Validace proteinů:

- 1. Najděte v PDBe strukturu cytochromu, získanou pomocí X-ray a mající nejhorší kvalitu.
- 2. Obtain information about structure quality for a rhodostomin (PDB ID 4rqg), specifically:
 - How many clashes are there in the structure?
 - Which atom clashes are the closest?
 - How many bond length outliers are in the structure?
 - Which bond length outlier is the highest?
 - How many bond angle outliers are in the structure?
 - Which bond angle outlier is the highest?

Note: Use PDB validation reports for 4rqg.

3. Protein Data Bank Europe uses summary quality criteria to summarize validation information about the structure. The summary criteria are: Clashscore, Ramachandran outliers, sidechain outliers, RSRZ outliers.

Obtain summary criteria for oxy-hemoglobine in methanol (PDB ID 1lfz).

Validace ligandů:

- 1. Validate all the ligands in the nipah G attachment glycoprotein (PDB ID 3d12). Detect which of them have missing atoms or wrong chirality and describe where the validation issues are (which ligand and which atom).
- 2. Validate a molecule of sucrose (SUC, residue ID 1226) in Plant Photosystem I (PDB ID 2wsc). Detect which atom is missing.
- 3. Validate a molecule of α -carotene (BCR) in Photosystem I (PDB ID 4rku). Detect which atoms within the ring of this molecule are missing.
- 4. Detect all maltose (MAL) ligands in Protein Data Bank which have missing atoms and rings.
- 5. Validate biotin (BTN) from 50S Complex (PDB ID 1kqs) and detect which atom is substituted.
- 6. Validate all sialic acids from PDB and identify the atoms of this molecule at which chirality errors occur.
- 7. Validate all samples of these testosterone derivatives: 5-beta-dihydrotestosterone (BDT), 5-alpha-dihydrotestosterone (DHT), epi-testosterone (FFA), testosterone (TES) and testosterone hemisuccinate (TH2). Detect if there are any samples with chirality errors.