Abstract

Dynamic [1]Rotaxanes via Reversible Covalent Bond and Host-Guest Anion Recognition

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Mechanically interlocked molecules (MIMs) are an important class of compounds used for the construction of artificial molecular machines.¹ Within MIMs, rotaxane and pseudorotaxane classes are especially interesting, comprising a macrocyclic wheel threaded by the axle, with numerous applications.² Recently, we have reported a novel [2]rotaxane system³ coupling hypervalent iodine reversible covalent bond with anion recognition properties of bambus[6]uril macrocycles.

Herein, we report the [1]rotaxanes consisted of racemic mono-functionalized bambus[6]uril appended with a single aliphatic carboxylate arm (Fig. 1). The arm is engaged in the formation of a bis(acyloxy)iodate(I) anionic moiety threading through the bambus[6]uril cavity. We investigated the possibility of component exchange to facilitate triggered release of carboxylic acids.



Fig. 1 Representation of the prepared [1]rotaxanes.

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