

Research centre for toxic compounds in the environment

# Ecotoxicology Part 1 - Introduction

#### Ludek Blaha + ecotox colleagues





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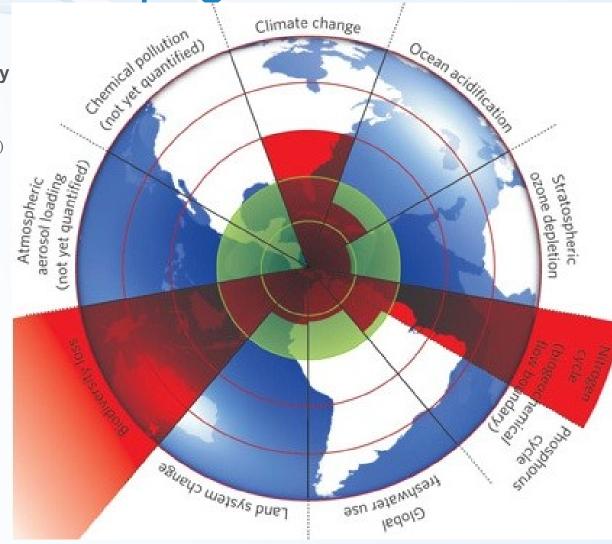




# Global anthropogenic threats ?

## A safe operating space for humanity & the nine planetary boundaries

Rockstrom et al. 2009 (*Ecology and Society* **14**(2): 32; Nature **461**, 472-475)





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## 1996 - Chemicals in the environment

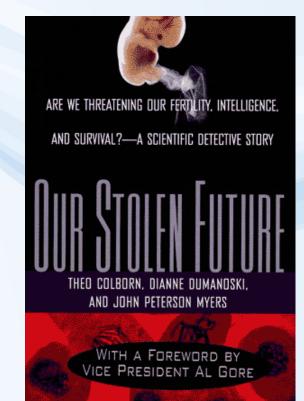
# Do you believe that chemicals in products sold to consumers have been proven safe?

#### Think again

#### most chemicals in modern use have simply not been tested for their impacts on

human, even very basic effects.

... what about the effects in nature, then ?



## How we stand 20 years later?









Published online: 21 October 2005; | doi:10.1038/news051017-16

#### Pollution makes for more girls

The stress of dirty air skews sex ratios in Sao Paulo.

Erika Check

Toxic fumes favour the fairer sex, a group of researchers in Brazil has found.



World news

theguardian

#### Man-made chemicals blamed as many more girls than boys are born in Arctic

 High levels can change sex of child during pregnancy • Survey of Greenland and east Russia puts ratio at 2:1

Paul Brown in Nuuk, Greenland

Wednesday 12 September 2007 03.00 BST



C This article is 8 years old

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Save for later



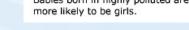
🖸 An Inuit child in a traditional parka. Photograph: Joel Sartore/Getty/National Geographic

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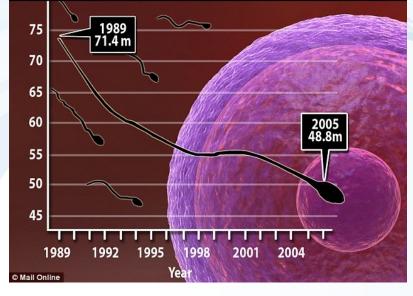




WHO/PCS/EDC/02.2

#### Sperm concentration

In millions of spermatazoa per millilitre



#### Global Assessment

of the State-of-the-Science of

#### Endocrine Disruptors

Edited by Terri Damstra Sue Barlow Aake Bergman

Robert Kavlock

Glen Van Der Kraak



IPCS INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMMS ON CHEWICAL SAFETY



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# **Environmental pollution**

