

M U N I
S C I

C5730 Biochemie - seminář

Mgr. Lukáš Faltinek

podzim 2024

M U N I
S C I

Metabolismus lipidů

METABOLIC PATHWAYS

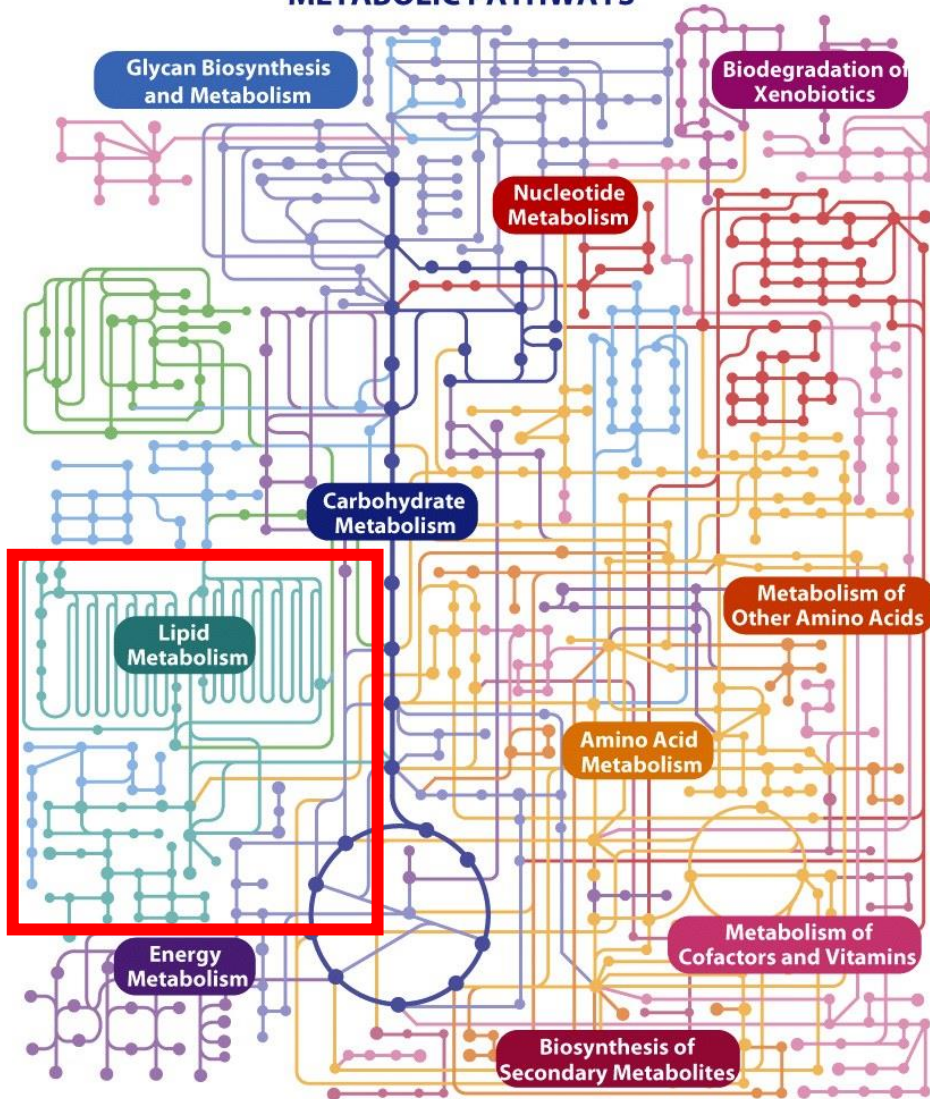
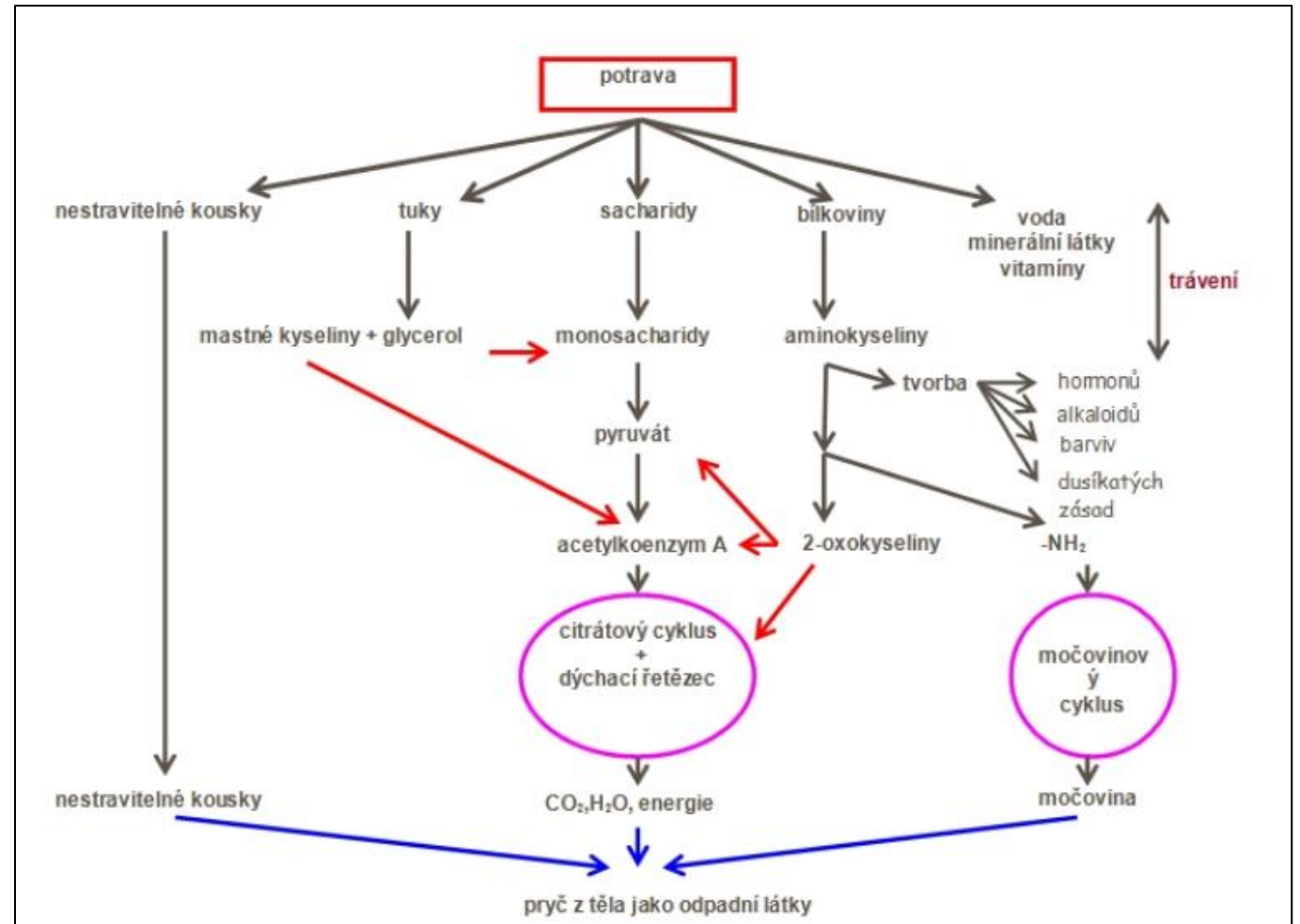
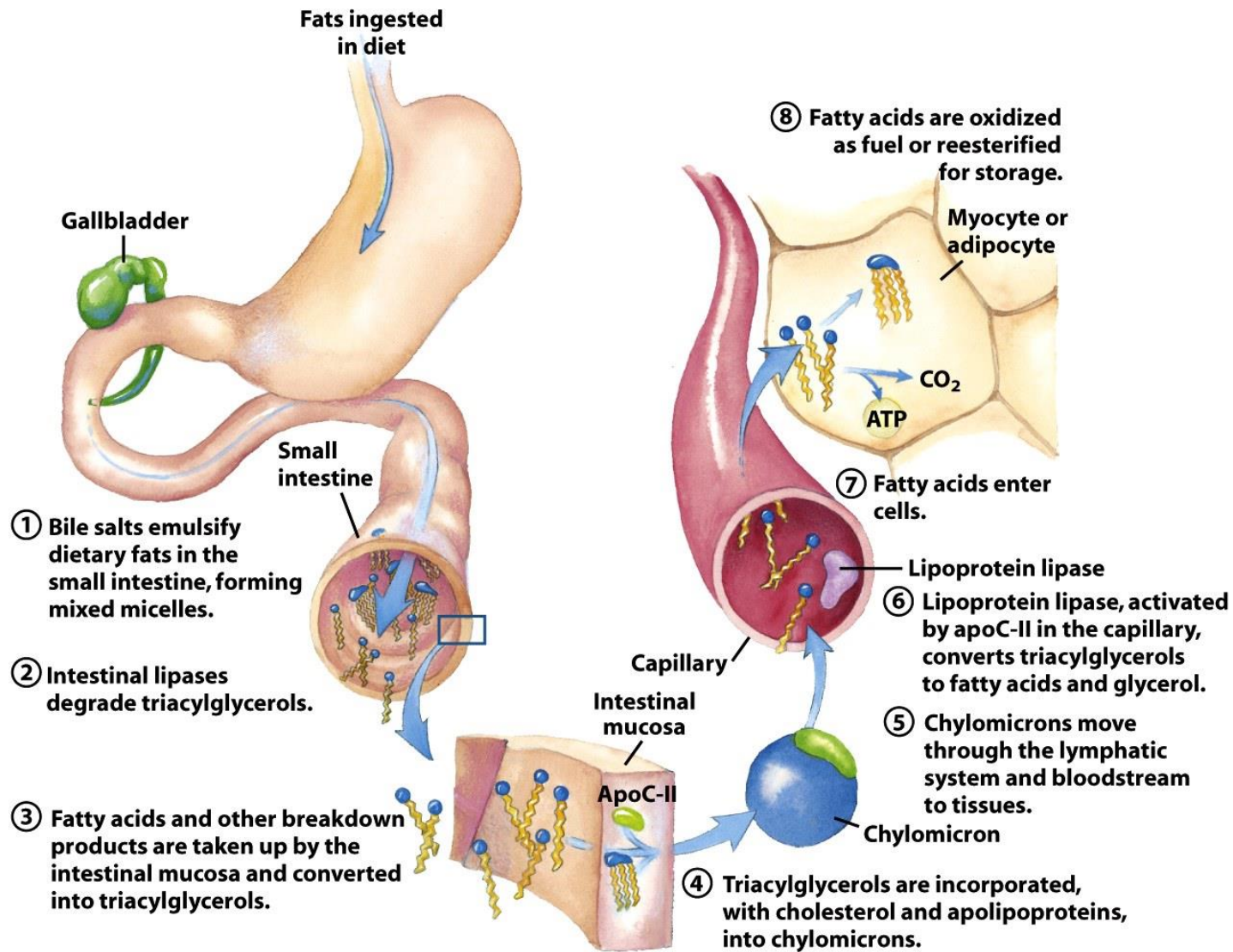


