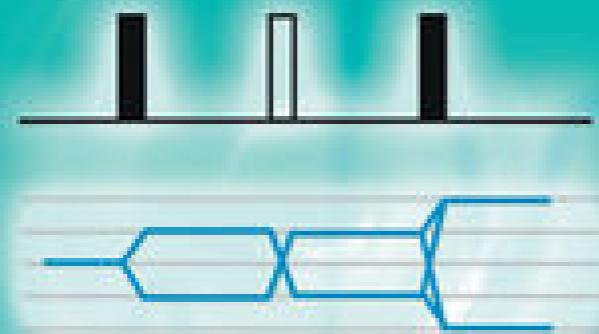


Understanding **NMR** Spectroscopy

SECOND EDITION

James Keeler

WILEY



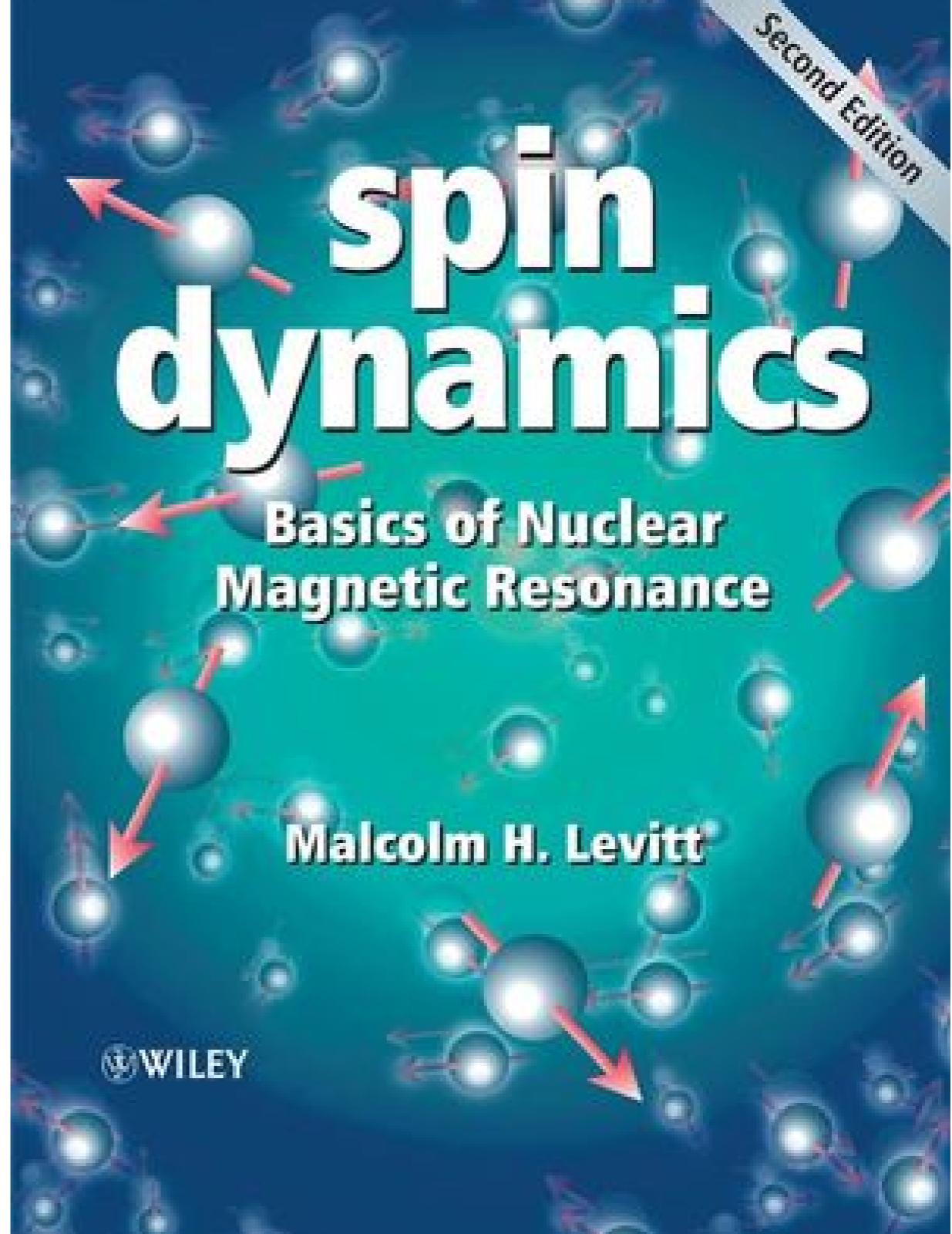
spin dynamics