#### Examples and ecological cosequences











#### Major anthropogenic threats – example: waters













# Indirect





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Impacts



#### Major impacts

Loss of biodiversity



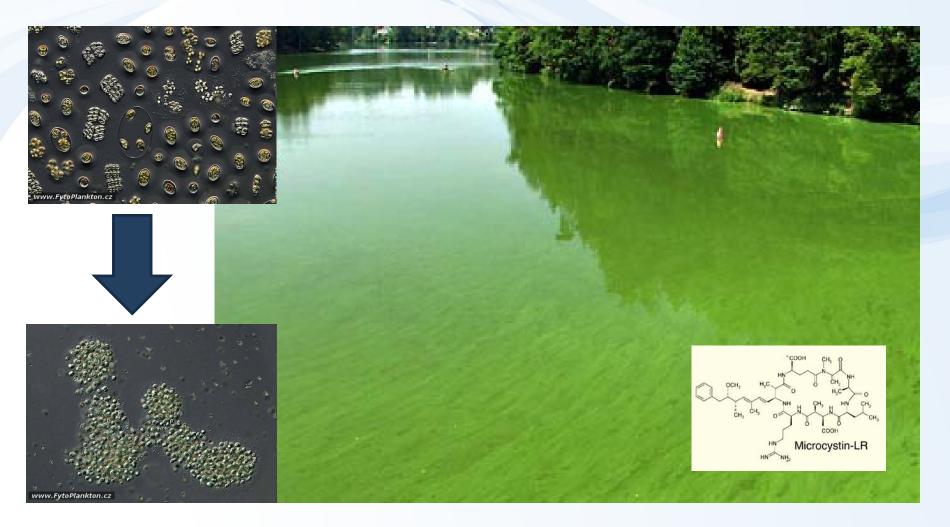








### Changes in biodiversity





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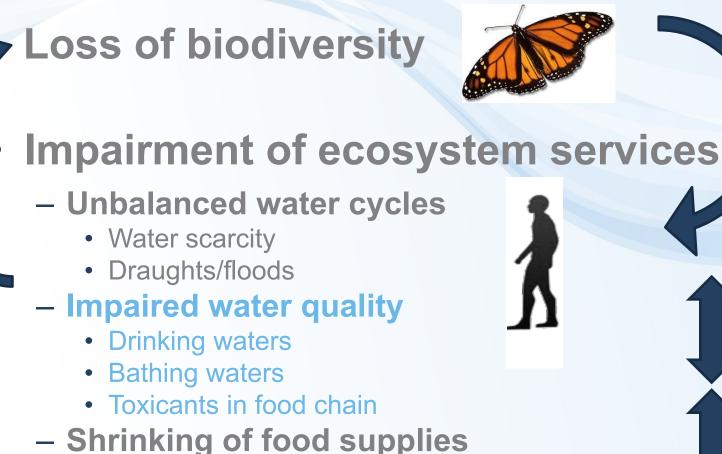




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### Major impacts



- Direct  $\rightarrow$  lowering fish amounts
- Indirect  $\rightarrow$  crop yield





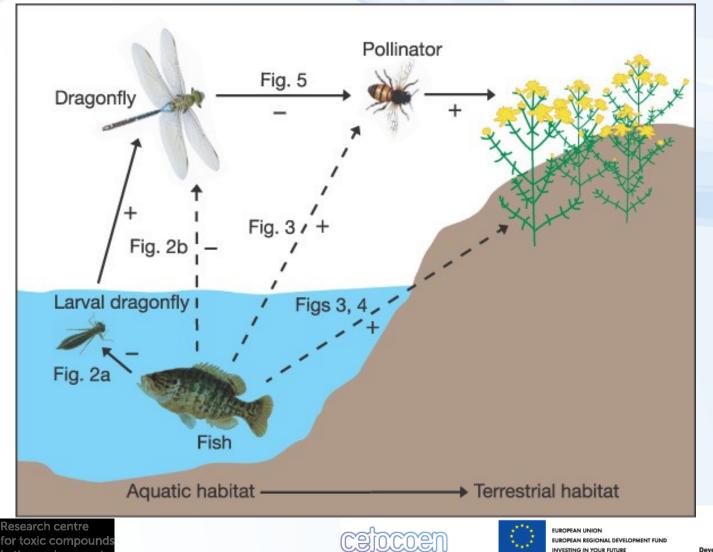




#### Impacts on fish $\rightarrow$ decreased crop yields

NATURE (2005) 437: 880

n the environment





VESTING IN YOUR FUTURE

#### Impacts on biota $\rightarrow$ global effects

#### **Mixing oceans**

 $\rightarrow$  cooling the atmosphere [Nature 447, p.522, May 31, 2007]



# ANIMALS



Marine life supplies up to 50% of the mechanical energy required worldwide to mix waters from the surface to deeper cool layers

[Dewar, Marine Res 64:541 (2006)]

[Katija a Dabiri, Nature 460:624 (2009)]