Figure 15-1
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<http://www.studiumbiochemie.cz/metabolismus>



Zpracování lipidů z potravy

Figure 17-1
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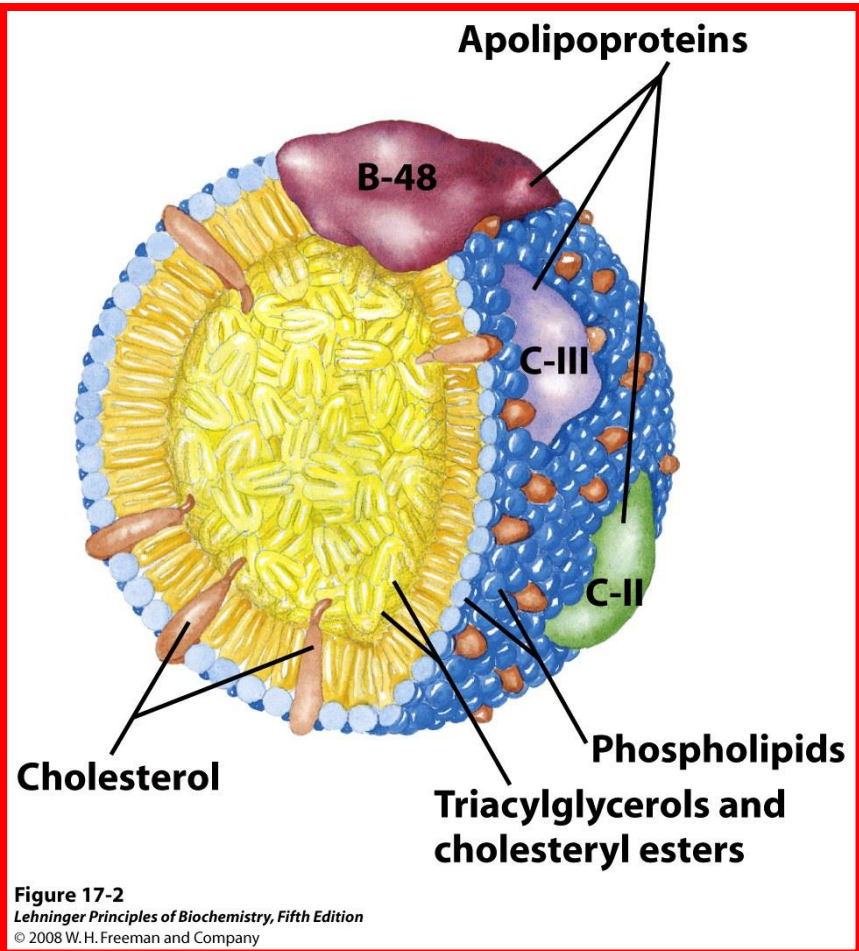
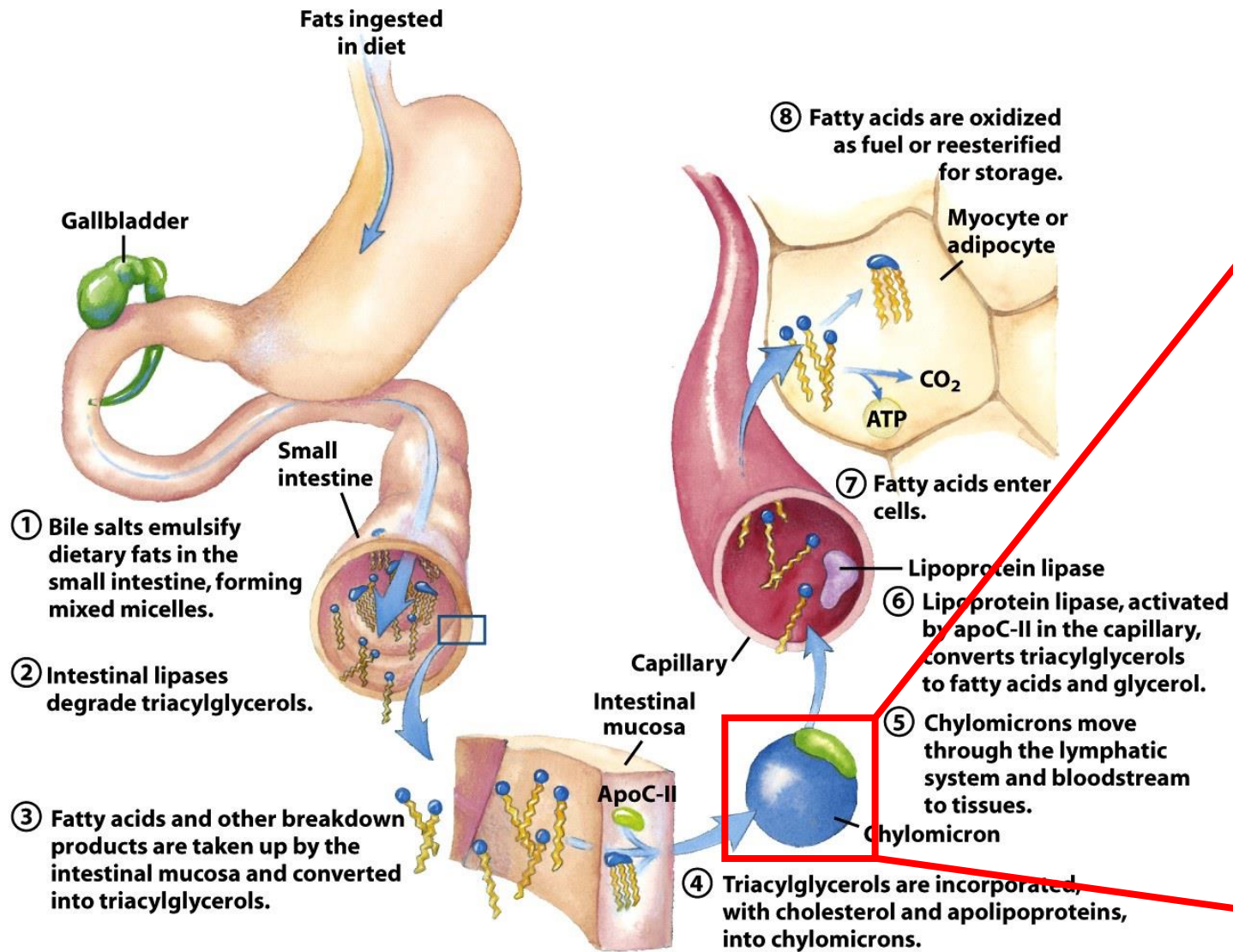
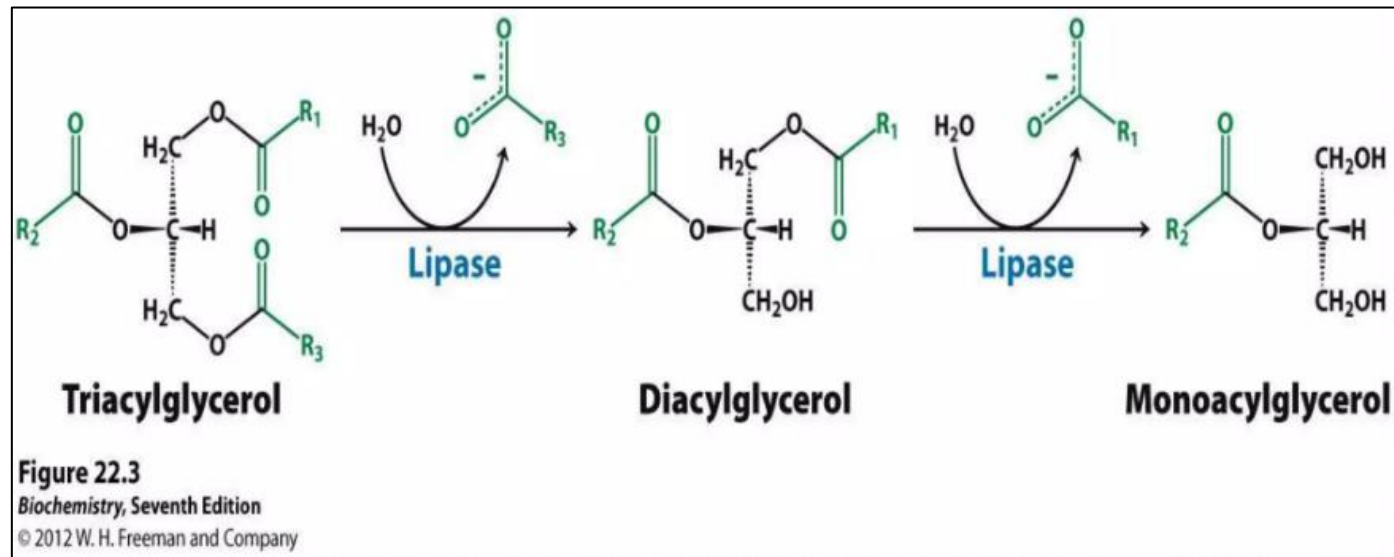
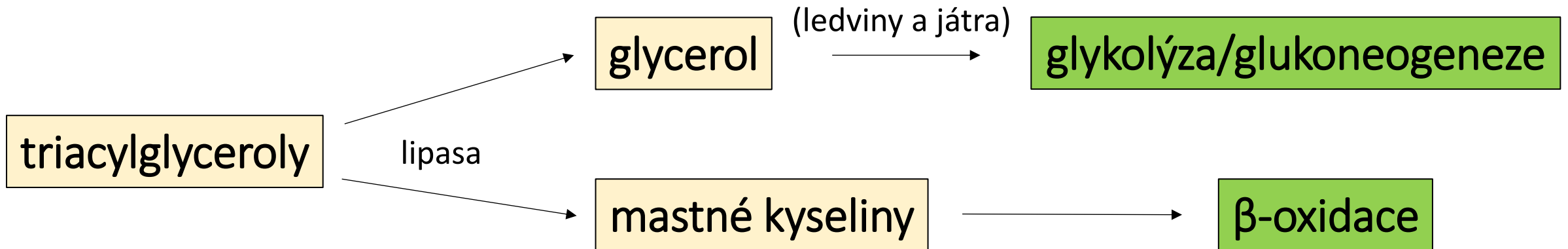


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Lipolýza



Využití glycerolu

- přeměna glycerolu na meziprodukt glykolýzy
- glykolýza:
 - přeměna glyceraldehyd-3-P na pyruvát
- glukoneogeneze:
 - přeměna glyceraldehyd-3-P na glukosu

