

Exercises 7

- Let A be an \mathcal{L} -algebra. A congruence on A is an equivalence relation E on A such that :

* If $s \in S_n$ & $x_1, E y_1, \dots, x_n, E y_n$ Then
 $s(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in s(y_1, \dots, y_n)$.

- ① Explain what the condition \neq means in elementary terms if

- $\mathcal{L} = \{\cdot e, -\cdot\}$ is signature for monoids
 - $\mathcal{L} = \{e, \cdot, (-)^{-1}\}$ is sig. for groups.

- ② For a group G , show that if

- If \bar{E} is a congruence on G , then the set $N\bar{E} = \{x : x\bar{E}e\}$ is a normal subgroup of G . Show that this describes a bijection

$$\text{Conj}(G) \xrightarrow{\quad\cong\quad} \text{NormalSubgroups}(G),$$

$$E \xrightarrow{\quad\cong\quad} N_E$$

- b) Show, moreover, that

$$G/E = G/N$$

quotient by congruence quotient by normal subgroup

- (3) For a ring R , show that congruences on R \sim ideals on R

- 4) Let E be a congruence on A .
 Show that $E = \text{ker}(A \xrightarrow{\quad} A/E)$
 where A/E is the quotient of A
 by E .