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#### CONSERVATION

## **Economic Importance of Bats in Agriculture**

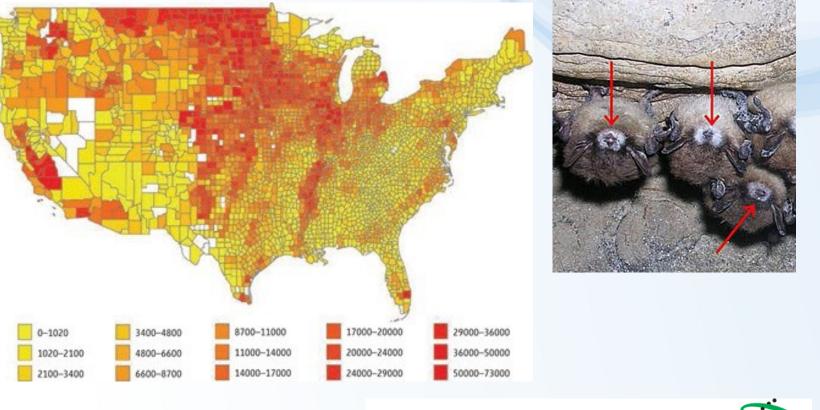
Justin G. Boyles,<sup>1\*</sup> Paul M. Cryan,<sup>2</sup> Gary F. McCracken,<sup>3</sup> Thomas H. Kunz<sup>4</sup>

# POLICYFORUM Science

Insectivorous bat populations, adversely impacted by white-nose syndrome and wind turbines, may be worth billions of dollars to North American agriculture.

l) Science 332 (60**25**1

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Research centre for toxic compound in the environment Boyles et al. (2011

# Ecotoxicology

# assessment o hazards and risks of chemicals in ecosystems



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#### Protection of environment / nature

- Is and must be primary aim of sustainably developing society
- why?

#### How to protect ?

- Policy
- Legislation
- Research
- Education



## Ecotoxicology – offers knowledge and tools useful for the effective and reasonable environmental protection (these tools = ecotoxicological bioassays)





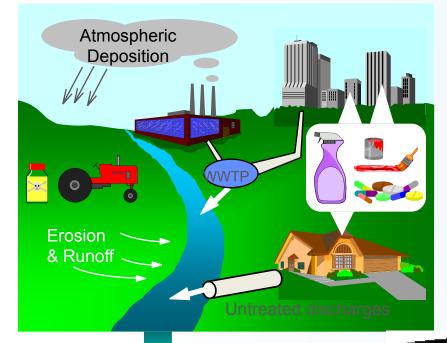






### Cause → Effect (Causality) Dose → Response Risk assessment

#### Exposure (concentration >> dose)



#### Effect

#### (What exposure causes effects?)







Ecotoxicologica bioassays, field studies, biomonitoring...



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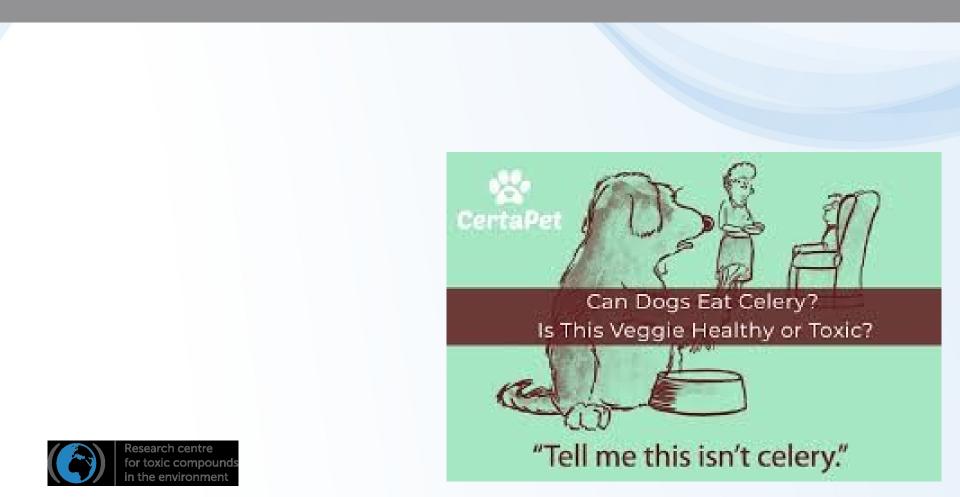




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#### What is hazardous? What is toxic? How to define toxicity?