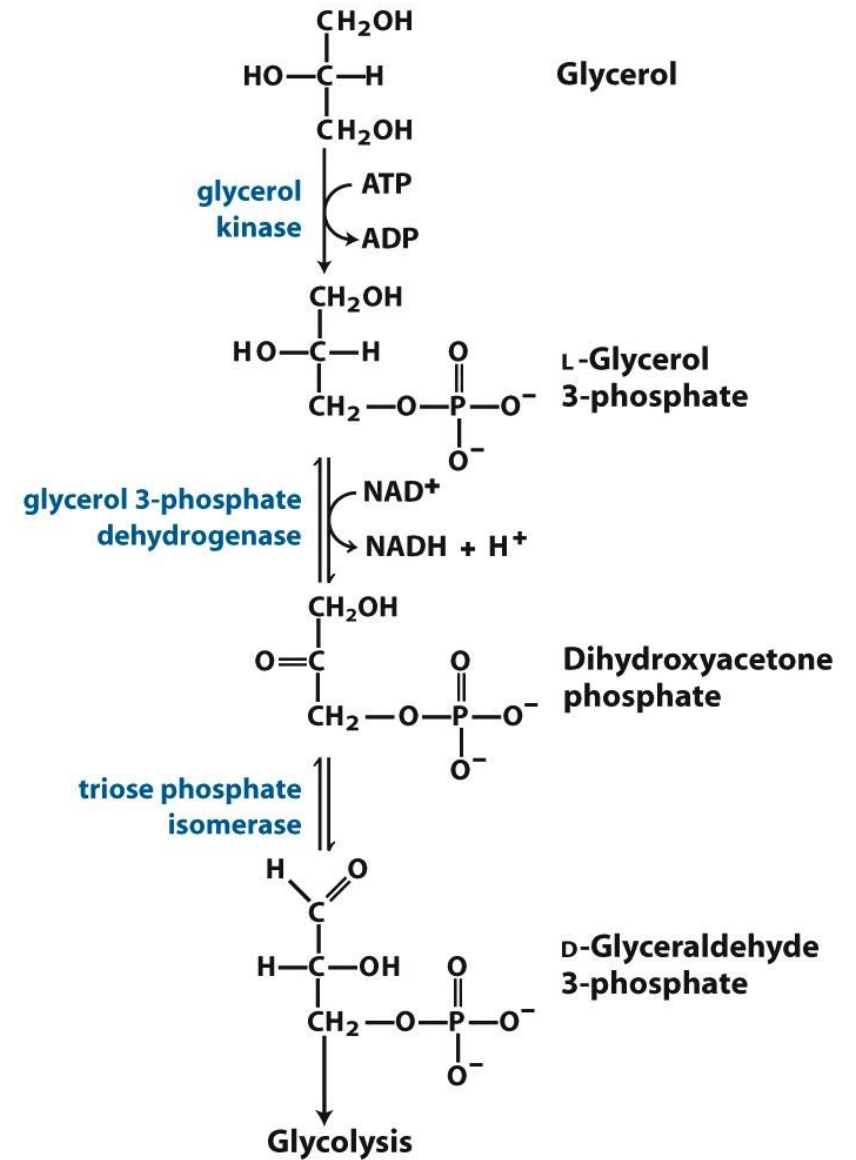
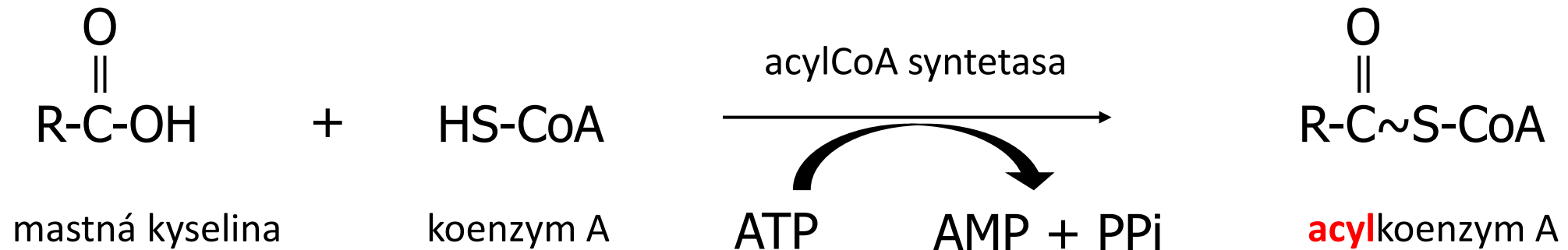


Figure 17-4
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Aktivace mastných kyselin

- mastné kyseliny se musí dostat do matrix mitochondrií, kde probíhá jejich degradace
- vstup do mitochondriální matrix umožněn pouze aktivovaným mastným kyselinám



Aktivace mastných kyselin

- ve skutečnosti dvoufázový proces
- meziproduktem je acyl-adenylát

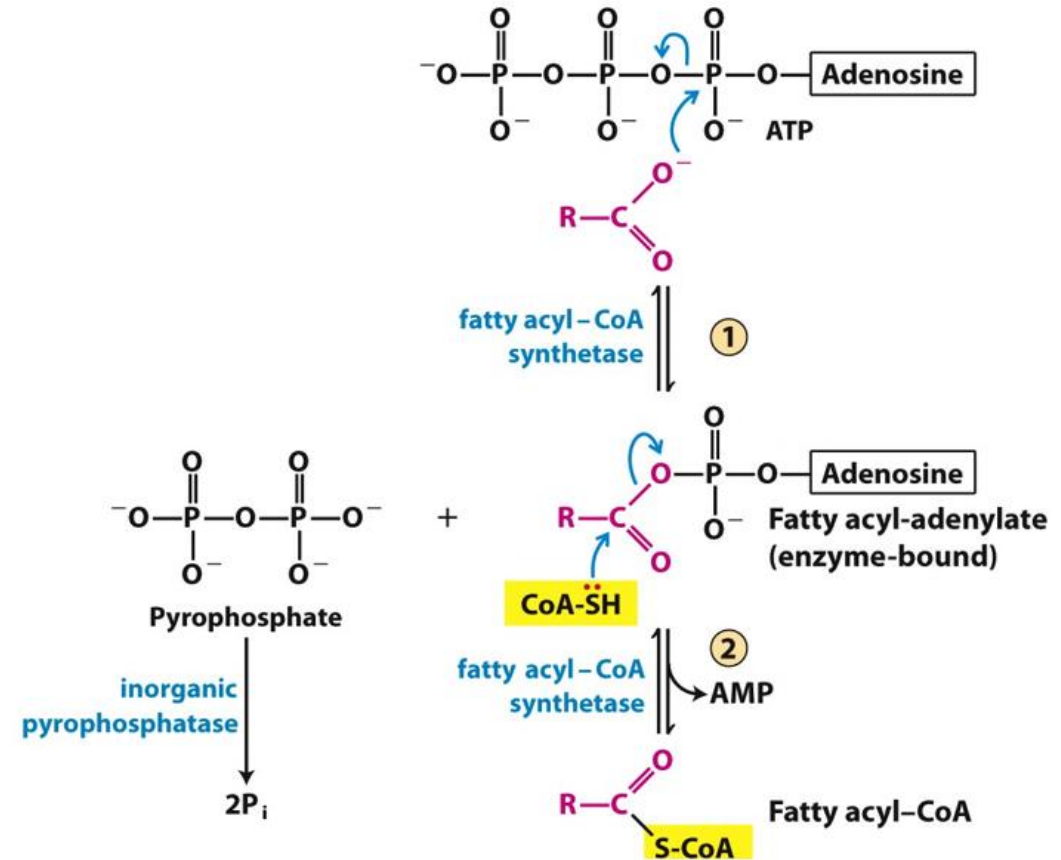


Figure 17-5
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Karnitinový transportní systém