Basics of Nuclear
Magnetic Resonance

Malcolm H. Levitt

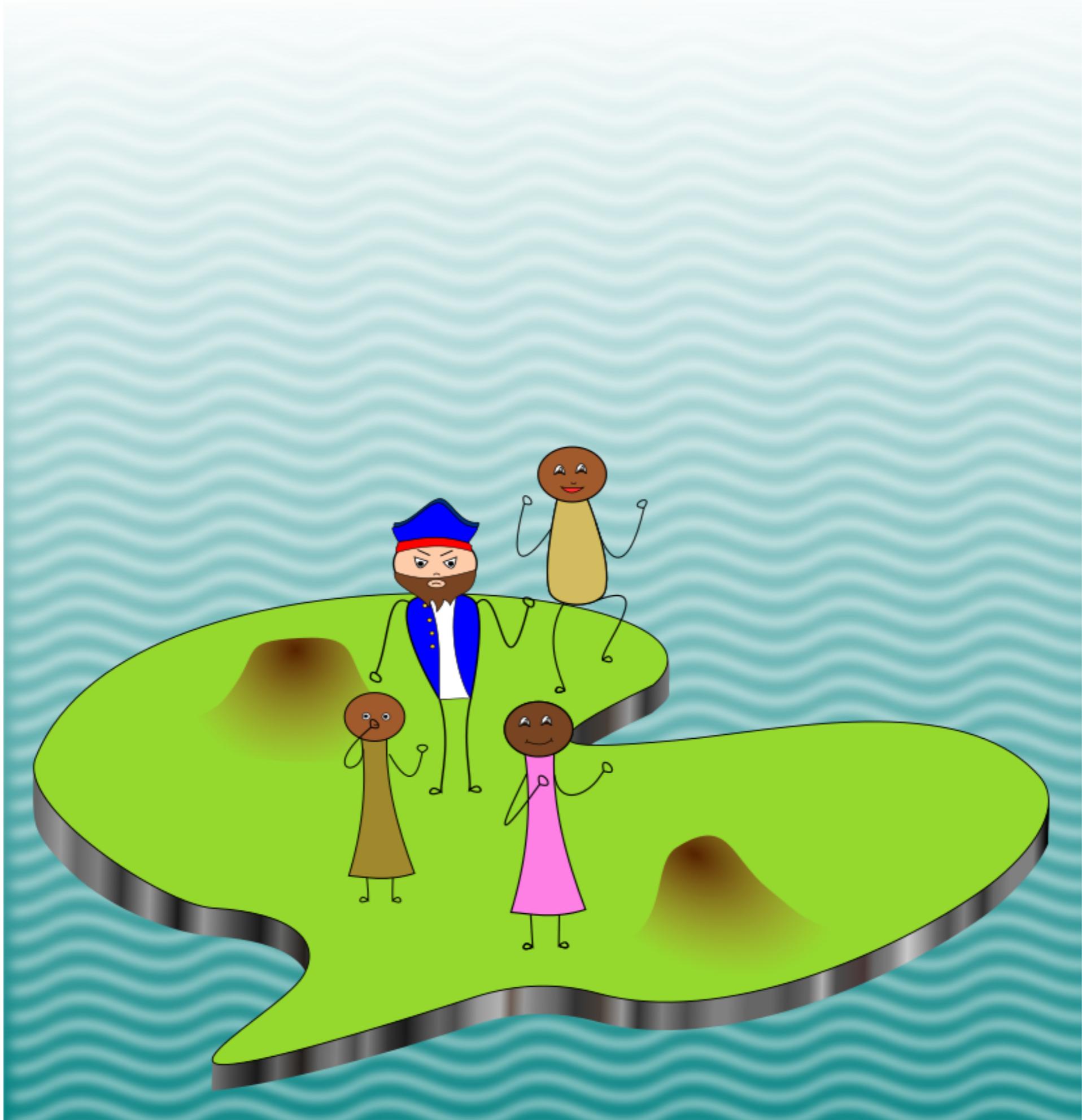
WILEY

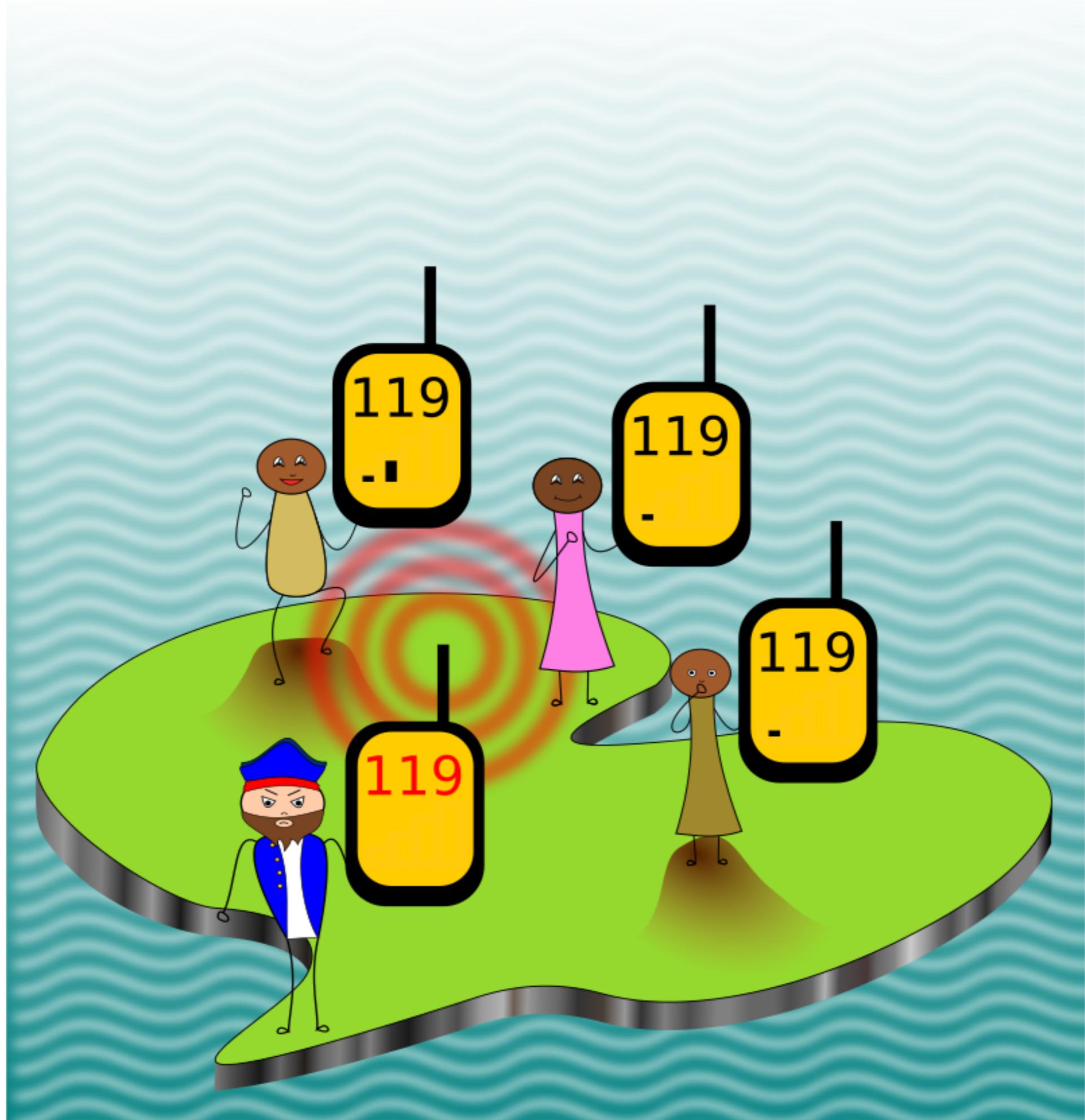
Second Edition