### Paracelsus (1493 - 1541)



*'What is there which is not a poison?* 

•All things are poison and nothing without poison.

• Solely the dose determines that a thing is not a poison.









### (Eco)toxicology – ultimate goal ?

# To identify (or predict) safe vs hazardous levels





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Assessment of one of the hazards (i.e. toxicity) to different targets

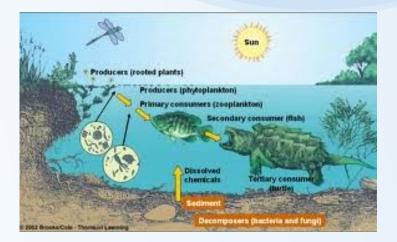
....to....

### Humans (**TOXICOLOGY**)





# Other organisms (ECOtoxicology)





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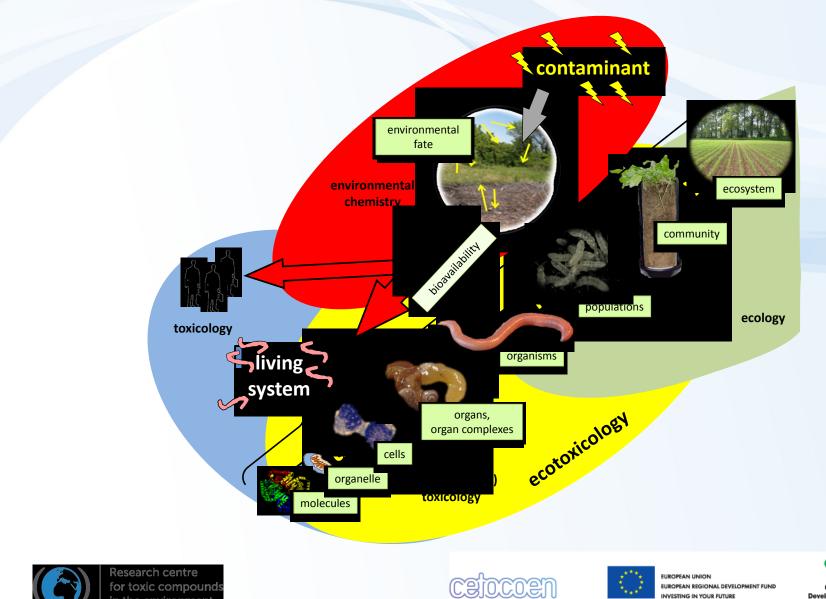




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#### ECOTOXICOLOGY



in the environment

**OP Research and** Development for Innovation

INVESTING IN YOUR FUTURE

### ECOTOXICOLOGY by definition

• Aim: to maintain the natural structure and function of ecosystems

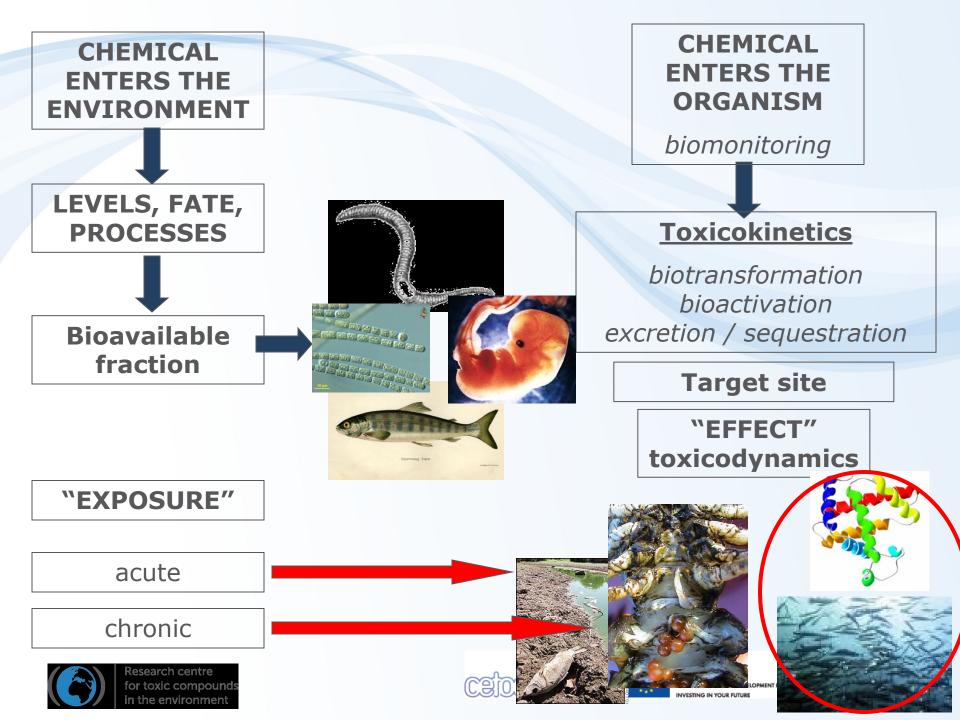
### Definitions:

- ecotoxicology is concerned with the toxic effects of chemical and physical agents on living organisms, especially on populations and communities within defined ecosystems; it includes the transfer pathways and their interactions with the environment
- science of contaminants in the <u>biosphere</u> and their effect on constituents of the biosphere, including humans' (Newman & Unger, 2002)
- science that provides critical information on effects of toxic compounds on living organisms which <u>SERVE various practical</u> aims (environmental protection)









# Ecotoxicology - from molecules to ecosystems ... and backwards

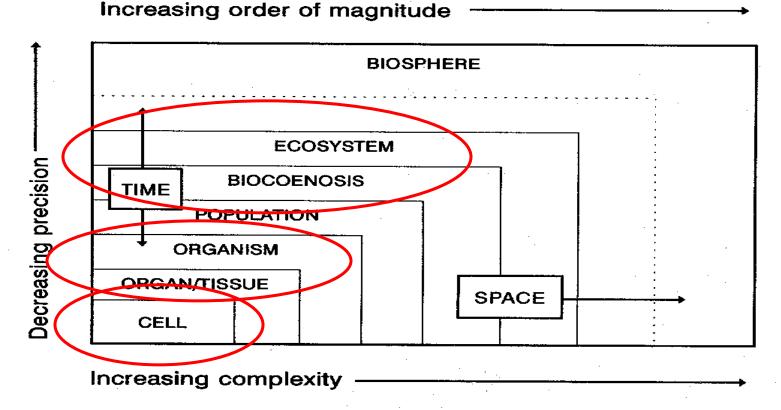


Figure 3.1 Biological levels of organization. The dimensions of time and space are less important for the investigation up to the levels of populations and biocoenoses.



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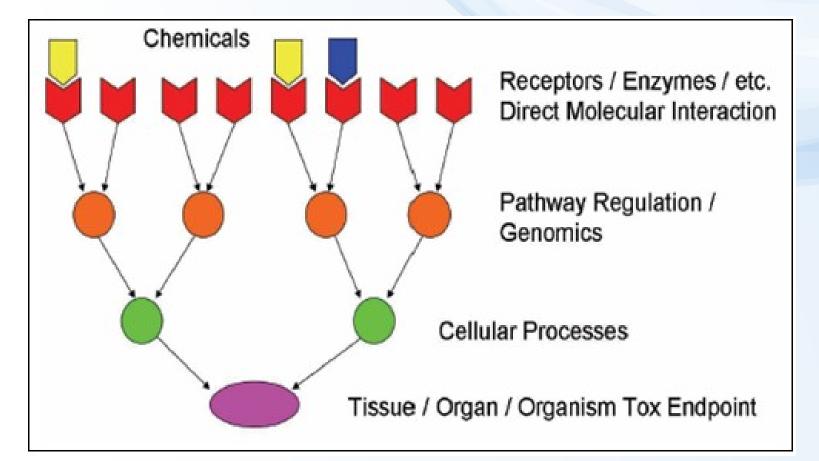


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## From molecules to individuals $\rightarrow$ to populations