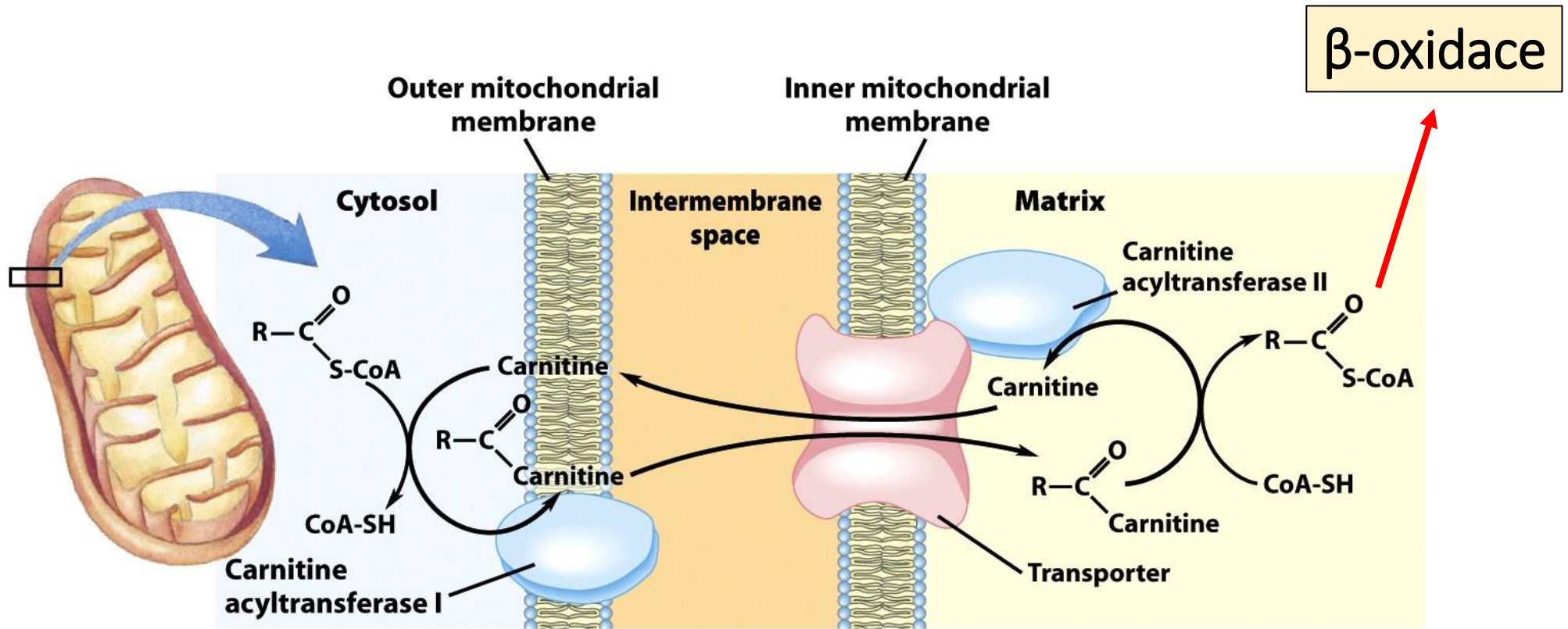
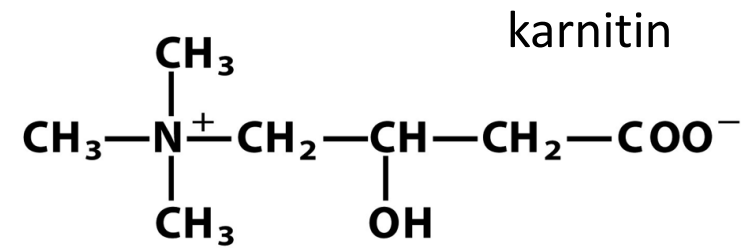
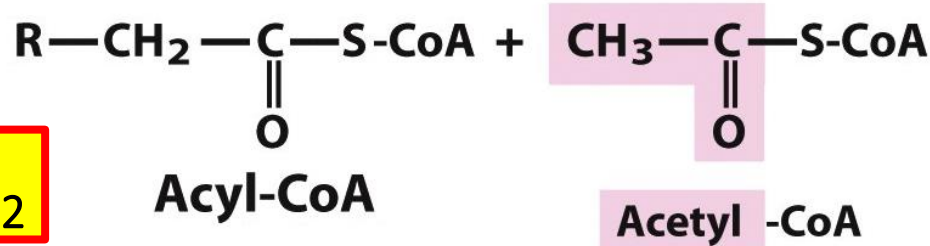
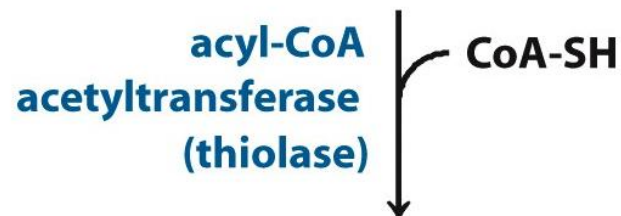
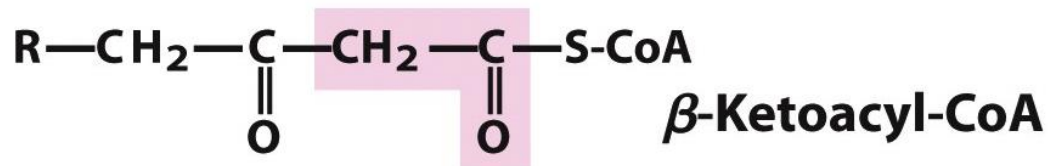
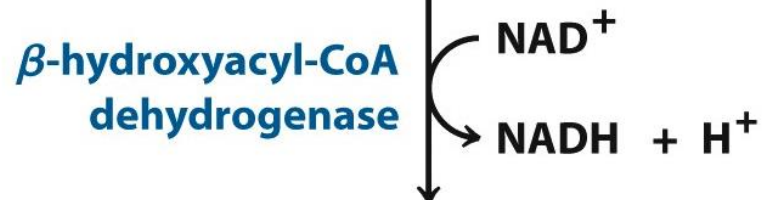
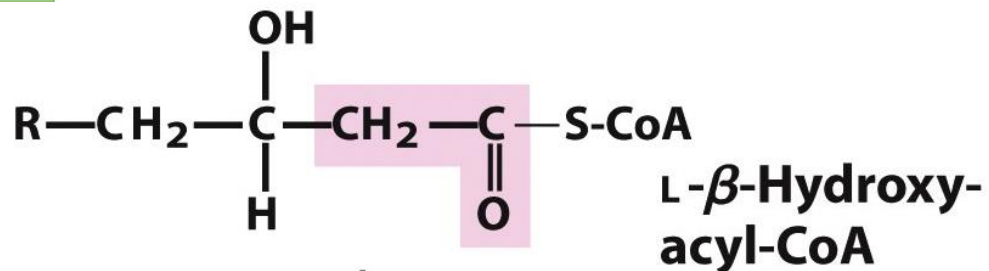
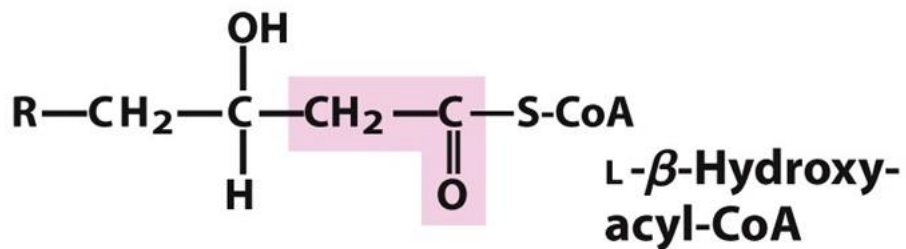
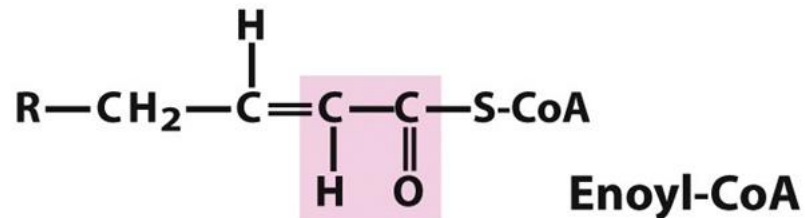
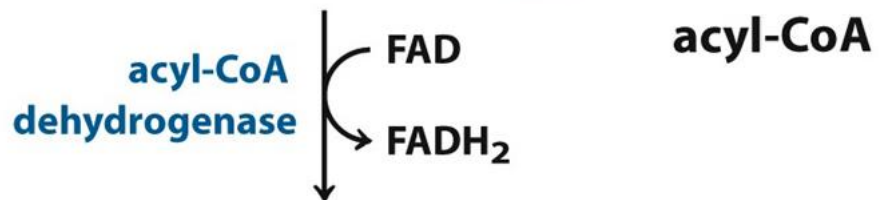
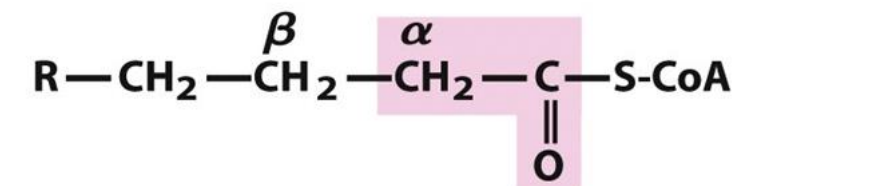