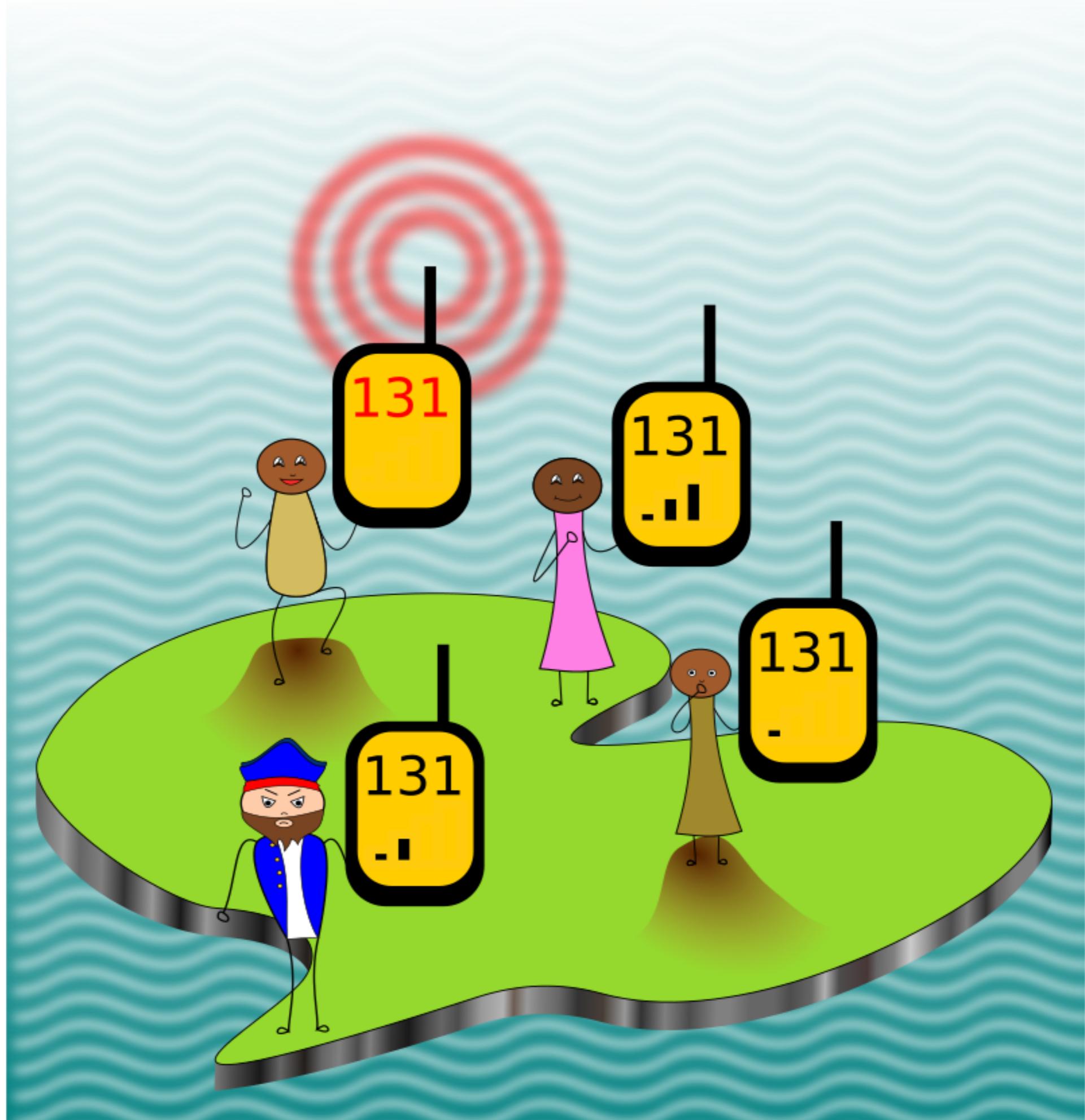


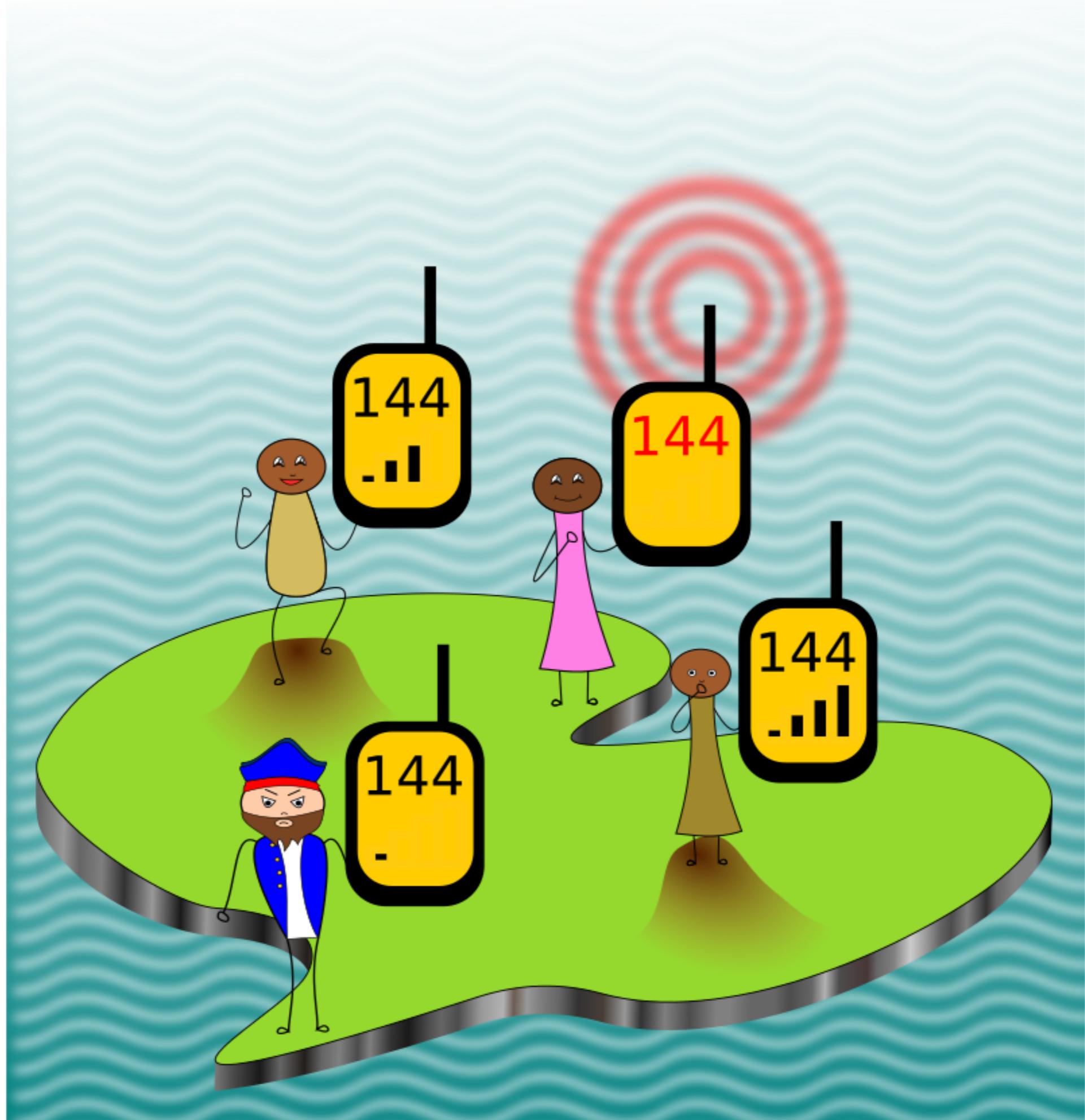
- *Is my protein folded?*
- *3D structure determination*
- *Specific structural details*