#### **MECHANISMS OF TOXICITY**





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### **Ecotoxic effects**

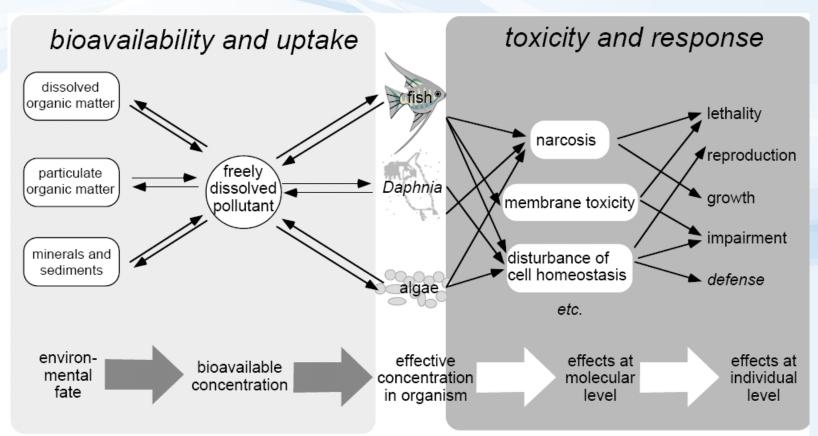


Figure 1 The effective concentration of a pollutant in an organism (e.g. fish, daphnia, algae) or at the target site inside the organism is the link between the environmental fate of a pollutant and its toxic effect.

Escher, B. I., Behra, R., Eggen, R. I. L., Fent, K. (1997), "Molecular mechanisms in ecotoxicology: an interplay between environmental chemistry and biology", *Chimia*, **51**, 915-921.







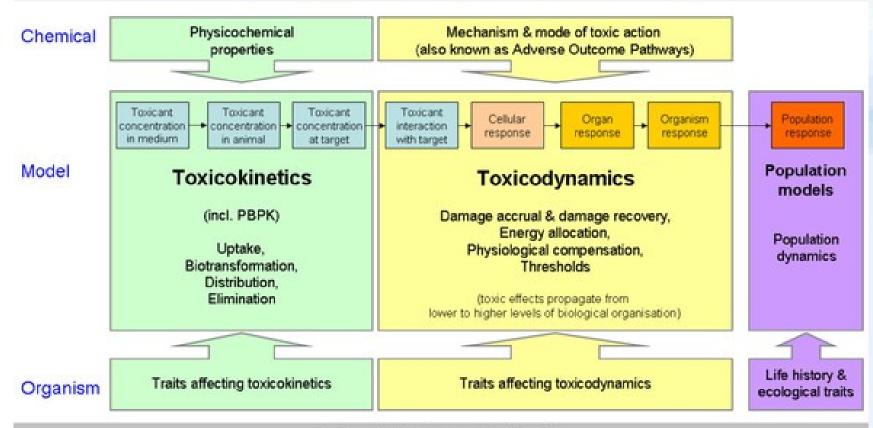
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### From molecules to individuals $\rightarrow$ to populations

#### **ADVERSE OUTCOME PATHWAYS**

#### Mechanistic effect models for ecotoxicology



→ Arrows indicate a causal relationship

See also: Ashauer & Escher JEM (2010), Rubach et al. IEAM (2011), Jager et al. ES&T (2011), Ashauer et al. ET&C (2011) www.ecotoxmodels.org

# From ecosystems → down the mechanisms

# OR

## From mechanisms (molecules) → up to effects and ecosystems



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?

1962



The author of THE SEA AROUND US and THE EDGE OF THE SEA stions our attempt to control the natural world about us

P Carson



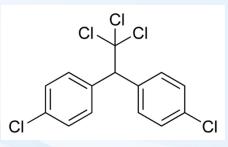
hton

© Patuxent Wildlife Refuge, MA, USA



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The great expectations held for DDT have been realized. During 1946, exhaustive scientific tests have shown that, when properly used, DDT kills a a benefactor of all humanity.

GOOD FOR STEERS - Beef grows meaties newsalays... for it's a scientific fact that-compared to untreated cattle - beef-steer gain up to 50 pounds extra when protected from horn flies and many other pests with DDT inserticides.

PENN

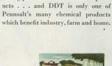
GOOD FOR FRUITS - Bigger apples, juicier fruits that are

apples, joicier fruits that are free from unsightly worms ... all benefits resulting from DDT dusts and sprays,

CHEMICALS

97 Years' Service to Industry . Farm . Home

host of destructive insect pests, and is Pennsalt produces DDT and its products in all standard forms and is now



one of the country's largest producers

of this amazing insecticide. Today,

everyone can enjoy added comfort.

health and safety through the insect-

killing powers of Pennsalt DDT prod-



Knox FOR THE HOME-helps more comfortable homes .... protects your family from dangerous insect pests. Use Knox-Out DDT Powlers and Sprays as directed . . . then watch the logs "hite the dout"!