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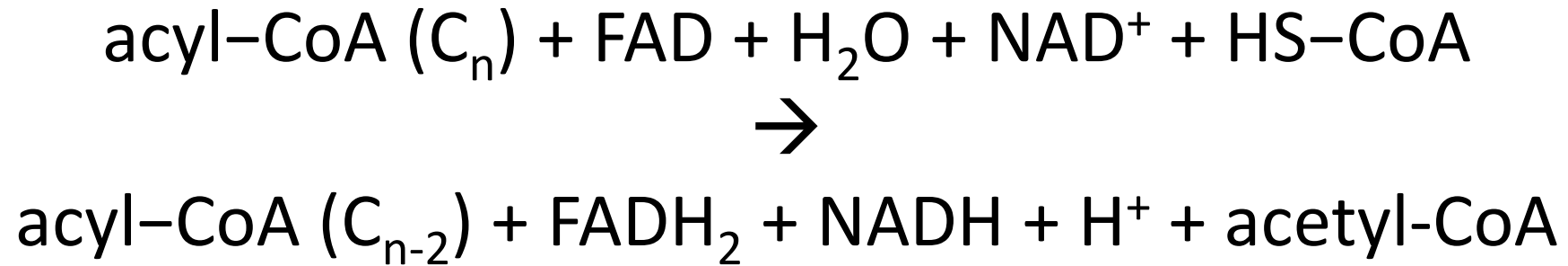
β -oxidace

C_n

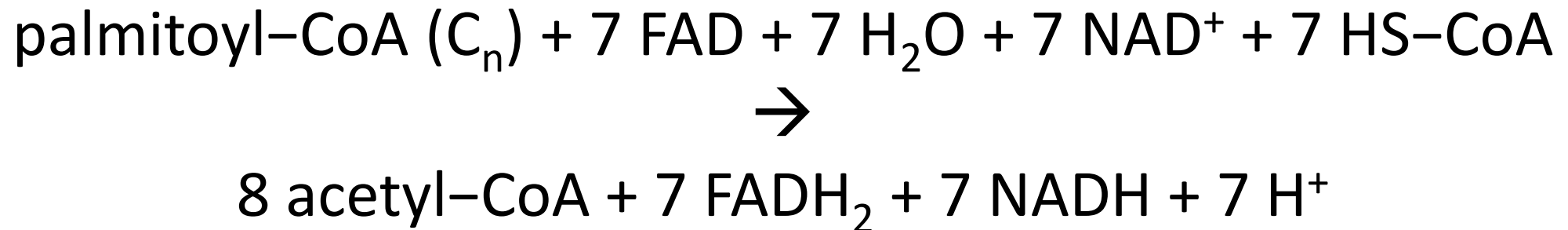


C_{n-2}

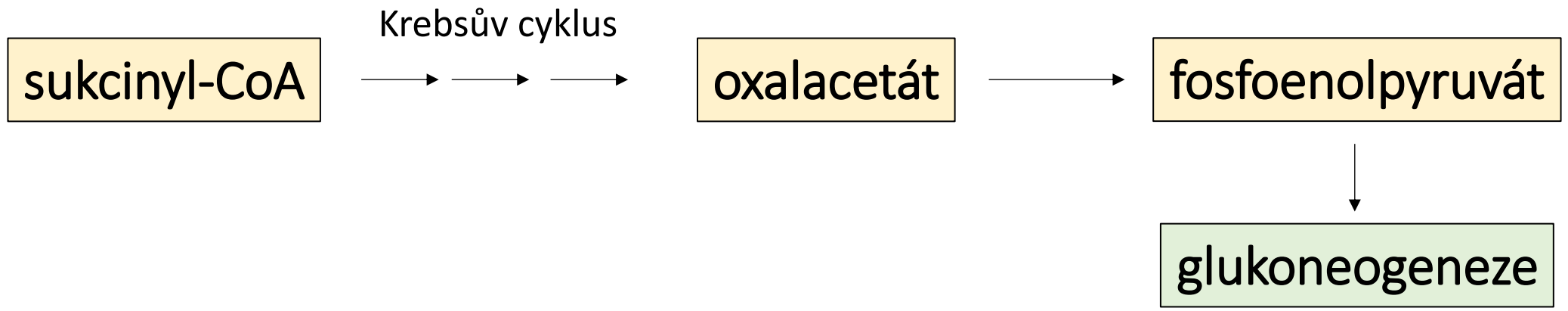
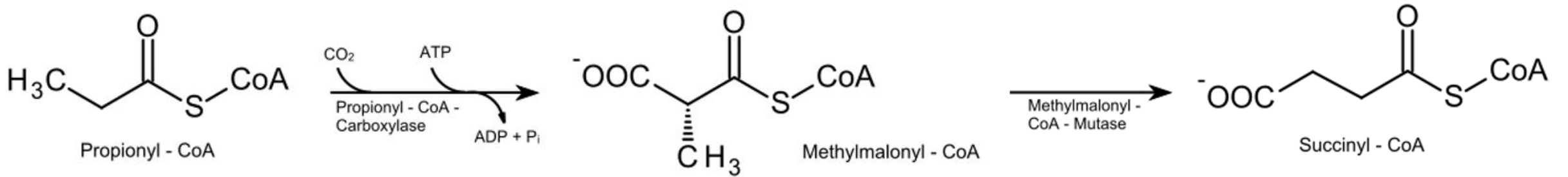
β -oxidace: souhrnná rovnice



Kyselina palmitová (C₁₆)