- *Intermolecular interactions*
- *Molecular motions* (hydrodynamics, internal)
- *Kinetics and thermodynamics*
- *In vivo measurements*
- *Spatial resolution*

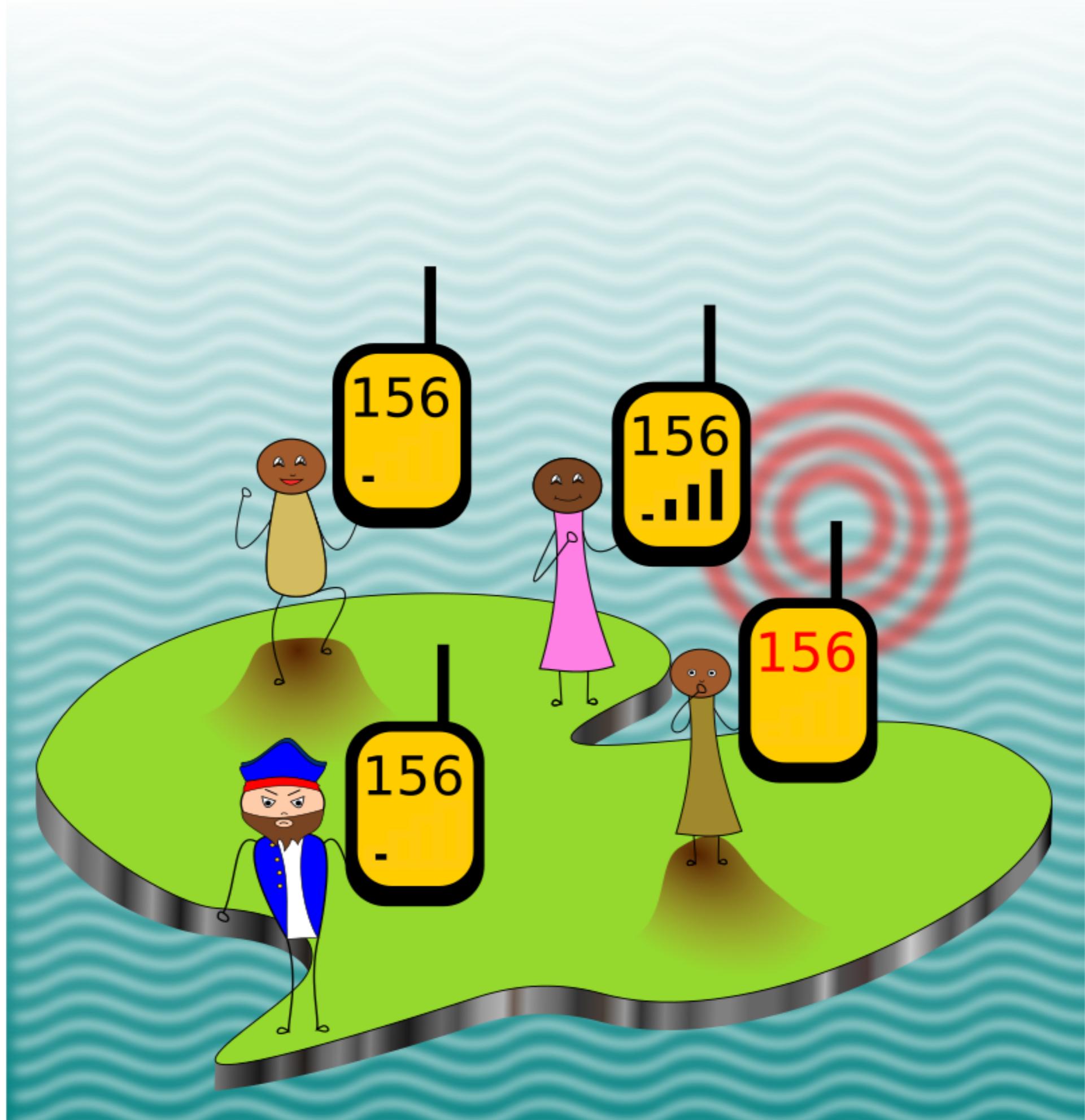
- *Solubility*
- *Stability*
- *Stable isotope labeling*
- *Scaling up production*
- *Size*
- *Separation from impurities*
- *Salt content*



