

# Markers and selection

- □ transformation frequency is low (less than 3%)
- without selective advantage transformed cells overgrown by non-transformed

#### selection markers

- antibiotics resistance (Kanamycin, Geneticin)
- herbicides resistance (Phosphinothricin)

# reporter genes

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- GUS (β-glucuronidase)
- GFP (green fluorescent protein)LUC (luciferase)

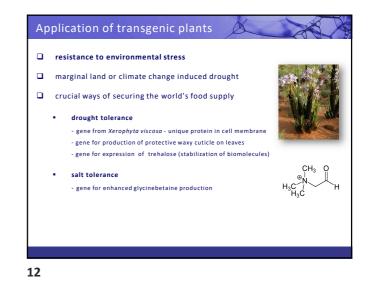




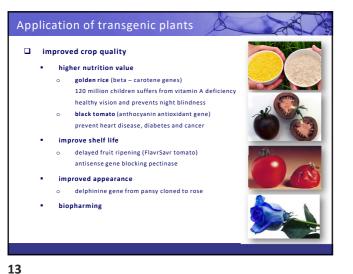
Application of transgenic plants

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# Application of transgenic plants herbicide resistance herbicide target modification herbicide target overproduction herbicide detoxification (enzymatic) EXAMPLES sulfonylurea resistance blocking the enzyme for synthesis Val, Leu, isoteu mutated gene transferred from resistant tabaco bromoxynil resistance transgene encoding enzyme bromoxynil nitrilase glyphosinate resistance bacterial transgene protein inactivating herbicide

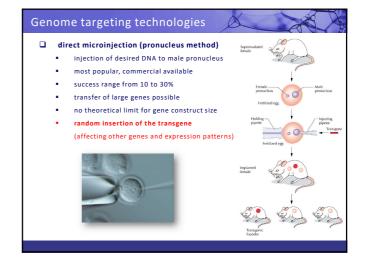


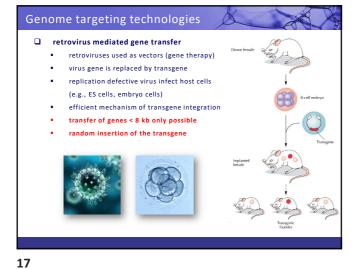
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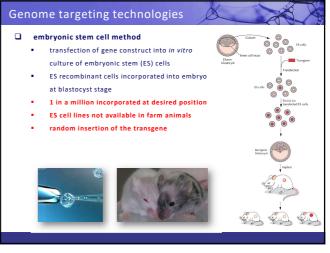


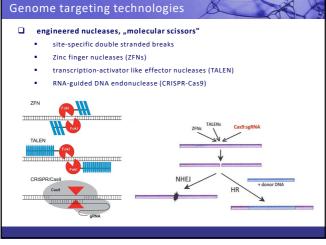


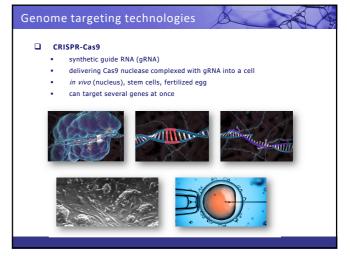
Genetic engineering of animals selective breeding time consuming and costly . limited number of properties available . difficult to introduce new genetic traits / lines transgenic animals fast generation lines carrying desired properties increased growth 0 0 improved disease resistance improved nutritional quality 0 increased wool quality . model animals for human disease research biopharming - production of useful molecules biosensors for environmental pollution .











# Application of transgenic animals

improving animal production traits

in vivo immunization - overexpress genes encoding monoclonal antibodies

increase casein contents let to increase cheese production

abolish lacto globulin expression (for milk allergic consumer)

transgenic fish - enhanced growth 3-5 times (growth hormone)

transgenic pig - production of omega-3-fatty acids (roundworm gene)

decrease lactose content by overexpress lactase

transgenic poultry - lower cholesterol and fat in eggs

eliminate production of host cell components interacting with infectious agent

disease-resistant livestock

improving milk quality



#### use of plants or animals for the production of useful molecules

# industrial products

Biopharming

- proteins (enzymes)
- fats and oils
- polymers and waxes

# pharmaceuticals

- recombinant human proteins
- therapeutic proteins and pharmaceuticals
- vaccines and antibodies

# biopharming

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<ul> <li>no purification required</li> </ul>	20 20
<ul> <li>no hazards associated with injections</li> </ul>	- ONA
<ul> <li>may be grown locally where needed</li> </ul>	210
<ul> <li>no transportation costs</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>no need for refrigeration or special storage</li> </ul>	
EXAMPLES:	
<ul> <li>HIV-suppressing protein in spinach</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>rabies virus G protein in tomato</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>vaccine for rotavirus or hepatitis in potato</li> </ul>	K

# Biopharming



#### plant-made antibodies

- plantibodies monoclonal antibodies produced in plants
- free from potential contamination of mammalian viruses
- plants used include tobacco, corn, potatoes, soya and rice
- EXAMPLES: cancer, herpes simplex virus

#### plant-made pharmaceuticals

- therapeutic proteins and intermediates
- EXAMPLES: proteins to treat cystic fibrosis, HIV, hypertension

# Biopharming

#### production of pharmaceuticals in milk

- easy to purify few other proteins in milk
- dairy cattle produce 10,000 liters of milk/year (35 g protein/liter)
- only few transgenic cows can meet worldwide demand
- risk of food supply contamination

#### EXAMPLES:

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- COW: human serum albumin, human lactoferrin
- SHEEP: alpha-1-antitrypsin
- GOAT: human antithrombin III (FDA approved), tissue plasminogen activator, malaria antigen

# production of materials in milk

BioSteel from spider silk (Nexia Biotech)

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GMO benefits

#### Crops increased stress tolerance improved resistance to disease, pests and herbicides increased nutrients, yields, enhanced taste and quality . animals improved animal health, resistance, productivity and feed efficiency better yields of meat, eggs, and milk environment more efficient processing conservation of soil, water, and energy better natural waste management . society increased food security for growing populations

climate change induced drought