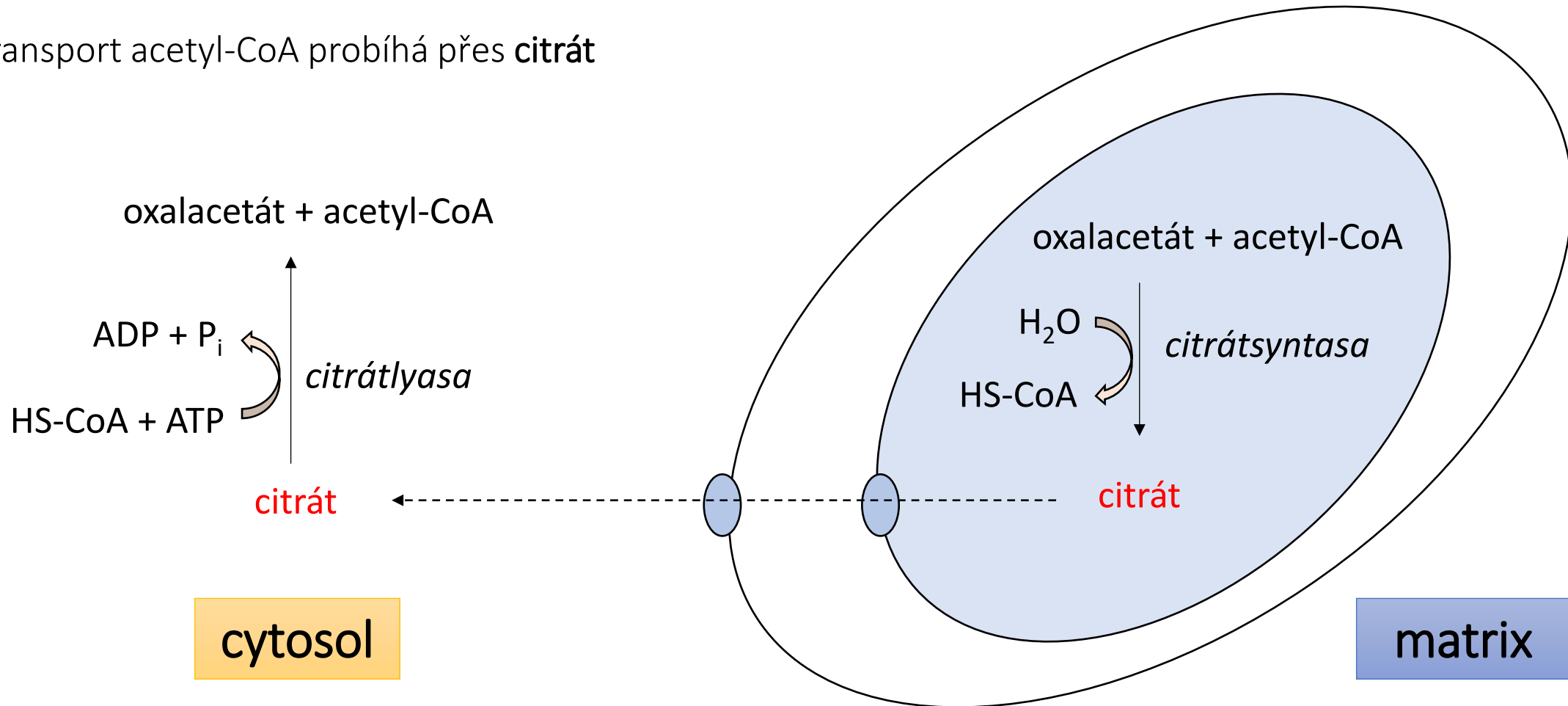
Mastné kyseliny s lichým počtem uhlíků



Syntéza mastných kyselin

Transport acetyl-CoA

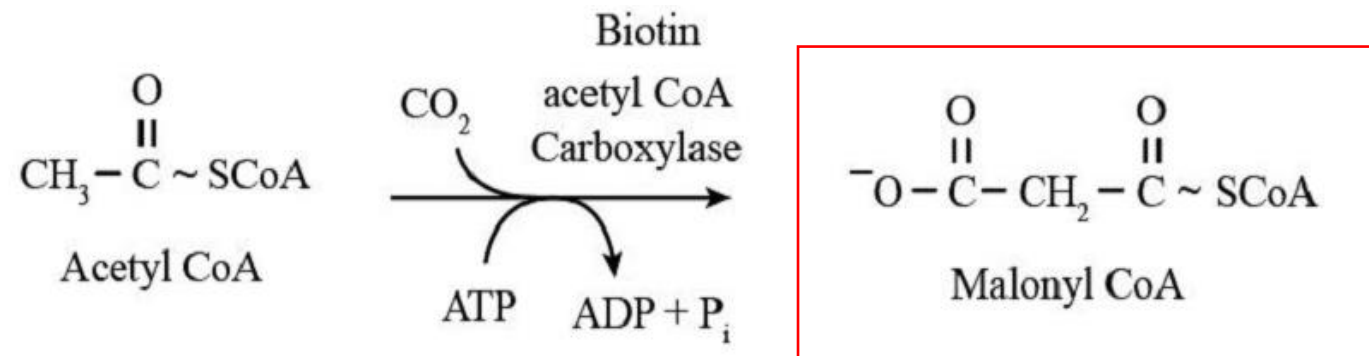
- probíhá v cytosolu buněk (acetyl-CoA musí být dopraven z mitochondriální matrix do cytosolu)
- transport acetyl-CoA probíhá přes **citrát**



Syntéza mastných kyselin

Tvorba malonyl-CoA

- aby mohla probíhat syntéza mastných kyselin, je potřeba acetyl-CoA přeměnit na **malonyl-CoA**
- sám malonyl-CoA vystupuje jako **regulační složka** β -oxidace (brání asociaci MK s karnitinem)



Syntéza mastných kyselin

- meziprodukty syntézy MK jsou vázány na tzv. **acyl carrier protein** (ACP, protein přenášející acyly)
- enzymy syntézy MK jsou spojeny do multienzymového komplexu zvaného **syntasa MK**
- **NADPH** je donorem elektronů

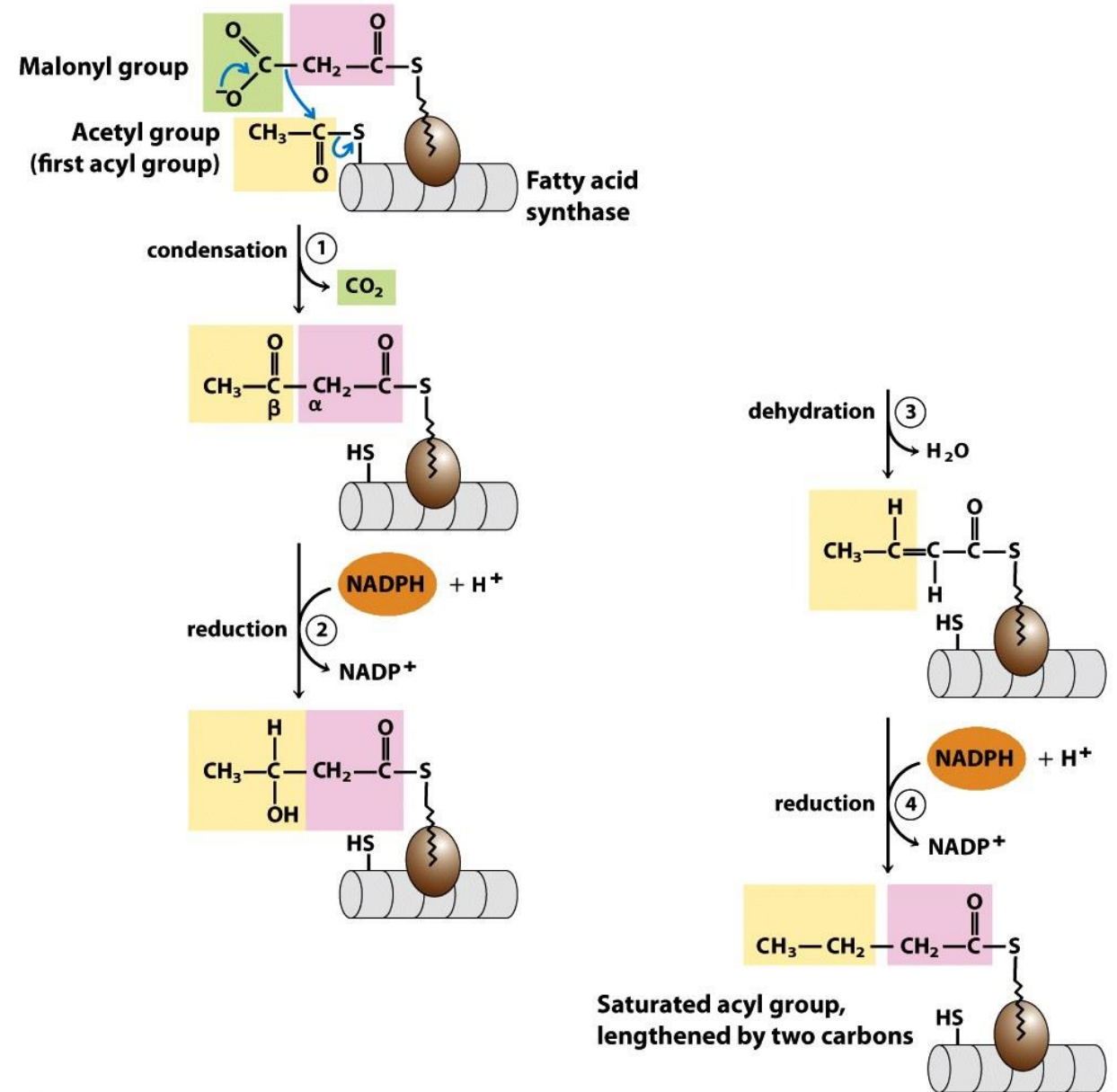
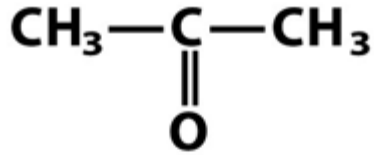
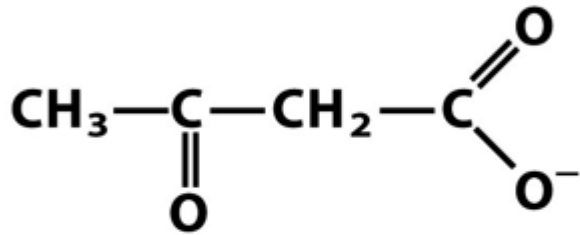