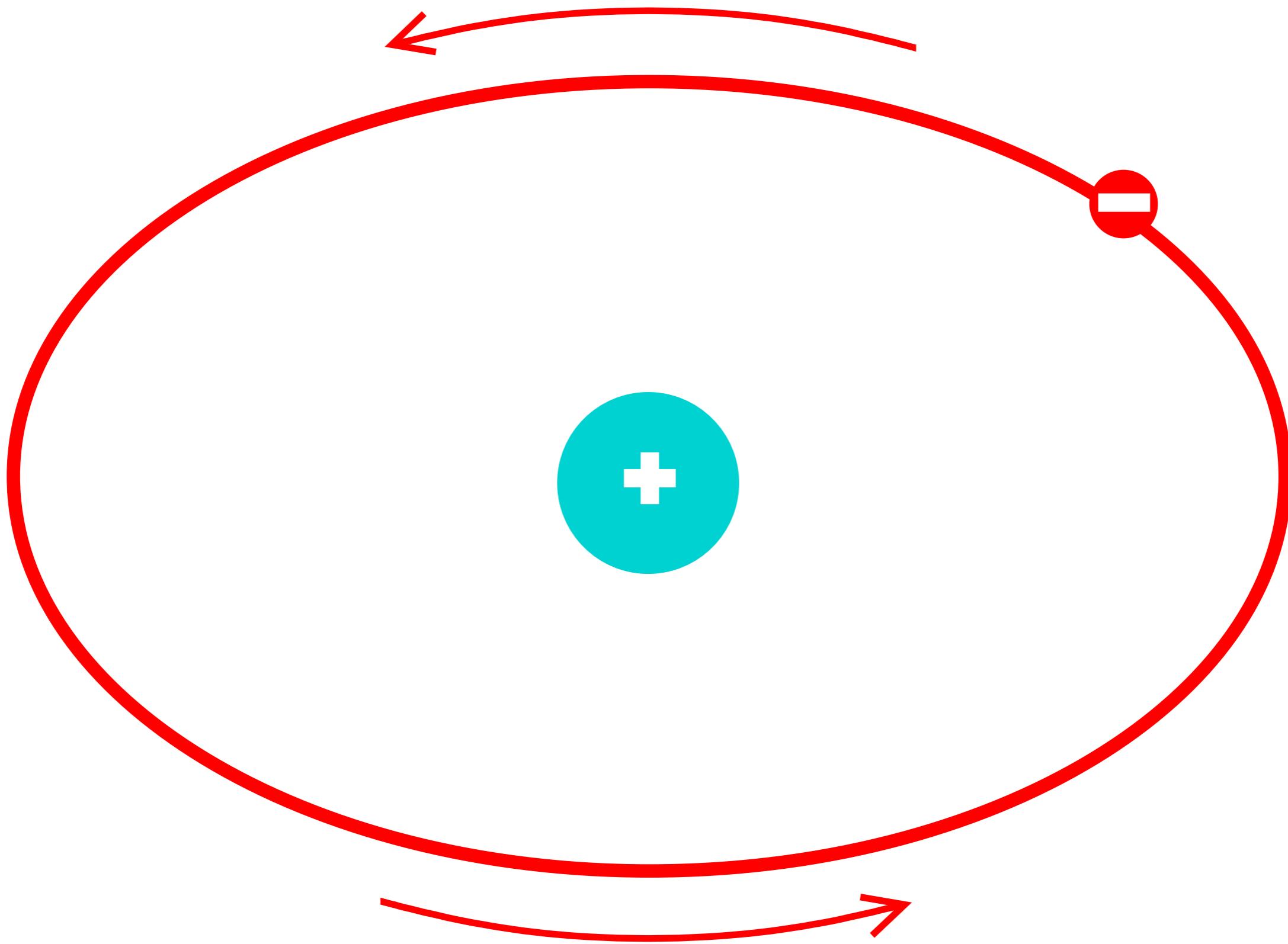


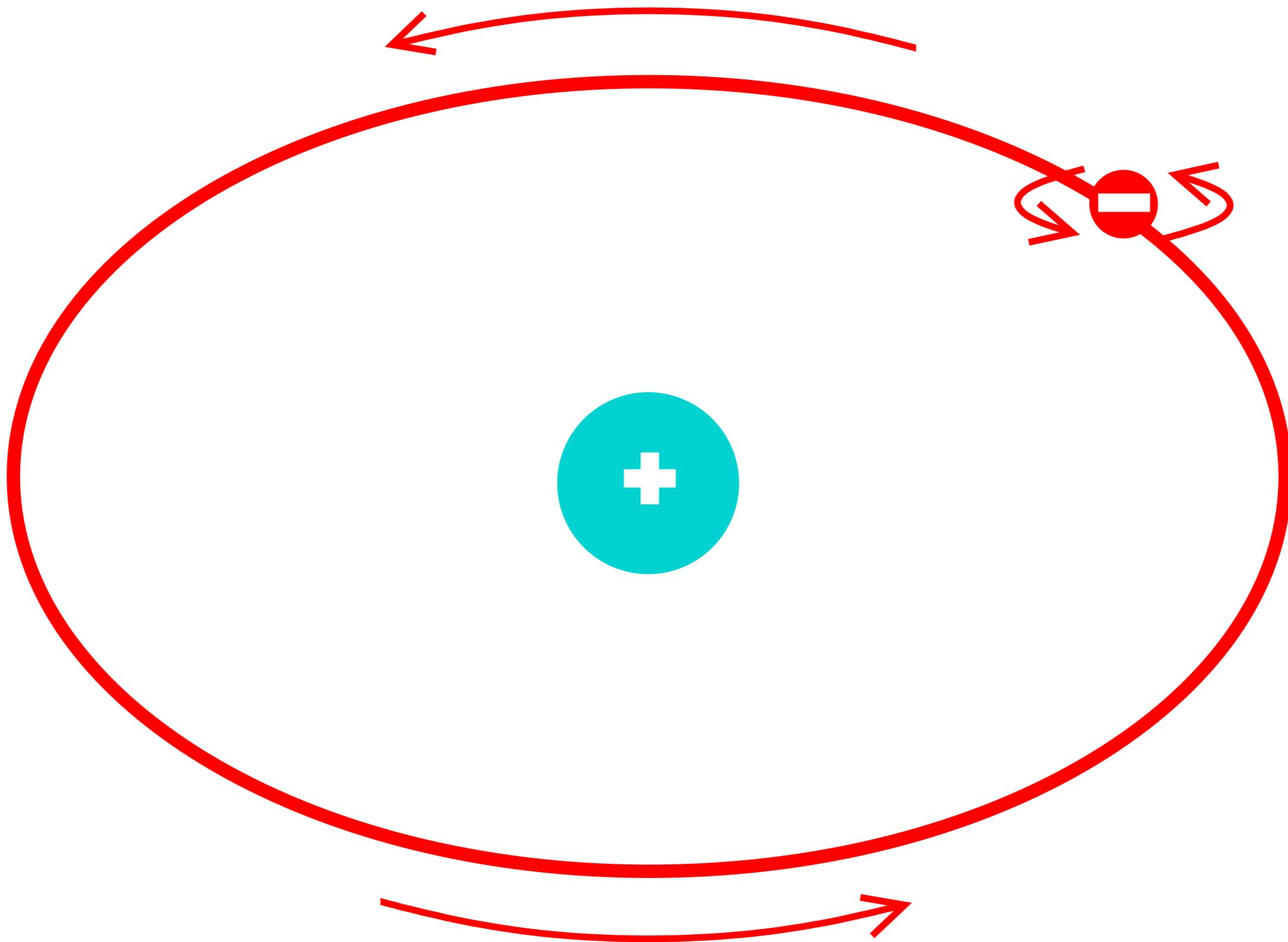


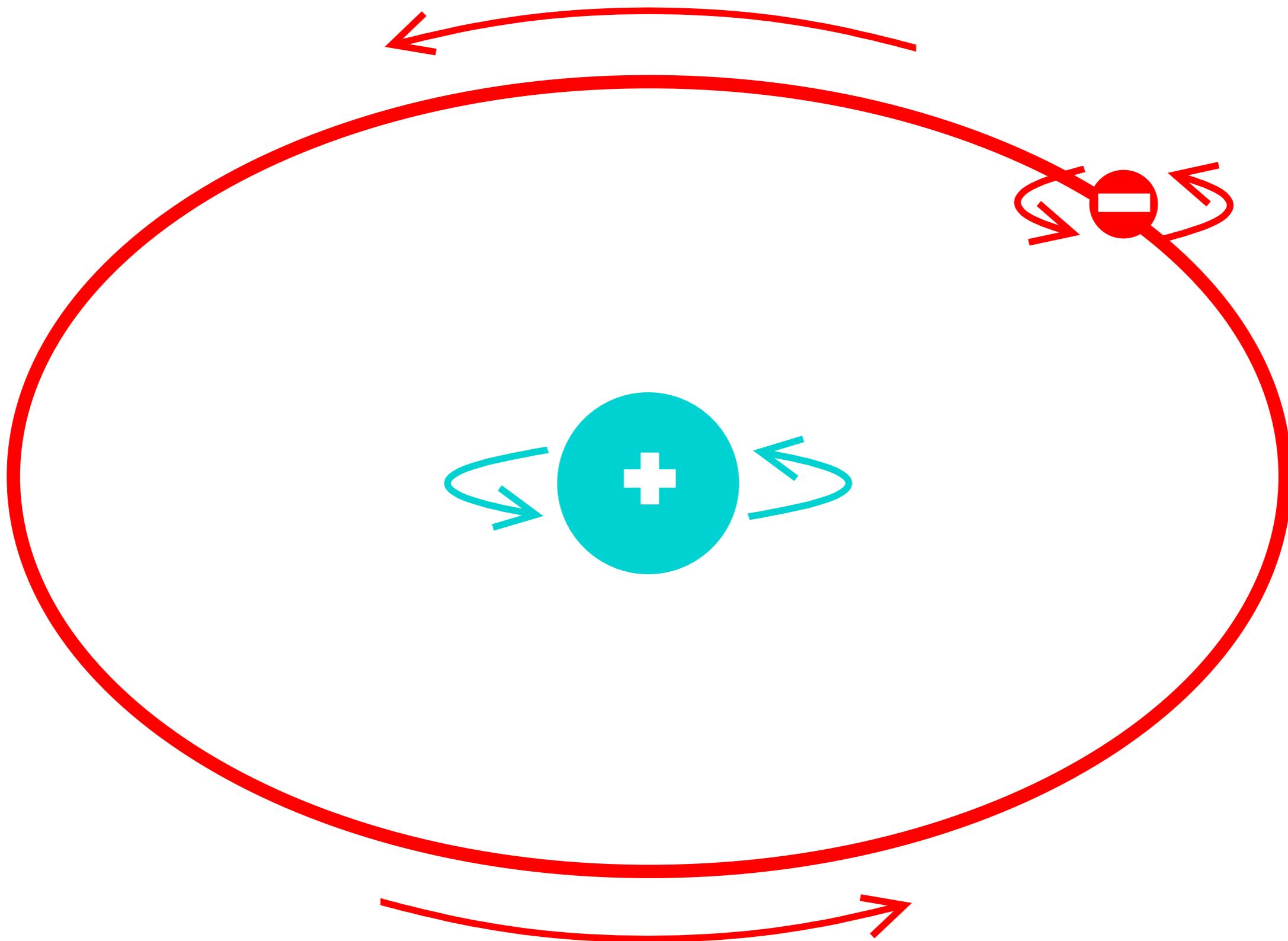




LECTURE 1b







Dirac-like nuclei:

$\frac{10^{-9} \gamma}{\text{rad s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}}$ % in Nature

e ⁻	-182.000	100
¹ H	0.277	99.98
¹³ C	0.067	1.1
¹⁵ N	-0.027	0.4
¹⁹ F	0.252	100
³¹ P	0.108	100
¹²⁹ Xe	-0.075	24.4

rare isotopes (require enrichment)

Magnetic moment

$$\vec{\mu} = -\gamma I$$

Energy

$$E = -\vec{\mu} \cdot \vec{B} = -|\mu||B| \cos \theta$$