Knex FOR DAIRHS-Up to 20% m milk . . . more butter . . . m cheese . . . tests prove greater milk p



GOOD FOR ROW CROPS-25 more barrels of postoses per acre ... actual DDT tests have shown roop increases like this! DDT dusts and sprays help truck farmers pass these gains along to you.

http://www2.ucsc.edu/scpbrg/

PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY WIDENER BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA 7, PA.

SALT



from the annoyance of many insects with DDT insecti-eides like Knox-Out Stock

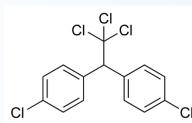
and Barn Spray.

Know FOR INDUSTRY - Food offen, dry cleaning plants, haun-dries, dry cleaning plants, hotels... dozens of industries gain effective bug control, more pleasant work condition with Pennsalt DDT products

#### Bitman et al. Science 1970, 168(3931): 594



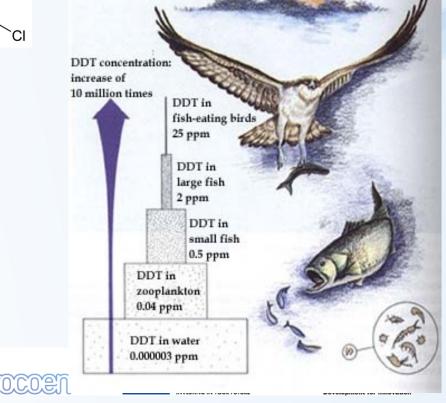
Biochemistry bird carbonate dehydratase



# In situ: bioaccumulation -> bird population decline



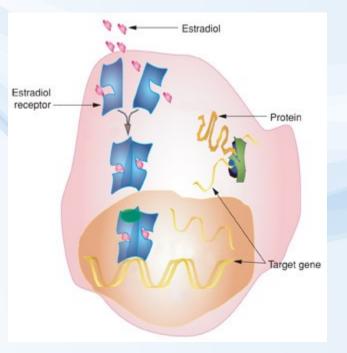




AOP Example: Activation of ER - estrogen receptor (e.g. by EE2) leads to reproductive disorders and population decline in fish

# Ethinylestradiol (EE2)

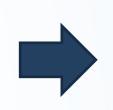
Binds to ESTROGEN RECEPTOR





#### **Target genes**

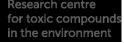
- Proliferation/Apoptosis (sexual organs)
- Synthesis of egg yolk (fish, amphibia)



#### Effects

- Females: reproduction regulation
- Males: feminization
  - (+ e.g. cancer promotion, development, *immunomodulation*)









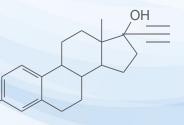


Kidd, K.A. et al. 2007. Collapse of a fish population following exposure to a synthetic estrogen. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 104(21):8897-8901









Age 0

2003

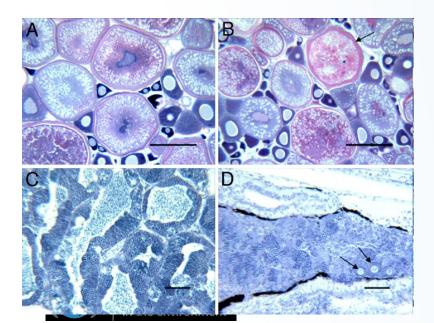
+EE2

2004

2005

2

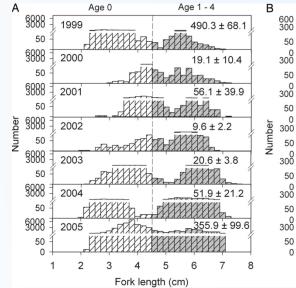
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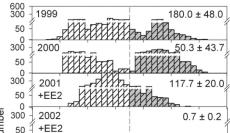


#### Controls

HC

#### +Ethinylestradiol





Fork Length (cm)

Aae 1 - 4

 $2.6 \pm 0.8$ 

 $0.1 \pm 0.05$ 

 $0.1 \pm 0.01$ 

the

#### WRAP UP ... take home message

- Ecotoxicology as a science with close links to practical environmental protection
  - Understand the importance and links between ECOTOXICITY --- BIODIVERSITY --- ECOSYSTEM SERVICES
- From molecular events to higher levels
  - Be aware of different biological levels from molecules to communities
  - Know example(s) of "Adverse Outcome Pathway(s)"