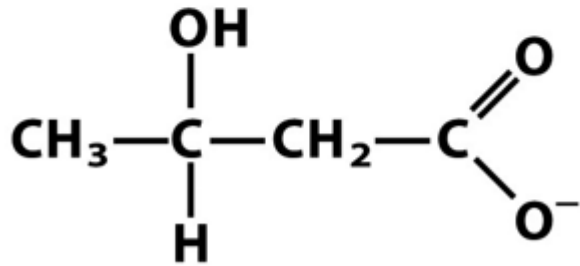
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aceton



acetoacetát



β-hydroxybutyrát

Ketolátky

biosyntéza
cholesterolu

mevalonátová
dráha

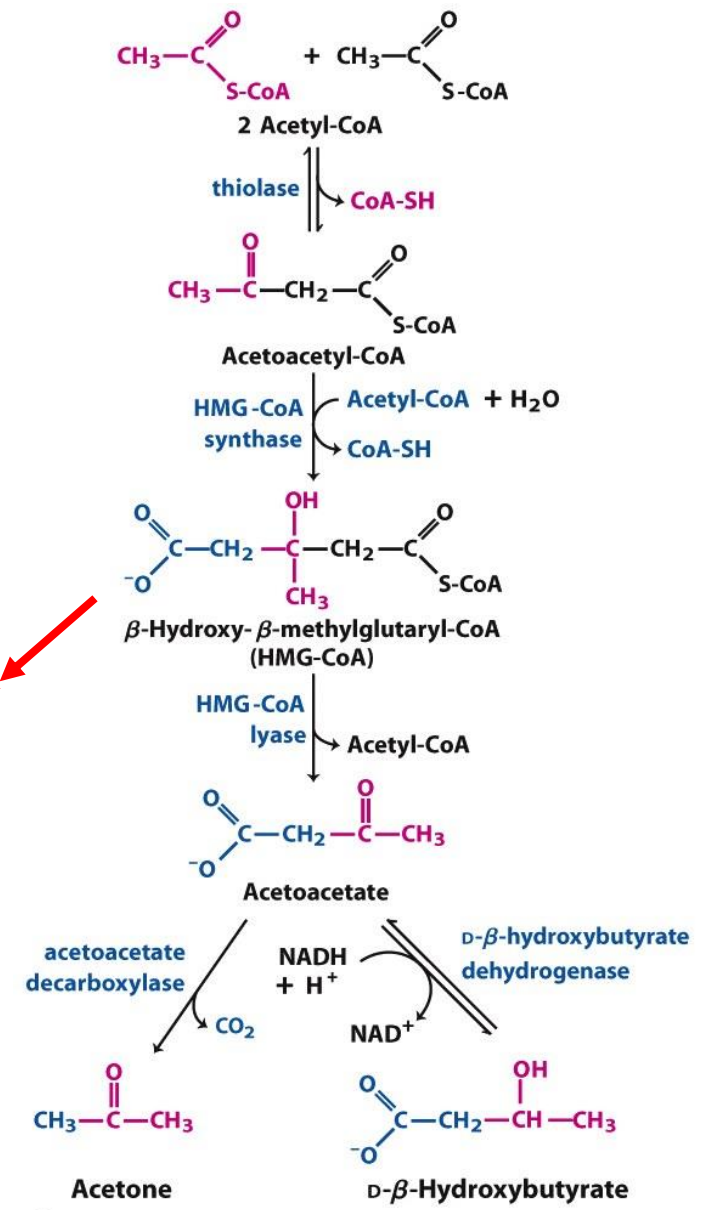
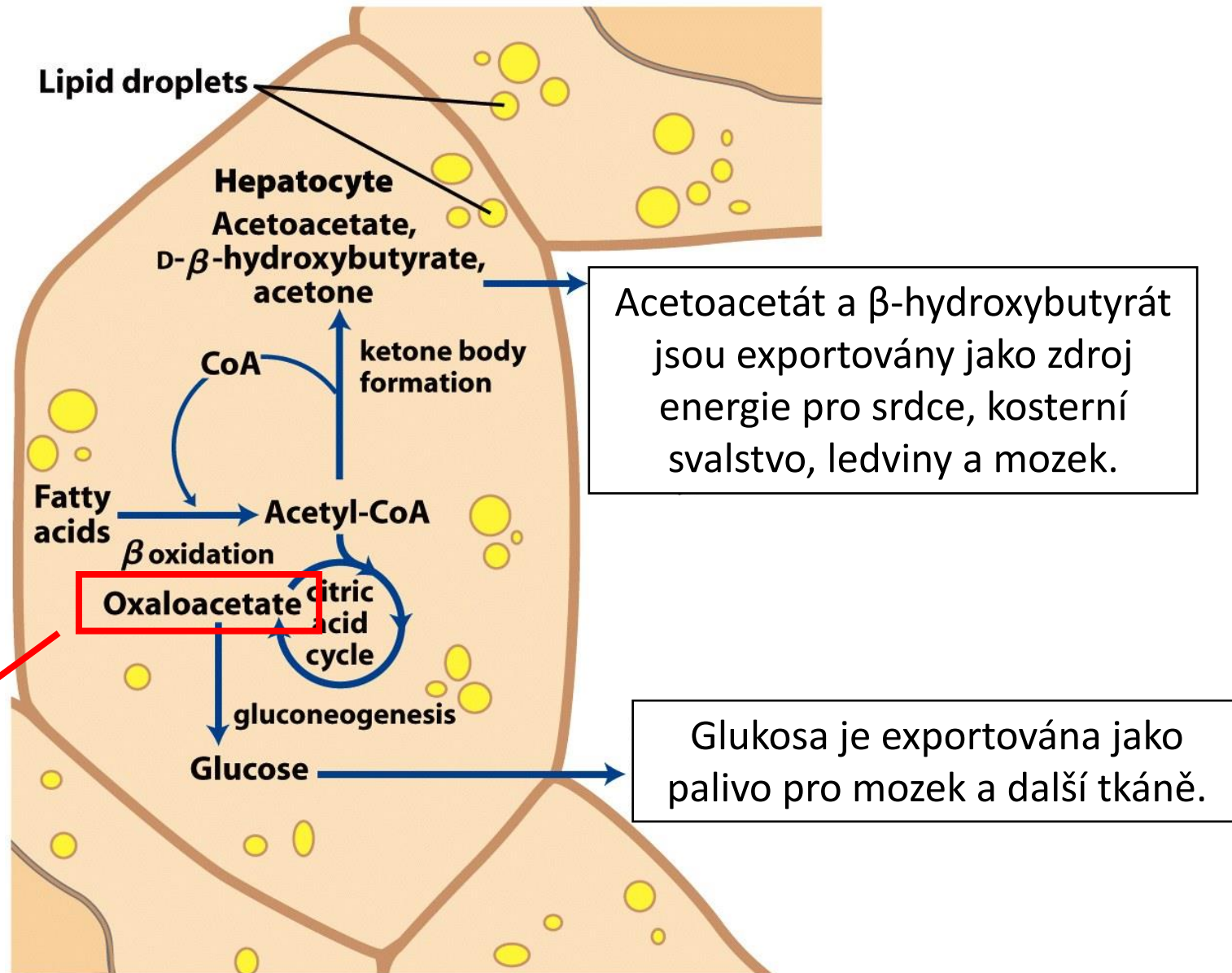


Figure 17-18
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Vztah sacharidů a mastných kyselin s ketolátkami



Nedostatek oxalacetátu podporuje tvorbu ketolátek.

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